A DANFORTH BOOM

Feature of the Vice-Presidential Situation.

THE POPULARITY OF STEVENSON

Towne's Friends Working Hard to Keep His Name Before the Convention.

KANSAS CITY, July 5.- The most important development in the Vice-Presi-dential situation tonight was the anement that when the roll of states led tomorrow for the nomination of candidates for Vice-President, Alabama ill yield to Florida, and Hon. R. D. Meof that state, will place Ellio Danforth, of New York, in nomination, This programme became known during the heat of the convention tonight, and was discussed by quite a number of lead-ing men in different delegations.

other development was the unqu tioned popularity of David B. Hill for the and the desire expressed in many quar ters for his selection. The selection however, is compileated by the fact that New York stands in the way of selection of either Hill or Danforth. Hill does not want the nomination, and will take meas-ures to frevent his selection. Danforth does want it, and would be nominated if New York would present him. But the convention will not force a candidate the convention will not force a candidate pon New York against the will of the elegation from that state. This probably will prevent the movement for Danforth from amounting to very much when it is pretty generally felt the movement was inaugurated for the purpose of for the manner in which Hill and his candidate, Danforth, were treated under the direction of Mr. Croker; but the large state delegations will not lend themselves to any such proposition, for they are seeking a New York candidate whom New York will present with seriousness, and

who will strengthen the ticket. The past two days have been so occu pled with the platform that little or no progress has been made by candidates for Vice-President. So much interest developed from the contest over the silver plank that the delegates did not have time to consider the matter. Meanwhile there has been development of the Stevenson boom. It is, however, of a passive character, the belief being general that e would make a safe candidate and that he is the only man who can beat Towns. The demand for a Democrat on the ticket s strong, and Towne's candidacy is hampered by reason of his professed politics. Still, friends of Towne are working very hard, and hope that the peculiar situation regarding the other candidates may yet give him the nomination. That the Dem-ocratic convention is taking the matter into consideration is shown by the adop tion today of a resolution for a committee of conference. It was well understood of conference. It was well understood that the conference with the Populists meant but one thing—that they would insist upon Towns, and would agree to no other candidate. Men like George Fred Williams and Senator Tillman, who were among the victors in securing the 16-to-1 plank in the platform, are doing all they

Senator Hill tonight was asked whether he had heard of the plan to attempt the nomination of Mr. Danforth. He said: "If such a thing is contemplated as a vindication of me, it is without any suggestion of mine. Mr. Danforth, to my mind, would make a good running mate for Mr. Bryan, and, I think, would be acceptable to Mr. Bryan; but forcing him upon the convention would be the last thing I would think of" "There is a proposition on foot to bring Mr. Danforth's name before the conven-

" he was told. made up my mind about, it, but shall before morning. Of course, I cannot con-trol the other delegations, but I shall

nee them and talk it over." "Have you heard of any candidate whom you think would be formidable?" was naked.

"It seems to me that Mr. Stevenson is a popular candidate, and would be a good man," was the answer.

The friends of Mr. Towne still contend that he is the logical candidate, and that the tri-party conference tonight, giving him practical indorsement of the parties, naturally gives him the commanding po-

sition in the race. Senator Hill had many conferences in senator him had many conferences in his room during the evening. A delega-tion from Illinois called on him at 11 o'clock and asked him to support Mr. Steronson for the Vice-Presidency. It is understood that he promised the delega tion that what strength he had with the ficiegates outside of New York he would lend to that purpose. Later Mr. Dan-forth called and State Committee Chair-man Frank Campbell, Eugene Wood, Frederick Schraub and John Carlisle urged that he withdraw. Mr. Danforth's position was a rather curious one. He cialmed that he could get the votes of Virginia, Florida, and Alabama, and that there was a possibility of securing the votes of New York. He was told that Mr. Keller had the votes of New York, Louisiana and California, with a prospect of more, and that a defeat was lia-ble to place him in a bad position. It was urged on the part of the friends of Governor Hill that the defeat of Mr. Danforth would be credited as another defeat of Mr. Hill. Mr. Danforth's friends in the conference held to just the contrary. They claimed that if Mr. Dan-forth received more votes than Mr. Keler, it would demonstrate Mr. Hill's comi-

Hill was urged to take up Mr. Danforth's cause, but up to the hour of midnight he had not determined to do so. In fact, when approached individually by the Associated Press, he said that he believed Mr. Stevenson would be the nomi-hess of the convention. It is a fact that Mr. Stevenson is the candidate of the conative element represented by Mr. It is the belief of many tonight that Danforth will not be a candidate and that Mr. Stevenson may be the conserva-tive nominee. It is further believed that Mr. Towne will be the radical silver favorite, but it is generally conceded that Mr. Stevenson will come near getting the majority of the votes. Towne gave the Associated Press the

n over Mr. Croker.

llowing signed statement today:
"I am greatly encouraged this morning. Assurances of support are constantly reaching me from members of delegations representing all sections of the country. My friends seem to be the only body of confident and purposeful supporters behind any candidate for the vice-Presidential nomination. Vice-Presidential nomination. I believe the opportunity to unite all opponents of Republican miscovernment will not be an misgovernment will not be priest. neglected by the patriotism and political

om of the Democratic party. "CHARLES A TOWNE." The Pennsylvania delegation met in caucus this morning and unanimously decided to support Adlai E. Stevenson for the Vice-Presidency. Ex-Governor Robert Pattison refused the indorsement of the delegation for Vice-President.

