

ed the abandonment of the Philippines. As to the question relating to the Philip-pines, as it will be presented in the ap-proaching campaign. Teller said: thes of the state. The Precident of the United States has kept and is still keep-ing soldiers in that community, and by so doing is upholding the tyrannical course of conduct pursued by the Governor of Idabo. The minority points out flagrant instances of abuse of power and violation of law by General Merriam, the command-er of the troops: "I-General Merriam sent on May 3 about 150 troops to the four of Burke and ar-"I don't know whether 'imperialism' is

"I don't know whether 'imperialism' is to be an issue in the coming campaign or not. It will not be, unices the Republic can party shall make it an issue." He referred to the speech of Hoar (Rep. Massa), as showing infinitely more concern as to the fate of the Republican party at the elections of next November than that justice and right should be meted out to the Fillpinos. So it was, he declared, with the Republicans everywhere. If was the most striking part of the Stnator's strong an appeal to his party not to face defeat in the campaign by refusing to change its policy." Masse, as a sharp and extended crit-icism of the government provided by Con-

Miers expected this resolution to be adopt. ed. "It has served the gentleman's pur-pose," said he, "in giving him an oppor-tunity to make a speech. If any specific charges are made, they will be investigat-ed. The resolution should be voted down." The chair held that the pending ques-ion was to discharge the committee from tion was to discharge the committee from the consideration of the resolution, and not on the adoption of the resolution, and that the pending question was not debat-

niled Mierr

able. motion the res His decision cut off debate. The n was lost, 114 to 131. This left esolution still in possession of the Hay-Paun committee. Grout (Rep. VL) presented the confer-

gotintion, compel a majority of the Senate to abstain from enacting the House bill, because the Chayton-Buryer treaty would thereby be put into full effect as a bar to such actions?" "The gentleman's response," retorted Ray, "shows the purpose of this resolution. It is a covert assault on the Secretary of

such\_actions?" the Interior and the Commissioner of Pen-In conclusion, the report says that ""? the Clayton-Bulwer treaty is in force, and if Great Britain so insists the clear duly of Congress is to declare that it is alara-gated. If the treaty is abrogated, the Lacey (Rep. Ia.) said he did not presume conclusion is that the way 's cleared for proposing to Micaragua and Costa Rica-such terms as may be appropriate for ac-quiring in those states whatever rights and powers they are at liberty to concede to enable the United States to construct

and own a ship canal in connection with

the conclusion it may have on the Hay. Pauncefote treaty, which is a minor con

sideration, to obstruct the will of the ma-

SUNDRY CIVIL BILL.

Conference. WASHINGTON, June 4 .- The confere

Key West; \$60,000 for Porto Rican light-

or judiciary of Hawall. The disagree nents, besides those first given, includ-

by military; branch Soldier's Home in Ida-

ho; women representatives to unveiling of La Fayette statue of Paris; statue of

Promotion of Otis.

WASHINGTON, June 4. - The Senate

committee on military affairs today re-corted favorably on the nomination of General Otis, to be a Major-General,

When reported to the Senate in executive

Agreement on Alaska Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 4-The confer-

on the Alaska code bill have reached a complete agreement. The agreement drops out the house provision for a dele-

gate in Congress from Alaska, as it was

found that it would be impossible to hold an election this Fail. The mining pro-visions are adjusted so that miners may

continue to mine between high and low

tide and dredge under the bed of the

ocean, according to rules to be provided by the Secretary of War, and on condi-

tion that they are citizens or have de-clared their intention of becoming citi-zens. These were the main points in

A Headache Cure.

seadon, there was a request for im action, but objection was made

omination went over.

Rochambeau.

controversy.

ise establishment; Hawailan quaran-

The companies on which the warrants were sworn to were sworn out by Joseph De Barthe, of Baker City, Or., who was formerly connected with the institution as an agent for selling diplomas, and is listed on the college prospectus as "professor of medical jurisprudence." He says he paid \$25 for a degree issued by the Independent Medical College, August 30, 1898, and thought his authority to practice medicine was valid until he was refused certificates in several, states. He says he never allowed his name to appear on the faculty list, though he occasionally transacted the law business of the insti-tution. Inspector Gould induced a friend to write to the Metropolitan Medical Col-lege for information. The institution of

to enable the United States to construct and control the canal, and also to open the way for such a general declaration as to the neutrality of the canal as shall meet the approbation of the dvillaed powers. The approbation is rejected and the study for smaller amounts. Inspector Gould has a bunch of unsigned certifi-crime of practice for the State of Texas,

Mile and 30 pards of the control of the line line and 30 pards Oronitas won. Scale second, Long Isle third; fine, 1:47. The Criterion stakes, 4% furionss Cap Isbells won, Lurcana second, Ashes Isbells won, Luro third; time, 0:55 2-5.

