OREGON, SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1900. PORTLAND.

"CRACK PROOF" "SNAG PROOF" **PURE RUBBER MINING BOOTS** 

# Goodyear Rubber Company

P. H. PEASE, Vice-Pres. and Manager

73 and 75 First St., Portland, Or.



# BEAU BRUMMELI

SMOKE THE

Blumauer-Frank Drug. Co. Wholesale

## Furs! Furs! Furs!

Manufacturers of Exclusive Novelties in Fine Furs, ALASKA OUTFITS—in Fur Robes, Fur Overcoats, Caps, Gloves, Moccasins, etc. Highest price paid for Raw Furs.

G. P. Rummelin & Sons.

## HOTEL PERKINS

fifth and Washington Streets . .

PORTLAND, OREGON

**EUROPEAN PLAN** 

Pirst-Class Check Restaurant Connected With Hotel.

J. F. DAVIES, Pres

# St. Charles Hotel

FRONT AND MORRISON STREETS PORTLAND, OREGON

American and European Plan.

American plan...... \$1.55, \$1.50, \$1.75 European plan...... 50c, 75c, \$1.00



## FRY'S SOUIRREL POISON

BLUMAUER-FRANK DRUG CO., Ages

## Stop Jolting Jarring and Grinding

Over Our City Pavements

Rubber-tire wheels on your carriage add to you comfort. Substract just that much from the friction of your daily life and the saving to your vehicle will more than repay the small additional cost.

We are prepared to furnish you solid rubber tires. which we guarantee to be equal to any on the market, at factory prices.

## Studebaker

CARRIAGES WAGONS HARNESS

320-338 EAST MORRISON ST.

61



Favorite." Queen

Quality

**2** Oxfords \$2.50

Other Styles for Street, Dress, House, Outing.

Postage 20 Cents

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS . GODDARD & CO.

Oregonian Building.

THE CABINET MEETING.

Devoted to the Philippine Commis-

WASHINGTON, April 6.-The Cabine WASHINGTON, April 6.—The Cabinet meeting today was largely occupied with the instructions to be given to the Philippine Commission. These instructions have not yet been completed, but it is expected they will be ready in time to reach the commissioners at San Francisco before their sailing day, the 15th. It is understood the substance of the instructions will be made public when completed. The question of the appointment of a successor to Assistant Secretary Webster Davis was discussed briefly, as was the candidacy of Admiral Dewey.

Battle of Shiloh Anniversary. CORINTH Mise, April 6.—The 18th anniversary of the Battle of Shiloh was celebrated today by a grand reunion of both Federals and Confederates on the field where they once fought. The cele-bration will last two days.

## Reason Why

A great many people wonder why it is that the most intelligent appearing people wear glasses. The reason is that it is their intelligence that influences them to care for their eyes in time. If you have eye troubles, let us examine them. Our experience enables us to care for defective eyes and make them as nearly perfect as possible. We will prescribe if you need anything. We will

WALTER REED

tell you if you don't.

Eye Specialist 133 SIXTH STREET

OREGONIAN BUILDING

## MILES IS WILLING.

to Be the Demo

nee for President.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The World says:
"General Nelson A. Miles is willing to
be the Democratic nominee for President.
He has so stated to his friends, and 10
days ago he visited William C. Whitney
to talk with him about the possibility of
his being nominated. Mr. Whitney told
the General that all of the leading Gold
Democrats were as much opposed to the
nomination of Bryan now as they were
when he was nominated four years ago,
but he did not commit himself to the support of the General. He merely took the
matter under advisement, and said he
would consult with his friends."

California Republican Conventi-SAN FRANCISCO, April &—The Republican State Central Committee has issued a call for a convention to be held at Eacramento May 15, for the purpose of electing delegates to the National convention.

Succession of Disasters Again Brings on Gloom.

THE CAPTURE AT REDDERSBURG

ando Still Operating South of Bloomfontein-Roberts' Trouble Only Beginning.

LONDON, April 7, 4:20 A. M.—Not a word regarding the disaster at Reddersburg has been allowed to come through, except the dispatch of Lord Roberts. It is, therefore, impossible to form any notion as to what has happened. Meanwhile, the British public is beginning to realize the immense difficulties to be overcome even before Pretoria is reached, and is revising premature ideas with reand is revising premature ideas with respect to the time when the war will be over. No one believes now that it will have ended by the beginning of June.

