STEYN IN THE WAY

Kruger Wanted to Reopen Peace Negotiations,

BUT THE FREE STATER HELD OUT

Lord Roberts Continued His Account of the Battle East of Pretoria—More Fighting Expected.

LONDON, June 16.—The War Office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts:

"Pretoria, June 15.—As I telegraphed yesterday from one of our outposts, 15 miles east of Pretoria, the Boers evacuated their position during the night of June 12. They had paid so much attention to strengthening their flanks that their center was weakly held and as soon as this became evident, on June 12, I directed Ian Hamilton to attack. He moved against Diamond Hill with the Suffolks, Derbyshires and City Imperial Volunteers, supported on the left by the Guards' brigade under Jones. It was grand seeing the way our men advanced over the difficult ground and under a heavy fire.

"The casualties, I am thankful to say, were less than 100, a very small number considering the natural strength of the position which had to be carried.

"Our seizure of Diamond Hill caused the Boers to feel they were practically surrounded, and this resulted in their hasty retirement. Hamilton spoke in high terms of the troops engaged. Hamilton received a contusion from a shrapnel bullet in the shoulder, but is not, I am happy to say, unable to perform his duty."

The rest of Lord Roberts' dispatch deals with the casualties, and General Baden-Powell's movements in the Western Transvaal, where Baden-Powell, with 800 men, is systematically re-establishing order and collecting arms and supplies. About 600 Boers have surrendered, and Baden-Powell captured 220 prisoners. According to Baden-Powell's report, the Boers will readily discuss terms of surrender, and they all appreciate the work of pacification performed by his troops.

Lord Roberts' dispatch leaves affairs east of Pretoria with the Boers withdrawn to new positions Tuesday. News of fresh fighting was expected at the War Office, but none came last night.

General Rundle's patrol had a skirmish with Boer videttes again Wednesday. Some wonder is expressed here as to what he is doing with three divisions. It is assumed by some that General Buller will move into Orange River Colony and co-operate with Lord Methuen and General Rundle in bagging President Steyn and his 7000 or 8000 followers.

Part of Christian Botha's force has halted at Paardekop, 18 miles northwest of Volksrust. Boer parties are still near Volksrust, and fire occasionally upon the British pickets.

The British Government is considering whether a substantial force should not be sent to China from South Africa. It is thought unofficially that Lord Roberts could spare a brigade or two, and the necessary transports are now in South African waters. The command of the expedition, it is said, would probably be given to General Sir William Nicholson.

A dispatch from Lourenco Marquez, dated yesterday, says:

"Persons have arrived here who have seen the preparations of the Boers and learned that they will retire when forced, through the Lydenburg district into the Zoutpansberg region, adjoining Rhodesia and Gazaland."

The Daily Mail has a dispatch from Bloemfontein dated Wednesday saying:

"General Dewet's attack on the railway was made after he had succeeded in luring General Methuen from where he had destroyed the line. Then he cleverly seized it north of Kroonstad, blew up the bridge and destroyed a long section of the line with dynamite."

Major-General Baden-Powell has been appointed to the rank of Lieutenant-General.

The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, in a dispatch dated yesterday, says:

"I understand that General Dewet, in addition to the Derbyshire battalion, captured two companies of the City Volunteers and two companies of Lomarr; two men only escaping to tell the tale."

The Lourenco Marques correspondent of the Times says:

"It appears that Steyn and not Kruger is now the stumbling block in the way of the surrender of the burghers. Shortly after the British entry into Pretoria Mr. Kruger proposed to re-open peace negotiations. Mr. Steyn, bearing in mind that his former advice was scouted, demurred to this, and pointed out that, according to the treaty between the republics, neither could conclude peace without the other. Mr. Kruger, equally unwilling to incur the charge of a breach of faith, had to continue the war. Nothing further is known regarding the rumored peace negotiations; but it is a matter of notoriety that Mr. Kruger favors peace on almost any terms, but dislikes personally to take an initiative that would involve unconditional surrender. Nearly 70 burghers out of 200 in one commando have returned to their homes."

NOT ALL ENCOURAGING.

Artificial Optimism Induced by Roberts' Dispatches.

NEW YORK, June 15.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

The optimism induced by General Roberts' dispatches is artificial. General Methuen's success in restoring communication with Pretoria has not altered the fact that the Free Stat raiders have taken over 1000 prisoners at Lindley and Roodeval and retreated with them and their guns, and that the raids may be repeated.