Mile and a sixteenth-Maximo Gomez won, Firearm second, Chareflus third; time, D45.

GAUSING UA About six furlongs, selling-Picardy won, Her Ladyship second, Gaze third; time, 1:10 2-5.

## Races at Hawthorne.

FINALLY BALDNESS CHECAGO, June 4 .- The weather was lear and the track slow at Hawthorne today. The results were: One mile, selling-The Bobby won, Lake fills second, Maccabee third; tim Six furlongs-Nobleman won, Kill the Dandruff Germ Orimar ond, Bangle Ihird; time, 1:15%. ceplechase, short course-Globe II a, Frond second, Viking third; time, Ste NOT. HERPICIDE 3:14%. The Juvenile stakes, five furlongs-

grees for the people of Porto Rico. Teller said it was part of the imperialistic policy of the Republican party. In conclusion Teller said he would not support the Republican party in the approaching campalgn.

"I did not support its financial policy, "I did not support its innancial pointy, and I do not support the Philippine policy as foreshadowed in the pending measure (the Spooner bill), and I do not want to give up the islands, either. They should be a source of great advantage to us They stand in the great pathway of the commerce of the world, and they can be commerce of the world, and they can be

made of immense value to this country." At the conclusion of Teller's speech, Wolcott (Rep. Colo.), chairman of the committee on postoffices and postroads, moved to recommit to the committee a bill for the classification of clerks in first and second-class postoffices. Welcott said it had been stated that the first and sec-ond-class postoffice clerks of the country

ond-class postoffice clerks of the country had contributed 10 or more each to be devoted to lobbying this bill through Con-gress, a cause absolutely senseless and **COrnetise** whatever. As lobbying, the cott said, some good men, prinaps, and certainly some notoriously had men, had been employed. He thought the elerks ought to be advised that such contribu-tions guined them nothing. Builer (Pop. N. C.) interjected the re-

Butler (Pop. N. C.) interjected the remark that the amount assessed-upon the

mark that the amount assessed upon the clerks had reached the sum of \$200,000. Wolcott said he had uttle doubt of that, as every lobbyist with a political pull was on the pay-roll. The bill was then recommitted.

The following bills were passed: Chang-ing the place of holding the United States Court from Cameron, I. T., to Poteau, I. T.; to provide for the use of timber and store for damestic and industrial purposes in the Indian Territory; referring to the Court of Claims for adjudication the yielding of Smith Meyer and Paise archiclaims of Smith, Meyer and Pelse, architects of the Congressional Library build-

ing. When the House bill for the regulation of trusts was received. Pettigrew-moved that it be placed on the calendar, instead of referring to a committee, as usual in such

Gallinger suggested the importance of the blil, and moved its reference to the ommittee on judiciary. Pettigrew said he would ask the ayes and

noes on this motion, and expressed the opinion that Congress should not adjourn finally without enacting some at

air decided a motion, previously valled by Allen, to go into executive ses-sion, to be in order, and this motion pre-valled without division. The Senate re-mained in executive session until 3:45 and when the doors were reopened some routine business was transacted.

The parliamentary status of the antitrust bill was asked for by Hoar, and the chair stated that it had been read once, but could not be read a record time unless by unanimous consent, and until it was read a second time, no motion to refet or to consider was in order. Allen asked unanimous consent for its second reading. Aldrich objected, saying that the bill could not be passed at this session. It then went over until tomorrow, Petilgrew giving no-tice that he would move to conshier it tomorrow morning. The Senate then took a recess until 8 o'clock.

The Night Session. At 5 o'clock the Senate reconvened, Pet-tigrew taking the floor on the Philippine question. He orticles the Administra-tion for not giving Congress and the peo-ple full information concerning affairs druggists.

"3-Lieutenant Lyon, acting under the order of his superior officer, by threats of violence forced certain citizens to work in the Tiger-Poorman mine against their

e Tiger-Poorman mine against their No such diagrant invasion of the

will. No such magning invasion of the right of the cliffien can be clied in the history of this country. "4-Major Smith suppressed the Mullan Mirror, a newspaper published at Mullan, thus denying free speech and free press. This was a gross violation of law, wholly unitedfad uniustified.

"5-The permit system, in fact, a black-list system approved by General Mer-riam and kept in operation to this day by the presence of the milliary forces of

riam and kept in operation to this day by the presence of the military forces of the United States, is a violation of law which cannot be defended." In summing up the minority says it is satisfied from the evidence adduced be-fore the committee that General Mertiam was wholly mistaken as to his powers and duties; that his conduct has resulted in the gravest injustice to the liberty of the individuals the individuals.

