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M'KINLEY'S CALLERS.

Trifling Matters Laid Before the President.

OANTON, O., July 23.-President Mc-Kinley had many business calls today from persons who came on personal mat-ters, such as pensions or little matters before one or another of the departments, soping by the President's aid to secure stompt or more satisfactory results. For the most part these were greeted on the porch, where the President met them with a hearty handshake and listened attentively to their matements. Much ne was spent in the library, where the these is conducted, but not on inkling of news in regard to China or to any other subject was given out.

Troops Will Rest In Hawaii. SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.-It is report in Honsluin that from 6000 to 10,000 ted States troops will be allowed several months stay on the military reserva-tion at Lielehua this Winter to recuperate from their Philippine service before being returned to San Francisco to be mustered

COLOMBIAN REVOLUTION. The Insurgent Cause Is Considered Hopeless.

CARACAS, Venezuela, July 23 .- In consequence of the last defeats sustained by the rebels, the Colombian revolution is now considered lost. The government has again occupied Bucaramanga and Cucuta, after a bloody battle, in which many prisoners were captured.

WASHINGTON, July B.-Senor Marques, the Charge d'Affaires of Colombia, has received a cablegram from Bogota, stating that Cutus, the headquarters of the rebeis, has been occupied by the government forces. The dispatch adds that numerous prisoners and much war supplies had been captured.

No War in Venezuela. YORK, July 23.—Luther T. Ellsworth, United States Consul at Puerio Cabello, Venezuela, was a passenger on the steamship Olinda, which reached her

dock today. "All reports about war in Venezuela area false. I left Venezuela July 8, and there was no trouble there whatever," said Consul Ellsworth.

ESCORT TO THE SEA

China Promises to Deliver Pekin Ministers Safely.

NOTHING PROVES THEY ARE ALIVE

another Account Comes Through of Their Massacre-Rumors About Li Hung Chang's Hission.

LONDON, July M. 4 A. M .- The Chinese Minister, Sir Chih Chen Leh Feng Loh, has communicated to the press the fol-lowing dispatch from Sheng, Director of the Chinese Hallways and Telegraphs, and Tao Tai of Shanghai, dated Shanghai, July 28:

"Information from Pekin, dated July 18, says that the Tsung ii Yamun deputed Won Jul, an under-secretary of the de-partment, to see the foreign Ministers, and he found every one well, without any missing, the German excepted. General Yung Lu is going to memorialize the throne to send them all under escort to Tien Tein, in the hope that the military operations will then be stopped."

operations will then be stopped.

The Shanghal correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing July Z, says:

"A letter from a Chinese official in Shan Tung has been received by an active functionary here, containing the following passage:
"'At the beginning of the month the

foreign missionaries made several attempts to send messages out of Pekin, but, thanks to the strict watch kept on the city, the bearers were all caught and executed. On the 4th inst. only 400 foreigners were left alive in Pekin, and one night, when the big guns were incessantly fired, it was known that all the legations and foreigners were finished, ai-though pretended telegrams contradicted

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mall asserts that there are differences of opinion in the Russian council of war. The Minister of War. General Kuropatkin, wishes to send 100,000 men to clear the rebeis out of Manchuria.
On the other hand, according to this correspondent, Emperor Nicholas wishes the
operations limited to the defense and
pacification of the frontier districts. Let two strong armies, one of the nilies in the south and the other of Russians in the north, confront the Chinese, and the rising-so the Czar is said to argue-would be bound to collapse. "We want no conquests," he is reported to have declared at the conclusion of the sitting of the council. "What we desire is to protect our frontiers and to steer into smooth waters the Chinese ship of state. smooth waters the Chinese ship of state, now buffeted by the waves of civil war."
There is nothing further this morning that throws any light upon the mysterious situation. Two urgent dispatches were addressed yesterday by the Chinese Minister to the Pekin Government and the Administrator of Telegraphs, strongly recommending the restoration of telegraphic communication, so as to entelegraphic communication, so as to enable the powers to learn of the safety of the foreign Ministers. Until such proofs are ascured, no one here is inclined to after the opinion that the Chitese are merely juggling to gain time.

