RIVERSANDHARBORS

House Passed an Emergency Bill Carrying \$400,000.

YAQUINA PROJECT WAS DEFEATED

The Senate Begins Its Regular Dis cussion of the Pneumatic Tube Service in the Cities.

WASHINGTON, May 17 .- The House to day passed a special river and harbor bill, carrying \$400,000, for surveys and emergency work, and devoted the remainder of the day to the Alaskan code bill. Four of the 617 pages of the bill were disposed

The postoffice appropriation bill was considered in the Senate today. The commit-tee amendment for the extension of the pneumatic tube service created some de-bate, and was under discussion when the measure was laid aside for the day. Wolcott, chairman of the committee on post-offices and post roads, vigorously attacked the committee's proposition to appropri-ate \$750 for pneumatic tube service, declaring the extension of the service was un necessary, and the appropriation a waste of money. Mason quite as vigorously supported the proposition. An amendment of Butier to reduce by 10 per cent the amount to be paid the railroads for the transportation of mails was rejected, il to 41.

THE ROUTINE REPORT.

Consideration of the Postoffice Bill in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The Senate today agreed to a further conference on the District of Columbia appropriation bill. A conference was agreed to on the Naval appropriation bill, and Hale, Perkins and Tillman were named as con-

Jones offered and had adopted a resolu tion calling on the Secretary of War to inform the Senate how many Filipinos have been killed and wounded since the beginning of hestilities, and how many have been captured and are now in our

A bill was passed to provide for the refunding of certain moneys illegally as-sessed and collected in the District of

Platt, chairman of the committee on relations with Cuba, said he would seek an early opportunity to reply to the speech of Bacon (Dem. Ga.), delivered yesterday, not in opposition to the resolution, but to correct some statements enade by Bacon.

Wolcott (Rep. Colo.) called up the post-office appropriation bill, and its reading for amendments was begun. The committee amendment was agreed to providing that in case the Postmaster-General shall rent cancelling machines and motors, he shall pay therefor, as an annual rental, a sum not exceeding is per cent of the cost thereof.

When the committee amendment appro-

When the committee amendment approrighting \$750,000 for mah transportation by pneumatic tubes was reached, Wolcott asked that it be pa d over, as it was certain to creute m. h discussion. He said he differed from the committee on the proposition. Welcott also said he op-posed the Southern fast mail subsidy, and the sudsidy for the carrying of mail between Kausas City, and Newton, Kan No Postmaster-General, he said, has rec No Postunater-tieneral, he said, has recommended the subsidies. A committee amendment struck out a part of the paragraph relating to the Railway Mail Service and provided for 1832 clorks at \$1200 each; \$605 clerks at \$1800 each, and 1987

The final section of the bill was a Senate committee amendment providing for the continuance of the commission to investi-gate the question whether or not excessive prices are paid to the railroads for the transmission of the mails.

Pettigrew (Sil. S. D.) questioned the ad-sability of continuing the commission, as it had not yet made a report upon any

made an explanation of the difficulties encountered by the commission in obtaining the information desired. He said more than 2000 printed pages of testimony had been taken by the commission in all parts of the country, and much of it was very valuable. An effort had been made to get at a fair basis of compensation for railroads. It had been said by some that railroads. It had been said by some that I-cent letter postage could be reached, but he did not think 60 per cent of the mail matter of the country could be carried at a small per cent of the cost, and I-cent letter postage adopted at the same time. He thought by the end of the preent year the commission would be pre-pared to report. Of the \$15,000 appropri-ated for the committee, \$5000 was still in hand, concequently there had been no waste of the public money. In the un-finished state of the Commissioners' work, he thought no man could submit a fair report or a logical plan for the compen-sation of the railroads. No man wanted to pay them more than they deserved, and

one less than they earned.

Pettigrew opposed the continuance beause he said it stood in the way of reducing the compensation of the railroads by at least \$15,000,000 a year. The amend-ment was passed over temporarily. Butler (Pop. N. C.) offered an amend-ment reducing the amount appropriated

by the bill for railroad transportation of mails from \$33,870,000 to \$30,483,000, and directing the Postmaster-General to reduce the compensation to be paid railroads from and after July 1, 1900, for transportation of mails by at least 10 per cent per annum from the present rate. Butler said he proposed again to submit facts which he had presented to the Senate three or four times before as to the excessive cost of transporting the mails. He believed the Portal Commission, which this bill sought to continue, was a scheme to delay reduction of the cost of transporting

In a brief reply to Butler and Pettigrew, Wolcott characterized some of their state. ments as "wild vagaries," which would be regarded as "preposterous if they find not fallen from the lips of so conservative a statesman as the Senator from North

Clay (Dem. Ga.) said that simply name the Senate members of the Postal Commission—Wolcott, Allison, Chandler, and Martin, not to mention the House members, Loud. Moody, Catchings and Fleming—was a sufficient refutation of any charges against the commission.