Dewet's commandos have not been dispersed, and whatever precautions may be taken, there will be danger of another raid, since the railway cannot be absolutely protected by infantry battalions nor by artillery trained all along the line from Bloemfontein to Pretoria. The conquest of the northeastern section of the Free State has not yet been effected, and operations by the columns from Heilbron, Lindley, Senekal and Ficksburg are rendered difficult by the transport problem.

General Buller has cleared Laing's Nek, and General Lyttleton has received the submission of the Wakkerstroom district, but the Boer army has not been captured. It has retired with all its guns and supplies and will fight again in the mountainous district remote from the railway. Botha's army has also withdrawn from the position which it held for two days against General Roberts' forces east of Pretoria, but it has not been dispersed, nor have the British taken either guns or prisoners. Boer commandos at Ermelo and Middleburg are mutually helpful and can be concentrated in the Lydenburg districts, and Dewet's commandos can co-operate with them effectively in the Free State.

The most encouraging feature of yesterday's news for the British side was evidence that the damage done to Laing's Nek tunnel and the section of railway north of Kroonstad was not serious and that both lines of communication would be in working order in a few days. With unimpeded supplies for two large armies operating in the Transvaal, there ought not to be a long halt toward Lydenburg, either from the west or from the south, and the resistance of Dewet's raiders ought to be speedily overcome by the British forces under Rundle, with help from Buller.

KLERKSDORP SURRENDERED.

British Gain an Important Strategic Position.

LONDON, June 15.—The War Office issues the following dispatch from Lord Roberts:

"Pretoria Presidency, June 14.—Klerksdorp surrendered on June 9 to an armed party sent on by Hunter.

"Kitchener reports that the Boers attacked a reconstruction train early this morning a few miles north of Rhenoster River. He sent out mounted troops and drove off the enemy before they could do damage. One man was killed and 11 wounded, including two officers.

"A messenger from Klerksdorp reports that Cronje, who commanded there, determined to surrender as soon as he knew for certain that Pretoria was in our possession. His example has been copied by many in the neighborhood."

By the peaceful occupation of Klerksdorp, the British have gained a strategic position of some importance, as the town is not only the terminus of another railroad to Johannesburg, but it is within easy reach of the Kroonstad-Vier-Fontein Railroad. The Cronje who surrendered the place is a son of the famous General. The son was prominent during the seige of Mafeking. Apart from the fact that Lord Roberts' dispatch came direct from Pretoria, showing the telegraph is reopened, the only other point of interest is the fact that the Boers whom General Methuen was reported to have so utterly routed have recuperated sufficiently to attack a reconstruction train.

A dispatch from Kimberley reports the capture of the well-known pugilist, "Jim" Holloway, who was an Adjutant in the Boer army, and who blew up the bridge at Fourteen Streams. Holloway was among a body of federals captured in the western part of the Transvaal.

The Afrikander bund Congress opened at Paarl today with 70 delegates, including seven assemblymen, present. It is feared at Cape Town that a parliamentary deadlock will lead to a temporary suspension of reconstruction, and there is much anxiety in regard to the possible outcome of the grave step. Sir John Gordon Spriggs is experiencing much difficulty in froming a cabinet. Mr. Schreiner persisting in his refusal to support a ministry dominated by Cecil Rhodes, owing to personal antipathies. If Schreiner is dissatisfied with the personnel and pledges of the new ministry, the latter will be unable to pass imperial measures and a dangerous deadlock will ensue, which may lead to a grave constitutional crisis.

NO SECOND PLACE FOR HIM

Dewey Declines to Be Bryan's Running Mate.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Admiral Dewey, who returned from his Western trip Wednesday, was seen today by an Associated Press representative, and asked whether or not he would define his position relative to the Vice-Presidential nomination. He replied that, inasmuch as he had not been offered the nomination, it would perhaps be presumptuous in him to say that he would not accept it.

"But," it was suggested, "many Democrats throughout the country are discussing the desirability of placing you on the ticket with Bryan."

"I have never contemplated being a candidate for Vice-President," replied the Admiral. "I am not a candidate for the nomination for that office, and would not accept if nominated. My position is unchanged. I stand now where I have stood for the past three months."

The above statement was submitted to and approved by Admiral Dewey.