Rumore About Li Hang Chang. Rumor circulates briskly around the personality of La Hung Chang. He is credited with a mission to offer to cede to the ailled powers two provinces as inmity for the Pekin outrages, and also to offer to restore order and give facilities for trade with the outside world, on n of the surrender of Kiao Chou, Wel Hal Wel and Manchuria by the powers and the withdrawal of all mi ries. Little attention, however, need be

paid to any of these rumors. In a private message from Shanghai it is asserted that Li Hung Chang avows that the object of his journey is to place the regular Chinese Army in line with the allied troops for the suppression of the

The Times editorially suggests that Li Hung Chang is playing the old game of the Sublime Porte by putting forward proposals which will appear in different degrees and ways to benefit the powers It says:

"President McKinley has been asked to mediate, and his request is facilitated by the care which has been taken in Washington not to commit the United States to any very thorough-doing policy." Indian troops are daily arriving at Hong Kong. Three transports reached there yesterday. Two others have left

Hong Kong for Taku. Reports from Canton say the city is outwardly quiet, but that there is a strong undercurrent of unrest among the Only a few European ladies have left, many still remaining. Accord-ing to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times, General Kouropatkin, the Russian Minister of War, will probably become Commander-in-Chief of the Russian forces in China, and will presumably take command of all the allied troops.

COMPLAIN OF AMERICA. Germany Disappointed With Wath-, ington's Policy.

BERLIN, July 28.—The Berlin Govern-ment and press continue to disbelieve the that the Peicla Legations are safe. At all events, the German Foreign Office will continue to regard the report that the Legations still exist as a myth until communication, now cut off for nearly a month, shall have been re-established to the most addressed to th in the most indisputable fashion. No Pekin or other Important China news has arrived today.

The government is gratified to find that the correspondence published proves that Japan honestly intends to co-operate with the powers. On the other hand, con erable disappointment is experienced in official circles at the tenor of the reports from Washington regarding America's policy. On this point the Berlin Tage-blatt, with evident inspiration, says: "The Chinese have nearly succeeded in

creating differences of opinion among the powers. The Government of the United States seems determined thus early to scates seems determined thus early to occupy a separate standpoint from the concert of the powers. As at Taku, where the Americans would not join, so now President McKinley apparently means to oppose the joint action of the powers, aimed at the re-establishment of order in China, all of which proves that the Chinese are indeed the most cunning diplomats in the world."

the Chinese are indeed the most cunning diplomats in the world."

While most of the papers point out the impossibility of an advance upon Pekin, because of the smallness of the affiel forces as against a greatly superior force, because of the disastrous effect which a possible defeat would have upon the whole of China, and also because of the rainy season, the National Zeitung contends that there is but one way to ascertain the truth or untruth of the Chinese claim that the Legations are safe, namely, an immediate advance upon the capital.

The correspondent of the Associated Press learns authoritatively that the question of the chief command on both land and sea still forms the subject of

that matter.

that matter.

The semi-official Berliner Post points out that Germany must send a number of warships to the Yanguse Kiang to protect the German commercial interests in Shanghai and Hankow, adding: "If those interests are to be puralyzed by the Chinese, our navni guns must talk. Every attempt to blockade navigation there by mines must be prevented from the start. The navigation upon the Yanguse Kiang is of the greatest importance."

COMMUNICATION INSISTED UPON. European Governments Pollow the

Lead of Secretary Hay. LONDON, July 33.—Though there are some indications that the hardened pessome indications that the hardened pea-simism is beginning to melt under the warm show of Chinese assurances, so that it is now admitted that perhaps not all the foreign Ministers at Pekin have been murdered still incredulity remains the dominant note of European comment. No one seems able to reconcile the as-surances of the imperial edict with Min-ister Conger's statement in his alleged message to Secretary Hay that he was in hourly expectation of death by mas-sacre, though both documents purport to have been sent off from Pekin the same day. It is confidently anticipated, however, that the mystery will soon be solved, as all the governments, following the lead of the United States Secretary of State, Colonel Hay, have taken steps to test the sincerity of Chinese officialdom by nsisting upon communication with the

REPORTED BY FOWLER.

