## AN ORIENTAL POWER

Lodge's Speech on the Philippine Question.

VALUE OF DEWEY'S VICTORY

Mission of America in the Far East -Past Mistakes Will Be Profited By.

WASHINGTON, March 7.-The Senate m accords to any of its members a ter compilment than it gave today to Lodge of Massachusetts. The announcement that he would deliver a speech on the Philippines question drew to the Sen-ate every Senator now in the city, and to the galleries an unusually large number of auditors. Throughout the delivery of the speech, despite the fact that it consumed three hours, the Massachusetts Senator was given close attention. Keen interest was aroused in his utterances, not only because of the oratorical ability of Lodge, but also because, as chairman of the Philippine committee, and a prominent member of the committee on foreign rela-tions, who had studied the Philippine question exhaustively, he was expected to present a notable addition to the litera-ture on the great problem which now confronts the country. Neither his col-leagues in the Senate nor his other auditors were disappointed in his address. When he had concluded he was over-whelmed with congratulations from both sides of the chamber. Soon after Lodge had concluded, the Senate adjourned out of respect to the memory of the late Representative Harmer, of Pennsylvania.

The Routine Report. Sullivan (Dem. Miss.) offered a resolu Sullivan (Dem. Miss.) othered a resolu-tion that the Philippine islands are right-ful property, honorably acquired by the United States, and that "while the mis-guided Filipinos continue the present war, brought on by them against the rightful authority of the United States, so long as a single gun in their hands is trained on our Mag, no expression of intention as to the future course of the United States with respect to them should be made by the Senate." Sullivan asked that the resolution lie on the table until he should

Mason (Rep. Ill.) then gave notice that tomorrow after the morning hour he would enter a motion that the committee on foreign relations be discharged from fur-ther consideration of his resolution ex-pressive of the Senate's sympathy with the Boers in their struggle against Great Britain. He had, he said, introduced the resolution December 6, and it had been in

the hands of the committee ever since. . "I have no intention of violating the rules of the Senate," said Mason, "but it is clearly the intention of the committee on foreign relations to take no action in relation to the resolution, and I want it brought into the Senate and placed on the calendar. The committee could give us a report if it wanted to. If the majority of committee is opposed to the resolu tion, let them report it adversely. That would be making some progress. I am satisfied that % per cent of the people of the United States are in sympathy with the Boers in their war with Great Britain, and I am just as certain that a majority of this body would favor the resolution I introduced. It is the merest child's play for us to sit here and not be able to get a vote upon it."

Senator Lodge's Speech.

In accordance with the notice previously given, Lodge (Rep. Mass.) then addressed the Senate on the Philippine question. As chairman of the committee on the Phili-Ippines and as member of the committee on foreign relations, Lodge was expected to make notable ufterance on the question. He was given, therefore, an attentive hearing by both his colleagues on the floor of the Senate and by a large concourse of auditors in the galleries. Lodgo's speech was based upon the bill introduced by Spooner (Rep. Wis.), vesting in the President authority to govern the Philippines until Congress should otherwise provide by legislation. Senator Lodge said

possession of the Philippines made

us an Eastern power, with the right, and, what was equally important, the force shind the right, to speak. Mr. Hay, as Secretary of State, has obtained from all the great powers of Europe their assent to our demand for the guaranty of all our treaty rights in China and for the maintenance of the policy of the open door. I do not belittle one of the most important and most brilliant diplomatic achievements in our 100 years of national existence when I say that the assent of these other powers to the proposition of the United States was given to the master of Manlia. They might have turned us aside three years ago with a shrug and a smile, but to the power which held Matilla Bay and whose fleet floated upon its waters, they were obliged to give a graclous answer. Manila, with its magnifibay, is the prize and the pearl of the Fast. In our hands it will become one of the greatest distributing points, one of the richest emporiums of the world's commerce. Rich in itself, with its fertile istards behind it, it will keep open to us the markets of China and enable American enterprise and intelligence to take a mas-ter's share in all the trade of the Orient We have been told that arguments like these are sordid. Sordid, indeed! The what arguments are worthy of consideration? A policy which proposes to open wider markets to the people of the United States, to add to their employment, and to increase their wages, and which in its pur suit requires that we should save the teeming millions of China from the darkness of the Russlan winter, and keep them free, not merely for the incoming commerce, but for the entrance of the light of Western civilization, seems to me a great and noble policy if there ever was such, and one which may well engage the best aspirations and the highest abilities of American statesmanship.