POLITICS AND CHINA.

Interview With Dewey on Questions of the Day.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends a report of an interview with Admiral Dewey, in which he is represented as confessing that his Presidential prospects are not good. He said:

"Some time ago the leaders, or those whom we have always regarded as the leaders, asked me if I would allow my name to be used in connection with the Presidency. After thinking this proposition over several weeks I said 'yes,' and accordingly announced that if the people wanted me to serve in that capacity I would gladly do so.

"But I thank God they do not appear to want me. In these days the people do not select the President. The choice is now made by a few political leaders, who put their heads together and fix up their slate before the convention assembles."

Admiral Dewey is entirely familiar with the situation in China. When asked the direct question: "What is likely to be the outcome of the present complications in China?" the Admiral shook his head as if uncertain about venturing an opinion.

"The situation in China," he said, "I regard as a very serious one—very serious, indeed. I can only see but one outcome as a result of the conflict now in progress in China, and that is, the adoption of the American policy in favor of open ports for American commerce on equal terms with all the other commercial nations of the world. It must come to that eventually, and it is fortunate that we are in a position to say to the nations of Europe: 'We are in this deal, gentlemen.'

"This would not have been possible," continued the Admiral, "had it not been for the result of the Spanish War. It seems that God is with us in making it possible to have at the moment the largest army of men and the most formidable fleet of ships right on the spot to enforce our rights and see that American interests are protected.

"Not only have we an army of over 50,000 trained soldiers at the very gate of the Orient, but we are the only nation that has gunboats on the Yang tse Kiang River. It seems like a special dispensation of Providence for us to have two of our gunboats which are capable of navigating these waters on the spot undergoing minor repairs.

"Why," exclaimed the Admiral, "in many parts of China the Chinese are taking American flour in preference to rice, and all kinds of American products find a ready market throughout the Empire. Our commerce is increasing wonderfully all the time, and now that we have the Philippines we are right at the very door of this rich field of commerce."

"Then you sincerely believe in our retention of the Philippines?" the Admiral was asked.

"Most assuredly I do," was the prompt reply. "Had it not been for our acquisition of those islands, it would not have been possible to have the fighting force in those waters today, and we would have been ignored in the deliberations now daily held by the representatives of the great nations of Europe relating to China, the same as we were of the smaller countries of South America.

"Not only am I interested in the subject as an American citizen, but I have a number of dear, warm personal friends actively engaged in the conflict. One of these is Vice-Admiral Seymour, who is in personal command of the British fleet. I pray God they are not going to massacre him. He was with me when I saw Aguinaldo, and Seymour advised the Filipino chief to tie to the Americans.

"Kempff's knowledge of the German language enables him to participate in the consultations which the commanders of the respective forces held daily, and he is able to keep his government well advised of what occurs without the aid of an interpreter. He is fortunate in having with him Captain McCalla, who is one of the most daring and brilliant officers in the Navy."

Revolution in Water Travel.

Experiments have proven that vessels fitted with propellers which imitate the fish's fin develop a remarkable propelling power. It will cause a revolution in water travel. Men gradually learn that Nature's ways are best. One cause of the remarkable success of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters springs from the fact that it is a harmless, natural medicine, made of Nature's most strengthening herbs. It is a sure cure for constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness or weak kidneys.

HOTEL MEN'S PROFITS

THE DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEEMEN PROMISE TO KEEP THEM DOWN.

Meeting Held at Kansas City—Convention Hall Will Be Completed in Time.

KANSAS CITY, June 15.—Six members of the Democratic National Committee's sub-committee on arrangements for the Kansas City convention held a brief meeting today. The members came especially to investigate the oft-repeated charges that the Kansas City hotelkeepers are demanding extortionate rates for the entertainment of convention guests. Before the sub-committee left Kansas City this evening National Chairman James K. Jones issued a statement to the country, in which he gives assurances that not only accommodations will be had at reasonable rates, but, as the situation appears to him, convention visitors to Kansas City may be taken care of at more reasonable rates than has been the case at any former convention.

The sub-committee also carefully investigated the progress being made in the building of Convention Hall. Some doubt was expressed by members of the committee that the great hall could be completed by July 4, and that there was talk of urging the local committee to have a night shift of mechanics put to work upon the building, but after the sub-committee had been in conference with the local committee and the supervising architects they no longer doubted, and accepted the assurances that the hall will be finished in time.