Ministers.

He Advises Mission Board That Pekin Foreigners Are Safe.

NEW YORK, July 23.-The Presbyterian Board of Missions today received the fol-lowing cablegram from Che Foo: iowing cablegram from Che Feo;
"Situation not changed. Shan Tung
"Governor, Che Feo, Tao Tai, publishes
imperial edict urging protection foreigners, Christians. People in Pekin alive.
Triying through Governor get word to Pao
Ting Fu, where foreigners in Yamen supposed safe. FOWLER." Rev. Dr. Arthur J. Brown, one of the secretaries, said: "All our missionaries left Che Foo for Corea or Japan some days ago. Before leaving they may have asked Consul Fowler to keep our board."

The Methodist Foreign Missionary So clety, of New York, today received the following cable:
"Foo Choo, July M.—Danger increasing.
Missionaries leaving. LACY."

Unedom an Aid-de-Camp. BERLIN, July 23—Emperor William, in announcing the appointment of Captain Usedom, of the cruiser Hertha, now in

Usedom, of the cruiser seed.

Chins, as en aid-de-camp, said:

"This vallant and circumspect leader has won the admiration of all, especially has won the configuration and Russian Admirals. To the English and Russian Admirats. To him and all who vallantly helped win laurels for my young navy, I express my thanks. I appoint him ald-de-camp."

French Expeditionary Corps.

PARIS, July 33.—The Matin this morning publishes full details regarding the expeditionary corps of France which will participate in the operations of the powers in China. The corps will consist of two brigades, one of marines, under tunnium of General Frey, and the other supplied by the War Department, commanded by General Balliant. The total French force will number 12,000 men.

A French Official Report. PARIS, July 23.-M. Delcasse, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has received gram from the French Consul at Che Foo, dated July 21, saying: "The Governor informs me that, ac-cording to reliable news from Pekin, all the foreign Ministers are safe, and the government is taking all necessary steps to deliver and protect them.

To Stop Exportation of Arms. LONDON, July 23.-The House of Lords this evening passed to the second reading the bill empowering the Queen to prohibit the exportation of arms and ammunition or either to any country, "when there is reason to believe that these or others may be used against the British forces or foreign forces co-operating with them.

Honan Missions Destroyed. LONDON, July 23.-The China Inland Mission received a telegram from Shang-hal, dated today, which reports that Siang Sien, Si Heu Cha Riao, Shekia Tien and Kiang Tsi Kuen, all mission stations in the province of Honan, have been deyed by rioters. The missionaries are

Belgium's Demand.

BRUSSELS, July 23.-In reply to the demand of the Belgian Government, the Chinese Charge d'Affairs says he has telegraphed indirectly to the Tsung il Yamun with a view of placing the Bel-gian Minister at Pekin, Baron de Vinck, unication with Belgium.

CASE OF NEELY.

Hearing Resumed Before Judge Lacomb.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The further hearing in the case of Charles F. W. Neely, of the Cuban Postal Service, to extradite him under the law passed at the close of Congress, was continued today before Judge Lacombe in the United States Circuit Court. Judge Lacombe, in a decision handed down last week, decided that Neely could be extradited, but further testimony must first be heard.

George W. Marshall, of the Bureau of Posts in Cuba, testified that money was kept in a safe; that Neely signed the receipts which witness made out, and that Neely also received the money, and in most cases opened the envelopes him-self. Neely had entire charge of the re-ceipt and dishursement of money. Mr. Marshall went into details concerning the keeping of the ledger, and said the last time he had seen it was in April, bet-fore Neely left for the United States. Mr. Marshall then started to go through the books and tell one by one handwriting each entry was

THE DEATH ROLL.

Fred Puffer. NEW YORK, July 23.-Fred Puffer, for several years the champion hurdle-racer and broad-jumper of the United States and Canada, is dead.

Mr-Governor Carr. RALEIGH, N. C., July 23.—Ex-Gover-nor Elias Carr died today in Edgecomb County.