"I do not believe that this nation was raised up for nothing. I do not believe that it is the creation of bilnd chance. I have faith that it has a great mission in the world. A mission of good, a mission of freedom. I believe that it can live up to that mission, therefore I want to see it step forward boldly and take its place at the head of the nations. I wish to see it master of the Pacific. I would haev it fulfil what I think is its manifest destiny, if it is not false to the laws

I am not dreaming of a primrose path. I know well that in the past we committed grievous mistakes and paid for them; done wrong, and made heavy compensation for it; stumbled and fallen suffered. But we have always risen, bruised and grimed sometimes, yet still we have risen stronger and more erect than ever, and the march has always been

forward and onward. "I have unbounded faith and pride in my ountry. I am proud of her past, and in that past I read her future. I do not read it in any vain or boastful temper, but with a spirit of reverence and gratitude for all that has gone and with a very humble prayer that we may make present and future worthy of the

Lodge declared it would be a great mistake at this time to undertake any far-reaching legislation dealing with the Philippines. The President, he said. should be authorized to control the islands, and our position should be clearly defined. He deprecated making a party issue of the Philippines. Said be:

"The policy we offer is simple and straightforward. We accept the fact that the Philippine Islands are ours today and that we are responsible for them before the world. The next fact is that there is a war in those Islands, which, with its chief in hiding, and with no sen blance of a government, has degenerated Civil Governor and the Chief of Police.

into mere guerrilla warfare and brig-andage. Our immediate duty, therefore, is to suppress these disorders, put an end to the fighting and restore peace and order. Beyond this we ought not to go by a legislative act, except to make such provision that there may be no delay in re-establishing civil government when the var ends."

Lodge quoted official documents and correspondence in support of his conten-tion that Dewey entered into no political entanglements with Aguinaido. He presented an extract from a letter writter by Captain Coghlan, then of the Raleigh, detailing precisely what occurred at Su-big Bay. Senator Lodge upbeld the Pres-ident's policy, saying it was "at once courageous, wise and patriotic."

Letters From the Philippines. Proctor (Rep. Vt.), as soon as he could rain recognition of the chair, at the close of Lodge's speech, said that in connection with the speech of Lodge he desired to present some letters he had received from Army officers how in the Philippines. He read a letter from Colonei L. W. V. Kennon, in command of the Thirty-fourth reg-iment in the Philippines, in which he dealt fully with the situation there. He wrote from personal observation, he said, and was assured, therefore, of the absolute truthfulness and accuracy of every statement he made. The northern part of the island of Luzon had been cleared practi-cally of insurgents in formidable bodies, the few remaining being in scattered bands. They hoped to be able to discourage the Americans by conducting a guer-rilla warfare. In the opinion of Colonel Kennon, the majority of the Filipinos, with the exception of the savage Tagals, wanted American control, because the forces under Aguinaldo preyed upon the country and committed atrocious crimes. Their desire for American rule had taken the form of burning Aguinaldo in effigy. Colonel Kennon was certain the Filipinos had no capacity for self-government, and needed the strong hand of some nation to guide and direct them. This hand, he thought, the United States ought to extent. Colonel Kennon enclosed an official Filipino statement to prove that the preinitation of hostilities 12 months ago was premeditated on the part of Aguinaldo and his associates, and that the responsibility

did not rest upon the Americans.
On motion of Penrose (Rep. Pa.) the
Senate then adopted resolutions on the death of Representatives Harmer and ap-pointed a committee to attend the funeral. The Senate then, at 5:30 P. M., ad-

#### WARDNER RIOT INVESTIGATION. Sovereign Continued His Testimon;

Before the House Committee, WASHINGTON, March 7.—When James R. Sovereign resumed his testimony today in the Coeur d'Alene investigation befor the House committee on military affairs Representative Lentz asked him if there was any law, written or unwritten, re-quiring members of a labor organization to conceal the names of criminals. Sovg the creign answered in the negative. Speak-but ing of general conditions in the mining mmit-country while the men were imprisoned, Sovereign said he had seen mothers weep-ing for their sons, wives for their husands, and sisters for their brothers. He denounced the military officers for the "reign of bread and water," describing it as a repetition of the horrors of Ander

Members of the committee cross-exam ined Sovereign at considerable length. Representative Hull again took him over the assembling of the miners on the morning the mill was blown up. The witers said it was evident there was preconcerted action. At Hull's request Sov-oroign read an article in a paper edited by him as to "Bunker Hill Destroyed; One Thousand Wreak Vengeance on a Scab Mine." The article said half of the 1009 men were masked and armed with Winchesters, and described the awe-in-spiring scenes as 3000 sticks of dynamite were placed under the mine and concentrator, one of the largest in the world. It was completely wrecked after three terrific explosions.