The latest disaster, more particularly, illustrates the heavy task involved in the relieve. illustrates the heavy task involved in holding the rallway. This body of some 500 British troops without guns, which dis-appeared so completely within 35 miles of the great British army, had for its busi-ness to guard a section of nearly 90 miles of railway between Bloemfontein and ness to guard a section of nearly 20 miles of railway between Bloemfontein and Springfontein. If it could thus be spirited away, how is Lord Roberts to insure his continually extending communications? Other pertinent questions are being asked of the successive "unfortunate occurrences." The foremost is, why do not the British troops entrench? It is argued that if this had been done, even 500 men might have held out until reinforcements arrived.

might have held out until reinforcements arrived.

It cannot be concealed that the utmost alarm is beginning to be felt.

It is said that the Boers who captured the British at Reddersburg belonged to Olivier's commando. If so, he has not retired north, and hopes are expressed that he may still be cut off.

It is asserted that 4000 rebels surrendered during General Clement's northward march.

march.

The Boers will do their utmost to hold Ladybrand and Thabanchu, both being rich grainproducing districts.

A correspondent of the Morning Post at Springfontein, telegraphing Thursday, says he is glad to be able to report that increased precautions are being taken in patrolling the railway.

It is said that most of the prisoners captured at Boshof are foreigners.

The report that Mr. Steyn had been appointed to the command of the Free Staters, and the further report that the Free State has arranged a loan from the Transvani for war purposes, are both

government had no intention of propos-ing an exchange.

WITH METHUEN'S RELIEF FORCE. of Boer Treachery at

LONDON, April 7.-The Daily Telegraph has the following from Boshof, dated

"Lord Methuen's Mafeking relief force was concentrated here today. The Boers are in force a few miles distant, on the Vaal River. This town is practically deserted, all the men being with the commando under Commandant Duplessis, who controls the district.

mando under Commandant Duplessis, who controls the district.
"Lord Methuen commanded in a spirited little action nine miles to the southeast, where he surrounded 70 Boers on a kopje. Not a man escaped. We took 54 prisoners, 80 horses and a quantity of baggage. General De Villebols was killed during the action. A Boer hosted a white flag and then fired immediately after, killing a British officer. The murderer was instantly

The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, telegraphing Thursday,

"A seditious meeting was summoned by Transvaal emissaries for today at Loouwberg, but nobody attended. Boer patrols from Brandfort have cut the telegraph wires between here and Boshof. The British scouts reported yesterday that a force of from 12,000 to 18,000 Boers had been seen beyond Bushman's Kon moving from seen beyond Bushman's Kop, moving from Thabanchu to the south. The enemy, by appeals and menaces, are vainly trying to induce the burghers to take the field again. The farmers are more afraid of the Transvaalers than of the British." The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Morning Post, telegraphing Thursday,

"The Boers are apparently making an attempt to redeem their promise to retake Bloemfontein. A considerable force has moved south through Thabanchu. General Tucker's isolation at Karee is more apparent than real, since the open ground north of Bloemfontein offers small opportunity for Boer tactics. They may possibly engage him to distract attention from operations elsewhere. Remounts are anxiously awaited."

British Expelled From the Rand. LOURENCO MARQUES, Thursday, April 5.—According to a dispatch from Pretoria, all British subjects have been ordered to quit Pretoria and Johannesburg immediately, except some 400 who are permitted, under a recent isw, to remain in the Rand. Those who are expelled number about 600.

The prisoners and guns taken at Sa
Post have arrived at Pretoria.

Premier Schreiner May Resign. LONDON, April 6.-W. P. Schreit LONDON, April a.—w. F. Schreiner, Premier of Cape Colony, and R. Solomon, Q. C., the Attorney-General of the colony, are reported from Cape Town to be engaged in a serious controversy with the other Bund leaders, and the Premier's resignation is looked upon a being a pos-

The Duke of Mariborough has come to Dectfontein, south of De Aar. Upington has been occupied by the Brit-The Duke of Maril

Plumer Going Back. LONDON, April 7.—The Pretoria corre-pondent of the Dally Mail, telegraphing

up 60, including 22 missing, 23 wounded and 4 killed. The missing include 134 ar-tillerists, 25 Life Guards, 22 men of the Tenth Hussars, and 21 of Roberts' Horse, the others being divided among numerous