The amendment of Butter was rejected The commuttee an

by H to 41. The committee amendment extending the life of the Postal Commission was agreed to without division.

Butler made a point of order against the committee amendment appropriating \$750.00 for the transmission of mail by pneumatic tubes, on the ground that it was new legislation. The point was everruled by the chairman. surgeons in the Army.

Wolcott spoke in opposition to the amendment. The service, Wolcott de-clared, had made a saving of neither ex-pense nor of appreciable time. In New York the wagon service actually had been increased since the pneumatic tubes had been put in. Wokout declared the pneu-matic tube people had "swarmed the Sen-ate corridors all Winter like bees in hiving time. They did not want merely the \$20,000 necessary to support the present service, but they wanted an additional appropriation of \$500,000. He pointed out the company controlling the pneumatic tubes had figured upon putting down 80 miles of them in Chicago, and he said the Posimaster of Chicago until recently was opposed to the service, and now he was just as violently in favor of it. This was true, he said, of many other Post-

Wolcott, "but we do not want it at the wolcott, 'but we do not want it at the expense of jobbery and corruption—we do not want to be held up to secure it."

In conclusion Wolcott declared the Government simply was throwing away money on the pneumatic tube system. "If we appropriate for this purpose blindly we shall soon reach a point when we shall be paying for the service \$50,000,000 a year at least. In my experience, to scheme has been presented here which opens so

be paying for the service \$5,000,000 a year at least. In my experience, no scheme has been presented here which opens so widely the doors of abuse."

Mason (Rep. Ill.) made an extended reply to Wolcott. He presented petitions and memorials from trade and commercial better to Chicago abouting that the people bodies in Chicago showing that the people of the Western metropolis were a unit in demanding the service. Referring to Wol-

cott he said; "He cannot name a man in the Postoffice Department, except the man who has the wagon contract, who is not in favor of the extension of this service; and I may say that among the 'bees' buzzing around these corridors this Winter, the mailwagon 'been' have filled their share of the

tural appropriation bill was agreed to.

The Senate, then, after a brief executive session, at 4:40 P. M., adjourned.

In the House. Burton (Rep. O.), in the House, sake unanimous consent for the consideration of a special river and harbor bill, making pro-visions for certain surveys and for the diversion of certain appropriations here-tofore made. The amount carried by the bill is \$400,000.

"When will the river and harbor com-mittee bring in the bill; that is, the river and harbor bill?" asked Clark (Dem. Mo.) "Early in the next session." replied

Burton.

Berry (Dem. Ky.), the ranking minority member of the committee, said the bill was satisfactory to the minority.

Richardson (Dem. Tenn.) asked if the provision of the bill contemplated the abandonment of the proposed improvement of Yaquina Bay, Oregon. Burton replied that it would be improper

Burton replied that it would be improper for him to indicate the action of the committee, but the engineers had reported adversely of the \$1,000,000 project, and personally he favored its abandonment. Southard (Rep. O.) objected. The bill was privileged and thereupon Burton moved that the House go into committee of the whole to consider it. The motion prevalled without division. After unsuccessful efforts to secure amendments providing for additional surveys, the committee rose, and the bill was passed. The President returned to the House a bill to pension John M. smith. The beneficiary died since the passage of the bill. The House then took up the Alaskan code bill, an agreement having been reached for three hours general debate with general leave to print.

with general leave to print. With general leave to print.

Payne (Rep. N. Y.), who yesterday objected to granting general leave to print, explained that he would not object, as he understood that many of the members.

on both sides had prepared "compositions" which they desired to "embalm" in the Record for political reasons.

The general debate was devoted almost exclusively to political topics. Many mem-bers simply addressed the House for a minute or two, in order to avail them-selves of the privilege of printing remarks minute or two, in order to avail themselves of the privilege of printing remarks
in the Congressional Record. W. E.
Williams (Dem. III.) spoke on the subject
of the Philippines. After remarks by
Shattuc (Rep. O.), Barney (Rep. Wis.),
Ridgely (Pop. Kan.), Lioyd (Dem. Mo.),
Gaines (Dem. Tenn.), McDowell (Dem. O.),
Knox (Rep. Mass.). McCleary (Rep.
Minn.), Oimstead (Rep. Pa.), and Caldwell
(Dem. III.), the general debate was closed
and the bill was read for amendment under the five-minute rule. After disposing
of four of the pages of the bill, the House. of four of the pages of the bill, the House at 4:55 P. M., adjourned,