There was no hearing at the afternoon on because of the lack of a quorum, and the hearing went over until tomor

## The New Alaska Judge.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 7 .- Hon. was yesterday nominated by the President as United States Judge of the District of Alaska, is 59 years old. He was born in Maine, and came to Wyoming in 1867. since when he has been practicing law He is the oldest member of the Wyoming bar, and has a large practice, not only in Usah, but also in the adjoining states. Judge Brown will be located at Sitka, his tenure of office being four years. At the present time the position carries a salary of \$3000 a year, but a bill is now pending in Congress which increases this

Favorable Report on Puerto Rico Bill WASHINGTON, March 7.-The Senate mmittee on appropriations today thorized a favorable report on the House bill providing that the revenues collected from Puerto Rico be expende din that is and. The bill was amended so as to include only the money collected to January 1, 1900. The clause of the House bill authorizing the refunding of future revenue collections was stricken out.

Litiuokalani's Pension.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The Senate ommittee on foreign relations today authorized the reporting of an amenda to the diplomatic appropriation bill, ap-propriating \$30,000 to be paid to ex-Queen Liliuokalani, and providing for an ann donation of \$10,000 to her as long as she

Constitution and Puerto Rico. WASHINGTON, March 7.-Senutor Althe today introduced an amendment to the Puerto Rican bill declaring that the Constitution is, by force of the Paris treaty, extended over Puerto Rico and its

A Corporal Promoted. WASHINGTON, March 7 .- The President today nominated Corporal F. M. Polk, of Company C. Thirty-ninth infan-

## HAWAIIAN LEGISLATURE.

Members Waiting for President Mc-Kinley to Call It.

HONOLULU, Feb. 24.-(Via San Francisco, March D.—According to the Ha-wallan Constitution, the Legislature should have been called together February Il, but, as the Governor had no in-structions from Washington, the law-makers were not assembled. A few memhers of the lower House met on the date mentioned and then adjourned until today. They will adjourn from day to day until President McKinley is heard from. The members of the Senate took no action. They believe that the situation is so complicated that only a call of President Mo-

Kinley can straighten it out.

British Consul W. H. Hoare has pre sented to the Hawalian Government the claim of J. Cranstoun, who wants money for being deported from the country in January, 1896. The Canadian steamer which took Cranstoun to Victoria had to pay something over 2000 as damages, and the Government subsequently refunded this money to the steamship company.

Secretary Root at Havana. HAVANA, March 7.-Secretary Root arort Sedgwick. He was received with a salute from Cabanas fortress. General Ludlow was also on board the Sedgwick. Governor-General Wood and all of the distaff and Department of Havara stuff escorted the party ashore. Prominent citizens who visited the steamer were the Chief Justice, Scoretaries, Mayor,

## "FATHER OF THE HOUSE"

GENERAL BINGHAM, OF PENNSYL VANIA, SUCCEEDS TO THE TITLE.

Other Men of Long Service in the Lower House of Congress-Four Distinguished Philadelphians.

WASHINGTON, March 7.-The death of WASHINGTON, March 1.—Ine death of Representative Harmer, of Pennsylvania, "the Father of the House," cast a deep gloem over the proceedings today. Al-though he was known to be in feeble health, his death came as a shock to his colleagues, by whom he was universally beloved. He was the oldest member of the House, both in length of service and in House, both in length of service and in continous service. As such, it was his duty to swear in the incoming Speaker at the opening of each Congress. His only appearance in the House this session was when he made a special trip from Philadelphia, at the opening of the session, in December, to administer the oath to Speaker Henderson. He was then in feedble condition, and his eyesight was so poor that John T. Chauncey, one of the