THE TRI-PARTY CONFERENCE. Considered Towne's Availability as

a Candidate. KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 5.—The committees appointed by the Democrats, Popullats and Silver Republicans to conferupon the nomination of a Vice-Presidential candidate held their first conference tonight at 9 o'clock. Senators Tillman and Martin and George Fred Williams were present on behalf of the Democrats; Hen, T. M. Patterson, Senator Petti-grew, Mr. Breidenthal, of Kansas; Gen-eral Weaver, Hon, J. B. Sovereign and Dr. Taylor for the Populists, and Sena-in a hospital.

tor Teller, Hon. Charles Hartman and Mr. Resom, of Nebraska, for the Silver Republicans. The entire meeting was devoted to a presentation to the Democratic representatives by the other conferees of the availability of Mr. Towns as a candidate. Mr. Patterson spoke for the Pop-ulists, and Senator Teller for the Bliver Republicans. Mr. Patterson presented a carefully prepared statement showing that there are seven or eight states which Mr. Towne's nomination would make sure for the Democrats, and which would not otherwise be sure. Mr. Teller said that Mr. Towne was to all intents a Democrat, and he said that Towne would have joined that party two years ago but for representations of Mr. Bryan and Chairman Jones that he could be of and thairman Jones that he could be of greater service to the common cause by remaining a Silver Republican. Senator Tillman and Mr. Williams expressed themselves setisfied with the representations, and said they were willing to support Mr. Towne. Senator Martin said he that other meetings would be held, if deemed necessary.

Stevenson Surprised.
CHICAGO, July 5.—A special to the Pribune from Bloomington, Ill., says:
Adlai Stevenson returned today from bis farm, where he has been superintending the erection of some new buildings. In regard to his unanimous indorsement by the Illinois delegation for the Vice-Pres-

idential nomination, he said:
"The whole matter is the most complete surprise to me. I had not the slightest inkiing of it. It is needless to say that I am profoundly gratified by this action."

egon Delegates for Lewis. KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 5.—The present intention of the Oregon delegation is to vote for J. Hamilton Lewis on the first ballot, and if by any possibility he should fail of election on the first ballot, they will vote for Carter Harrison, if he is nominated. Lewis expects the votes of Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Montana, and probably Mississippi. W. H. Dunphy, of Walla Walla, is to present his most dangerous of the evils now menacing our country. It involves not only a

THE DAY'S CASUALTIES. Lives Lost and Persons Injured on the Fourth.

CHICAGO, July 5.-The Tribune says: pendence Day with firearms, toy cannon, giant crackers and other forms of explosives, 30 persons were killed and 1325 in-jured, according to reports received from according to reports received from 125 cities.

as sometimes has been done in war by trusts and against imperialism. If 10 those loaded with bullets and canister per cent of those who, by voting the Re- and aimed to kill. Sky rockets, savil and publican ticket, brought the present danpowder explosions and the premature dis-charge of Fourth of July cannon help to complete the list of mishaps. In several champion of liberty and an inspiration to instances persons were killed through the oppressed everywher runaway accidents, due directly to fireworks. A fire loss of \$123,225 was caused by the fireworks in addition to the injury to human life.

"In Chicago, one boy was reported killed, as against one death last year. There were no costly fires in the city. Frank-fort, Ky., alone suffered a fire loss of \$50,000 due to firecrackers. Other cities also suffered heavily.

"Out of this total of 1825 persons hurt in an attempt to be patriotic, 442 can attribute their injuries to firecrackers and dynamite torpedoes. The deadly cannon firecracker did most of this execution. Out of 152 injuries by firearms, in 67 cities, the toy pistol caused 165. Gunpowder explosions, including the prema-ture blowing up of many village anvils, caused injury to 187 out of this list. Many of the injuries included in the lists were reported as prospectively fatal."

Fall of an Aeronaut. SANTA ANA, Cal., July L-Emil Mark-

enberg, an aeronaut of long experience, fell from a height of two reet while mak-ing a balloon ascension yesterday and was crushed to death, in the presence of thousands of spectators. The accident was caused by the breaking of a strap to which he was hanging by his teeth,

PAY FOR CUBAN SOLDIERS. ties.