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Secretary Gage, before the House committee on ors in making loans of the banks with which they are connected, approved the general provisions as to officers, but suggested modifications as to directors, which the committee will make. The Secretary also pointed out that the provision limiting loans to 10 per cent of the capital was practically obsolete and suggested that the limitary he fived at 2. gested that the limitation be fixed at 2 per cent of the assets with a provise for collateral security when this limitation ran above 10 per cent of the capital stock. The suggestion met with favor and probably will be recommended by

Will Draft Coeur d'Alene Report. WASHINGTON, May 17. - Chairman Hull, of the Coeur d'Alene investigation mittee to draft reports on that subject, as

Representatives Dick, of Ohio; Esch, of Wisconsin, and Capron, of Rhode Island, Republicans, and Representatives Lentz. of Ohio, and Hay, of Virginia, Democrats, The majority will doubtless concur in the report, and the minority also will agree on some of the general principles involved, aithough individual views from minority members may be filed on on which there is not a complete agree

Old Glory Not Visible.

WASHINGTON, May M.-Representa-tive Wachter, of Maryland, who is a member of the House committee on mer-chant marine, which has charge of the chant marine, which has charge of the shipping bill, took occasion to give the members of Congress who were present an object lesson on the trip around Baiti-more harbor recently. It so happened that all the vessels in the harbor flew the English flog, except the big steamer Bulgarin, which flew the German energy. He point-ed out that the American flag was nowhere to be seen, and then asked the members if they did not think it was time something was being done to restore our flug to the sens.

Free Homes Bill Signed.

WASHINGTON, May 17 .- The President has signed the free homes bill.
There were present Delegate Flynn, of Oklahoma, and Representative Gamble, of South Dakota, both of whom made brief speeches in support of the measure. A number of others interested in the fate of the bill also were present, so that the nction assumed urusual proportions for

an occasion of the sort.

The President said his best reply to the representations made could be put in writing at the foot of the bill, and he then affixed his signature.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The Senate to-day confirmed the following nominations: J. C. McNally, of Pennsylvania, to be Consul-General at Guatemala City.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. Gilmore, to be Assistant Adjutant-General, with the rank of Colonel; Major H. O. S. Heistand, to be Assistant Adjutant-General, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

Dentists in the Army. WASHINGTON, May 17 .- Senator Pettus, from the committee on military fairs, today reported favorably the authorizing the appointment of 30 dental

Collided With a Gravel Train. MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., May 17 .- A train on the Pennsylvania road from Pemberton collided with several gravel cars on a bridge near the station here this after-noon. The most seriously injured were: Mrs. Cunningham Harris, of Wrightstown; Joshua Mattlock, conductor; Frank Matthews, express messenger, of Tren-ton, and William H. Dupuy, of Smith-

For Baby's Sake.

drink, to promote appetite, restore health build body and brain. Made by Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass's, Bt. Louis, U. S. A. For sale by all druggiets. W. J. VAN SCHUTVER & OO., Portland, wholessie "We all want good mail service," said deniers.

REVIEW OF THE EVIDENCE

PRELIMINARY REPORT OF THE IN-DUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

Questions Relating to Transportation-Recommendations Will Be Made Herenfter.

WASHINGTON, May 17.-The industrial ommission today made a preliminary re-ort to Congress on the subject of trans-ortation. The committee states that, templates the making of such recom-mendations bereafter." The report made today covers 531 pages of printed matter, warned away before, only to return, was the larger part of which is the testimony hovering about. The natives had been at-that has been taken on the subject of

Fire destroyed one side of Main street, in the business portion of the town. The loss is estimated at \$50,000, with one-third in-surance. The origin of the fire in unknown,

M'GOWAN'S COURTMARTIAL.

Captain of Monadnock to Be Tried for Shooting a Filipino.

WASHINGTON, Mny 17.—A court of in-quiry has been ordered to meet in Wash-ington May 23, composed of Admirals Rodgers, Colton and Terry to investigate the circumstances attending the shooting, by Captain McGowan, of a Filipino near the United States monitor Monadock in the United States monitor Monadhock, in the harbor of Cebu, November 21, 1839, and also the alleged failure of the Captain to report the matter to the Commander-In-Chief of the Asiatic squadron.

The facts in the case, as they are re-ported to the Navy Department, are that while the officer was on the deck of his



ISN'T IT ABOUT TIME TO UNLOAD. -Brooklyn Engle

transportation. In a review of the evi-

On the question of discriminations between individuals, the report says the general consensus of opinion among witnesses is that the railways still make them, and

that the great terminal elevators in Chi-cago, and to a less extent in other grain markets, are owned by comparatively few persons; that the owners of the public elevators also control private elevators; that of the grain which goes into the public elevators, and that the business of hind ling grain on commission has been very greatly reduced by this practice. It also is claimed that these men own most of the country elevators. The commission concludes on this point: "In view of the quite general acknowl-

odgment among railway men that dis-crimination in favor of large shippers is atill conspicuous, there seems to be a con-siderable probability that the claim that the railroads in one way or another has these large elevators receive favors from

On the question of grain rates and flour shipments, it is stated that the evidence seems conclusive that the effect of dis-

erimination has already been disastrous to our milling interests.

