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That's the way our furnaces fit the houses wherein they are installed. Because we do not "guess" at anything connected with the heating of a building, we figure it all out according to the formulas of the best heating authorities of the world, and so combine scientific and theoretical knowledge with 20 years' practical experience in the heating business with Richardson & Boynton Co., the largest and oldest firm in the manufacture of heating apparatus in the United States.

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AMERICAN PLAN \$3.00 PER DAY and upward

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Special rates made to families and single gentlemen. The management will be pleased at all times to show rooms and give prices. A modern Turkish bath establishment in the hotel. H. C. BOWERS, Manager.

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POURKS—From 9:00 A. M. to 9:00 P. M. daily, except Sundays and holidays.

Hot Weather 101 Symptoms

A defect of the eyes will make more trouble during hot weather than at any other time. Excessive heat always increases the symptoms of irritation and fatigue. The bright sunlight is tiresome and blinding. At the close of the day your eyes feel heavy. Sometimes you suffer with headache, which you are apt to call "heat headache."

A pair of glasses correctly fitted to your eyes will remove the strain and relieve all of these symptoms.

WALTER REED
Eye Specialist
183 SIXTH STREET
OREGONIAN BUILDING

ROBERTS IS THERE

British Army in the Suburbs of Johannesburg.

WILL ENTER THE CITY TODAY

No Opposition Is Expected—Advance Cavalry Forces Are Within 20 Miles of Pretoria.

LONDON, May 29. 9:30 A. M.—Lord Roberts' bivouacking in the suburbs of Johannesburg, and intends to make a victorious entry at noon today. Judging from his dispatch, he must have private information regarding the disposition of the garrison in the fort, as he does not seem to expect opposition.

His dispatch to the War Office follows: "Germiston, May 29, 6:30 P. M.—We arrived here this afternoon and being seriously opposed. No casualties, so far as I am aware of in the main column, and not many, in the cavalry and mounted infantry. The enemy did not expect us until noon, and we were, therefore, carried off all their rolling stock. We have possession of the junction connecting Johannesburg with Natal, Pretoria and Kimberley by railroads."

Johannesburg is reported quiet, and no mines, I understand, have been injured.

"I shall summon the commandant in the morning, and if, as I expect, there is no opposition, I propose to enter the town with all the troops at noon."

Germiston is a suburb to the southeast of Johannesburg, railway junction, and General Roberts mentions it in his message to the War Office, probably because Eland's Fontein station is further eastward. Additional evidence that the mines are intact comes in a message received by a mining company here today from its Johannesburg representative, dated May 29, saying: "All right."

Lord Roberts' dispatch is regarded as announcing the virtual occupation of Johannesburg, and apparently the Boers have again effected a retreat, as there is no mention of any prisoners or captures except of rolling stock. There will be some little anxiety pending the actual occupation of Johannesburg, as there are rumors that the town has been mined, with the intention of blowing it up. Lord Roberts and his staff on their entry into that place.

Lord Roberts' cavalry has flowed on beyond Johannesburg. A portion of the force, stood to be at Zwartkops, seven miles north of Johannesburg and within 20 miles of Pretoria.

Lord Roberts, although with a broken bridge at Vereeniging, a wrecked railway way behind him, has somehow managed to get forward sufficient supplies for his large force. As he has been able to do so much, it is considered probable that he will be outside of Pretoria Friday.

The rapidity of his advance is thought an extraordinary achievement, even by experienced Continental Generals.

The Boers, who were expected to fight along the line of hills known as Klip River, abandoned the eastern range near Lord Roberts' advance line, but they moved their ground on the extreme right near Van Wyck's Roost, when they met General French's turning movement. The fight continued all day, and the result is as yet undetermined. Probably the Boer rear guard succeeded in keeping General French off, and is now in the hills northwest of Johannesburg.

Peace Negotiations.

The Standard has the following advice from Pretoria under Monday's date: "The Transvaal Government has opened, or is about to open, peace negotiations. It has called a final inquiry to its agents abroad asking whether any hope exists of aid."

Without doubt, the presence of Lord Roberts with 40,000 men at Johannesburg will hasten the Transvaal's decision. Dispatches from Lourenco Marques yesterday described President Kruger as wavering, but demanding a guarantee that he shall not be expelled to St. Helena.

The fighting Boers still continue to desert, and the total collapse of the Boer military organization is not far off. Bennett Burleigh, wiring from Lord Roberts' headquarters at Vereeniging Sunday, says: "I doubt if President Kruger can muster 15,000 men, as many of the burghers have gone to their homes."