"Innocent man have been kept in prison for months without trial and have been finally discharged without any charges being preferred against them. At charges being preferred against them. At one time or another there were over 1000 men in the prison at Wardner known as the 'bullpen.' They were kept there many months. They were not tried. They were not charged with any crime: they were held and guarded by United States troops. It was the duty of General Mer-riam and of the Preddent of the United States to incutre into the causes and States to inquire into the causee and reasons for the detention of so many American citizens. No such inquiry was ever made. Such indifference is hard to understand and harder to excuse. The plea that General Merriam was acting at the request of the Governor of Idaho and his state representative, Bartlett Sin-clair, is not good. Nother the Governor por Sinclair had the right to violate the law. And General Merriam knew it or

should have known it. "Although the Geyernor of Idaho has for a year and more been governing Sho-shone County by martial law, he has never shope County by marinal law, he has never called the Legislature together; the law; of Idaho provide that a semion of the Leg-islature can be called on 10 days' notice. The amendments on which separate votes order. A motion to reseade and concur in the minority holds that the President is the amendment appropriating \$30,000 to commence the construction of the me-diere will of one man, when the Legislature, representatives of the pet-ple, could have been and ought to be conversed and their wights secretained." convened, and their wishes ascertained." The majority report was also completed today and eubmitted to the minority mem-hers, but it will not be made public until approved by the House military com-mittee, which conducted the investigation.

Extradition of Neely.

NEW YORK. June 4-Requisition papers having been signed by Governor Roosevelt, the Federal Government offi-cers are making proparations for the transfer of Charles F. W. Neely to Havana. It is believed habeas corpus pro-ceedings will immediately be brought in Neely's behalt. He is still confined in the Ludiow-street jail.



ence report on th appropriation bill. the District of Columbia Fitzgerald (Dem. Mass.) criticised the action of the conferess in striking out an appropriation of \$1800 ror the St. Joseph Orphans' Asylum (Catholic), in this city, and inverghed against the narrow religious

prejudice which crushed out these worthy charities because they were Catholic. "The same sort of legislation." he said, "was enacted in Germany and resulted in building up a great Catholic party there, and if this sort of thing continues in this

country, a similarity may spring up here, although I hope nothing of the kind will ever be necessary." The only item still in dispute between

the two houses was the appropriation of \$150,000 for the Municipal H spital, in this city. This appropriation was concurred in. The bill now goes to the Prisident. Cannon (Rep. III.), chairman of the ap-propriations committee, then presented the conference report on the sun Ly civil ap-Items Agreed to and Disagreed to in

propriation bill. It was a partial report, covering about two-thirds of the items in disagreement. Cannon explained, with reference to the items still in controversy, that the Senate amendments were not subject to a point of order in the House, though, as original propositions, they would be subject to a point of order. Neither could the House amend such amendments. The result was that the House was helpless. It was forced to act on propositions which could get through the House in no other way.

tions not authorized by law."

tions not authorized by law.' The partial conference was adopted and Cannon then moved that the House usist on its disagreements to the other litems, Various members downanded aceparate votes on a dozen of the items still in liz-pute. Boutel (Rep. III) demanded a sep-arate vote on the appropriation of \$5,300,690 for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. The amendments on which separate votes

cure an adjournment is the interest of the Grout oleomargarine bill, but his mo-tion was defeated. Boutell made the motion to recede and concur in the St. Louis fair appropriation. Owing to the latsness of the hour, Boutell said he was willing to vote without debate.

"Vote, vote," came from all sides of the

House "I think the House should understand what it is voting on," observed Steels (Rep. Ind.). "Everybody does," shouled a dozen mem-

Steele did not claim the floor, and the role was taken without debate. On the vote was taken without debate. division it stood 100-66.

"I demand the ayes and noes," said

"I demand the ayer Sims (Dem. Tenn.). "No, no," came from some friends of the appropriation; but the demani was the appropriation; but the demani was the appropriation, out the density was seconded and the roll-call grdsred. The amendment was carried, 121-Th · The zn-nouncement was greeted with loud ap-plause. The other amendments wars then disagreed to, and the bill was sent back

to conference. The emergency river and harbor bill was sent to conference. Burton (Rep. O.), Paragon Headache and Neuralgin Cure.

Hay-Pauncefote treaty is not ratified, we will be left," says the report, "to the aland he says the name of the district cierh is forged to these for an extra compen ternative we should now accept of declaring that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty cansation. not stand as a perpetual barrier, if such is the pleasure of Great Britain, against the right of the United States to construct

BANDITS DRIVEN OFF.