BLOEMFONTEIN, Thursday, April 5— The First Cavalry Brigade, under Colone Porter, reconnoitered eastward today They found 160 Boors and opened fire upor them with shells. The Boors dispersed

#### RIOTING IN PUBRTO RICO.

rious Affair Copwing Out of the

SAN JUAN, Puerto Rico, April &—At 4 o'clock yesterday evening, the natives made a concentrated movement at Puerto Tiers. Different mobs, totalling about 2000 men, attacked the foreign colored men. Any English-speaking negro was subject to attack, particularly the natives of St. Thomas and St. Kitts. One Puerto Rican was killed one was seriously injured and

to attack, particularly the natives of St. Thomas and St. Kitts. One Puerto Rican was killed, one was seriously injured and three negroes of St. Kitts were dangerously wounded. The affair was the outcome of the pier strike, and the pretense of the attack, apparently, was that the English Islanders were usurping Puerto Rican labor. The islanders anticipated trouble and some of them were armed with revolvers. The mob entered the house of a St. Kitts man. His abdomen was slashed was a machete. Another St. Kitts man was stoned and escaped to the roof and was forced to jump to the ground. He was followed in the street and stoned until exhausted, when his head was hammered into a jelly.

A company of infantry, under Captain Alexander and Licutenants Ansell and Parker, was called out, and marfial law was declared. Soldiers now patrol the streets, and the rum shops are closed. The mere presence of the foldiers dispersed the crowda. There were no demonstrations after the arrival of the troops. The condition of affairs necessitates the presence of troops indefinitely in order to prevent more trouble. The municipal police are utterly inadequate to preserve order or handle any crowd. They stood by during the riot as spectatore and made no attempt to interfere. The Puerto Tiera district of San Juan is about a mile from the City Hall. It is understood that the British Consul has demanded protection for British subjects, though the authorities here will not make any statement on the subject.

## STARVING PUERTO RICANS.

PONCE, Puerto Rico, April &—An announcement having been made that the Puerto Rican Benevolent Society would relieve the poor of Ponce, the town is simply overwhelmed with an army of starving and paupe isod folk. No fewer than 200 men, women and children, sick and starving, are living in the corridor of the City Hall, and in a klosk on the plaza. Most of these are fed by the society. Letters have been received announcing that

baye been read together as the name of one officer.

As numerous prisoners are now held on both sides, and the numbers are about equal, the question of exchange was mooted in the House of Commons last evening. This elicited a reply that the government had no intention of propositions.

bad, it is the opinion of many in authority that in some instances the applicants for relief are really directed by political been issued weekly at Agua Betenos for the last three months. Further material relief will follow from the recent granting of roadmaking contracts involving an outlay of \$800,000, although the authorities have not yet announced how they propose to distribute the appropriation.

#### PUERTO RICAN EXECUTION. Fire Aurderers Will Be Garrotted

Today. PONCE, Puerto Rico, April 6.—At an early hour temorrow, Simeon Rodriguez, Carlos Pache, Hermogenes Pache, Eugenio Rodriguez and Rosalio Santiago, who are condemned to death by garrotting, will be executed. Their crime was the murder, in October, 1888, of Senor Prudencio Mendez, at Yaco. The murderers, after criminally assaulting the wife and daughters of their victim, compelled them to ters of their victim, compelled them to dance about the corpse. Each of the con-demned, heavily manacled, now lies in a separate cell, with a priest attending him. Soldiers of the Puerto Rican Battalion are on guard. At the execution 50 additional insular police will be present. The Americans will take no part in the proceedings

Rabid Cuban Paper Suppressed. SANTIAGO DE CUBA, April 6.-The first important action of the new Mayor, Senor Grinan, in suppressing Ei Cubano Libre yesterday and placing the editorial staff of five men under arrest, created in-tense excitement when it became known this morning. El Cubano Libre had al-ways been intensely radical in its utter-ances against Americans, Spaniards and white Cubans. Yesterday it published an editorial both offensive and indecent, in criticism of the civil government, par-ticularly the municipal branch.

#### IN THE SLUMS OF DUBLIN. Queen Victoria Braved the Storm an Afternoon Drive.

DUBLIN, April 6. - In spite of rain, Queen Victoria drove out in the Vice-regal grounds in a garden chair.

