LUXURY ON SUMNER

Congressmen Protest Against Army Extravagance.

FINE FITTINGS ON A TRANSPORT

Consideration of the Army Approprintion Bill in the House-A Conference Report.

WASHINGTON, March 28.-The House today devoted practically the whole day to the consideration of the army appropriation bill. Several minor amendments were adopted, and about half of the bill was considered. There was a good deal of extemporaneous debate during the day, little of which was pertinent to the bill, Driggs (Dem. N. Y.) created a diversion fitting up of the transport Sumner, and precipitated a lively tilt upon the subject, He gave notice that later he should ask the House to investigate the subject.

The Routine Report.

On assembling, the House passed a Senate bill to approve a revision and adjust-ment of certain sales of Otoe and Missouri lands in the states of Nebraska and tagonism of Lacey (Rep. Ia.), who de-clared that the buyers of these lands had not kept the contracts they made at the sale of the lands, and now sought to have the purchase price scaled down. He said the bill involved several hundred thousand dollars, which belonged to the Indians and ould be defeated.

Calderhead (Rep. Kan.), who lives with-in 10 miles of the location of the lands, strongly urged the passage of the bill, and explained the circumstances under which the settlers had hid wildly on the lands to keep them out of the hands of specula

Consideration of the Army appropriation bill was then resumed. When the para-graph appropriating \$450,000 for building military telegraph and cable lines in Alas-ka was reached, Moody (Rep. Mass.) offered an amendment, which was adopted, requiring that all commercial receipts over the lines should be accounted for, and

covered into the Treasury.

Mahon (Rep. Pa.) moved to strike out from the provision empowering the Secre-tary of War to employ and assign the clerks and messengers (158 in number) in his department, the words "employ and." The purpose was to prevent the Secretary from employing from outside the pale of

Esch (Rep. Wis.), on behalf of the comstatute passed in 1812, by which, for inton, whereas his railroad fare would be but \$77. March (Rep. Ill.) made a point of order against the amendment, which was sustained. tance, a Colonel would be allowed \$228

Speaking to a pro-forma amendment Driggs called attention to a newspaper article describing the luxurious fittings of the transport Sumner, which, he said, was remodeled at an enormous cost. Driggs said the enormity of the extravagance t the fitting up of the ship was beyond credence. An \$8000 sliver service had been placed in her, he said, with cut-glass tum-blers, which cost 75 cents apiece. The palatial furnishings of the Sumner were such as could be found nowhere except upon a millionaire's yacht. He contrasted the condition of this transport with those employed by the Government when the soldiers were being sent out to fight their country's battles during the Spanish war. Driggs said he intended to introduce a

in fitting up the Sumner, Hull (Rep. 1a.) said the other side was now occupying a strange position. During the war their complaint was that the transports were not good enough. Now the complaint was that our soldiers were

Cannon (Rep. III.) contributed to th debate a emingy of the Quartermaster-General of the Army, who, he was convinced, would not be guilty of undue ex-

e paid to the son of any member of Congress who had secured his appointment since the destruction of the battle-ship Maine. It was ruled out on a point of or- islands as is the one which began the ne-

Recurring to the newspaper article read by Driggs, Wheeler (Dem. Ky.) delivered an appeal against extravagance. If it was unpairiotic to protest against that, he said was willing to take the responsibility of being unpatriotic.

Cockran (Dem. Mo.) also inveighed against profligacy in expenditures, Without completing consideration of the bill the conference report on the urgent deficiency and pension appropriation bill was agreed to, and at 5:10 P. M., the House adjourned.

BYNUM'S NOMINATION.

The Senate Again Failed to Confirm It.