HAVANA, July 5 -- At the first meetng of the municipality of Havana, held yesterday, it was proposed that steps be taken to approach each municipality in the island regarding the payment of sol-diers of the Cuban Army. A keen dis-cussion ensued, the motion being well supported by many councilors. Senor Gener, however, offered a strong resist-ance on the ground of the poverty of the municipality, and the irrelevancy of the matter to the municipality, claiming that it was a question that should be decided by the central government, and he succeeded in having the motion quashed. It is probable that within the next month three regiments of United States Infantry, the First and Second and eith-er the Fifth or Eighth, will leave Cuba.

This will leave only two regiments of in-fantry in the island. A protest has been made by the agents of the passenger lines against the contin-uance of the tax upon every passenger landing, which the owners of the San Jose wharf collect. Heretofore 5 cents for each piece of baggage has been paid by the passenger owning it upon landing. Now the companies are notified that they will be charged. This step is taken on account of the perpetual complaints of passengers. The companies say they will not pay, declaring that it is an outrage that the administration of the wharf is not turned over to the customs depart ment as a passenger landing.

THE OREGON FLOATED. She Goes to Kure, Japan, to

Repaired. WARHINGTON, July 5.- The Navy De

partment this afternoon received the fol-"Che Poo - Secretary of the Navy, Washington: Wilde announces that the Oregon floated this afternoon. The pumps control the water. She goes to Kure dock yard, Inland Sea. RODGERS."

Villate Excommunicated. NEW YORK, July &-News has been received from Rome that the Pope has excommunicated J. Rene Viliate, at one time the head of the old Catholics in this country, whose submission to the Roman Church was announced about two years ago. The Catholic authorities had refused to recognize Villate's title to an arch-bishopris and there was a rupture that caused him to leave home and go to France. The act for which Villate has been excommunicated was the con-secrating as bishop of an Italian ex-

Prostrations at West Point. WEST POINT, N. Y., July 5.—At dress parade last evening 15 cadets, including parade last evening is cadets, including a Lieutenant and a color sergeant, were overcome by the heat and fell in their tracks. They were removed to the hospital. The detail for the day, which was read by the cadet adjutant, is an unusually long one, and the motionless position in which the cadets are required to stand is attributed as the cause of teach a large number of prostrations at such a large number of prostrations at the time.

Five Deaths in Chicago. CHICAGO, July 5.—The temperature of 60 degrees that has tortured Chicago for the past two days did not vary today. Tonight, five more deaths and 12 pros-trations have been reported. The dead are: Dr. Robinson Tripp, aged 18, at his home; Andrew Cushman, died in a hos-pital; Ludwig Riban, aged I year; William Keene, died at his home: John Teach, died

BRYAN ON THE PLATFORM

EXPRESSES HIMSELF AS ENTIRELY SATISFIED WITH IT.

News of the Nomination Did Not Create Much Enthusiasm at Lincoln.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 5.—News of the nomination of William Jennings Bryan for President did not arouse the tumuit of enthusiasm tonight that it did four years ago. There was no marked demonstration at the Bryan residence. When thom and said they were willing to support Mr. Towne. Senator Martin said he had been very favorably impressed, but committed himself no further. The conferees separated with the understanding that other meetings would be held, if not a controversy between men who dif-fered in principle, but rather a difference of opinion as to the best method of stating the question. If we only had Democrats to deal with, a simple reaffirmation would have been sufficient; but we have to deal with the Republicans as well as Democrats, and some of the Republicana would misconstrue our purpose and endeavor to twist it into evasion or abandonment of the silver question.

"Our appeal is to the pariotism and conscience of the people, and we must take them into our confidence if we expect them to have confidence in us. Our platform deals honestly and fearlessly with every question before the public, and since we have nothing to explain, we can spend all our time in assaults upon Re publican policies. The industrial trusts have alarmed many who were not with us in our fight against the money trust

ing our country. It involves not only a ing our country. It involves not only a change in our ideas of government, but a return to the militarism of the Old World. No matter how many may differ as to the relative importance of the questions now before the country, every one must recognize that an econ be corrected more easily than one which attacks the foundations of government. "As a result of the celebration of Inde-pendence Day with firearms, toy cannon, ernment is a thing made by the people for themselves, the people can in tim remedy every wrong, but if that doctrin is only surrendered, the people are power 125 cities.

"The toy pistol and the toy cannon are shown to have done as deadly execution 1896 stand like a solid wall against the

> The News at Canton. CANTON, O., July 5.- News of the Kan sas City convention was given President McKinley in press bulletins. All of the messages were delivered to Secretary Cortelyou, who read them to the Presi dent in the library, on the porch, or wherever he happened to be. Soon after receiving the news of the adoption of the platform, the President and Mrs. McKinley went for a long drive about the city. There was nothing about the Presi. dent's actions to indicate that disp or surprise was occasioned by a single incident of the convention.

MAKING THE PLATFORM. Warm Time in the Committee or

Resolutions. KANSAS CITY, July 5.—The committee on resolutions did not reconvene today until 11, o'clock. It had adjourned at 4 o'clock with the intention of getting together at 19 o'clock but the all-night yigh proved quite trying for some of the members of the committee and they were allow in collections.

alow in collecting.