The Queen drove out in an open car-riage this afternoon, accompanied by Princess Henry of Battenberg and a lady-in-waiting, and escorted by four mounted Constables and a Sergeant of the Dublin police. The Queen's route was through colice. The Queen's route was through one of the humblest sections of Dublin township, a section totally devoid of natural beauty, and it must have been decided upon in consequence of her desire to leave no part of the district unvisited and no class of her subjects neglected. There is no mistaking the surprise caused by the presence of the venerable lady, who braved the elements under conditions that kept many others indoors.

This evening there was another small

This evening there was another small dinner party at the Viceregal lodge, after which the Dake and Duchess of Connaught, Princess Christian, Earl and Countess of Cadogan, Lord and Ledy Dunraven and Lord and Ledy Londonderry, with others, attended a concert at the Theater Royal, where there was a great natriotic demonstration.

LONDON, April 7.—The Pretoria correspondent of the Dally Mail, telegraphing Thursday, says:

"Colonel Plumer's column is returning north."

Casualities at Sannas Post.

LONDON, April 6.—It is officially announced that the British casualities in the Boer ambush, near Bapmas Post, total

Dewey Expects to Issue a Statement Next Week.

HIS PLANS FOR THE FUTURE

Is a Democrat-An Admirer of Grover Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Admiral and Mrs. Dewey returned to Washington at 30 tonight from their brief visit to Philas.20 tonight from their brief visit to Philadelphia. They expressed themselves as greatly pleased with their reception. A number of reporters were at the house awaiting the Admiral's return. In response to a question the Admiral said that he expected in a few days to have ready for the press a statement as to his plans for the future.

"Can you confirm the statement you are credited with making, that you are a Democrat?" persisted one of the reporters.

emocrat?" persisted one of the reporters,
"Certainly I am a Democrat," he re-iled. "I always have been a Democrat," he added, smilingly.
"Have you ever voted the Democratic

ticket?" "No, I never voted in my life. The only man I ever wanted to vote for was Mr. Cleveland." "It is said that Mr. Cleveland wants

you to run on a straight Gold Democratic platform."
"Good night," answered the Admiral, without answering the question, and retir-

ing.

Monday next the Admiral and Mrs.

Dewey will move into their country house
at Beavoler, which they have taken for
the summer.

The Philadelphia Visit. PHILADELPHIA, April 6.—Admiral and Mrs. Dewey, who arrived here yesterday to attend the concert in aid of the families of sallors and soldiers killed in the Phil-

day.

The Admiral spent a quiet day at the Hotel Believue, denying nimself to all but one caller, that one being Captain Bronson, who is to command the battle-ship Alabama, which is almost ready to be turned over to the Government by the Cramp Shipbuilding Company. Among the others who sent up their cards was J. Matt Ward, formerly private secretary to William J. Bryan. William J. Bryan.

Mrs. Dewey left here for New York in President Cassatt's private car, attached to the 8:20 A. M. express train, to do some shopping. She returned on the Con-gressional Limited, which reached here at 5:25 Pe M., when the Admiral boarded the rain, and the couple proceeded to Wash-

There was no demonstration either at the hotel or at the depot when the Admi-ral left, as his intended movements were not made known. Surplay and Mrs. Root the reserved to Weekley

the conference. As to the nature of the conference, nothing could be learned, but tit was believed to have had a close rela-tion to Admiral Dewey's candidacy for the Presidency. In an interview later the Admiral avoided all questions as to the reported visits. The reporter, in an en-deavor to induce the Admiral to speak of

his candidacy, said:
"It has been stated that, if McKinley

and Bryan are nominated, you will run independently. Is that true?"
"I have never said so."
"How do you feel about the way the people of the country have received your announcement?" the questioner asked, "Well," he replied, "one must expect a who has taken such a step." "Then you are not at all discouraged?"
"No, sir; I am not discouraged."

Tammany Is Interested. NEW YORK, April 6.—A special to the ress from Philadelphia says: Robert A. Van Wyck, Mayor of New York, representing Tammany Hall, and two other Democratic leaders of New York, also representatives of Tammany, came to Philadelphia today to confer with Admiral Dewey regarding his announce ment that he would accept the nominatio for the Presidency.

VERMONT DEMOCRACY.

Will Support the Candidney of W. J. Bryan.