The Standard says the Boers are sending their families, with wagons and stores, to the Zoutpansberg district.

Whether Pretoria will be defended is uncertain, although a French message, dated Sunday, pictures the work of defending the capital as going on "with feverish activity." Pretoria is situated in a wilderness of kopjes and ranges, and is provided with defenses that require at least 20,000 men to man them properly. There may still be one hard nut for the British to crack. The last message out of Pretoria is the following, dated May 28, and censored by the Boer Government: "Krause, acting as special commandant at Johannesburg, has issued a circular to the officials concerned, warning them of the necessity of controlling the foreign elements in the town and directing them to resist all attempts to destroy property or life, meeting force by force."

The Netherlands Railway Company yesterday notified the authorities at Lourenco Marques that they must decline to accept goods for delivery at Johannesburg. Johannesburg telegrams are still accepted subject to stoppage at Pretoria.

The news that Lord Roberts was practically master of Johannesburg was received in London with noisy enthusiasm. A procession of students marched through the West End, cheering and singing. The announcement at various places of amusement and theaters for "Bohs."

Sir Redvers Buller and the Boers had an artillery duel all day yesterday without marked result. The equilibrium in Natal seems still maintained. Sunday the British killed two Boers and captured 20 near Muller's Pass.

While the townspeople at Fleetwood were cheering the announcement that Lord Roberts had occupied Johannesburg, the German crew of the Henrietta, an English vessel that was sold to a German firm, cheered President Kruger. Several conflicts occurred between the Germans and the English, and the chief officer of the Henrietta was mobbed. Ultimately the police force was doubled.

ENGLAND'S AFRICAN POLICY.

The Boers' Independence Is at an End, Says Salisbury.

LONDON, May 29.—Lord Salisbury, who was entertained at dinner this evening by the City of London Conservative Association, made an important announcement regarding the government's South African policy.

"The 'stop-these-people' party have used my ideas by stating that I promised there should be no annexation of territory or annexation of gold fields. I never gave a pledge. I never meant to give a pledge. (Loud cheers.) I stated a simple

ROBERTS' REBELS

historical fact. We were accused of going to war for just of gold and territory. It was one of those columns which, under the favoring influences of Dr. Leyds, spread itself over the press of Europe. Nothing could be more untrue. We went to war to abate oppression of the Queen's subjects in the Transvaal, and to secure the peace of the world, which has been at an end. We were forced into war by the action of our opponents.

"To say that because we repudiated the greed of territory we therefore bound ourselves never to annex any territory, is a most ridiculous misconception. I dwell on this point because this matter of annexation is about to become a burning question."

"I have made a tremendous sacrifice of blood and treasure in this conflict. There are misleading prophets, whose action bulks as large in the columns of a newspaper as the action of more influential and powerful persons. I am, however, a lucky ruler of the Transvaal to continue resistance far beyond the time when all resistance had ceased to be even possibly successful. These men are perpetually pressing us to make some concession, but offer some arranged stipulations that shall leave a shred of independence to the republic. Our only certainty of preventing a recurrence of this fearful war is to insure that never again shall such vast accumulations of armaments occur, and that not a shred of the former independence of the former republic shall remain."

"We are not yet at the end of the war, but I shall venture to lay it down as a primary condition of any further settlement that precautions will be taken of those who shall make such a war. It will never occur again. Of course, what measures will be necessary it is impossible at this moment to determine, because that depends largely upon the action and temper of those who shall be concerned. I have already intimated that their resistance has gone beyond the limit to which resistance could wisely go. It is not for us to criticize their action in what they are pleased to consider as their own. They have acted so that every bitterness created by the war and every vengeance of classes and races have been stimulated by every measure they have taken; and so they go on."

"It will also be our duty to protect those native races who have been so sorely afflicted and at the same time so to conduct our policy that so far as possible there shall be no prejudice against any one of every one shall be a happy member of the British Empire."

After the master of the rolls, Lord Alverstone, had proposed, "The Imperial Forces," Lord Salisbury, again rising, holding a paper in his hand, and said: "I find that Lord Roberts has occupied Johannesburg."

This announcement was followed by a wild display of enthusiasm, the company cheering for "Bohs" and singing "God Save the Queen."

GALLIFET RESIGNED.

Outcome of the Proceeding in the French Chamber Monday.