The time previous to the formal meeting was utilized by the leaders in last night's fight against the 16 to 1 movement in an effort to reach a decision as to whether a minority report should be presented. There were several confer-ences in which Mr. St. Ciair, of West Virand Mr. Money, of Mississippi and Mr. Daly, of New Jersey, were the principal participants. These three mem-bers were at first quite disposed to inaist upon the formal presentation of the views of the minority, but as one state after another which had voted last night against 16 to 1 announced its decision not to carry the matter into the convention, their determination weakened and they ultimately decided to drop the matter.

This they did not do, however, without many protests. Mr. Daly said he was instructed by his delegation against any concurrence in the report of the ma-jority and that whether a minority report was presented or not, he would not sig the report for 16 to 1. Senator Money pri sented a tabulated statement showing that the votes cast for the ratio representer only 171 out of \$30 votes in the conven tion. He said, however, that had given him free rein to act as he might think wise. New York decided might think wise. New York decided early in the morning not to unite in any minority proposition and this decision had a strong influence upon determining the decision to avoid a presentation of the

minority's views. The subcommittee gave a brief hearing today to Mrs. Catt, president of the Equal Suffrage Association, in favor of a plank recommending an amendment to the Constitution forbidding disfranchise-

ment on account of sex.

When the full committee convened at Il o'clock the subcommittee sent a complete draft of the platform as finally agreed upon last night. While there was no criticism of the work of the subcommittee on the various planks, several of the delegates manifested a disposition to make changes in the phraseology and also in the order of presenting various subjects to be embodied in the declaration of principles. The members who had led the fight against a 16 to 1 declaration ed the fight against a local equested an explicit declaration on planks if superior importance other than the inancial issue and the silver men decided to make this change. In accordance with this decision the place of front rank was given to the subject of imperialism and to questions growing. and to questions growing out of the spanish war. A change was also decided upon in the

A change was also decided upon in the declaration regarding the Chicago platform and the coinage of silver. This declaration is placed well down in the body of the platform and the language is changed considerably. The introductory phrase of this declaration as originally presented was changed by striking inally presented was changed by striking out the words; "We reaffirm the Chicago platform in whole and in part and in letter and in spirit," and it is made to read as follows: "We reaffirm and endorse the principles of the platform adopted by the Democracy in convention assembled in 1854."

assembled in 1896."

The most interesting incident of to day's discussion occurred over a plant offered by Mr. Ball, of Texas, declaring that all articles manufactured by trusts should be put on the tariff free list.
Mr. Newlands, of Nevada, opposed the
declaration on the ground that it was
covered by the general plank. Mr. Ball
declared Mr. Newlands' position to be unDemocratic and he assorted that Mr. Newlands was anything but a Democrat. ands was anything but a Democrat. lands was anything but a Democrat. Mr.
Newlands replied that he had never been
anything but a Democrat until President
Cleveland had, by his conduct, driven
him out of the party. The committee

cleveland had, by his conduct, driven him out of the party. The committee then decided to insert the plank.

Ex-Senator Hill was informed by an Associated Press correspondent of the action of the minority and his state's action in voting to support the majority report. He said:

"I am surprised that the states opreport. He said:
"I am surprised that the states opposed to the drastic silver plant should show such light energy. I feel the have made a grievous mistake and I am surp it will seriously hurt the party. As to my own state, Mr. Van Wyck, in order

to get on the committee, pledged the silver element that he would present a minority report or sign one if his proposed platform was defeated. In that way he has been playing on two sides and he is caught now where he is not representing the people of either his district or the state."

ROOSEVELT'S TRIP HOME.

He will Stop at Canton and Visit the President.

CHICAGO, July 5.-Quietly and unoster tatiously Governor Rocsevelt tonight alighted from a Burlington train, having completed the first stage of his journey from the Rough Riders' reunion in the Southwest. Only a small crowd was at the station to greet the Governor as the train came in Governor Boundary train came in. Governor Roosevelt went at once to the Chicago Athletic Club, where he rested until 9 o'clock, when he boarded the Lake Shore train en route to Cleveland. He is expected to confer with Senator Hanna tomorrow morning and to reach Canton sometime in the afternoon, whither he is invited by special

invitation of the President.

The Governor today made many speeches, and always to enthusiastic audiences. The run was made from Quinaudiences. The run was made from quin-cy, on the banks of the Mississippi, to Chicago through the fertile corn belt of Illinola. Speeches, some long, some short, were delivered at Quincy, Camp Point, Augusta, Plymouth, Macomb, Bushnell, Avon, Abington, Galesburg, Galva, Kewanee, Princeton, Mendota and Aurora-Toward the latter end of the trip the overnor's voice failed him and the stops after that were less frequent. At Three Points the train sped through at lightning speed, regardless of the presence of crowds and brass bands, prepared for a demonstration. The people at these places had to be satisfied with a bow and a wave of the Governor's hand as the special swept past them. Some of Colonel Roosevelt's speeches today had reference to questions of politics, but in general they were of a pairiotic character, serv-ing as an aftermath of Independence day. Apparently the most endearing term, which his admirers can apply to the Governor is "Teddy." Hurrah for "Teddy" and McKinley and Teddy," has been the revailing sentiment of the crowds along

Speech at Hannibal.