NEW YORK, April 6.—B. B. Smalley, Democratic National Committeeman from Vermont, and formerly secretary of the Democratic National Committee, in an interview on Admiral Dewey's candidacy for the Presidency, said that the delegates from Vermont—Dewey's home state—will be for W. J. Bryan.

"I have the greatest respect for Admiral Dewey as a sailor and a patriot, and I have nothing to say with relation to his candidacy for the Presidency. The Republican party stole the Presidency in 1876 and bought it in 1880. They tried to steal it in 1882, but did not succeed. The capit in 1882, but did not succeed. The capitalists beat us out in 1883, but we got there in 1892. Conditions beat us in 1896, but I think we will get there with Bryan

"It has long been apparent to me that the nominees this year will be William McKinjey and William J. Bryan. The Vermont Democratic Convention will be held in June at Montpeller, and the dele-gation will be instructed to vote for Mr. Bryan, regardless of the candidacy of Admiral Dewey. I believe, too, in view of the many mistakes of McKinley's administration, that Mr. Bryan will be

Dewey's Visit to Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 6.—Should the Dewey committee finally decide, owing to the Admiral's political aspirations, not to welcome him May 1, in Chicago, the Grand Army of the Republic will invite him, as a Presidential candidate, to attend the great encampment to be held in Chicago in August. The Grand Army men are anxious to have Admiral Densey attend the lous to have Admiral Dewey attend the encampment, said William H. Harper, chairman of the General Committee today.

NEW YORK, April &—William C. Whitney said today that all statements suggesting that he has had to do with the candidacy of Admiral Dewey for the Presidency are without foundation. He said:
"I do not consider myself so related to politics at present as to be entitled to assist in making candidates. I have the profoundest admiration for Dewey. It came naturally to me from my sequaintance with the Admiral when I was Soc-

# retary of the Navy. I take great pride in his reputation, but I had no knowledge of or anything to do with his recent an-nouncement. I believe it to be the act of the Admiral himself. His nature is simple and straightforward, and he has doubtless been solicited to become a candidate by thousands of people who would like to see him President. I imagine that if you get at the real truth you will find that to

get at the real truth you will find that to be the reason of his announcement." RANSAS CITY, Mo., April 6.—John R. McLean, brother-in-law of Admiral Dewey, has engaged elaborate quarters at one of the leading hotels for the Democratic convention in July. The rooms are very choice, and it is reported that they are to be shared by Admiral Dewey. When the selection was made, Mr. McLean, it is said, announced that the rooms would be occupied by himself and a friend.

#### MACABEBE SCOUTS.

Setson's Band and the Good Work It

WASHINGTON, April 6.- The War De partment today made public the reports of Lieutenant Matthew A. Batson, of the Fourth Cavalry, in regard to the organ-ization and operations of the Macabebe Scouts who formed a part of the armies of General Lawton and General Young in the exciting campaigns in pursuit of Agui-naido in Northern Luzon. For his remarkable service with this band of natives, Lieutenant Batson has been appointed a Major of Volunteers, and placed in command of a cavalry battalion of Filipinos to be immediately organized, with the Macabebe Scouts as a nucleus.

Major Batson's report is long, and cov-ers the details of active operations of the Macabebes from the time of their organization, September 1, to November 19, when he was obliged to relinquish command by reason of a serious wound of the left foot, eceived in an engagement at Aringay lver. There were five companies of these native scouts, numbering about 600, and they were uniformed, armed, equipped and treated in every other respect like United States troops. Many of them had seen previous service as noncommissioned of-fleers in the Spanish army under General Blanco. These men were assigned to simi-Blanco. These men were assigned to similar duties in Batson's command. They were intelligent, brave and hardy, and proved excellent soldiers. In order to avoid the possibility of mistaking their fire for that of the insurgents, they were armed with United States magazine car-bines, and to facilitate their movements over the numerous small streams through out the island they were supplied with sev-eral small native canoes. Inasmuch as they were unfamiliar with the English language, the American officers were com-pelled to communicate with them through an interpreter named Fernandez, who

proved of great assistance. Lieutenants Boutelle, Quinlan, Hall and Faulkner and Acting Assistant Surgeon Simpson were attached to the command and rendered efficient service. Lieutenant Boutel'e was killed while bravely leading The enemy were intrenched at the time, and, although his own men were in a ditch, Lieutenant Boutelle stood in the road issuing orders, in plain view of the insurgents.

part of the large and the also tells of his re-majoring in command of his bettellon, after being wounded himself, until the enemy had been driven from the field. Lieuten-PHILADELPHIA, April 6.—It was gleaned tonight from what is considered a reliable source that Admiral Dewey had a two hours' conference here today with three gentlemen who came from New York The three gentlemen, it is stated, returned to New York immediately after the conference. As to the nature of the conference. As to the nature of the conference. As to the nature of the conference.

demonstrated the loyalty, bravery and en-durance of the Macabebes as soldiers, and I recommend that a regiment of cavalry be organized from the Macabebe tribe."