46th Congress, and has served continuously for 20 years. Both in length and priority

of service, Bingham is exceeded by Can-

non of Illinois, chairman of the appro-priations committee, who was first elected

the longest in continuous service. Harmer's desk today was draped in black

Upon the request of Mann (Rep. III.),

n charge of the Aldrich-Robbins contested

election case, which was to have been voted upon at 2:30 o'clock today, the vote

was postponed until tomorrow to allow

the House to adjourn out of respect to

conference report upon the financial bill, presented the report to the House, and

said he would call up the report at the earliest possible moment. Richardson (Dem. Tenn.) announced that the minority

would demand time to debate the report.
"There is very little new in it," said
Overstreet, "practically nothing, except

The gentleman admits it is unimport-

"I frankly say I consider it of little im-

nor:ty would ask for four hours. Without agreeing to that, the matter went over. Bingham (Rep. Pa.) then announced the

death of Harmer. His beloved colleague, he said, was of right recognized as the "Father of the House." But he was more

than that. He was the father of the House in the affection and high regard in which he was held by the members of the

body. He was one of a marked group of four men whom the City of Philadel-

phia sent to the American Congress. The

names of those four members whose rec-

and for whose memory the people of Philadelphia have especial affection, Bing-ham said, are Judge W. D. Kelly, who was

elected to 15 Congresses and served 29 years; Charles O'Neill, who was elected

to 15 Congresses and served 29 years: Samuel J. Randall, who was elected to 14 Congresses and served 27 years, and Mr.

Harmer, who likewise was elected to 14

Congresses and served 27 years—112 years of service given by these four distin-guished dead—a record unparalleled in the

history of the country. Bingham then of-fered the customary resolutions of regret,

and the Speaker appointed the funeral

RECIPROCITY TREATIES.

Present Indications Are That They

Will Fail of Ratification.

NEW YORK, March 7.-A special to the curnal of Commerce from Washington

The present indications are that all of

the reciprocity treaties framed by John

A. Kasson, under authority of President McKinley and the State Department, will

fall of ratification. There has been intense

Kinley. The prospect seemed to brighten a little for the French treaty when a fa-vorable report was made by the commit-

tee on foreign relations by the chairman, Senator Davis, of Minnesota. It appears, however, that the report in favor of this

treaty was largely a courtery to Senator-Dayis, and does not represent the senti-ment of all the Republicans on the com-

Senators Lodge, of Massachusetts, For-

aker, of Ohio, and Wolcott, of Colorado, three of the seven Republicans, are de-

clared to be against the treaty, and are likely to be supported by Senator Frye, of Maine. This would reduce its sup-

Senator Ald-

porters to three Republicans, unli they were joined by the four Democratic

Senators from the South.

ibmission to the Senate by President Mc-

hostility to all these treatles since the

of respect, the House adjourned.

ommittee of 15 members. Then, at 12:5 P. M., as a further mark

bimetallic amendment is

the refunding provision, "Certainly the bimetal

observed Richardson.

Mr. Harmer's memory.

Overstreet (Rep. Ind.), in charge of the

the 52d Congress.

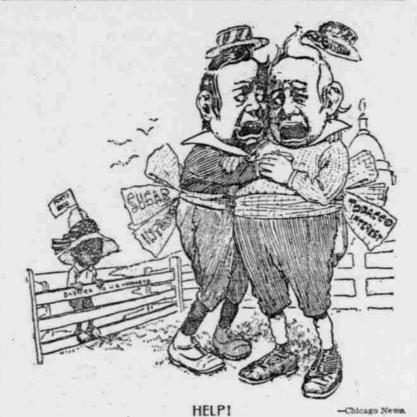
sustained.

who favor the treaty.

Senator Aldrich would have strong grounds for urging reference to his committee, even if there was not opposition to the treaty, for it cuts deep into the revenue from customs and appears, therefore, to be a proper subject for consider-tion by the committee which deals with revenue and financial problems. Senator Atdrich will undoubtedly have the support of all the members of the finance commit-tee on this position.

TAX ON BILLS OF LADING. Northern Pacific Loses Its Sutt

Against the Government, MINNEAPOLIS, March 7.—A jury in the Federal Court today found against the Northern Pacific Railroad in a test case



oldest employes of the House, was obliged the case to the Supreme Court. The Gov-to prompt him while he read the cath to crument contention is that the tax is laid to prompt him while he read the eath to General Henderson. Mr. Harmer seldom addressed the House during his long term not on the goods, but on the bill of lading of service, but he was an active commit-tee worker, popular personally, and exer-cised much influence in a quiet way.