HANNIBAL, Mo., July 5.-The special rain carrying Governor Theodore Roose relt home from the Rough Riders' reunio arrived at Hannibal early today. The car containing the Governor and his party was left on a siding some distance from the city until after breakfast. Governor Roosevelt was greeted by a

large crowd, and close attention was given to his brief address, which was as ollows: "I wish I could have spoken here

the Fourth of July, but I shall say wha I would have said had it been yesterday. It is a great thing for a nation to have great memories behind it. We have seen during recent years some marvelous ma-terial prosperity in this country, and, of material prosperity must be one foundation stones upon which we uild. But we must have more than that if the Nation is to rise to what it should be and would be. Yesterday, all over this country we had come together to recall the memories of the great men who founded it. We of this generation have not only the memories of the great men of the Revolution, but memories of men of the Civil War and their high de otion to duty. And we do not forget the men of the younger generation, who fought so well in the War with Spain. That was not a great war because it did not have to be. I have always wished that on the Fourth of July, besides reading the Declaration of Independence, we would read at least the preamble to the Constitution. We must have justice as the corner-stone of the temple or our liberty will degenerate into license and then into

At 8 o'clock the Governor's train left Hannibal, and soon after crossed the Mississippi River into Illinois.

At Quiney.

QUINCY, Ill., July 5.-Governor Roosevelt arrived in Quincy at 9:40 today and was accorded a magnificent ovation. The Governor and party were at once driven was held, giving hundreds of citizens of Quincy an opportunity to grasp the Governor's hand. An elaborate procession through the principal streets followed after which the Governor was conveyed to the public square, where he delivered address to an enthusiastic audience of 5000. Among those who occupied seats States Senator Shelby M. Cullom and Con gressman Marsh, of Illinois. The Gover-nors train left for Chicago at noon.

Mrs. Carter Lost.

LONDON, July 5.—In the Queen's Bench division of the High Court of Justice today, a Parislan dressmaker recovered from Mrs. Lesile Carter, the actress, 2553 for dresses worn in the production of "Zaza" in New York. The orders for the dresses were given in Lon-don, and the court held that Mrs. Carter's plea that her subsequent trial and discharge in New York freed her from liabillty, does not affect the London con-The same plaintiff got a verdict of £173 against Belasco, the theatrical man-

Negro's White Wife and Son Shot. SAN FRANCISCO, July 5 .- Mrs. Willchell, a white woman, who was the wife of a colored man, and their son were shot dead by unknown persons on their little ranch near this city late last night. The tragedy was thought at first to have been the result of a fend which are circumstances which will not bear out this theory.

Canadian Volunteers Complain. LONDON, July 5 .- A number of the first Canada contingent sent to South Africa salled for home on the Allen line steamer Parisian today. They complained greatly of the treatment they were sub-jected to in the field hospitals. Of 1150 Canadian troops, 80 were stricken with enteric fever, mostly due to the putrid water of Paardeburg.

Negro National League. KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 5.- The Ne gro National League elected the follow-ing officers today: President, George E. Taylor, Iowa; vice-president, W. T. Scott, Illinois; secretary, James A. Ross, New York; treasurer, Theodore Edmunds, Cot-orado. The convention will finish its business and adjourn tomorrow.

The Day at Canton. CANTON, O., July 5.—President McKin-ley was about his home today, apparently none the worse for the heavy demands made upon him yesterday. News from China, similar to the press reports, came from Washington, but there was no official work to occupy him.

Steel Mill Reopens. CHICAGO, July 5.—The south side works of the Illinois Steel Company started up today with a full force of men. The departments which were closed down recently included the rall mill, the plate mill and the slab mill. Other departments have been running full force.

Corean Railway Completed. TOYOHAMA, July 5.—The Seoul & Chumolosa Railway has been completed and is being operated today. Marquis Ito is making progress in the formation of a new political party with the ultimate object of forming a new

Cabinet A highly prized cigar—the Herbert STILL BOOMING TOWNE

SECOND DAY OF SILVER REPUBLI CAN CONVENTION.