The meeting of the sub-committee was behind closed doors. After the adjournment it was stated that the only business of public interest transacted was the apportionment of tickets of admission to the convention among the delegates and alternates. It was decided that each of the 930 delegates should receive besides his own seat four tickets of admission to all the sessions of the convention, but that no extra tickets would be given to the alternates, their perquisites being limited to a seat in the convention. Some of the members favored giving each alternate an extra ticket, but this proposition was voted down.

Judge Wilson, of Colorado, displayed a sample of the Democratic campaign button here today. It is in the form of a clover leaf. The inscription, strangely enough, is in gold letters, and is as follows: "Democracy Stands for Bimetalism, Not Monometalism; People Not Trusts; Republic, Not Empire."

CANDIDATES IN THE FIELD.

Platt on the Vice-Presidential Situation.

NEW YORK, June 15.—"If we knew who is to be the Republican candidate for the Vice-Presidency there would be little use in holding the convention, for the renomination of President McKinley is certain," said Senator Platt last night.

The Senator declared that he had not pretended to guess the name of the Vice-Presidential candidate. He flatly contradicted a report that he had a conference with Senator Allison, of Iowa, and Cornelius N. Bliss on Wednesday evening. "I did not talk with Senator Allison, and did not know he was in the city, and I did not see Mr. Bliss," he said, "and there was no talk about offering the nomination to Mr. Bliss. I understand that Mr. Bliss announced some time ago that he would not take the nomination, and I have heard of no change in the situation."

Senator Platt said there could be no decision as to a possible recommendation of a candidate by the New York delegation in Philadelphia until the delegation got together for a discussion of candidates. The delegation will not meet until Monday evening. The talk about Chairman O'Dell, of the Republican State Campaign Committee, being put forward as a candidate, Senator Platt said, was not taken seriously by Mr. O'Dell or by other leaders. The Senator was asked if he thought Cornelius N. Bliss would accept a nomination for the Vice-Presidency.

"Would a duck swim?" he asked in reply.

Then he said he did not believe Mr. Bliss could get the support of the New York delegation. "I think," he said, "that Mr. Woodruff would get more votes than Mr. Bliss could in the delegation. If Mr. O'Dell would take the nomination he could have the support of the delegation. Mr. O'Dell is a man of executive ability, as Mr. Hobart was, and if he were elected Vice-President he would fill the place as well as Mr. Hobart did."

Senator Allison was at the Albermarle Hotel last night, but he declined to give interviews to newspaper men who sent their cards to him. He did not see Senator Platt.

General Charles H. Grosvenor, of Ohio, said at the Fifth-Avenue Hotel last evening:

"There will be no assault committed upon Governor Roosevelt at the Philadelphia convention. There will be no stampede for any candidate for Vice-President. Republican National Conventions do not stampede. I have attended every National convention since 1880, when Mr. Lincoln was nominated, and I have never seen a stampede. After the nomination for President is made, it is the custom to adjourn to look over the situation. I understand that Mr. Bliss is not willing to be a candidate. I am in favor of Mr. Dolliver for Vice-President."

TEN LIVES LOST.

New York Tenement-House Fire Worse Than First Reported.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Ten lives were lost and seven people badly injured during the fire which totally destroyed a tenement-house at 34 Jackson street early today. The official list of the dead is:

William Cotter, 40 years of age; Mrs. Kate Cotter, 39; Mamie Cotter, 13; Joseph Cotter, 12; Kate Cotter, 9; John Cotter, 3; James Cotter, 1; Louis Marion, 40; Mary Marion, 37; Elsie Marion, 6.

Injured—Mamie Marion, 18 years of age; Margaret Marion, 14; Frank Marion, 32; Emma Marion, 2; a boy baby, 10 months old, supposed to be of Mulhern family; Patrick Burns, 23; unknown boy, 17.

Of the injured, Burns will surely die, it is said. Others suffered from inhaling smoke, but are not in a serious condition. The fire appears to have started in the rear of a hallway on the second floor. It gained great headway before the people in the house were awakened to their peril. The Cotter family lived on the fourth floor. Cotter was a laborer. The Marion family lived on the top floor. Policeman Knowles performed heroic work in rescuing some of the occupants of the building. His clothing caught fire and his hands and arms were badly burned while he was on the fire escape at the fourth floor. But conquering his agony he continued is assisting dazed people to escape from the burning building.