Yellow Fewer at Pinar del Rio. HAVANA, July 23.—Yellow fever has broken out in the barracks of the Sev-enth United States Cavalry and the First United States Infantry in Pinar del Rio. There have been nine deaths during the last month, and Il cases are now under treatment in the hospitals. Today Gen-eral Lee moved the camp three miles into the country, and the quarantine will be strictly enforces

Will Mediate Between China and Powers Conditionally.

THE BOXERS MUST BE SUPPRESSED

Protection Must Be Given Foreigners Before Any Steps Are Taken by the President.

WASHINGTON, July 23.-The President has listened to the appeal of the Chi-nese Government, as transmitted through Minister Wu, and has signified his willingness to mediate between the Imperial Government and the powers, but only upon conditions which first must be met by the Chinese Government. The exact nature of the terms proposed by the State Department cannot be stated until tomorrow, when it is expected that publication will be made of the text of the Chinese appeal and of the Presi-dent's message. It is known, however, that the answer is entirely consistent with the statement of principles laid down by Secretary Hay in his identical note to the powers, and, moreover, it accepts as truthful the Chinese statements relative to the safety of the foreign Ministers at Pekin. It would not, of course, be possible to take initial steps toward mediation, were either party to the negotiations to entertain open distrust of the accuracy of the statements of the other. There must be confidence between them.

The United States answer does not go The United States answer does not go to the length of the French answer to a similar application in laying down conditions which the Chinese Government could not meet, even if so disposed, if it actually is struggling for its own existence. It does, however, look to the immediate relief of foreigners in Period. kin, and, moreover, to the protection of all foreigners, missionaries and traders in China, and to the restoration of order. With this much accomplished, the State Department feels that it can properly approach the powers with the Chinese propositions for a settlement for

what has occurred. The Chinese appeal came to Secretary Hay yesterday through Minister Wu. The Secretary promptly telegraphed it to the President at Canton, and, after taking a full day's consideration, the answer came today. It was put in the proper diplo-matic form, and a copy delivered to Minister Wu, who is to forward it to his own government. The appeal and an-swer will be made public here tomorrow. The imperial edict made public to-day at the State Department shows that the Imperial Government already has taken the first steps toward doing what the United States Government requires as the principal conditions of the exercise of its government offices in joining the Viceroys, Magistrates and lead-ing men to stop the depredations and protect the foreigners, and our Government will await the result of this be-gare proceeding further.

It is expected that adverse criticism

upon the action of the State Beparament in this matter, will be beard from Europe, where the governments are acting upon the belief that all the foreign Min-isters in Pekin have perished, but our Government, nevertheless, regards its course as the correct one. All of the European governments have taken the stand above indicated. The last of the answers to Secretary Hay's note, reciting the Conger message, have come, and all of them in terms polite and diplomatic, express utter incredulity in the authenticity of the Conger message. Consul-General Goodnow, himself a man of good judgment, also cabled a warning to Secretary Hay against the acceptance of the message without confirmation. But the State Department has fully considered the message in all of its aspects, has carefully weighed the numerous ob-jections and suspicions put forth here and in Europe, and, without guarantee-ing the authenticity of the message, feels it to be a matter of prime duty to act

upon the theory that it is genuine.

Admiral Remey's notification to the de partment that he had gone in person up the Pel Ho from Taku to Tien Tsin is attributed to the receipt by him of Sec retary Long's urgent message to hasten the efforts to get to Pekin, and impor-tant news from him is expected soon.

Officials Are More Hopeful.

Administration officials are more hope

ful over the situation in China as a result of the dispatches which have comin the last few days, more particularly the European advices of tonight asserting that the Ministers are safe. If an answer is received to the second telegram which has been sent through the Chinese Minister here to Mr. Conger, and that answer should bear internal evidence of genuineness, the situation will be mate-rially improved and the Government, with the additional information which Mr. Conger may transmit, will be able to move intelligently toward the rescue of the beleaguered foreigners. It seems probable, from the Brussels dispatch, that the note of Mr. Hay to the United States representatives abroad directing them to urge upon the governments to which they are accredited the opening of cummunica tion with Pekin, is bearing fruit, and the officials hope that united action by the powers generally on this matter may be taken. Dr. Hill, the First Assistant Secretary of State, is acting secretary the absence of Mr. Hay, and he said night that there were no fresh developments in the situation.