## Philippine Shipping.

WASHINGTON, April 6.-The division of customs and insular affairs of the War Department made public today a state-ment of the foreign vessel movements at the ports of Manila, Ilo Ilo and Cebu. Philippine Islands, from the date of Amer-Philippine Islands, from the date of American occupation to December 31, 1896. The statement shows that the total number of foreign vessels that entered the ports named during the period above mentioned was 517, with a total tonnage of 607,577. The total number of foreign vessels that cleared from the above ports during the period mentioned was 505, with a total tonnage of 500 521.

### MINNESOTA POPULISTS. Referendum Vote for President and

Vice-President. MINNEAPOLIS, April &-The commit tee appointed by the Populist State Con-vention, after three days of hard work, concluded the canvass of the referendum vote for candidates for President and Vice-President tonight. The results were as follows: For President-Wharton Barker, 1957; Ig-

ror President—Wharton Barker, 1951; Ignatius Donnelly, 572; E. V. Debs, 123; Thomas E. Watson, 35; W. J. Bryan, 33; scattering, 10; total, 2730.

For Vice-President—Ignatius Donnelly, 1964; Wharton Barker, 306; A. W. Hqward, 272; Job Harriman, 113; scattering, 110; total, 3776.

ocratic Congressional Committee WASHINGTON, April 6.—The Demo-cratic Congressional Campaign Committee has chosen Representatives McRae, of Arkansas, and Norton, of Ohio, vice-chairmen, and the following executive commit-ice: Senator Cockrell, of Missouri, chairman; Representatives Hall, of Pennsylvania; Ruppert, of New York; Turner, of Kentucky; Daly, of New Jersey; Fitzgerald, of Massachusetts, and Denny, of Maryland

Custom-House Case Decided. NEW YORK, April 6.—Judge Townsend, of the United States Circuit Court, today anded down an opinion overruling the lemurrer entered in the action brought by the United States against Emil Direker shoff and other importers for breach of a custom-house bond for \$50,000, because they failed to turn over to the Collector a pack-age worth \$185, which was covered by the bond. He says that to sustain the de-murrer would violate the plain intent of the statute and render it practically use less. The opinion is considered important by importers and custom-house brokers.

Chicago Street-Railway Strike. CHICAGO, April 6.—A strike of 100 power-house employes of the Chicago Street-Railway Company tied up 170 miles of electric lines tonight for two hours of electric lines tonight for two hours at the busiest time, and crippled the whole service for the rest of the night. The men who went out objected to a change from an eight to a 12-hour day. They as-serted that the increase in the hours was not accompanied by an increase in pay at the same ratio.

Chinese Ministers Retained. LONDON, April 7.—The Peking corre-spondent of the Times, telegraphing Thursday, says:

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Already Figuring on Having the Next House.

EFFECT OF TARIFF LEGISLATION

Dewey, as a Gold Democratic Candl. date, Will Help McKinley-The Yokohama Consulship,

WASHINGTON, April 6.—It has been apparent for two weeks past that the Puerto Rican bill, with its tariff provisions, would become a law, and the action of the Republican caucus last night in deciding to jam it through caused no surprise, but it has created a widespread de-pression among the members of the House of Representatives, who hoped up to the last that the leaders of the House might see some way in which to relieve them from the embarrassment they are having at home. This is especially true of the members from Illinois, Indiana, Minne-sota and many other states where the people, including the Republicans of prom-inence and influence, do not become recon-ciled to the Puerto Rican tariff. In fact, the opposition to this Puerto Rican tariff refuses to "blow over." The Republicans who voted for it against the express wish of their constituents and in the face of strong opposition have begun to feel that they are in danger, first, of losing renomination, and next, of being defeated at the polis. It is a very gloomy crowd about

the House of Representatives on the Republican side. Already it is the talk that the Demo-crats are going to have the next House, and the various members of that party are picking out their committee chairmanships and committee places which must be vacated when the next house is elected. Every effort is being made to jump through legislation necessary, in order that Congress may adjourn. The Nica-ragua canal and the subsidy bill, the various treaties, including the Hay-Paunce-fote Nicaragua treaty and the reciprocity treaties, are all to go by the board, and only legislation necessary to carry along the Government until the next session of Congress will be passed. It is a tremendous anxiety that all members feel, and their desire to get out into the country and defend themselves is intense.