After the investigation the Fire Department officials announced that they did not support the theory of incendiarism, but believed that one of the tenants carelessly knocked some ashes from his pipe or threw a cigar stump on the stairs.

DIDN'T KNOW IT WAS LOADED.

Lawyer—Didn't you know that the City of New York was a large consumer of American Ice Company's ice?
Mayor—Never gave it a thought. —New York Tribune.

RAILROAD NEWS.

Eastern Rate Situation.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The Erie Railroad Company, through its general passenger agent, D. E. Roberts, has given formal notice that because of violations of the joint passenger agreement by other lines, it considers itself absolved from observance of the compact.

This trouble has been brewing for some time, and it reached the critical stage at the recent meeting of the joint passenger committee in this city. At that meeting the Erie and other differential lines demanded that the excess fare rule which is applied to West-bound trains in trunk-line territory also be applied to east-bound trains running between Chicago and New York, but the demand was objected to by the general passenger agents of the Western connections of the trunk-line roads.

This rule directs that an excess fare at the rate of $1 an hour be charged on all trains making the run from this city to Chicago in less than 28 hours. Among railroad men the opinion is expressed that passenger rates are now so demoralized that no hope for a readjustment could be entertained before the end of the Summer tourist season.

Southern Pacific Changes.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15.—Information has been received at Southern Pacific headquarters here that H. E. Huntington has been made first vice-president of the company, taking the place of the Searles' representative, General Thomas H. Hubbard. Huntington's former position as second vice-president has been given to Charles H. Tweed, the New-York director of the company, and its general counsel.

The changes follow the closing of an option on the Searles stock by C. P. Huntington and the banking firm of Speyer & Company and Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

Northern Pacific Dividend.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The directors of the Northern Pacific declared a dividend today of 1 per cent on the common stock for the past six months. The last dividend was the regular one of 1 per cent for six months, and an extra dividend of 1 per cent. An extra dividend was declared today.

The usual quarterly dividend of 1 per cent was declared on the preferred stock.

The Stockyard Fee.

CHICAGO, June 15.—The United States Circuit Court of Appeals, in a decision delivered today, affirms the decision of the lower court in holding that an excess charge of $2 per car on cars entering the stockyards is not excessive.

Printers' Fraternity.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 15.—The International Printers' Protective Fraternity, at its ninth annual convention, held in this city, adopted resolutions favoring the repeal of all union label laws and ordinances. The fraternity claims a membership of 3000 printers. The following officers were elected:

President, L. R. Barry, Pittsburg, Pa.; vice-president, J. F. Shutz, San Diego, Cal.; secretary, D. P. Druckemiller, Kansas City; treasurer, Eugene Bassett, Los Angeles, Cal.

Contributions to Monument Fund

Previously reported	$9721 43
June 15, Jos. Meyers & Co.	12 00
Total	$9733 43

TALK OF THE CAMPAIGN

GOLD DEMOCRATS WILL NOT SWALLOW BRYAN'S NOMINATION.

Want a Man Who Will Represent Anti-Expansion as Well as Sound-Money Policy.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—It seems to be well understood that a Gold Democratic Convention is to be held some time after Bryan is nominated at Kansas City. The determination of the silverites to insist that Bryan shall be named has left a large number of Gold Democrats without any place to go and they are now considering the advisability of doing as they did four years ago, holding a convention a Democrat, or at least a ticket which will give them an opportunity to vote for a Democrats, or at least a ticket which they can support during the campaign. As in 1896 the Gold Democrats will be able to make a campaign for the Gold Democratic ticket, and when the time comes, may do as they did in 1896, vote for the only practical gold ticket, that nominated by the Republicans. Another reason why it seems to be necessary to nominate the Gold Democratic ticket is because there are a large number of ardent anti-expansionists, or men who call themselves anti-imperialists, who are at the same time ardent gold men, and are Democrats in everything else save the silver issue. It is believed that the gold-standard Democratic convention will declare against expansion, and this will give those "anti-imperialists" an opportunity to vote for the gold standard, and also to vote their convictions on the other great question which will be so prominent in the campaign. It is believed by many who are ardently interested in the success of the Republican party, and who believe that that success is necessary to maintain the credit and finances of the country upon a sound basis, that an opportunity should be afforded those to vote for their convictions. It is believed that so strong is this anti-imperialism in certain sections of the country, and especially with gold-standard Democrats, that they might be induced to vote for Bryan in order to vote against the expansion policy, which is a part of the Republican policy. The fear that the Gold Democrats may go back to the Democratic party is based upon the fact that as the gold standard cannot be disturbed, owing to the Republican majority in the Senate, there will be no danger in electing Bryan. At the same time, if a gold Democratic convention places a ticket in the field, it will command the strength and support of that class of Democrats, who will not vote for Republican policies, but who will vote for a ticket marked "Gold Democratic."