Other questions discussed are: Discrimination between places, pooling, freight classification, railway consolidation and capitalization, Government ownership, taxes, wages, labor organizations, etc. o the powers of the interstate commerce commission that they are more limited than was intended by the framers of the interestate commerce law.

SHIELDED NEELY.

The Charge Against Postmaster Thompson, of Havana.

HAVANA, May 17.-The principal charge HAVANA, May II.—The principal charge against the Havana Postmaster, E. P. Thompson, who, with W. H. Reeves, Deputy Auditor of the island, and Edward Moya and Jorge Mascaro, Cuban clerks in the stamp department, was arrested yesterday, will be that he entered a conspiracy with Corydon Rich, the clerk who has confessed to a knowledge of many at has confessed to a knowledge of many of the transactions and will give evidence for the Government, to shield C. F. W. Neely, the arrested Financial Agent of Posts. The Moya and Mascaro admit celling over through the windows, which were not called for in the requisition. Thompson says that though he ordered the alteraion of certain figures at the request of Rich, he did so without knowledge thatthey were of a criminal nature. He thinks he might have been treated with more consideration, either dismissed or re-

ested to resign. Thompson's ball was ultimately reduced from \$10.000 to \$1000, which was deposited in cash by the Danish Consul, Herr Culmet, a wealthy merchant. The ball of Mayo and Mascaro has been reduced to \$1500, which has not been furnished. Reeves will be allowed to remain at his own home in charge of special agents

Neely's Examination Postponed. NEW YORK, May 17.-The examination of the charges against C. F. W. Neely, accused of embezzling \$5,000 of the Cuban postal funds, which was set down for fay, has been postponed for one week United States Commissioner Shields. postponement was agreed upon by District Attorney and the counsel for Neely. The removal of Neely to Cuba will first be fought on the requisition pro-ceedings to be held before Governor

Fire in a Minnesota Town. GRAND MEADOW, Minn., May 17 .- at Philadelphia.

ceedings to be held Roosevelt, in Albany.

reansportation. In a review of the evidence, the commission says:

"While detailed and specific statements as to the conditions of labor and traffic have not usually been sought, many general statements as to these conditions have been obtained, and although there is, of firing a shot across their bow. Unfortunceurse, not a little difference of opinion, conclusions as to facts emerge with clearness from the testimony. Naturally, the shot, striking the water, was deflected so as to pass through the body of one of the Filiphnos. The wounded man was hauled aboard the Monadnock, and, after being given first medical aid, was after being given first medical aid, was ment as to needed legislation, but here again it is possible to gather some fair conclusions concerning the preparatement of opinion among the most interested on some of the important matters now before a reasonable period of time to be officially press reports from Manila, and, waiting a reasonable period of time to be officially informed, the Navy Department made inquiry of Admiral Watson, who responded that the matter had not been reported to him. This omission on the part of Cap-tain McGowan is one of the matters into which the court is to inquire, the other being the propriety of the action of the commanding officer of the Monadnock in taking into his own hands the execution of an order to fire, instead of calling upon a marine or sailor to do so.

Repatriation Must Begin in November-Army Officers Alarmed. NEW YORK, May 17.-A special to the

Tribune from Washington says: Army officers are becoming more con-cerned than ever over the danger believed to be involved in the policy adopted by the War Department authorities in not ap-pealing to Congress to provide for a per-manent increase in the enlisted strength at the present session. The necessity of a continuance of all the present available force in the Philippines for at least another year, is now regarded as indeputable, yet under existing law it is imperative that a beginning must be made not later than November in the repatriation of

than November in the repatriation of the passerving there.

In the Philippines there are 31,000 regu-lars and 33,000 volunteers. By July 1 of next year all these volunteers must have been discharged from the service and the entire regular Army on duty in the United States and the signed was the United States and the islands must be reduced to 27,000. Allowing 6000 regulars for duty in the United States, Porto Rico, Alaska and Hawall, at least 43,000 men With the present ocean transport facilities, including chartered tramp steamers which are hardly fit to carry mules and forage, it will take at least six months to return and discharge the

number of men essential to reduce the Army to its authorized strength. It is declared to be out of the question to altempt any reduction of the force in the Philippines just now, when, as a matter of fact, many operations have been ineffective for lack of force, and it is feared that when reductions begin in November the departure of troops will have a dieastrous effect by giving encouragement to Tagal leaders. But this is nothing compared to the danger of pro-tracted debate over the proposed perma-nent increase in the next session of Congress. Little can be expected in the way made in the books and accounts, with the manifest intention of shielding Neely.