WASHINGTON, March 38.-The Senate today failed to confirm the nomination of W. D. Bynum as General Appraiser of the Port of New York, because of the absence of a quorum. The nomination was dobated at some length, and was attacked by Senators Jones of Arkansas, Berry and Money, while Senators Fairbanks and Spooner spoke in Mr. Bynum's behalf. The opponents of confirmation based their opposition on the ground that Bynum is Democrat, although nominated as They called attention to the law requiring that four of the nine Appraisers should be of a party different from the other five, and contended that Mr. Bynum's appointment would be had been a Democrat throughout his career, and that even during the campaign of 1896 he had been a supporter of Palmer and Buckner, Gold Democrats,

Increase in Widows' Pensions. WASHINGTON, March 28.-The House committee on pensions today recommended an increase to \$40 per month in the pen-sion of the widow of Colonel Eghert, killed in the Philippines; \$40 to the widow of Colonel Haskell, who died from wounds received in Cuba; \$35 to the widow of Colonel J. J. Van Horn, who died during the Spanish War; \$30 to the widow of Captain C. W. Rowell, killed in Cuba; \$35 to the widow of Commander Horace Elmer, of the Navy, and \$30 to the widow Commodore O. C. Badger, of the Navy.

TANNAHILL FORGERY CASE.

The ex-Auditor, at Lewiston, Places on the Stand.

LEWISTON, Idaho, March 28.—Several witnesses were examined for the defense in the ex-Auditor Tannahili forgery case today, and the defendant was pinced on the stand just before adjournment. Two ex-County Commissioners testified that the alleged forged warrant of \$17.50 was issued by the defendant in accordance with an order of the board. Tannahill's attorney are having him explain on the witness stand not only the minute details surrounding the particular warrant on which he is being tried, but also that of five cold in one day. No cure no pay. Price Ec.

other warrants admitted in evidence, and which form the basis of other cr.minel actions. It is generally believed that the evidence developed today will result in hi complete vindication.

MAY PREVENT A HANGING.

Friends of Hurst, at Butte, Talk of

Talk of Rescuing Him. BUTTE, Mont., March 28.-Reports from Helena and Glendive inideate there may be serious trouble Friday over the execu-tion at Glendive of Joseph Hurst, under sentence of death for the murder of Domi-nick Cavanages. nick Cavanaugh.

Hurst and Cavanaugh were opposing candidates for Sheriff of Dawson County at the Fall election of 1888. Cavanaugh was a Democrat, Hurst a Republican. Cavanaugh won. Some weeks later he was found dead in an alley at Glendive. with his skull crushed in. The Commissioners of Dawson appointed Hurst to the vacancy. Later he was arrested for the murder and convicted. The evidence murder and convicted. The evidence against him was altogether circumstantial and based largely on the outcome of the election. In appeal, the Supreme Court could find no flaw in the legal proceedings, but commented severely on the testimony, though, under established rule in such a contract of the court cases, unable to go into that branch of the subject. Friends of Hurst have been working for weeks to secure a commuta-tion of sentence or at least sufficient reprieve to allow them to hunt up evidence to show that Hurst is innocent. This morning word came from Heiena that the Governor refused to interfere, and

the Governor refused to Interfere, and Hurst must hang Friday.

From Glendive comes word that Hurst's friends are determined to prevent what they consider a legal crime and injustice, even if it becomes necessary to attack the jall and rescue the prisoner. Hurst is only 29 years of age, and well connected. The dead man was Sheriff at the time of his re-election and the murder. He was very nonular. Hurst's friends claim there very popular. Hurst's friends claim there was no testimony to warrant conviction beyond that of a man who has disappeared from Glendive since the present excite-ment began. Four-fifths of the prominent people of the state petitioned for the demency the Governor refused.

Avenged Insult to His Mother.

CHICAGO, March 28 .- Albert Stedge, 17 rears old, avenged the insults cast upon its mother, Mrs. Bridget Stedge, 4114 Ashhis mother, are, Bridget Steege, 414 Andland avenue, by William Hobson, a bearder, by dealing Hobson a fatal blow over the head with a barrel stave. Leaving his victim dead on the sidewalk in front of the house, the boy went to his room and was soon asieep. He was aroused an hour later by the arrival of the police. The murder was the outcome of a quar-

rel between Mrs. Stedge and Hobson, and all the people living in the house, 13 in number, were taken to the police station, where all but two were released. Hobson came home intoxicated and quarreled with Mrs. Stedge. Albert interfered and Hob-Each (Rep. Wis.), on behalf of the Committee, offered an amendment to reduce the appropriation for travel allowance to side. Albert picked up a barrel stave enlisted men, on discharge, from \$5.000.090 lying on the ground and struck Hobson on the head, killing him. He told his mother than the head, killing him. mutation of mileage at the rate of 4 cents a mile. Each explained that discharge the strife between them a secret they mileage was now computed under an old went to bed, leaving Hobson's body where

Michael Cosgrove stumbled over the

DANISH WEST INDIES.