CONFERENCE OF WESTERN LINES. High Officials of Transcontinental

His death makes General Henry Bing-ham, of Pennsylvania, "the Father of the House." He began his service in the Roads Meet in New York. NEW YORK, March 7.—The Presidents of the various Western and transconti-nental railroads held their quarterly sessions in this city today. With the chief executives are a number of traffic man-agers, whose attendance is an innovation; to the 43d Congress, and who is serving his 13th term, but his term was not con-tinuous, he having falled of election in all previous meetings have been confined strictly to the Presidents. The abroga-tion of ticket commissions, the alleged rupture between the roads running from Chicago, and the recent decision of East-ern trunk lines to rescind the operating the 22d Congress.

Grow of Pennsylvania, the venerable exSpeaker, is the oldest member. He first
came to Congress in 1851, but there was
a long hlatue in his service, from 1851 to
1895. The distinction of "Father of the agreement are among the matters arranged for consideration. Edward T. Jeffery, President and General Manager of House" belongs to him who has served the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad, preand covered with flowers. The blind Chap-lain, in his invocation, referred feelingly to the loss the House and country had

sided at the meeting.

About 50 companies were represented, and there were probably 100 railroad men in attendance, a much larger number than at any of the previous conferences. Chairman Knapp and Commissioner Yeo-mans, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, were present. There was no representative of the Canadian Pacific, although its relation to the American lines, particularly to passenger rates in the Northwestern territory, was to be one of the chief subjects for discussion.

Decline in Interest Rates. NEW YORK, March 7,-The Pennsyl-rania Railroad Company has announced that the rate of interest paid to the de-positors in the employes' savings fund will se reduced from 4 per cent to 31/2 per cent, the reduction to take effect on the first of next July. The company states that of the amount in this fund. \$2.716,356 68 was invested last year in securities bear-ing interest at an average rate of nearly "That is of little importance," replied 4 per cent, but in consequence of the steady decline in interest of first-class se-curities, the reduction in the rate of interest paid to depositors has now become

portance," reiterated Overstreet.
"We want time to show that," retorted
Richardson, who, continuing, said the mi-This step is similar to that taken by the large life insurance companies in changing their reserve held on policies from a 31/2 per cent basis to a 3 per cent hasis. Very few life insurance companies still maintain their reserve on the old 4 per cent basis, because of the gradual de-

### REFUSE TO ARBITRATE. Settlement Between Chicago Contractors and Workmen.

CHICAGO, March 7 .- Apparently all hope of a settlement in the near future of the difficulties existing between the Unions affiliated with the Building Trades Councll and the contractors were dissipated today when the Building Contractors Coun-cil made a declaration that no opportunity to arbitrate will be afforded by that body no matter what pressure may be brought to bear by the Industrial Commission, soon to meet here, "We have locked no one out and are will.

ing to employ men regardless of their affiliations," continued the official statement, "but we refuse to be dictated to by the Building Trades Council." It is now believed by many leaders on both sides that the combination of strike and lockout in Chicago will develop into a simple test of endurance.

Tunnel Diggers Organize NEW YORK, March 7.—A new labor or-ganization, known as the Excavators' Union, newly incorporated with 10,000 members, is about to enter into a combat control the menial work connected with the building of the underground tunnel. This union is opposed to the Labor-ers' Union Protective Society, which has 20,000 members and is conducted by men who have directed labor movements for

many years.

The point of difference between the two organizations iles in the fact that the La-borers' Union Protective Society demands 30 cents an hour for work, and double pay for overtime, while the Excavators' Union wants only 25 cents an hour and 27% cents an hour overtime. The Excavators' Union is composed almost entire

Sugar Plant Employes Out. NEW YORK, March 7,-The 1000 em-ployes of the Jersey City sugar-house of the American Sugar Refining Company, who are now laid off, were told this morning that they would not be needed for an indefinite period. The American Sugar Refining Company has decided to keep the Jersey City plant shut down for several days more and complete. days more, and possibly for weeks.

rich, of Rhole Island, who is also chair-man of the finance committee and one of the directing minds of the Senate, has al-Stops the Cough and Works Off the ready given notice that he will move the Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets reference to the treaty to his committee. | cold in one day. No cure no pay. Price Mc.

TWENTY-NINE BODIES HAVE BEEN RECOVERED UP TO DATE.