Mr. Wu, the Chinese Minister, is busily

engaged in preparing for transmission to his Government the reply of the Sec-retary of State to China's request of retary of State to China's request of the United States to mediate. He de-clined to say tonight whether the reply was satisfactory to him or to his Gov-ernment: nor would he indicate in any way what its nature was. There is con-siderable work to be done on the reply before it can be sent to China as it has to be reduced to cipher. In addition to this the Minister will prepare a commu-nication to accompany what the President has to say. He expects, however, to have the document ready for transmission early tomorrow.

DETAILS OF THE OUTBREAK. Missionary Writes of Captain Me-

Calla's Determination. BOSTON, July 23.—The American Board has received a letter from Rev. George D. Wilder, dated Tien Twin, June 12, which gives details concerning the outbreak of the Boxer movement and makes known the readiness and determination with which Captain McCalla, of the United States Navy, responded to the call for ald. Rev. Mr. Wilder says:

The Boxer movement has reached a climax. Murder and arson are filling the province from Kangan to Lin Ching, apparently with Tien Tsin, Pekin and Pao Several people get typhoid fover from drinking Ting Fu as a great central triangle where pointed milk. the fire is hottest. In the triangle many minor outrages were committed on Catholics and Protestants during May and great numbers of Boxers assembled. At Nineteenth and Sherlock ave. Loss, \$4500.

the last of the month the word cam down from the throne for them to 'create discrete' as rapidly as possible. They gathered in great force north of Cho Chou and Menday morning, May 25, began work, burning the railroad stations of Lin Li Ho, Chang Hsin Tien and Lu Kou

Chiao that day. Two men, a woman and a child, were brutally murdered. The Boxers went on looting station after sta-tion on the line from Tien Tein to Pekin. "We reported to the Consul and he sent for troops. The Japanese landed a few Tuesday afternoon and the Newark sent us 115 marines and bluejackets and two machine guns and a 2-inch cannon under the entreetic lead of grand old Captain McCalla. The railway refusing to bring them, they came on a tug and lighter, reaching us Tuesday night. All nationalitles gave them a rousing reception. Their prompt arrival doubtless prevented an attack or the settlement by thousands of loxers. In two or three days other nationalities arrived and Tien Tsin was

protected. But, alas for those in the in-

terior. After the trains stopped, frantic appeals came for protection to the Minsters at Pekin. "Last Sunday night the various Consuls here had a stormy meeting until 12 o'clock midnight. The Franch and Russian repre-sentatives bitteriy opposed sending troops to relieve Pekin. They withdrew for consuitation several times. Consul Carts (English) held steadily for that action, backed by the American and Japanese Consuls. Finally, Captain McCalla said: We have talked a good deal. Now I will tell you what I will do. Our Minister telegraphs that be is in danger. It matters not what others do or do not do. My en-tire force of bluejackets will take a train

and start for Pekin tomorrow morning.'

"The British, Japanese and Germans fol-lowed this lead, the French and Russians lowed this lead, the French and Russians refusing. But the next morning, when the train was made up, they went in large forces, which had to report to Captain McCalia and then wait, partly for a second section. Twenty-four hundred set out that day, and the next day 3% Germans. Today another train with officers has gone. The first train pushed ahead two flat care with seven cannon and machine. flat cars with seven cannon and machine guns and material for track construction. We do not know how far they have gone. The Chinese tracklayers deserted and American sailors took up the work."

CARTER A BONDHOLDER.

Facts Brought Out at the Gaynor-Greene Hearing.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The hearing in the case of the Gaynors and Benjamin Greene, looking toward their removal to Georgia for trial for alleged conspiracy with ex-Captain Carter in connection with the Savannah Harbor frauds, was continued before United States Commis-

sioner Shields this morning.