A Useless Commission.

It has already been announced that a subcommittee of the Industrial Commission will examine into certain industrial conditions along in the Northern Atlantic States during the Summer. This makes a very pleasant junket for those individuals who are accomplishing nothing for the Government. They travel at Government expense, live at Government expense and will be enabled to enjoy the beauties of the North Atlantic Coast at the various watering places. Probably these individuals desire to study the manner in which the Four Hundred conduct themselves at Newport and how society enjoys itself at Bar Harbor. Possibly we will hear that these men who are traveling at Government expense will be gathering industrial statistics for a report to show how the rich are spending their money, and maybe they will offer testimony from various Vanderbilts, Astors and others of that ilk, as to why they choose to spend their money at watering places rather than to remain at home. It would be a good thing if this subcommittee, that is doing the junket at the expense of the Government should inquire at the various resorts how many people that usually come to those resorts are absent attending the Paris Exposition. All of these conclusions and facts would be very nearly as valuable as those that the commission has thus far obtained. It is certain that they would have fully as much bearing upon future legislation of Congress, as not a single fact so far adduced by this commission has given Congress any information that will enable it to act intelligently on the problems of the day.

Democrats of Indiana.

The belief is expressed by some Indiana Republicans that the Democrats nominated the strongest possible man they could for Governor. John W. Kern is a Gold Democrat, but is one of those peculiar Democrats who remained with his party in spite of its silver leaning. It is feared that he will get the large Gold Democratic vote in the state besides the silver vote. The Republicans will have a hard fight in the Hoosier state this Fall, but nearly every man expects the state will be carried. Even though some of the Gold Democrats vote for Kern, it is not believed that they will stand for Bryan and the reiteration of the Chicago platform, and they may make this the occasion to again point the way in which the Democrats can succeed. By electing Kern and also electing McKinley electors, they will show the Democrats that silver and Bryanism are dead, while ordinarily sound principles will result in Democratic victory.

The Trust Issue.

The Republicans do not believe that the people are going to listen to the Democratic cry of trusts during the campaign, especially when there is so much prosperity. It is quite likely, however, that the trust question will affect votes in certain localities, but for the most part if the good times continue until the November elections, it will be pretty hard for the Democratic orators to convince the country that the trusts are doing so very much damage to the people, and it possibly will be equally hard for the Democrats to convince the people that the Republicans are entirely responsible for the trusts. Some of the most intelligent people that consider the question of trusts will remember that the Democrats were in power in both branches of the Government for two years, and the Presidency for four years, and nothing was done regarding the trusts, no more than has been done under the Republican Administration. Of course the Democrats say that the trusts can be destroyed by taking the duty off goods which are manufactured or controlled by trusts. The Democrats did not undertake to do so when they made their tariff bill. In fact, it is absolutely impossible to have a tariff bill with any such provision in it, as it would practically mean no tariff bill at all. It is a fact, however, that all parties are going to declare against trusts, and attempts will be made to legislate against them. The Republicans have already made such an attack, and they can meet any arguments the Democrats make on the stump, by showing that the only thing that offered a sure remedy, a Constitutional amendment authorizing the National Government to deal with trusts, was defeated by Democratic votes. It is well known that there is a great deal of buncomb in all this talk, and the intelligent voter is not going to be deceived one way or the other, and it is upon this that the Republicans are going to rely more particularly for their success, even with the trust cry which is to be made one of the leading campaign features by the Democrats.

Maryland Democrats Independent.