### Desperate Attempt at Trainrobber;

Mcaragua to connect the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. The passage of the House bill now pending should be in Texas. ST. LOUIS, June 4.--A special to the Post-Dispatch from Longview, Texas, the first step in the indispensable move says: ment, and the Senate should not permi

The northbound Cannon-ball train on the International & Great Northern was held up after midnight near Price's Switch, 60 miles south of this city, and but for the plucky fight of Express jority of this body in its action on the House bill." Messenger Rutherford and Baggage Mas-ter Strong and the strategy of Engineer Rich, another robbery would have taken

The engineer saw a pile of cross ties and lumber on the track and stopped He was ordered down by three masked men, who forced the engineer and fire-man to uncouple the mail, baggage and express cars and pull about two mlies from the remainder of the train. The of the two houses of Congress has agreed upon about two-thirds of the 175 items of disagreement in the sundry civil appropriation bill, and have decided to report disagreement on 100 of the items. The items of disagreement include those mak-ing appropriation for the St. Louis exporobbers then commanded the messenger is open the door of his car and failing to get any response, made Fireman Love break a hole in the end with a coal pick.

sition, and all those relating to rivers and While this was being done the fireman begged the messenger and baggagemen not to shoot. The messenger, who was well protected by a barricade, said he harbors, lighthouses and public buildings, Among the many other items agreed to are those for a quarantine station near would kill the first man who entered the hole. Love was forced in and the mes-senger shouted, "Get aside, Love," as he fired through the hole. His shot just tine service, \$75,000; appropriating salaries for Hawaii; classification of Montana and Idaho mineral lands, \$25,000; placing Yelmissed the robbers, who undertook to kill the messenger by shooting through the side of the car. In the confusion re-sulting, Engineer Rich crawled upon his lowstone Park improvements under the Chief Engineer of the Army; appropriat-ing \$500,000 as proposed by the House for the Ends Mississpil jetties; salaries engine, pulled the throttle wide and left the robbers behind. A quick run was made to Jacksonville, 15 miles the provisions giving the Secretary of the Treasury control of the Chinese exclusion and immigration laws; plans for the en-largement of the White House; setting Spanish War claims for property taken At daybreak, the penitentiary north. bloodhounds were brought from Rusk

and put on the trail. This hold-up occurred near the place where the same train was robbed five years ago.

### A TEXAS FEUD.

#### Resulted in the Killing of Three Men at St. Augustine.

NACOGDOCHES, Tex., June 4.--A triple tragedy at San Augustine occurred in the Courthouse today, in which Feliz Rob erts, a newspaper correspondent; Sid Rob-crts and Sheriff Neei Roberts were killed. The tragedy was the result of an old foud between the Wall and Roberts faction one one side, and the Brooks and Boy tion one one side, and the Brooks and Bor-ders faction on the other. A few weeks ago, Sheriff George Wall was shot dead by Curd Borders. Last Saturday, Eu-gene Wall, son of the dead Sheriff, shot and killed Ben Brooks. Today, at the Courthouse, the two factions met and s battle ensued, resulting in the killing of three men. When Shoriff Wall was killed Ben probew was smoothed Sheriff. three men. When Shariff Wall was killed, his nephew was appointed Sheriff, Armed men from here, partisans of both sides, have started for San Augustine. Telegrams have been sent to Governot Sayers, urging him to call out the militia

Funeral of S. H. H. Clark.

OMAHA. June 4 .- At 1 o'clock this after onaria, June s-air o crock inserier-noon the Missouri Pacific special, with the remains of S. H. H. Clark, ex-presi-dent of the Union Pacific and Missouri Pacific Bailroads, arrived in Omaha, and was met by 100 prominent officials of. Western roads and former employes of

Garry Hermann won, Silverdale second, Sortie third; time, 1:02%. Mile and an eighth, seiling-Star Chamber won. Jimp second, Trimmer third; time, 1:54%. One mile-Gold Fox won. Great Bend second, Molo third; time, 1:41%.

Races at Newport. CINCINNATI, Jung 4.—The second six days' meeting of the Queen City Jockey Chub opened today with delight-ful weather and a large crowd. The esults were:

Six furlongs-Crinkle won, Winter see nd. Iris third; time. 1:14%. Mile and a sixteenth. selling-High

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After lliness-"I had two spells with and an attack of lung fever, be the grip and an attac ing left with a bad-c ing left with a bad-cough. Hood's Sa parilla cured me and built me up."-M C. L. Richardson, Hillsboro, Oregon. -Mrs.

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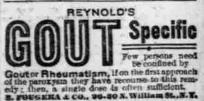
athartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparills.



usenitly Curred. You can be treased at home same guaranty. If you have taken mer-iodide putash, and, atill have sones and Mucros Patches in Mouth, Bore Throat, curry, iodide potasis, and atill have scnes and pains, Mucus Patches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimpies, Copper-Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows failing out, write

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