George Gibson, of the firm of Watson & Gibson, the first witness, stated his firm had transactions with Captain Car-ter in purchasing securities for him. Mr. Gibson identified a check drawn by Cap-tain Carter to the order of Watson & Gibson for the sum of \$5400.75, for payment of certain securities purchased for him. A copy of the transaction of Carter with the firm, as shown by the books of with the firm, as shown by the books of the latter, was allowed in evidence. It showed that in 1892 and 1893 Carter had purchased over \$13,000 wosth of bonds.

Ortis 8 Tudd, accountant of the Knick-srbopker Trust Company, identified seven checks drawn by Captain Greene. If came out from the testimony of the witness that in July, 1887, Captain Greene had purchased \$150,000 of United States 5 per cent bonds, paying for all in one per cent bonds, paying for all in one check.

SUMMARY OF INPORTANT NEWS China.

At London and at Paris it is reported from Chinese sources that the Ministers in Pekin are safe and that the government is taking steps to send them to the coast. With these ome the usual stories of massacre of all foreigners in Pekin.

President McKinley has replied to China, sig-nifying his willingness to mediate between the Imperial Government and the powers, on condition that anarchy in the empire suppressed and foreigners he given

Secretary Hay, have insisted upon being allowed to communicate with their Ministers in China. The Brigadier-Generals who will serve under

are Grant, Barry and Wilson. dmiral Seymour's report of the retreat of the Pekin relief column disproves the sensation al story that he killed his wounded to vent their falling into the hands of the Chi-

The Kumassi relief column has returned to Fumsu, bringing the defenders of the town. The besieged were on the point of giving up

sications and captured 100 Highlanders. Political

Chairman Baboock, of the Republican Congressional Committee, predicts McKinley's election by as large a vote as four years ago. Republican control of the House, he says, is is said Towns will remain on the Populist

ticket to strengthen Bryan's chances in Ne braska, Kansas and South Dakots. lammany adopted a series of resolutions to troduced by Croker calling for unity in the name of Democratic triumph. Domestic.

he new Japanees Minister has arrived at San The Garnor-Greene hearing developed the fact that Captain Oberlin M. Carter made heavy purchases of bonds while in charge of Gov-

ernment work in Bavannah harbor. idmiral Dewsy declares that all the statements made in Alejandrino's letter to Senator Pettigrew are false x-Governor Elisa Carr, of North Dakota, in

Pacific Coast. mericans are not satisfied with the survey in disputed Alaska - Canadian territory, and have petitioned President McKinley. Several

of Trade are asked to rank Rogers, leader of the strikers in the Fraser River deadlock, was arrested. His removal may make compromise less difficult. giant ledge of copper was discovered in

Union County. Oregon may become the rival of Butte, Mont. The army worm is doing great damage to crops in Ciackamas County. There was a stampede from Juneau to the new placer diggings on Glacier Bay.

The run of salmon remains good in the Colum-

Local. Portland police and Pinkerton's Agency arrest a noted and daring bankrobber. The strike among longshoremen at grain wharves weakens.

Great damage reported to vegetation about Portland by the cut-worm. Elight bridge-tenders receive notice to quit August 1, to make room for invorites. Senator John W. Duniel, of Virginia, here and

CONGRESS IN DOUBT

Babcock Says Republicans May Lose the House.

UNLESS THEY GET DOWN TO WORK

Chances of Success of the National Ticket Are Favorable-Towne's Intentions.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Chairman Babcock, of the Republican Congressional Committee, after a somewhat extended tour of the East and Middle West, says that the situation, as far as the National ticket is concerned, is entirely satisfactory, and that McKinley will poll at least as large a vote as he had four years ago. He says the Republicans seem to be equally contented with the Democratic ticket and platform, which he considers the best that could have been named to

strengthen the Republican cause.

Mr. Babcock is more apprehensive about the Congressional campaign, for while the Gold Democrats will support the Na-tional Republican ticket, many of them will desert the sound-money party on Congressional Issues, and for local offices. In order to retain control of the next House, he says, every Republican should vote. Walle this is a discouraging out-look which the Republicans must face, it is yet the fact, and the sooner they get to work the better. Attention is called to the fact that many states, such as New York and Pennsylvania which will give their electoral vote to McKinley, have a large number of Democratic Representatives in Congress, which, added to the Solid South, makes the prospect anything but bright for the Republicans and proves that the carrying of the Na-tional campaign does not necessarily mean success in the Congressional fight.