When the Democratic convention meets at Kansas City it will be found that the Maryland delegates, as an entirety, will not be among the hearty supporters of the Chicago platform. The Maryland delegates were not instructed, either to support Bryan or the Chicago platform, and it is expected will be reluctant about supporting either. Inasmuch as the German element predominates, it would not be surprising to see the Maryland delegates forsake both Bryan and the platform on which he ran four years ago, and act independently. Some of the delegates, who had received instructions at home to support Bryan, have refused to support the Chicago platform, although there were a few counties that instructed their delegates to support Bryan and the objectionable platform. As is the case with all Democratic state delegations, the Maryland Democrats will oppose the expansion issue, and support a policy freeing the islands acquired from Spain, and relinquishing all American control or sovereignty over the same. This expansion question is quite a burning issue with the Maryland Democrats, and may bring some of their delegates into line for Bryan and the Chicago platform, who would otherwise abandon both. But, all in all, the Bryanites will not have as full and complete sway in Maryland as they might wish for, and if they succeed in getting the support of all the Democratic delegates to the Kansas City convention, they will have some hard and untiring work before them from now to the Fourth of July.

POSTAL LAWS VIOLATED.

Important Decision by a St. Louis Judge.

ST. LOUIS, June 15.—A decision of importance has been handed down by Judge Thayer in the case of the American School of Magnetic Healing, S. A. Weitmer and J. H. Kelly, complainants, vs. J. M. McAnnulty, Postmaster of Nevada, Mo. The court holds that the direction given by the Postmaster-General to withhold mail sent to complainants and return it to the senders, marked "Fraudulent" is legal. An injunction restraining McAnnulty from obeying the order was denied.

The Postmaster-General, in pursuance of an act of Congress, directed McAnnulty to send all letters addressed to the complainants back to the senders and mark "Fraudulent" upon them or transmit them to the dead-letter office at Washington. This order contained a finding to the effect that the American School of Magnetic Healing, with its president and secretary, were engaged in a scheme to obtain money through the mails by means of fraudulent representations. A bill of complaint was thereupon filed by the complainants to obtain an injunction restraining McAnnulty from carrying out this order.

The Benefit of Railways.

North American Review.

The construction of the great Siberian Railway has even now begun to produce a marked effect on Siberian trade, which formerly was carried on entirely by monopolies. In each district or town there was a local capitalist, who laid in a stock of goods at the fairs of Nijni-Novgorod, or elsewhere, and then fixed his own prices according to the means of his customers, and competition was nor-existent. An enterprising man, who had neither capital nor credit, could not compete with these monopolists, because of the absence of good means of communication.

This abnormal state of affairs is already improving. The railway which has connected Siberia with centers of production has rendered traveling cheaper and quicker and made capital circulate more freely. People of small means are now enabled to make long journeys for the purchase of stock, and they can enter into direct communication with the producers and wholesale merchants in large centers. The trade of Siberia has become more democratic, and increasing competition has effected a change in its character.

The Irish Ex-Convicts.

NEW YORK, June 15.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says:

A second communication has been received by Commissioner-General Powderly, of the Immigration Bureau, from Senator Platt, of New York, asking that the decision in the case of Fitzharris and Mullet be delayed for a day or so, so as to give ample time for careful consideration of the evidence and an opportunity for the friends of these men to furnish bonds for the ex-convicts.

Mr. O'Connell, the Solicitor of the Treasury, to whom the matter has been referred, is expected to return from New York by Saturday, and a decision may be looked for early next week.

At New York Hotels.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Northwest people registered at New York hotels today as follows:

From Portland—G. Rummelin, at the Belvedere; B. A. Baldwin, at the Astor; W. L. Sutherland, at the Continental.

From Baker City—C. Deisheimer and wife, at the Belvedere.

From Seattle—E. H. Cassels, at the Cadillac; Mrs. H. H. Stakey, at the Fifth Avenue; L. Adrian, at the Belvedere.

From Spokane—H. M. Richards, at the Holland; H. G. Brown and wife, at the Rossmore.

Hits Headache Hard.

Wright's Paragon Headache and Neuralgia Cure. Safe. At druggists, 25c. Try it.

An Ellsworth (Me.) man recently found in his garden a petrified potato, perfect in form, and with every eye showing distinctly.

Catarrh! Asthma!

can be permanently cured by the constant use of

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

as directed.

Dallas, Tex., February 2nd.
DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N. Y.
Gentlemen: I have used some four or five bottles of your Malt Whiskey, and find that it has benefited my *catarrh* more than anything else I have tried. Send me a case of say three dozen bottles of Malt and the Formula. Yours respectfully,
T. J. MANGUM.