Five Injured Miners Taken From the Pit-Thirty-six Men Are Probably Still in the Mine,

FIRE CREEK, W. Va., March 7 .- The escuing parties continued working hard at Red Ash mine today and tonight removing debris and securing bodies of the victims of the explosion yesterday. A report from the rescuers at the mine after 8 o'clock tonight was that 27 bodies had een recovered, and five miners rescued seriously injured. While the surviving miners and others estimate that there are

spectors, who are investigating the case. In addition to the theories of dust, fire-damp, etc., it was concluded today that natural gas had escaped into the mine and that it ignited when the miners entered yesterday morning with their lighted

The work of rescuing parties is retarded by hot air, and it is thought the mine is on fire. Air is being pumped into the mine by compression. It will probably be several days before all the bodies will be recovered, as they are scattered along for almost a mile under the ground, and it will require much time to clear the debris from this long subterranean course.

The names of those supposed to have been in the mine at the time of the ex-plosion who are yet unaccounted for are: Sam Sheff, John Clair, Andy Pritt, Quit Stewart, Ed Hobbie, Robert Jones, Gran-ville Holmes, Sam Shew, Junius Sanders. Bill Sledge, Vale Edgars, John Stone, Ed Harper, William Holmes, Ed Haverich, William Haverich, Alfred Collins, Tobe Collins, Charles Fouts, N. Cramsey, James Washington, Newvelle Douse, John Douse, Berry Tucker, Rolston Holmes, Charles Downey, Edward Downey, Ernest Long, Thomas Long, Dale Long, So far, of the bodies recovered, only the following have been identified: R. B. Long. John Day, Joe Elliott, Mat Quaries. Sam Jackson, James Hackney, Bowen Driver,

Story of a Survivor. FIRE CREEK, W. Va., March 7 .- The nly person who entered the mine and who is known to have escaped alive is Electrician Evans, who was near the mouth of the mine. In relating his ex-perience, Mr. Evans said:

"I heard a low, rumbling sound similar o an earthquake, and I realized in an estant that firedamp had exploded. Before the force of the concussion reached me I threw myself down on my face. A sheet of flame, rock and debris shot over my head. I managed to creep to the mouth and into the fresh air. My God! it was awful. I saw that I was the only one left. Every one of the other fellows was lost, I knew."

A pathetic feature of the disaster is the annihilation of the family of B. B. Long, fire boss. His wife died some time ago, leaving to his sole care two little boys. Having no one to stay with in their deso-late home, the boys begged to go with their father into the mine to spend the day with him. He consented, and when the search is finished their blackened little bodies will be found beside that of

The unexplained cause of the accident has terrified miners in adjoining locali-ties. Many are afraid to go to work today, and it will require the most searching inspection by competent men to re-move their fears and induce them to return to their places.

The Fourth Victim.

KANSAS CITY, March 7.—W. R. Vaughan, the Cincinnati newspaper man who was injured in the Missouri Pacific wreck at Independence a week ago, died day after an operation on his arm. This makes four deaths as a result of

NIGHT OF WRESTLING.

Eastern Athletes Were the Winners at the Olympic Club.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7 .- The secand night of the athletic tournament be-tween the East and West at the Olympic Club was devoted to preliminary contests in wrestling. The style was catch-as-catch-can. In every event in which they were entered the Eastern men were successful. The bouts were of six minutes' with a decision in case of no fall. The results were as follows:

Special, 125 pounds—Joseph Renzland, St. George Athletic Club, won from L. T. Chalker, Olympic Club, in 1:42; William Nelson, St. George Athletic Club, got the decision over C. D. Pentony, Olympic Club; August Kurzman, St. George, won | besides the two championship games. from H. Haustern, Verein Eintracht, in

Lightweight, 125 pounds-C. E. Wilson Olympic, won from H. Haustern, in 2:20; Max Riley, Rochester, got the decision over J. W. Rhodes, Reliance Club, Oak-

Welterweights, 145 pounds-O. W. Davis, Olympic, won from C. S. Pray, Olympic, in 5:48; Max Wiley, Rochester, won from R. S. Nixon, Reliance, in 4:36; J. H. Spiro, Olympic, won from Gus Koetz, in

Middleweights, 158 pounds-Max Wiley, Rochester, decision over William Noeth-ing, Olympic; F. Bailey, Olympic, decision over Dan Mahoney, Olympic, Heavyweights-Chris Pierson, Reliance, decision over George Hildebrand, Olym-

THE RUNNING RACES. Yesterday's Winners at New Orleans and Oakland.