TOWNE'S INTENTIONS.

Rumor in Lincoln That He Will Remain on Populist Ticket.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jusy 23 .- A rain storm kept W. J. Bryan indoors today, but time did not hang heavily on his hands. He had a number of visitors, three of political prominence-General James B. Weaver, of Iowa; Louis C. Ehrich, of Colorado Springs, Colo., and John E. Pitts, of Cin-cinnati. Mr. Pitts in of the National Democratic Campaign Club, and he claims many accessions to the ranks of the or-He told Mr. Bryan that the trust question was an important one, and on this issue he would make great gains. He said the Democratic traveling men proposed to establish headquarters in every city of importance in the country. Mr. Ehrich, who is the Colorado member of an anti-imperialistic league, called to tell of the progress being made in the West. He told Mr. Bryan that while he voted with the Gold Democrats four years ago, he was for him now. General Weaver was on his way home

from idaho, where he had attended the fusion state conventions. He and Mr. Bryan were together some time. A story circulated here today, though not credited to Mr. Bryan or his visitors, is to the effect that Charles A. Towne will remain on the ticket as Pop-ulist candidate for Vice-President for the good his candidacy will do in the strongly pullstic states of Kansas, Nebraska

and South Dakota. Mr. Towne's letter of acceptance or withdrawal will be held back, it is asserted, until the National committees of the Democrats and Population lists have discussed the matter. A conference will be held in Cnicago early in August.

FUSION IN DANGER. Three Parties in Kansas May Not Agree.

FORT SCOTT, July 21.-A vague uncertainty characterizes the probable actions of the Democratic, Populist and Silver Republican conventions, scheduled to meet here tomorrow. While there is a strong influence working for the fulfillment of the agreement of the state com-mittees months ago, as to a distribution of the offices in order to effect fusion, there is also an opposition of considerable proportions to this arrangement, caused the candidacy of a number of men whose nominations must necessarily be in violation of the agreement. An open conference of Democrats and Populists was held this morning at which a general feeling in favor of standing by the agreement was displayed, but Chairman Riddle, of the Populist committee, insisted on suggesting that the Democrats nominate State Senator John Martin as their candi-date for Associate Justice. Martin is not a Democrat and the office is to go to the emocrats under the agreement Democrats nominate him an enthusiastic fusion will be effected beyond doubt. If they refuse the agreement may be broken and in that case an entirely new deal will have to be arranged. For Governor John W. Briedenthal, of Topeka, is the John W. Briedenthal, of a most formidable candidate.

TAMMANY RESOLUTIONS.

Call for Unity in the Name of Democratic Triumph. NEW YORK, July 21.-At a meeting of

the Tammany Hall general committee a series of resolutions, upon motion of Rich-ard Croker, were adopted, containing the following: Tammany believes in the supremacy of the American flag wherever it floats, but that it should float nowhere as the symbol of liberty and civil servitude combined, for that is a combination which

can work only dishonor to the flag and American institutions. "Tammany Hail condemns the waging of a war of conquest as un-American in principle and false to the pledge of the Nation as given by the President of the United States. It condemns the unconsti-tutional action of the President in carrying on a war for conquest without the

authorization of Congress."

The resolutions delimines monopolies and trusts and close with the following:
"The Democracy of the Nation stands for National honor, National conservatism, National justice, Tahmany Hall, faithful to the principles of Democracy, and subordinating all things to Democratic success, closes its ranks and calls for patriotic unity in the name of Democratics.

For Lincoln Visitors.

cratic triumph."

LINCOLN. Neb., July 21.-So many persons of National reputation have been in Lincoln recently that the Commercial Club met this evening and extended to William J. Bryan and the Democratic en-tertainment committee an invitation to tertainment committee an use the clubrooms for the social enter-use the clubrooms for the social entertainment of out-of-town guests. A simi-lar invitation was extended to the Republican State Central Committee

Nominated for Congress. HOUSTON, Tex., July 21.-The 11th distriot Republican convention today nated B. Crouch, of Pearsall, for Con-