PARIS, May 29.—General de Gallifet, Minister of War, has resigned. In his letter to M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the Premier, asking him to place his resignation in the hands of the President of the Republic, General de Gallifet pleads ill health as a reason for his decision. His exact words are "I am very well, and my health prevents me resisting all emotions of the moment."

After deciding upon General Andre as the most suitable successor, the Premier telegraphed to him at Nemours, where he was taking part in the maneuvers. General Andre left immediately, arriving in Paris about 11:15 this evening.

Crown Prince's Progress.

BERLIN, May 29.—Crown Prince Frederick William has passed with the highest honors the officers' examination. He has been formally proclaimed a Lieutenant in his regiment and Thursday he will participate in the Spring parade.

Sir Robert Peel on Trial.

LONDON, May 29.—At the Marlborough Street Police Court today, Sir Robert Peel was committed for trial at Old Bailey on the charge of libeling Daniel Von der Heit, who is the trustee of the Jewish and brother-in-law of Sir Robert Peel.

Elections in Belgium.

BRUSSELS, May 29.—The general election of members of the Chamber of Representatives in Belgium was held today. The Catholic majority from 102 to 85. The Socialists are the gainers.

Mrs. Gladstone Growing Weaker.

LONDON, May 29.—It was said this morning that Mrs. Gladstone is growing weaker. Her right side is paralyzed.

WILL MEET IN SEATTLE.

Next Congress of Congregational Ministers.

OAKLAND, Cal., May 29.—Seattle will be the next meeting place of the Congressional Congress of the Pacific Coast. This was the decision of the Congress held here last night. The meeting will be held this afternoon in the First Congregational Church. The Rev. Jonathan Edwards, of Spokane, delivered an address on "Among Ourselves," which was one of the series under the general topic of "Cultivation of Fellowship." He was followed by the Rev. Alfred Bayley, formerly of Oakland, who took for his subject "With Other Christians." "Benevolent Activities" was discussed by the Rev. Philip Coombe, of San Francisco, who said that in his opinion the church was not given full credit for its work for better organization. The Rev. L. Smith, of Seattle, read a well-written paper on the subject of "Special Work for Men."

General Conference Ended.

CHICAGO, May 29.—The Methodist conference adjourned today after a session of four weeks.

The report of the committee on education was read and approved. The report was taken up. The report, with some amendments, was adopted. The debate on the proposed changes in representation to the general conference consumed much time, but it was finally decided to make no changes. Bishop Bowdman made a brief address to the parting delegates.

Ex-Senator Hill's Estate.

DENVER, Colo., May 29.—The will of the late N. P. Hill, ex-United States Senator, was filed for probate today. His estate, which it is believed will amount to more than \$500,000, is bequeathed to the widow and three children.

Sugar Advanced.

NEW YORK, May 29.—All grades of refined sugar were advanced 10 cents a hundred pounds today.

REBELLION IN CHINA

"Boxers" Revolt Assuming Great Proportions.

REBELS MASSING OUTSIDE PEKING

Imperial Troops Go Over to the Insurgents—General Massacre of Foreigners Feared.

LONDON, May 29.—The Daily Express has the following telegram from Shanghai, dated Tuesday: "The rebellion continues to grow in intensity, and the gravest fears are entertained of its ultimate extent. The foreign troops at Peking are massing within the capital, have decided to bring up the guards of the legations. The rebels are now massing outside of Peking, and their movements are reported to consist in augmenting fresh contingents of armed malcontents are coming up almost hourly from the north."

The imperial troops which were sent to disperse the rebels found themselves heavily outnumbered. Several hundred were killed, and two guns and many rifles were captured, after which most of the remaining troops went over to the rebels. They are now massing in the suburbs. It is believed that the "Boxers" have the sympathy of the entire Manchurian army in the anti-foreign crusade, and there is no doubt that they have the confidence of the Empress Dowager and of Prince Chang.

The Belgian Minister, escorted by a strong bodyguard, has gone to obtain an audience of the Empress Dowager. A number of his countrymen with their families having been cut off by the rebels at Chang Tsin Tien.

The movements of the missionaries is one of extreme peril unless help is speedily forthcoming. It is feared they will meet the same fate as their unfortunate converts whom the "Boxers" are ruthlessly murdering.

A special dispatch from Shanghai says it is believed that Russia is about to land troops at Taku from Port Arthur, where 20,000 are in readiness.

The Chinese are reported to be sending large masses of troops overland from Hu Nan and Kiang, but the Generalissimo refuses to assume command on plea of sickness.