Moya and Mascaro admit celling over clare that the matter should be settled this Summer.

Trainrobbers Foiled.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Longview, Tex., says: About midnight, while the through pas-senger train on the Texas & Pacific was taking water at Glad Creek, near here an attempt was made to rob the train. Fireman Dobbs was covered with a pistol in the hands of a man who ordered him to get off the engine. Engineer Jacquish opened wide the throttle and dropped to the floor. Neither of the robbers was able to catch up with the train, but the firsmun caught the last car, and all reached

Editor Rosewater Cited. OMAHA, May 17 .- A special from Lin-

coln says: The Supreme Court has cited Edward Rosewater, of the Omaha Bee, to appear June 5 and answer for contempt based on the publication in the Bee of four articles relating to the connection of Gövernor Poynter and Judge Helcomb with the pending fire and police commission case

Reduced Rates to Convention. WASHINGTON, May 17.-All failroads have agreed to a rate of one fare for the round trip for the Republican convention

M'KINLEY AND BRADLEY

THE CHOICE OF THE REPUBLIC-ANS OF KENTUCKY.

Convention at Louisville Elected Delegates and Demanded a Change in the Conditions in the State.

LOUISVILLE, May 17.—The Republicar state convention met here this afternoor and after a session of nine hours, elected four delegates to the National convention four alternates and two Presidential Elec-tors, and instructed them to vote for Mo Kinley for President, and W. O. Bradley, of Kentucky, for Vice-President. The convention elected Governor W. S.

The convention elected Governor W. S. Taylor and ex-Governor W. O. Bradley delegates to the Philadelphia convention by acclamation. George Denny, of Lexington, and W. A. Gaines, colored, were elected delegates to the National convention on the second ballot.

While the committees were arranging the preliminaries of the convention there were loud cries for Governor Taylor, who came to Louisville from Indianapolis to came to Louisville from Indianapolis to attend the convention. The chairman appointed a committee to escort the contesting candidate for Governor to the His presence invoked the enthusiasm. Governor Taylor referred to the conditions of affairs in the state and urged that the fight for liberty be continued until Kentucky should be wrested from the state of disorder and disregard of the people's rights, to which the Democratic party had precipitated it. His speech evoked the greatest enthus-

Governor Bradley followed with a spee in which he referred forcibly to state af-fairs, invoking a restoration of civil lib-erty, which, he said, had been so long disregarded in the state. He denounced in unmeasured terms the assassin who shot down Senator Goebel, and said he hoped the guilty would be punished, but ot the innocent.

The report of the committee on resolu tions was then made through the chair-man, Hon. John W. Yerkes, National committeeman for Kentucky. The reso-utions indorsed President McKinley and his Administration, and instructed the Kentucky delegation to the National convention for McKinley. They cited the importance of state affairs, and set forth the party duty "to restore the right of suffrage to the people of this common-wealth." They demanded the uncondi-tional repeal of the present election law, which was denounced at length. The course of the Democratic majority in the tate Legislature was denounced. The course of Governor Taylor, Lieutenant-Governor Marshall and all Republicars was indorsed. The resolutions concluded by requesting ex-Governor Bradley to allow the Republicans of Kentucky to pres-ent his name at the coming National con-vention for Vice-President. They were enthusiastically adopted.

MONTANA REPUBLICANS.

Platform Denounced Members of the Party Who Voted for Clark. BUTTE, Mont., May 17.-The Republic an State Convention met this morning, and J. K. Woods, of Missoula, was made temporary chairman. In his speech he said a change of Administration at this time would be a National calamity. He

"If territorial expansion was right in the days of Jefferson, it cannot be wrong

cess of the Republican party would make impossible a repetition of the disgusting fight in the Democratic party which had made the name of Montana a stench all

over the country. The name of McKinley was loudly cheered.

When the convention reassembled this afternoon and the list, of delegates was reported from the committee on credentials, ex-United State Senator W. F. Sanders moved, as an amendment, to strike out the name of State Senator Ben D. Phillips of Choteau County, as a delegate from Teton County. Phillips had voted for W. A. Clark for Senator. The motion to strike Phillips from the list was adopted amid a chorus of ayes, and a number of noes. Z. T. Burton, of Teton, was

made permanent chairman. The platform commends the Administra-tion of McKinley and calls for the re-election of Senator Carter; denounces trusts, and on local affairs says:

"We derounce the present Democratic state government, both in the executive and legislative departments, as incompetent and unworthy of the confidence of the people. They have by their adminis-tration of the affairs of state brought dis-grace to Montana, ruined the good repu-tation of some of its good citizens, defied our laws and made bribery and corruption synonymous with Democracy. We hearti-ly commend the action of those Repub-licans who stood by their party in the election of United States Senator in the lest Legislature. We also denounce in unmeasured terms the betrayal of Repub-lican principles by the 11 Republicans who voted for and assisted in the election at the last Legislative Assembly of a Dem-ocrat in the person of W. A. Clark to the United States Senate. We depounce the statement recently made in the United States Senate that 80 per cent of the peo Sintes Senator, no matter who he may be, and assert that the people of Montana, if given the opportunity, will send as our representatives two Republican Senators."
A minority report approved the action of the Republicans who voted against Clark and omitted any mention of those who did. The majority report was adopt-

Thomas H. Carter, United States Sen-ator, was elected delegate and chairman of the delegation by a rising vote. The oththe delegation by a raming vote. The other five delegates elected by acclamation are: C. W. Goodale, of Cascade; Henry D'on, of Dawson; David E. Folsom, of Meagher; Tyler B. Worden, of Missoula, and John F. Forbis, of Silver Bow. The alternates elected were: W. F. Sanders, of Lewis and Clark; J. R. McKay, of Custer Wellia A. Hedges of Ferrus; Willian. ter: Wyllis A. Hedges, of Pergus: William Lindsay, of Dawson: M. L. Davidson, of Beaver Head, and J. F. Hendricks, of Ravelli. McKay, Hedges and Lindsay were members of the Legislature, and refused to vote for Clark with the other Republicans. Ex-Justice W. H. Dewitt was elected National chairman.

PREDICTS BRYAN'S DEFEAT. Barker Sava He Will Take 1.500,000 Populist Votes From Him.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Wharton Barker, the nominee for President by the Middle-of-the-Road Populists, called on President McKinley today to pay his re-spects. These gentlemen have known each other ever since the latter entered public life. Later, Mr. Barker said that his nomination makes the election of Mr. Bryan impossible. "At the last Presidential election, Mr.

Bryan received about 4,500,000. Of this number, at least 2,000,000 were Populists.
This year I will get 1,500,000, or possibly 1,750,000, of that number. This will cut Bryan's vote to 5,000,000, or less. Where is he going to get the other votes necks-sary to elect him? It is estimated Mr. McKinley received 1,500,000 votes from the Democratic ranks four years ago. These will not go to Bryan this year to make up his loss of Populier votes. If Gorman or some other Eastern man is nominated by the Democrata this year he will carry New York, New Jersey, Maryland and Delaware in the East, not to count doubt-ful states elsewhere. The fight this year will not be made un the money question. Transportation, expansion and other live

Congressman Dick Renominated. WARREN, O., May 17.—The Republicans of the Nineteenth Ohio District renom-

ubjects will make up the issues."

inated General Charles Dick, of Akron, for Congress today by acclamation. The National Administration was indersed.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE. Philadelphia Won Back Her Gam

From Pittsburg. PITTSBURG, May 17 .- Cheebro lost the game in the first inning by letting in three runs on three hits, a wild pitch and a base on balls. Waddell kept the Philidelphias guessing for the rest of the game. Platt was hit hard, but at wrong times.

Attendance, 50. The score:

RHE!

Pittsburg ... 3 11 1 Philadelphia .. 4 \$ 1

Batteries—Chesbro, Waddell and Schriver; Platt and McFarland. Umptre—Hurst.

CINCINNATI, May 17.—With two out in the first inning Brooklyn scored four runs today on two bases on balls, a triple and

The American League. At Buffalo-Buffalo, 3; Milwaukee, 6. At Cleveland-Cleveland, 14; Minneapo At Indianapolis-Indianapolis, 5; Kansa

National League Standing. Won. Lost. Per ct Philadelphia.

THE RUNNING RACES. Yellow Tail Won the Inaugural Han

dienp at St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, May 17.-The St. Louis Fair Association inaugurated its annual Spring and Summer meeting today, under very favorable auspices. The only classic event on the card—the Inaugural handicap—brought out a field of only six fair-class horses. Yellow Tall, the California-bred colt, was the only high-class animal in the bunch, and on account of his perform-ances on the Pacific Coast was made premier choice at 8 to 5. Yellow Tall showed his class by winning all the way. The results were: One mile, seiling—Russell R, won, Klon-

like Queen second, Old Fox third; time,

147.
Mile and 20 yards, purse \$600—Leo Pianter
won, Celtic Bard second, Connie Lee
third; time, 1:47.
Five furlongs, purse \$400—Fred Hessig
won, The Mecca second, Zack Ford third;
time, 1:33%.
One mile, Inaugurat handicap, purse,
2000, for 3-year-olds and unward—Vellow