Announcement of Their Sale Was Premature.

WASHINGTON, March 28.-The State Department adds its denial to that of the Spanish Foreign Office relative to the Paris story that the United States had completed the acquisition of the Danish West Indies. There are indications that the negotiations which for so long occupled the attention of the two govern-ments at intervals may be attended by success at a reasonably early date, but it is certainly premature to announce their

n to investigate the extravagance | France Has No Rights in St. Croix NEW YORK, March 28 .- A special to the

Investigation of the subject made by the dals that the French Government to be treated too well. Driggs said his of the Danish West Indies. The French only desire was to criticise "unjustifiable Government is not being considered by Secretary Hay in connection with the ne gotiations under way with Denmark for the acquisition of the Danish West Indies by the United States.

The department has not been advised of the purpose of the Government to introice a bill in the Danish Legislature au-orizing the sale of the Mands. There providing that no part of the money ap-thorizing the sale of the islands. There propriated for the pay of the Army should is little doubt that an agreement will be reached when the crisis in Copenhagen has passed, provided, of course, the new Canet is as favorable to the transfer of the gotiations.

> Appland Bay's Achievement. LONDON, March 28.-The afterno ewspapers here unanimously applau Secretary Hay's diplomatic achievement n establishing the doctrine of the "open loor" in China, and say his success is much more considerable than hitherto

BANQUET TO HUGH HANNA.

Ex-President Harrison on the Nev.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 28 .- Two hun dred prominent residents tonight attended a banquet given under the auspices of the Commercial Club and Board of Trade in honor of Hon. Hugh H. Hanna, who was at the head of the monetary movement and prominent in securing the passage of the currency bill. Ex-President Har-rison presided. Tonsts were responded to by John R. Wilson, John T. Dye and Judge F. B. Martindale. General Harrison, on introducing the speakers and stat-

ing the nature of the occasion, said:
"This banquet is conceived in a liberal spirit, not only as to the work of the chef, but as to things it is intended to express Here in our beloved city three years ago a movement was inaugurated, having for its central purpose the definite estab-lishment by law of a single gold standard as the basis of our currency. (Great applause.) That movement, spreading from this center and supported by the great commercial bodies of the United States, has won notable and lasting triumph. We do not celebrate tonight a party triumph, but a commercial triumph (cries of 'Good')—a business emancipation proc-lamation. Assent to the wisdom of the refunding and other minor provisions of the bill as enacted by Congress is not of-fered as a test of any one's right to take part in our rejoicing. Such laws are always composite, and you are at liberty to pass a course. In the great work done by these commercial forces, one of our felow-citizens has been the director-gen-

(Applnuse.) Continuing, the ex-President paid a high tribute to Mr. Hanns, who, he said, had done a very noble and a very notable

Express and Freight Trains Collide CHICAGO, March 28.-The Columbus & Wheeling express train on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad crashed into a Chicago Junction freight train at Whiting, Ind 30 miles from Chicago tonight. The en gine of the passenger train was thrown into a ditch beside the track, and En-gineer Richard Beniman was killed. Fire

Stops the Cough and Works off the

man George O'Connell was severely in

DISORDERLY SCENE AT THE COEUT D'ALENE INVESTIGATION.

Other Democratic Members United in the Disturbance-Chairman Hull Calls a Halt.

WASHINGTON, March 28.-The fifth day of Governor Steunenberg's testimony in the Coeur d'Alene Investigation began today. Lentz continued the cross-question-

ing.
The Governor said he had been in the Coeur d'Alene region two days in Feb-ruary before coming here. There were three state deputies on duty at that time and Dr. Francis, who has been in the serv ice of the state continually throughouthe trouble. On one of his previous vis its he talked with Stimson, one of the imprisoned men. He had been told by Dr. Francis that there was evidence con-

FIVE VIEWS OF THE PHILIPPINES

President Schurman, of the Philippine Commission: "Under the law of nations, the United States has unimpeachable sovereignty over the Philippines."