The relief party has returned from Chan Tsin Tien, bringing 25 persons, including several women and children.

FOUR YEARS AGO DEMOCRATS SAID

The country would be ruined unless it scaled down its entire indebtedness one-half and reduced all wages one-half. We have seen that

THEY WERE MISTAKEN

And it has been again demonstrated, to the satisfaction of all, that

REPUBLICAN RULE MEANS PROSPERITY

ARMED PARTY GOES TO RESCUE THE BELEGGED BELGIANS.

TIENTSIN, May 29.—A detachment of 200 Chinese soldiers cleared the railway between here and Peking, and ordinary service was resumed at noon. No news has been received from the Belgian envoys engaged in the construction of the Luhan line. In other respects the situation is more quiet.

The French flag, D'Entrecasteaux, and the gunboat Surprise have left Taku. One hundred American marines from the American cruiser Newark are expected here at 11 o'clock tonight.

An armed rescue party of Frenchmen and Belgians started this afternoon to try and relieve the beleaguered Belgians. The Viceroy, under the pressure of the French Consul, has permitted the rescuers to travel by railroad to Feng Tai, where Chinese protection ends. The Belgians are beleaguered at Chang Tsin Tien, near Zeng Tai.

Russia Sees Her Opportunity.

SHANGHAI, May 29.—The Russian Minister at Peking has telegraphed asking that all available gunboats be sent to Taku.

Foreign Guards Summoned.

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FIGHTING IN SAMAR.

Four Americans Killed Near Catabogan, Including Lieutenant Evans.

MANILA, May 29.—Major Henry T. Allen, of the Forty-third Infantry, while scouting from Catabogan, Island of Samar, May 2, drove a party of insurgents from the valleys. Four Americans were killed, including Lieutenant W. H. Evans, who was slain while gallantly leading a charge against the entrenchments. Eleven of the enemy were killed and four were wounded.

The town of Cattaran, Island of Samar, was attacked at midnight, April 30, by 1000 rebels, who entrenched themselves near the town over night. Captain John Cole, of the Forty-third Regiment, fought the battle for two hours, and finally buried 150 of the enemy. One American was killed and one wounded.

The hamlet of Pawin, in the Province of Laguna, Island of Luzon, the headquarters of General Gallifet, was surrounded May 26, by three detachments of the Forty-second Regiment, Thirty-seventh Regiment and Eleventh Cavalry. Only a few of the enemy were encountered. Gallifet, who departed the day before, Pawin, which was manifestly a rebel stronghold, was burned to the ground.

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CONGER ASKS FOR PROTECTION.

Authorized to Land Marines From American Warships.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Such advice as has been received indicates that the situation in China is assuming a very critical phase and one calculated to tax the entire resources of the Chinese Government. The State Department has been in close communication with Mr. Conger, our Minister at Peking, and the Navy Department is doing its share, having placed the flagship Newark as far up the Pei Ho River as the Taku, which is the nearest point to Peking that the ship can reach.

The operations of the "Boxers" are increasing in magnitude. The demonstrations are no longer local, and they appear to be governed in their movements by some well-considered design. They have murdered the missionaries and the missionaries are no longer local, and they appear to be governed in their movements by some well-considered design. They have murdered the missionaries and the missionaries are no longer local, and they appear to be governed in their movements by some well-considered design.

EXPEDITION IN MINDANAO.

General Bates' Report of the Occupation of Several Coast Towns.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The War Department has made public the report of Major-General J. C. Bates, United States Volunteers, upon an expedition led by him into Northern Mindanao, P. I., during the latter part of March last. The report, in brief, says: "Starting out from Manila, March 29, General Bates and his staff on the United States ship Manila met a transport fleet near the entrance to the Gulf of Alibay, with the Fortieth Volunteer Infantry and other troops. The expedition proceeded to and occupied successively the towns of Surigao, Gawayan, Iligan, Misamis and Dapitanon, on the north; Saugan, on the east; and Zamboanga, Cotabato, Polio, and Zamboanga, on the south coast of Mindanao, without the firing of a single shot. No resistance of any kind was encountered.

"Some of the towns were garrisoned, and in others the local police force was deemed capable of preserving order. During the expedition, 23 rifles of various makes and 57 bronze and iron cannon were captured. The latter being left in charge of the commanding officers at the occupied points. The remainder were taken to the arsenal at Manila."

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

Recommend Changes in the Interstate Commerce Law.