\$200; for 3-year-olds and upward-Yellow Tall, 107 (Thorpe), 8 to 5, won by one length: Thrive, 106 (Matthews), 4 to 1, second; Duke of Baden, 108 (Vitatoe), 6 to 1, third; time, 1:44%. Laureate, Pin-ochie and Nandora also ran. Six furlongs, purse, \$400, 3-year-olds— Miss Mae Day won, Ida Ledford second, Ilderim third; time, 1:17. One mile—Lord Neville won, Lizadia sec-

ond, King's Highway third; time, 1:45 3-5. Races at Lakeside.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Weather cloudy, track slow, at Lakeside. The results Five furlongs-Denizulu won, Kid Cox

Five Infrongs—Deniantu won, Kid Cox second, Robert Waddell third; time, 1:03. One mile—Meddler won, Rollins second, Ray H. third; time, 1:C 4. Seven furlongs—Cheesestraw II won, Louisville second, Fidel Youlin third; time 1:2014 Louisville second, Fidel Youlin third; time, 1:395, Mile and an eighth-Molo won, Honey Boy second, Topmast third; time, 1:35%, Four and a haif furiongs-Miles Daniels won, Gibson Girl second, Fridolin third; time, 9:57.

Five and a half furiongs-Munion won, San Mario second, Bradley third; time

San Mateo second, Bradlay third; time

1:08:

Races at Morris Park. NEW YORK, May 17.-It was raining at Morris Park today, and the track was deep in mud. In consequence of the mist, in the second race, down the Eclipse course, no time could be taken. But one favorite-Withers-was first past the

judge. The results were: Bix furlongs, selling-Excel won, Spar-ow Wing second, Buffoon third; time, Five furlongs-Billionaire won, Maximus second, Fleetwing third; no time.

Vannest stakes, 5½ furlongs, selling—Native won, Hesper second, King Bram-

ble third; time, 1:21%. One mile-Withers won, Radford sec ond. Petruchio third: time, 1:44.

The Claremont high-weight handicap, 614 furlongs—Belle of Lexington won, King Barleycorn second, Mechanus third; time, 1:22%.
Mile and an eighth—Rafaello won, Max

imo Gomez second, Kriss Kringle third time, 1:57%.

LOUISVILLE, May 17 .- The results to day were:
Six furlongs, selling—Crinkle won,
Brightie second, Acushia third; time,

1.00%.

Seven furlongs-Flaunt won, The Lady in Blue second, Lake Forso third; time. One mile, handicap-His Excellency Batten second, Compensation third;

One mile, selling-Possum won, Aureole second, Plantain third; time, 1-434. Six furlengs, seiling—Lennep won, Isa-binda second, Gibraltar third; time, 1:144.

Shooting at Dupont Park

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—The biggest event which has been contested so far at Du-pont Park—the Soprisman's Review cup -was shot for today. The cup is valued at \$1000, and with it goes an emblem worth \$500, added by the Sportseman's Review. This event drew out a field of 38 of the best markstnen in the West. Those who made clean scores in the con test, killing 25 birds straight, were: J. A. Billott, Budd, Sindeman, Parmalee, Crosby, Burnside, Spencer and Powers. The ties will be shot off Saturday.

Philippine Specimens.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17 .- Colonel F. Hilder is back from his third visit the Philippines in the interests of Smithsonian Institution, and is here his way to Washington with the first I of a collection of specimens that againg gates 15,000 pieces, having a value of abo \$12,000, and constitutes an exhaustive exhibit of the manufactures, trades, arts, tools, domestic utensils, costumes, weapons, woods and industries of the Philippine Islands. The remainder of the exhibits will arrive in the course of the next two months.

The interesting display will be first as

ranged at the Pan-American exhibitor that will open at Buffalo next May Afterward the collection will be re-urned to Washington and arranged as a Filipi no department in the National Museum Colonel Hilder says that the greatest ture in the Philippines will be that co

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Bignature of Chart Hillitakes,

nected with the marketing of the magnin-cent timber that cowers the Islands. There are extensive groves of hard woods and other woods unknown to the commercial world. He has also made a collection of all the fibers of the country, among them the celebrated one from which Manila-rope is made. This fiber, he says, is not hemp at all, but comes from a species of hances recoller to the Phillimnes. Next. bahana peculiar to the Philippines. Next to the hard woods these fibers will be of a great commercial value.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Three Ballots Without Result for Board of Superintendents.

CHICAGO, May 17. — The quadrennial conference of the Methodist Episcopal church took three more ballots today in an endeayor to select two additional members of the Board of General Superintend-CINCINNATI. May II.—With two out in the first inning Brooklyn scored four runs today on two bases on balls, a triple and a double. After that Halin was invincible. Kitson was hit hard all through the game, but the marvelous work of the visitors infield cut down many hits and stopped the locals from scoring. Attendance, 200. The score:

RHE RHE RHE Cincinnati ... 2 10 2 Brooklyn ... 4 3 4 Batteries—Hahn and Peltz; Kitson and McGuire. Umpire—Emsile.