Bishop Potter: "There is but one thing for us to do now, and that is to hold on to the Islands and assume the responsibility for their future."

Senator Beveridge: "The Philippines are ours forever, territory belonging to the United States,' as the Constitution cites them. We will not repudiate our duty in the archipelago."

General Joe Wheeler: "It seems to me that there is no limit to the possibilities before us, and there is prosperity in store for both the United States and our new possessions."

Admiral Dewey: "Our control means to the inhabitants of the Philippines internal peace and order, a guarantee against foreign aggression, and as large a share of affairs of government as they shall prove fit to take."

necting Stimson with a conspiracy, and on April 15, prior to the blowing up of the mill, Stimson told certain individuals to get out of Wardner, as there was going to

Governor detailed a number of visits to San Francisco, Spokane and elsewhere, during which, he said, he met officials of various mines. At a meeting at Spokane he told the mineowners there would be no modification of the permit to this eystem, and wanted to employ the men they chose, but the Governor said he informed them that the State of Idalia would not permit the employment of crim-

He made no statement as to how long the permit system would continue, but he said he intended to enforce it as long as it seemed necessary to insure order. Lents asked if this meant that the Governor would do as he pleased on the subject, to which the witness replied that he would do as his judgment dictated. If the permit system had resulted in the loss to the mines of \$500,000, as Lentz stated, the Governor said he did not care for that, as it was a necessary recourse by the state. "Like Louis XIV, you are the state," re-marked Lentz. Lentz's allusion to Louis XIV caused prolonged discussion.

A sensational episode occurred at this point. Lentz asserted that some of the state deputies were living with disreputable women. Cheney, an attorney appearing in behalf of the State of Idaho, interposed a protest and said:

"I hurl back at you that statement. The deputies are reputable men." Lentz indignantly resented the interfer-

ence of a private counsel, and address-ing the attorney, said: "You ought to be kicked out of the win dow, and you would be if you had not the majority of this committee behind you."

Here Lentz attempted to read from previous testimony concerning the improper conduct of deputies. Chairman Hull overruled this course. This further nettled Lentz, and addressing Hull, he exclaimed: "I want to say in your teeth that if you are a party to protecting this attorney in a lie, you are a party to it."

Amid much confusion. Hull declared that Lentz had insulted the committee and its members as far as he could, and it would have to stop. Hay arose to say that the attorney had better not give thelle to him. and Cox added: "If any man in-sults me, I'll hit him." Lentz asked the chairman why he did not call the attorney to order. "He was out of order, entirely out of order," ruled Hull emphatically. Cox said that when the attorney accused a member of the committee of falsehood, he forfelted his right to be present. "If he mays that to me," said Cox, "either he of I go out of the window." Representa-tive Jett said as a means of protecting the committee he would move that the at torney be expelled from the committee

Many members were on their feet trying to secure recognition, when Jett made his motion. Before taking action, the committee gave Cheney an opportunity be heard. He explained that he did intend to say that Lentz had told a false hood, but simply to deny the statement that the Idaho deputies lived with disrep-utable women. He spologized for any misapprehension. Cox remarked that a man must either "fight or apologize in such a case," and the apology settled it. Jett withdrew his motion for expulsion, and the outbreak was brought to a close.

Steunenberg then proceeded with his tes-timony. He said he had frequently re-ceived petitions addressed to the Secrecelved petitions addressed to the Secre-tary of War concerning the retention of troops in Coeur d'Alene. He disclaimed knowledge of men being discharged for refusing to sign a petition or of the state deputies circulating petitions. The com-mittee then adjourned until tomorrow, when Steunenberg will continue his evi-dence.

While the members were separating aft. er the adjournment. Hull said to Lentz that the latter's personal attacks on him had gone as far as they could, and if they were renewed the "room would not be big enough to hold us both." Lentz replied that he could take care of himself. The intense feeling aroused was manifest long after the proceedings closed.