The Platform Is Not Yet Completed and Little Business Was

Transacted.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 5.-The SIL-

ver Republican National Convention spent all of today in waiting for the report of the committee on resolutions. It was expected the platform would be out of the way and nominations be in order at least before the close of the afternoon seasion, but so much friction developed in the subcommittee, to which the drafting of the platform had been referred, that it was not until late this afternoon that formal enunciation of the party's prin-ciples was in readiness to be presented to the full committee. Once the disputed points had been settled, however, the committee on resolutions lost no further time, but promptly voted its approval of the subcommittee's work. The main point of difference lay in the attitude of the party on expansion, and on this point both the subcommittee and the full committee were divided, practically on geographical lines, the Eastern members favoring con-demnation of imperialism, while most of the members from the Western states posed this course. A plank denouncing perialism was finally adopted, and in this shape the platform will be presented to the convention tomorrow. Nearly the entire time of the morning and afternoon sessions was spent in listening to speeches. Unless the unexpected hap-pens, the convention will reach final adjournment tomorrow afternoon. It is not expected there will be any debate on the floor of the convention over the adoption of the platform, and it is planned to nominate both Bryan and Towne by acclama-tion. The programme of speeches in placing the ticket in nomination includes but six addresses. Dr. Howard Taylor, of Chicago, will place William Jennings Bryan in nomination for President, and the seconding speech will be made by Judge Phillips, of California, and ex-Congressman Joseph B. Cheadte, of Indiana. The nomination of Charles A. Towns for vice-President will, according to pro-gramme, be made by Senator H. M. Teller, and the nomination will be seconded by Stanley E. Parkhill, of Michigan, and ex-Congressman Hartman, of Montana.

by Temporary Chairman Teller, this mornng, the subcommittee appointed at the neeting of the committee on resolutions last night to draw up a platform, was

still far from an agreement.

The subcommittee held another session this morning in an endeavor to decide on the disputed question of imperialism. The insertion of an anti-imperialist plank was strongly opposed by Western members strongly opposed by Western members of the subcommittee, many of whom are avowed expansionists, and who favor the ignoring of the issue altogether. Up to the time of convention convening, however, this point had not been decided, The delegates straggled into the audi-torium hall very slowly this morning, and when Chairman Teller called the co than half the delegates were present. Chairman Teller was extremely hoarse, as a result of his long speech yesterday, and yielded the chair to Frank Ranson of Nebraska, Immediately after convening the report

of the committee on credentials was called for, but it was not ready, and a recess was taken until its report was completed The California delegation came to the Auditorium today with the determina Auditorium today with the determina-tion to force the nominations of Bryan and Towne, the first thing after perma-nent organization. Delegates insisted that the Silver Republicans had left the old party as a matter of principle, and as Bryan and Towne represented the ma-jority of the Silver Republicans, there was no need to delay proceedings by wait-ing on the platform.

After a short recess, the committee on

After a short recess, the committee on credentials reported. The delegates present were reported as follows: ent were reported as follows:
Nebraska, 25; Idaho, 18; Wisconsin, 35;
Washington, 20; Indiana, 37; Kansas, 237;
Illinois, 64; Arkansas, 12; New Jersey, 20;
Utah, 15; Louisiana, 5; Iowa, 160; California, 24; Ohio, 100; Minnesota, 100; South Dakota, 10; North Dakota, 25; Colorado,

47; Texas, 2; Montana, 6; Oklahoma, 10; The report was adopted. The committee on permanent organization then reported the selection of Judge W. L. Brown, of Olmo, as permanent chairman of the convention, and H. A. McCreary, of California, as permanen

necretary.

Judge Brown received hearty recognition of the convention as he took the chair. He said that as the East turned to the West in the time of Lincoln, so it again turned to the West, and found a leader in the person of William Jennings Bryan. The mention of Bryan's name gave the convention an opportunity of showing its loyalty to the Democratic leader. The chairman's allusion to Charles A. Towne as the candidate for second place caused an emphatic applause, equal to that accorded to Bryan.

The chairman reviewed the history of

the financial legislation.
"The money question will not be set-tled until the National Banks are driven out of power," he said. The questions of money and trusts were inseparable. The small banks of the country were in the power of city banks, especially the banks of New York, which, the speaker declared, are in league with Lombard street. One remedy, he suggested, was the removal of duties on every article controlled by trusts. The demand for Government ownership of the telegraph and railroad systems of the country, as made by the speaker met with an enthusiastic approval by the convention.

In criticising the foreign policy of the

present Administration, the speaker de-clared that it had given a serious stab to the Monroe doctrine, and he arraigned the present Administration before the bar of the American public for its work in the Philippines. The speaker was loudly cheered as be

Ex-Congressman Hartman, of Montana, announced that the committee on resolutions probably would not be ready to report for two hours. The report of the committee on rules and order of bus-iness was then adopted. It provides for the nomination of Presidential and Vice-Presidential candidates immediately after the report of the committee on resolu

went up from the delegates and Mr. Wa-ters was introduced. Mr. Waters aroused wild enthusiasm by his flerce denuncia-tion of the Republican party. Someone called on the delegates present who voted for Abraham Lincoln to stand up and the convention yelled with enthus-iasm as nearly 200 white-headed men

Cries for Joseph Waters of Kansas, ther

Major John Brown (colored), of Kansas, who saw service in Cuba, was ap-plauded when he promised the negro vote to the Silver Republican party. There was apparently no prospect of a report from the committee on resolutions and an adjournment was taken until 3:30

A sub-committee from the Silver Republican committee called on Senators Tillman and Jones today to arrange for a conference of the full committee with a committee from the Democrats in re-gard to the placing of Charles A. Towns

in nomination by both conventions, Sen-ators Jones and Tiliman assured the sub-committee that they would do all in their power to bring about such a conference. that the committee on resolutions would not be ready to report for several hours, aithough the platform had practically been agreed upon. The National commit-teemen agreed upon by the various state

of Idaho, were reported in addition to hose announced last night.