MILWAUKEE, May 29.—The feature of the forenoon session today of the National Association of Railroad Commissioners was an address by A. C. Bird, vice-president of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, on "The Enforcement of the Interstate Commerce Law." The report of the committee on legislation was read and discussed at length, and the following resolution, introduced by Judge Atkinson, Railroad Commissioner of Georgia, was adopted: "Resolved, That we recommend that the Federal Congress do, by appropriate legislation, confer upon the Interstate Commerce Commission the power to prescribe reasonable maximum rates for the transportation of freight and passengers by persons and corporations engaged in interstate commerce, as well as authority to make such rates and regulations as may be necessary to carry them into execution."

PASSENGER TRAIN WRECKED.

KEWANEE, Wis., May 29.—A passenger train on the Green Bay Western road was wrecked five miles from this city today by a washout. Engineer Michael Friedman lost a leg and may not survive. Fireman John Brown was instantly killed, a large rod piercing his head. The coaches were telescoped. No other casualties were reported.

STEAMSHIP LAUNCHED.

PHILADELPHIA, May 29.—The steamship Sierra, built for the Oceanic Steamship Company, was successfully launched at Cramps' shipyard today.

WHAT WILL THEY DO?

Party Managers Interested in Oregon Gold Democrats.

BRYANITES EXPECT THEM TO RETURN

But No Inducements Will Be Offered in the Platform to Be Framed at Kansas City.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 29.—The managers of both parties here are watching with keen interest the coming election in Oregon, and especially with reference to the position which the gold Democrats will take. It is believed that there is a general understanding among the Democrats throughout the United States as to what they intend to do in this Presidential election, and it is thought that it will indicate by the general election in Oregon. The silverites are hoping that the Gold Democrats will return to the party, but they are not offering any inducements in the way of concessions as to this platform that will be adopted at Kansas City. The platform is almost sure to be as drastic as the platform of Chicago. If the Gold Democrats support the fusion ticket, and the reaffirmation of the Chicago platform in Oregon, it will be generally conceded that there is a movement on the part of the Gold Democrats to return to the party, regardless of the silver issue and Bryanism, which drew them out of the Democratic party four years ago.

IN NEW YORK AND MARYLAND.

Croker's declaration that he is for Bryan without regard to the attitude that Hill is taking in New York, presents a very interesting phase of Democratic politics. Hill concedes the nomination of Bryan, but is fighting an instructed delegation and the endorsement of the Chicago platform. Croker's friends are fighting Hill on this issue, and the outcome of the New York caucus will be watched with interest. It looks as if the silver wing of the Democratic party would triumph in New York, and Hill would be defeated.

It already seems apparent that Gorman is to be run over by the Bryanites and silver men in Maryland, which means the abandonment of that state by the Democrats, for Maryland cannot be carried on a silver ticket.

The Bryanites are making special efforts to carry Eastern states, particularly New York and Maryland, for the purpose of showing the country that they have some hope of capturing these states in Fall. The Gold Democrats are being ignored on the theory that they will be forced to return to the Democratic party, no matter what position it takes.

GREAT RESULTS NOT EXPECTED

Observation of the Eclipse by Government Astronomers.

BARNESVILLE, Ga., May 29.—Regarding the work of the Government expedition yesterday during the sun's eclipse, Professor S. J. Brown, astronomical director of the Naval Observatory at Washington, gave out the following statement: "Barnesville furnished us with the most perfect day which the eclipse observers could wish for. No clouds interfered, the sun was already a beautifully clear. All of the preparations for the study of the eclipse at the time of its occurrence, and the programme of the observers was carried out essentially in accordance with the careful details of the visual work of the corona consisted of naked eye and telescopic drawings, which were in substantial agreement as to the prominent features in the corona, and remarkably good one for its careful representation of the details of the corona was made with chalk on dark blue paper by Professor Otto Ashmun of Savannah, who was a member of the Government expedition. He spent many days in preliminary practice on this. Professor Gray, of the University of Maine, and Dr. S. J. Brown, who combined telescopic and drawing work, agreed in essential features with the other. The observations of the shadow bands were successful, although this phenomenon was not as pronounced as has been recorded at former eclipses. The shadow bands seemed to be not well pronounced parallel bands of shadows and brightness, but appeared to be more like the reflection of rippled water projected upon a screen. Professor Updegraff and Professor Eastman made successful drawings of the finer details of the inner corona of the equatorial regions. All of the work shows the corona to have been remarkably similar to those of 1878 and 1889, both of which were years of minimum sun spots."

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