American-Made Krupp Armor, WASHINGTON, March 28.-The first Krupp plate manufactured by the Bethle hem Steel Company has passed a very successful test at the Indian Head Proving Grounds. The plate represented a group of 360 tens intended for the Russian battle-ship Retvisan, under construction at Command It tenses for a line to fine.

by 7 wide, and was supported by the usual

oak backing.

The plate was the target for four eight inch armor-piercing projectiles, each weighing 250 pounds. The required velocity to be attained by each shell was 1932 feet per second, but the velocity in every case was higher, the maximum being 1950 feet per second. The greatest penetration obtained was three inches. No cracks appeared, and there was no extensive flaking. The shells all broke up. Armor ex-perts say that the plate made a very sat-isfactory showing.

BLOWING UP COAL MINES.

Boers Destroying British Property in Natal.

PRETORIA, March 26.-United States Consul Hay and his secretary have gone to Kroonstad to make the necessary ar-rangements for United States representa-

tion in the Free State.

A dispatch received here from Boer headquarters in Natal announces that destruction continues of coal mines likely to be useful to the British. The Dundee colliery has been blown up, machinery de stroyed, and the mine rendered useless for three months to come. According to a dispatch from Kroonstad,

Commandant Olivier has joined Generals Groebler and Lemner, who are safe. General Delary is still sick at Pretoria, but he will proceed to the front Sunday. Trains are frequently leaving with burghers for the fighting line on this side

The Standard and Diggers News says it learnes that Generals Olivier, Groebler and Lemner have arrived at a point sufficiently far north to relieve all apprehen sion of the possibility of being cut off. It is expected they will arrive at Winburg in a few days and effect a junction with General Dewet, when the Federal troops will be massed to oppose Roberts.

MILNER AT BLOEMFONTEIN.

Takes Up the Question of Pacifica tion and Treatment of Prisoners. LONDON, March 28 .- British High Com dissioner Sir Alfred Milner arrived at Bloomfontein last night and was met by Roberts and his staff. According to a dispatch from Bioemfontein published in the second edition of the Times, the High Commissioner's visit is of a private nature. It is thought this can be scarcely anything but an official subterfuge, the question of the pacification of the Free State and the treatment of the insurgents doubtless being discussed between Roberts

Heavy rains made General Clements' march hard and caused much sickness among the troops.

A dispatch from Maseru, Basutoland, dated March 27, says that an apparently reliable report that the Boers are re-en-tering Ladybrand causes the presumption that the British troops have crossed the

line of the Boer retreat towards Kroom-stad, and that a fight or surrender near Ladybrand is imminent, Further advices from Mafeking, dated March 16, refterate that all was well there, and that the cordon was not so tightly drawn, the Boers allowing the na-tives to pass through their lines, which they had previously forbidden. The native refugees are reported as too stupid and lazy to work or take cover from shells. They gather in a crowd around the soup kitchen and have to be driven away. The ombardment, just previous to the dispatch being sent, had been unusually vig-orous, and it was added that probably before long rations would be still further reduced. A private telegram from Ma-feking reports that all was well there

March 20. A special dispatch from Bloemfontein

"The period of inaction is coming to an end. Troops are being pushed to the front and transports and stores are being col-The men are in grand condition and the horses are picking up wonder

However, reports regarding the imminence of a forward movement are so con-flicting that they cannot be taken as in any way authoritative.

THE RUNNING RACES.

Yesterday's Winners at Oakland and Little Rock. SAN FRANCISCO, March 28-The weather was fine at Oakland and the

track fast. The results were:
Four furlongs, selling—Eonic won, Impromptu second, Girly Ducat third; time, Six furiongs, selling-Proclamation won, Fine Shot second, Coming Event third;

One mile, selling-Rey Hooker won, Dr. Marks second, Donator third; time, 1:43%.

Mile and a half-Topmast won, Potente second, Lothian third; time, 2:34. Seven furlongs-Dr. Nembula second, Flower of Gold third; One mile, seiling-Captive won, Alas sec-

ond, Snips third; time, 1:41%.