Spring Valley, McPherson Co., Kan., Jan. 10th.
DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO.
Dear Sirs: I read your Annual and I am using your Malt Whiskey for *catarrh* and *asthma*, and it helps me. Respectfully yours,
E. MARSH.

Government stamp marks the genuine. Druggists usually sell it. If yours does not, a bottle will be sent you, prepaid, for $1; six for $5. Write for interesting book.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

QUARANTINE DISSOLVED

SAN FRANCISCO CHINESE ARE FREE ONCE MORE.

Judge Morrow Decides Against the Board of Health—Does Not Believe There Was Any Plague.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15.—In the United States Circuit Court, Judge Morrow rendered a decision in the case of Jew Ho against the Board of Health of this city, dissolving the general quarantine of Chinatown, enforced by the Board of Health, owing to the alleged existence of plague in this city. Morrow held that the quarantine was discriminatory in its character.

Regarding the existence of the plague, Morrow stated that he was not qualified to pass judicially on the question, owing to the conflicting testimony of physicians, but that if it came within his power to decide in the matter, he would declare that plague does not, nor has not, existed.

At a meeting of the Board of Health this afternoon the quarantine was declared dissolved.

DR. KENYOUN'S DISPATCH.

An Effort to Prevent Chinese From Leaving the City.

SALEM, Or., June 15.—The following dispatch from San Francisco was delivered at the Governor's office this evening:

"State Board of Health, Salem, Or.: The Federal Court dissolves the quarantine imposed by the local Board of Health on the Chinese district on account of 11 deaths from plague occurring from March 7 until June 2. Would suggest that precautionary measures be instituted against all persons coming from the infected district. Have notified common carriers, under the law of 1890, to refuse transportation to all persons leaving San Francisco for other states unless provided with a certificate signed by the Marine Hospital officer. KENYOUN,
"Surgeon Marine Hospital Service, Quarantine Officer."

The contents of the dispatch have been communicated to Health Officer Fulton, of Astoria.

Father and Son Drowned.

SCRANTON, Miss., June 15.—Sullivan Converse, of Chicago, and his father were drowned today while bathing in the Bayou Chilcot, in full view of their 14-year-old son and brother. Sullivan Converse was one of the volunteer seamen on the battle-ship Oregon during the late war with Spain. His mother, Mrs. Ida M. Converse, is well known in literary circles as a newspaper correspondent.

Make Your Blood Pure

This is of the utmost importance to good health. The medicine to make your blood pure is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It contains just those vegetable remedies that are known to produce this good result, all so harmoniously combined that they act with perfect satisfaction and success. It will prevent and cure all humors, eruptions, boils and pimples. It will give needed help to the kidneys, strengthen your nerves, tone your stomach and make you strong.

Sores—"I had sores on one of my limbs and was nearly crippled. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and it cured me. Am now well and strong."—Benjamin Fisher, Beaver Creek, Oregon.

After Illness—"I had two spells with the grip and an attack of lung fever, being left with a bad cough. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me and built me up."—Mrs. C. L. Richardson, Hillsboro, Oregon.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Is the Best Medicine Money Can Buy.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; non-irritating; only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Glassware

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

Come Just to See.

Great Eastern Importing Tea Co.

223 First Street, Portland.
326 Washington Street, Portland
115 Grand Avenue, E. Portland.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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Golf Balls.

Can be obtained from all dealers or Sam'l Buckley & Co., 100 Fifth St., New York

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TEETH EXTRACTED AND FILLED ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN, by our late scientific method applied to the gums. No sleep-producing agents or cocaine.

These are the only dental parlors in Portland having PATENTED APPLIANCES and ingredients to extract, fill and apply gold crowns and porcelain crowns undetectable from natural teeth, and warranted for 10 years, WITHOUT THE LEAST PAIN. Full set of teeth, $5, a perfect fit guaranteed or no pay. Gold crowns, $5. Gold fillings, $1. Silver fillings, 50c. All work done by GRADUATE DENTISTS of from 12 to 20 years' experience, and each department in charge of a specialist. Give us a call, and you will find us to do exactly as we advertise. We will tell you in advance exactly what your work will cost by a FREE EXAMINATION.

SET TEETH	$5.00
GOLD CROWNS	$5.00
GOLD FILLINGS	$1.00
SILVER FILLINGS	.50

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