Dewey and Gold Democrats. Not even the probable split in the Demo-cratic party over Dewey's candidacy gives the Republicans of the House any hope, because they feel that, even with McKinley's election, the House can be lost to the Republicans, and consequently the effect of Dewey's running as a candidate of the Gold Democrats, as now proposed, does not carry any consolation to the men who voted for the Puerto Rican tariff. Dewey's announcement that he is a Demuse in preventing the nomination of Bryan. There is also a belief that he may be the candidate of the Gold Demo-

#### rather than embarrass the prospects of

Ydkohama Consulabin. The Washington delegation in considerably forn up over the appointment of a Consul-General to Yokohama to succeed Gowey, who recently died. Senator Foster has a candidate, but has not yet announced him. Representative Cushman wants to appoint Johnson Nickeus, ex-Mayor of Tacoma, while L. B. Andrews, of Seattle, is backed by certain politicians of King County. Of course, whoever Foster decides upon will be selected. Jones, the other member of the delegation, will fall in with anything that Foster decides upon, as he believes in not opposing the wishes of the Senator, and is also convinced that Senatorial influence will The Washington delegation in considerconvinced that Senatorial influ

win anyway. Amendments to Indian Bill. All of the amendments proposed by the Oregon Senators to the Indian appropriation bill were agreed to today without any opposition, and it is believed that they will remain in the bill after the House conferees have had a chance at it.

John L. Wilson in Washington. John L. Wilson in Washington.

John L. Wilson, ex-United States Senator from Washington, is in the city, and was at the capitol today. He had a conference with a number of politicians, and a long talk with Senator Hanna, chairman of the Republican committee. He would not disclose the nature of his business. ness in Washington, nor what was dis-cussed at the conference with Hanna,

Rainier Reserve Grazing Order. The Secretary of the Interior has practi to be allowed to graze in the Rainier for-est reservation during the coming Sum-mer shall be limited to 250,000, the cattle to 5500, and the horses to 1909. Until further notice, this grazing will be allowed without charge. The Secretary is anxious to impose a charge of from 2 to 4 cents on each head of sheep, and from 10 to 124 cents on horses and cattle, but finds he has no authority to make this charge, and will request Congress to grant him that authority. It is very doubtful if Congress will take such action, as there is a general centiment among many Western men against imposing a charge for grazing on the public lands. No sheep or cattle from Oregon will be allowed on the reserve.

Seeking a Warmer Climate, Seeking a Warmer Climate.

WINNIPEG, April 6.—A party of 40

Donkhobours left yesterday for California, where they were taken by an American employment agency to work for 50 cents a day. They said they wanted to go to a warmer climate. The immigration authorities are becoming slarmed at the movement, as it is said the whole colony will leave in the course of two or three years. The colonists have made little progress since settling in Manitoba. An effort will dary line, as they are moving under a contract, in violation of the aller

Fight Over Dewey's Candidacy.

CHICAGO, April 6.—One man was killed and another badly injured in a fight here today growing out of an argument over Admiral Dewey's candidacy for President. Eugene Tucker, a colored man, was shot and instantly killed by George Miller, a barber. The latter was badly cut about the throat with a razor, and may die. They were drinking in a saloon when the argument arose.

Lehigh Laboratory Burned, BETHLEHEM, Pa., April 6.-The phys-

Thursday, says:

"In deference to a request made by Li
Hung Chang, the Chinese Ministers in
London and Washington will be allowed
to retain their posts some time longer."

Herrican, Fr., April 6.—The physical laboratory of Lehigh University, one
of the largest in the country, was burned
today, and all its scientific apparatus was
destroyed. The loss on the building and
to retain their posts some time longer."

## FINE VICI KID "Fashion's