Races at Little Rock. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 28.-The results were: Half-mile, selling-Mones wan, Philms

Paxton second, Harry Pulliam third; time, Five furlongs-Acushla won, Gath second, Racebud third; time, 1:02%. Six furlongs, purse-Damocles won, George H. Ketcham second, Common-wealth's Attorney third; time, 1:164, One mile, handicap-Capron won, Dram burg second, Shillingburn third;

Mile and a sixteenth-Phallas won School Girl second, Henry Launt third; time, 1:52

SACRAMENTO, Cal., March 28 .- The Jackson-Purcell fight was declared a draw at the end of the 20th round.

Jackson-Purcell Fight a Draw.

New Canadian Steel Company, NEW YORK, March 28 .- The Journal of

ommerce says: Plans for the organization of the Canadian Steel Company, the incor-poration of which, with \$18,000,00 ipital, is now pending in the Canadian Legislature, are rapidly being matured. A meeting of the organizers of the company was held in this city this week at which details of the organization were agreed upon. The bill of incorporation has passed its second reading and will come up for a third reading in a few

The plant of the company will be at Welland, Ontario, where a 1500-acre site has been obtained. This is at the mouth of the Welland Canal, where it is claimed Lake Superior ores can be laid down as cheaply as at Cleveland or Buffalo. Among from this and other cities of the United States, while Canadian capital is also

A feature of the company's charter is that it will permit the company to make contracts for electric power with the Hamilton & Lake Erie Power Company. It is claimed that power can in this way at about one-fifth the cos of steam power in Pittsburg.

New York Assembly Primaries. NEW YORK, March 28.-Captain F. N Goddard defeated Charles A. Hess, "ma-chine" Republican leader of the 25th assembly district, in the primaries for the control of the 12th Congressional district convention, and, according to the political arrangements, ex-Secretary Bliss and Cap-tain Goddard will be the delegates to the National Convention.

Fonled a Colt.

successful test at the Indian Head Proving Grounds. The plate represented a group of 300 tens intended for the Russian England a bay colt by St. Simon. Lady battle-ship Retvisan, under construction at Cramps. It tapered from nine to five inches in thickness. It was 12 feet long paid \$51,000 for Hamburg.

ITS MEMBERSHIP COMPLETED BY SECRETARY LONG.

Possibility That the Naval Appropriation Bill May Not Get Through This Session of Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Secretary Long today completed the personnel of the Naval Policy Board by appointing as members Captain Robley D. Evans, at present attached to the Lighthouse Board; Captain Henry C. Taylor, commanding the Vermont; Captain Charles E. Clark, commander of the League Island Navy-Yard; Captain French E. Chadwick, now on waiting orders, and Colonel George C. on waiting orders, and Colonel George C. Reid, at marine headquarters here. The other members of the Board are Admiral Dewey, president: Rear-Admiral A. S. Crowninshield, of the Navigation Bureau Crowninshield, of the Navigation Bureau; Captain Charles D. Sigsbee, Chief of the Intelligence Office; Captain Charles H. Stockton, president of the War College, and Captain Asa Walker, Assistant Chief of the War College and the Assistant Chief Intelligence Officer.

NAVAL APPROPRIATIONS. Possibility That the Bill May Not Ge

Through. NEW YORK, March 28 .- A special to the Times from Washington says; The naval authorities are watching with considerable interest and some fear for the action of Congress on the appropria-tion for naval increase. Some of the department officials express the opinion that the bill may be lost.

Naval officers interested in the fate of

the appropriation are strongly inclined to believe that this year's appropriation for new battle-ships will be left until near adjournment, and some of them are not hopeful that it will be passed at all. No ne doubts that on the mere question whether the United States shall have enough hattle-ships or not, the appropria-tion would go through with a rush. But the old question about the price of armor still retains its power to cause trouble, and while there is no opposition to the bill, there is so much hasgling about the cost of armor that it may result in no appropriation at all.

The old idea of having the Government establish an armor plant of its own is revived, and some members of Congress favor it if the companies which now supply the Government refuse to come down to their idea of the right price. The trouto their idea of the right price. ble is that there is not as yet any agreement as to what the right price is. There is some talk to the effect that the companies might be willing to reduce the cost without any such menace, but this is al-ways coupled with the mention of condi-tions which are not likely to secure powerful enough support in Congress to insure

Surveying the Philppines.