J. N. Crows, of South Dakots, introduced a resolution changing the name of the Silver Republican party to the Lincoln Republican party, and adopting the likeness of Lincoln as a party emblem. A small row ensued, but after a short debate, it was referred to the

mittee on resolutions. The delegates were apparently in a humor to listen to speeches and shouts went up for Altgeld, Pettigrew and Hartman. The latter responded briefly. Congressman Shaforth, of Colorado, followed him in a short speech. He aroused enthudaments by several the alternative that the state of the sta thusiasm by saying that the silver ques-tion will not die so long as there are

debtors and creditors. Cheadte, of Indiana, interrupted the eaker to announce that the Democratic nvention had appointed a committee to confer with the Silver Republican com mittee in regard to the candidacy of Charles A. Towne. A wild outburst of applause-followed and the names of Bryan and Towne were cheered again and again, When the convention quieted, David M. Kennedy, delegate from Minneapolis, attempted to make a speech but after a few minutes talk, a Kansas delegate yelled "Sit down," and for 10 minutes the convention was in an uptour. The Minnesota delegate positively refused to sit down, and rolled up his sleeves to lend emphasis to his refusal. It looked for a time as if a few flat fights would oc-cur, but the angry delegates finally quieted down and "Foghorn" Worsley, of Wisconsin, a member of the Populist co ference committee, made an address, co gratulating the delegates on the pending success of their mutual efforts, Judge Phillips, of California, and J. R. Soverex-president of the Knights of also addressed the convention Labor, also addressed the convention briefly. At 5:30, there were still no prospects of an early report by the plat-form committee and the convention adjourned until 9:30 tomorrow

RELIGION HELPS FISH TRADE

Would Be Dend as a Dried Herring But for Catholio Countries.

Cyrus C. Adams in Ainslee's. "Though most of the sturdy fisherfolk of Newfoundland are Protestants, they derive the larger part of their living from the people of Roman Catholic countries The fact that in the course of the year there are many fast days, when millions of Roman Catholics eat little anima food, except fish, has been a Godsend to the greacest fishing countries, which have thus been provided with certain and regular markets for their fish. It is well known that the inhabitants of the tenfish. Pickled herring. 29 years ago, landed to the amount of scores of t sands of barrois a year at a few leading Northern perts of America and Europe. Scarcely a barrel of this commodity is now to be seen in these ports, unless landed for trates shipment to the Roman Catholics of sub-tropical and tropical countries, which are buying more fish than ever as they grow in population The cod is commercially the most import ant of fishes. The only reason that makes it so is because salted cod is an ex-tremely popular article of food in all Roman Catholic countries on account of nutritive quality and cheapness Protestant countries eat comparatively little cod, and most of that is fresh instead of cured. When the fishermen of all nations toes their hand lines baited for cod over the side of their little ves sels, clean and salt the catch as they sels, clean and salt the catch as they haul it aboard, and then, after reaching port, expose it on rude platforms to the sunshine till it is flaky white and thoroughly wried, it is certain that they are working for the Roman Catholic part of

Cod Fish and Cured Fish. "Well-cured cod, to be sure, is not to be disdained by any one; nevertheless by far the larger part of it is eaten by Cath-olics. It is the fresh cod of our inland fisheries that has supplied most of our markets, while the salted cod of the banks is chiefly sold either in Catholic element is large. The well-known stock fish' of commerce is dried cod of Norway and Sweden, and it is shipped at once for the southern parts of Europe. These lands of many fast days also buy the Scottish dried cod. Wells filled with salt water in the hold of English cod vessels keep the fish alive till it arrives fresh in the markets; for the English eat very few cured codfish. France's cod catch is almost as large as our own, and her fisher men are sent thousands of miles to the banks to catch and cure the great stores of cod which this Catholic country re-

"It is not Great Britain, but rather Italy, Spain, Portugal and Brazil that are the largest buyers of the cured fish which is the greatest resource of Newfoundland. These countries pay cash, too, for they do not send Newfoundland in com-modities one-tenth of the value of the fish they buy from her. Canada's exports to Italy in 1866 were wholly fish; Spanish West Indies, seven-ninths fish; to Brazil, over five-sixths fish; to Spain over one-half fish. There is no country in the world in which so much fish is eaten as in European Russia, and the reason is because the Greek Church ha many more fast days, and observes them more strictly, than the Western Cath-olics. The use of meat is prohibited or greatly restricted on nearly half the days of the year, and the result is to give enormous importance to the prolific home fisheries in river, lake and sea, which supply 96,000,000 people with fish food."

WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS.

Three Regiments Will Be Returned From Cuba.

WASHINGTON, July 5 .- As a result of a recent consultation of the Secretary of War with Lieutenant-General Miles, commanding the Army, and General Wood, commanding the division of Cubs. orders were issued today for the return to the United States from Cuba as soon as possible of the Second, Sixth and Eighth regiments of infantry. These reg-iments are scattered over the island, and probably will not be able to start home for a week or ten days. They will be brought to the port of New York and their stations will be determined before

they reach that port.

The recall of troops from Cuba is the first step in the War Department's plan to replace the volunteer Army in the Philippines with troops from the regular establishment. It was intended to begin the homeward movement of the volum teers in the Philippines next November but the deplorable state of affairs in China undoubtedly will cause the mill tary authorities to hasten the departure of the outgoing troops as much as poss ble, with a view of using them for the protection of American interests in China, in case it is found necessary to divert them from their original destination at

LONDON, July 5.- The morning papers generally published editorials commenting upon the verdict in the case of Sipido the would-be assassin of the Prince of Wales. The Daily Telegraph says that the result of the trial is monstrous; the Daily Chronicle declares that it is "an outrage on humanity," and the Daily Mail characterines it as "reproach on Bel-

Acquittal of Sipido.

Two Idaho Families. Boise Statesman

Dr. Pemberton, one of the census takers of Latah County, while hustling through the canyons and forests in the "Hig Bear" Creek precinct, came upon a cabin one morning at 5 o'clock, in which a Swedish woodchopper and his good wife lived and 13 little woodchoppers played around the door. All day long he hurried on through delegations were then named. R. A. the brush, across ditches and ove O'Hara, of Montana, and C. J. Bassett, the mountains hoping to find another

such a cabin, stopping now and then to enumerate a lone miner or prospector and thus add a little to Idaho's population, and when night came he found himself at 8:30 in the evening at the door of an-other cabin 30 miles from where he started in the morning. Here he found a faithful wife who had borne to her faithful husband 17 lovely little Norwegians.

COLLEGE MEN DISAPPOINTED

Many Expected to Enter Chinese Customs Service.

NEW YORK July 5-The war in China. has been a particular disappointment to a number of this city's graduates of Eastern colleges who had received ap-pointments in the Chinese customs service and who were to report in Pekin in August. The appointments were made a year ago by Sir Robert Hart, Inspector-General of Customs, and the young men had a year in which to complete their

college courses. Their salaries were to begin as soon as they started for China, and were to continue during the two years allowed them to master the Chinese language, or at least as much of it as would be needed in the customs business. After three years' service the inspectors were to have two years' vacation at half pay. were to be dismissed only for misbe-havior and the service held out many opportunities for promotion Some of the young men started for

China as soon as their com were over, but were prevented from going further than San Francisco by the intervention of friends. They are waiting there for Chinese events to take a de-cided turn one way or the other. J. S. Wilson, of Washington, the Cornell grad-uate, who received an appointment, is in this city anxiously awaiting news which will send him hurrying to China or cause him to look for other employment. It was Secretary Hart's intention to put the management of Chinese customs into the hands of young American and English

college men as far as possible. He had made arrangements for their instruction by Chinese teachers, and had several prominent professors in different colleges watching for promising men. Several graduates went to China a year ago and are among the foreigners now in danger of death at the hands of the Boxers. Among the number are two Cor-nell men. A number of young men who will be graduated next year and who were to receive appointments have about given up hope of the service being con-

tions for that sort of work. Western People in New York. NEW YORK, July 5 .- Mrs. T. B. Wileox, of Fortland, registered at the New Am-sterdam today. C. E. Shepard and wife and J. Findh, of Seattle, are at the St. Denis, and D. L. Smith at the Astoria.

tinued and will probably drop prepara-

NEW YORK, July &-Among the pas-Regres who arrived today per steamer Noordland, from Antwerp, were Leon Grislain, Belgian Consul at San Franolsco, and Baron Jean Antomarchi.

The Fourth in Venezuela. CARACAS, July 5.- The Fourth of July was appropriately celebrated yesterday at the United States Legation, and among those present were President Castro and cabinet. The city was illuminated in cabinet. The city was illuminated in honor of the American National holiday.

San Francisco Quarantine Baised. PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., July 5 .-The quarantine inspection of all vessels arriving at this port from San Francisco direct or via British Columbia ports has been raised by orders of quarantine offi-

Fresh British Prisoners.

LONDON, July 5.-A dispatch to the Times from Lourenzo Marques, dated July 5, says the Transvaal Consul here announces that 800 fresh British prison-ers have arrived at Nooitgedacht.

Daily Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, July 5 .- Today's statement of the Treasury balance shows: Available cash balance\$151,562,736 Gold 70,741,356

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