The American League.

Bers of the Board of General Superintendents, but without result. The balloting some of the distinguished Methodists who polled but a small vote in the early balloting would be selected for the highest office within the sift of the fifth ballot:

J. F. Berry ... 23/IW. V. Kelly ... 23 Batteries—Hahn and Peltz; Kitson and McGuire. Umpire—Emsile.

The American League.

of his strength on today's balloting and
it is now generally conceded that no colored bishop will be elected at this General Conference.

With only 10 days before the end of the

With only 10 days before the end of the conference, the delegates today settled down to hard work, and considerable important business was disposed of.

Dr. William A. Kelly, of the East New York Conference, a leading candidate for bishop, withdrew from the race today. His withdrawai gave rise to a report of a combination by Dr. Spellmeyer and Dr. Berry. According to the story told, the plan is to elect the former as the Eastern representative and the latter from the West. Tonight it is said the Kelly vote will go to Spellmeyer, together with a sufficient number of Berry's friends to elect the minister from New Jersey. After this the minister from New Jersey. After this is accomplished the Spelimeyer, Kelly and Berry forces will unite to elect the latter. In the interest of economy, the committee on book concern, at its meeting today. decided to recommend to the General Conference the consolidation of three church papers, and the removal of the book depository, now located at St. Louis, to Kansas City. The publications to be united under one management are the Central Advocate, St. Louis; the Omaha Advocate, Omaha, Neb., and the Rocky Mountain Advocate, Denver. These periodadvocate, benyer, these periodicals will be consolidated under the name of the Central Advocate, and will be published at Kansas City, if the General Conference concurs in the committee's recommendation. The subcommittee on period. icals and depositories reported, advising the changes referred to, and the entire afternoon was spent in debating the ques-

Cumberland Presbyterians. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., May 17.—Dr. Bird, of Uniontown, Pa., was elected moderator today by the Cumberland Presbyterian General Assembly, to preside during the ensuing year.

Locomotive Blew Up.

ASHLEY, Ill., May 17 .- Two men were killed and seven injured, three fatally, by the explosion of the boiler of the locomo-tive attached to south-bound passenger train No. 21 on the Illinois Central Rail-road today. The dead are: Charles Pricke, engineer, of Centralia. Ill., and Tom Wright, of Odin, Ill. The fatally injured are: Sam Ascoff, Fred Crawford and John Hampton, section bands. John Hampton, section hands,

Tagal Guerrilla Warfare. YOKOHAMA, May 4, via Victoria, B. C., May 17.—The United States transport Thomas arrived unexpectedly from Manila Saturday last. Returning officers and men of the army disagree with the optimistic views of the Philippine etuation lately held by the press and the public. Everything seems to point to a long and devastating guerrilia warfare, and cho-devastating guerrilia warfare.

evactating guerrilla warfare, and altogether the outlook is not reassuring.

Bank Officials Indicted. WINDSOR, Vt., May II.—The Federal grand jury has reported indictments against ex-Cashler Charles W. Mussey and M. A. McCiure. of Rutland, in connec-tion with the recent troubles of the Merchants National Bank, of that city, John C. Farrar, ex-teller of the Waterbury Na-tional Bank, was also indicted on three ounts charging embezzlement and misag plying funds of the bank.

Mill Will Be Rebuilt.

TACOMA, May 17 .- The damage to the Addison mill property, which was burned Wednesday night, is estimated at \$15,000, with \$4500 insurance. The proprietor will immediately begin to rebuild the plant

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the in-testines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take Hood's Pills

SCOURING YOUR SCALP.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents

Will Remove the Loose Dandruff Scales But It Won't Cure Dandruff. If your hair is brittle and thinning, you have dandruff. The merely scouring of the scalp of the loose scales won't cure dandruff; because dandruff is nothing but scales of scalp being thrown up by a pestiferous little germ in burrowing its way to the root of the hair, where it saps the vitality causing falling hair, and, in time, baldness. Now you can't stop dandruff, nor falling hair, nor prevent baldness unless you destroy that germ; and the only preparation that can do it is the new sci-entific discovery, Newbro's Herpicide. In fact no other hair preparation claims to kill the dandruff germ-all of them will clean the scalp; soap and water will do that, but only Newbro's Herpicide gets at the root of the trouble and kills the dan-

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

Doctors Say:

Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic districts are invariably accompanied by derangements of the Stomach Liver and Bowels. The Secret of Health. The liver is the great "driving

wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes deranged and disease is the result.

Tutt's Liver Pills Cure all Liver Troubles.