NEW YORK, March 23 .- A special to the Herald from Washington says: Commander Taussig, when he returns to the Philippines, will probably be placed in control of the naval surveying work in the archipelago. Rear-Admiral Bradford, Chief of the Bureau of Equipment, has recommended to Secretary Long that the vessel under his command, which will be the Yorktown, be made the parent ap-for the half dozen little gunboats which are to be converted into surveying ships. Rear-Admiral Melville, Engineer-in-Chief, has submitted to Rear-Admiral Hichborn, Chief Constructor, the weight

of the machinery that the proposed bat-tle-ships will require. The machinery for each vessel will weigh 1990 tons, and will produce about 19,500 horse-power. The horse-power will give the vessel 19 knots' speed. The weight of the machinery for the proposed armored cruisers will be about 2000 tons, and will produce about 23,-000 horse-power. This will drive the vessel through the water at a speed of about

Survey of Crab Island,

NEW YORK, March 28 .- A special to the Tribune from Washington says: The gunboat Vixen has left San Juan for Isla de Velquez, or Crab Island, southeast of Puerto Rico, to look for a good harbor She has a complete surveying apparatus, and will make a thorough investigation of the locality. The explora-tion is undertaken by the Navy Department at the suggestion of the Naval War Crab Island has tremendous strategic possibilities, especially in the event of the United States failing to acquire the Dan-

sh West Indies. It is believed that should a good harbor be found there, a fortified naval coaling base should be promptly established, with the object of more effectively commanding the eastern entrances to the Caribbean Sea than would be feasible from San Juan.

Retirement of Admiral Day. WASHINGTON, March 28,-The retire-

ment of Rear-Admiral Day will result in the promotion of Captain Silas Terry, a member of the Naval Retiring Board, to be Rear-Admiral; Commander James H. Dayton, in charge of the San Juan Naval Station, to be Captain; Lieutenant-Com-mander W. H. Turner, to be Commander, and Lieutenant Albert Gleaves, now at the Washington navy-yard, to be Lieuten-ant-Commander.

LAND-LEASING BILLS.

All Sorts of Evils to Flow From

SISTERS, Or., March 28 .- (To the Editor)—That the bills for leasing the public lands show no sign of life, is not proof that they are dead. If a man living in the older settled portions of the country was asked his opinion of what has been said and written in regard to the leasing system, he would probably reply, "much ado about nothing," meaning that it was a matter of indifference to him. But ever though his material interests were affected not at all, he should still lend aid and enragement to whatever is right, jus

That he may have no excuse for anathy

HOOD'S

NAVAL POLICY BOARD A Noted Knight Templar Owes His Health to Peruna

Colonel T. P. Moody, a prominent Knight Templar, is well known in every city of the United States west of Buffalo, N. Y. In the City of Chicago as a pr nent lodge man, being a member of the K. T.'s and also of the Masons. The cut shows Colonel Moody in the costume of the Oriental Consistory Masons, 324 de-

In a recent letter from 5000 Michigan avenue, Chicago, Ill., Mr. Moody says the following:

"For over twenty-five years I suffered from catarrh, and for over ten years I suffered from catarrh of the stomach terribly.

"I have taken all kinds of medicines and have been treated by all kinds of doctors, as thousands of my acquaintances are aware in different parts of the United States, where I have traveled, but my relief was only temporary, until a little over a year ago I started to take Peruna, and at the present time I am better than I have been for over twenty years.

"The soreness has left my stomach entirely and I am free from Indigestion and dyspepsla and will say to all who are troubled with catarrh or stomach trouble of any kind, don't put it off and suffer, but begin to take Peruna right away, and keep it up until you are cured, as you surely will be if you persevere. "My wife, as many in the southwest

and bronchial trouble, and doctors all over the country gave her up to die, as they could do nothing more for her. She began taking Peruna with the result that she is better now than she has been in years, and her cough has almost left her entirely. The soreness has left her lungs and shesis as well as she ever was in her life, with thanks, as she says, to Peruna. Yours very truly, T. P. Moody." Catarrh in its various forms is rapidly becoming a general curse. An undoubted remedy has been discovered by Dr. Hart-This remedy has been thoroughly tested during the past 40 years. Prominent men have come to know of its viriues, and are making public utterances on the

can say, was troubled with a bad cough

must protect them from disease. The dis-care that is at once the most prevalent and stubborn of cure is catarrh. If one were to make a list of the differ-ent names that have been applied to canames, and the surprise caused by the with a short exposition of each one, send first publication of it to all people, both for our free catarrh book. Address The professional and nonprofessional, was Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

subject. To save the country we must save the people. To save the people we

Colonel T. P. Moody, of Chicago, Had Catarrh Twenty-five Years and Was Cured by Perunn.

erated all of the diseases which are classed ent names that have been applied to catarrh in different locations and organs, the ever, to see even this partial list drawn result would be astonishing. We have up in battle array is rather appalling. If result would be astonishing. We have up in battle array is rather appalling. If often published a partial list of these the reader desires to see this list, together

packers form a combination and so desire. It would be an easy matter for them to

range:

Given, then, a year or two in which to stock it, the combine would be able to dictate the price of all stock offered the organs were again able to perform the butcher. When the prices asked by the farmer and stockman were the butch. farmer and stockman were too high, the combine would refuse to buy and draw HURON, S. D., March 28.—The heaviest inow of the season has failen since mid-night over the state east of the Missouri river, and south of Aberdeen. Nearly a foot of anow covers the ground, and it is upon its own reserves. There being no other market in which these animals could be sold, prices would inevitably be forced down. Then, prices being low, the com-bine would buy stock offered it while replenishing its own reserve. By the time the surplus stock of the farmer and still snowing. stockman was exhausted, and prices begun to rise, the combine would have had its own reserves replenished, and by drawing passengers on the steamer Aller, which arrived today from Genoa, was Webster therefrom, would again force down price And all this, without any consequent reduction in the prices of meat to the con-sumer. Thus, the farmers of Ohio an Kansas as well as the settlers of Oregon and Idaho, the farmers and stockmen of Texas and New York as well as the settlers of Washington and Arizona, the farmers and stockmen of every state and viving members of Congresses of the Civil War. Mr. Bradbury is

every section of the states, the consumers of meats in every hamlet, village, town and city, would soon discover the pres ence of a giant octopus, whose arms wer firmly entwined around every homin the land. With the prices of stock low, the farmer and stockmen could not afford to feed grain or hay, except to a limited extent, thus causing a surplus of corn and other grains to be thrown on the market, which surplus in turn would down the prices of grain and hay. The profits of the farmer and stockmen being small, resulting from low prices of their products, they would necessarily curtail their purchases, thus affecting merchants, tailors, shoemakers, blacksmiths and almost all other classes Is the picture overdrawn? Is is pessi-mistic? "Tis true, 'tis pity, and pity 'tis,

Why, then, is the settler alone left guard the outposts as well as the citadel itself from a danger, if not contemplated, at least invited, by the existing bills should any of them become a law. We ask others to help us for the sake of right and justice. We seek aid from others, for, from such ald given, themseives will reap much the greater benefits. Shall we receive such aid? J. S. CHURCHILL.

Restored His Power of Sneech. CHICAGO, March 28 .- Vito Paoletto, the Italian saloon-keeper who lost the power of speech soon after the murder of his partner. Michael Glavito, with which he and indifference, it shall be made plain to is charged, made two attempts to com-him, how the interests of every citizen mit suicide. He failed, but the method from the Atlantic to the Pacific may be employed restored his voice. He has only affected injuriously to a greater extent one leg and uses a crutch. While listen

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than even those of the settler. With the ing to the testimony of witnesses who proposed leasing system in force, it would appeared before the Coroner's Jury, Pao-certainly drive thousands of settlers from letto put the lower end of the crutch in their homes, but at the same time it would his mouth and lurched forward. He was wrest millions of dollars from the farmers only slightly injured. A few minutes later and stockmen who have beef or mutton the accused man repeated the attempt to animals for sale. Should the big meat and his life. The attendants then took

the crutch away.
One of the physicians who examined

Webster Bavis Refurns. NEW YORK, March 28.-Among the

Davis, Assistant Secretary of the Depart-The death of Richard W. Thompson leaves ex-Senator James W. Bradbury, of Maine, easily first in age among the sur-

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