NEW ORLEANS, March 7.-Belle of Orleans and Cheesemite were the only winning favorites today. The track was slow. The results were: One mile, selling-Proteus won, liver second, Colonel Cassidy third; time,

Six furlongs, selling-Belle of Orleans won, Jamaica second, Misericordia third; ime, 1:151/4. Short course steeplechase, handlcap-Cheesemite won, Van Brunt second, Voy-

geur third; time, 3:17%. Five furlongs, the Lightning Stakes, -year-olds-Semplre won, Choice second, Viid Pirate third; time, 1:02, Seven furlongs, handicap-Miss Mae Day won, Prince of Verona second, Gold For third; time, 1:27.
One mile, selling-Sadle Burnham won, Indian second, Eva Moe third;

Races at Cakland. SAN FRANCISCO, March 7 .- Weather t Oakland cloudy, track muddy. The sults were: Five furiongs, selling-Leipzig won, Hi-

am Johnson second, Garbo third; time, One mile, selling-Durward won, Almonr second, Tallac third; time, 1:454.
Four furlongs—Bernola won, Sublime cond. Screen Well Lake third: time.

Mile and a sixteenth, selling-Topmast won, Morinel second, Cormorant third; Six furlongs, selling-Peace won, Novia cond, Clarandol third; time, 1:16, One mile, selling—Grand Sachem won, Charles Lebel second, Wild Het third;

ime, 1:45% Bench Show at Chiengo. CHICAGO, March 7,-The tenth annual

# From present appearances this motion will prevail, unless all the Democratic and Populist members of the Senate should oppose it and be joined by those Republicans FROM DEATH BY PERUNA



MRS. H. H. OVERMANN'S TWO LITTLE GIRLS.

Enclosed find a picture of my two little girls who couldn't be without their Pe-u-na. They have both had the measles since I last wrote to you, but even through he sickness I gave them the Pe-ru-na.

"We have used Pe-ru-na constantly for the past two years with our children and have received the most satisfactory results. We would not be without it. The youngest one, Elsle, is the one that had bronchial trouble, and had it not been for your medicine she would have choked to death. It has done wonders for her. Yours gratefully, Mrs. H. H. Overmann, "2865 Winslow Ave., Cincinnati, O."

Mrs. L. G. Vandegriff, Carrollton, Ga., but they leave a foundation for chronic writes: "I indorse your Pe-ru-na. I had catarrh in later years. Even a slight a little girl afflicted with catarrh and have had two physicians to treat her and found no relief. After using two bottles of your Peru-na she is sound and well. I am now giving it to my other children."

Mr. Joseph Kirchensteines of Crosses

Pe-ru-na she is sound and well. I am now giving it to my other children."

Mr. Joseph Kirchensteiner, 87 Croton street, Cleveland, O., says: "We have used Pe-ru-na for eight years as our family medicine. During the whole of that time we have not had to employ a physitime had to employ a physitime we have not had to employ a physitime lly medicine. During the whole of that time we have not had to employ a physician. Our family consists of seven, and we always use it for the thousand and one we always use it for the thousand and one we always use it for the thousand and one we always use it for the thousand and one we always use it for the thousand and one we always use it for the thousand and one we without it. As soon as the symptoms of cold, cough or any other affection of cold, cough or any other affection of the cold. we always use it for the thousand and one allments to which mankind is linble. We have used it in cases of scarlet fever, measles and diphtheria. Whenever one of the family feel in the least fil, mother airmays says: "Take Pe-ru-na and you will be well," or if we do not happen to have any, "We will have to get more Pe-ru-na." direction.

The ru-na is the remedy. No family should be without it. As soon as the symptoms of cold, cough or any other affection of the throat or stomach is noticed, Pe-ru-na should be given according to direction.

A vast multitude of families are relying entirely upon Pe-ru-na for safety in this direction.

bench show of the Mascoutah Kennel

Club opened at the First Regiment Arm-ory today. From the number and quality

Pe-ru-na is always satisfactory in colds and coughs."

Children are especially liable to acute catarrh. Indeed, most of the affections of childhood are catarrh. All forms of published. Only one in a thousand. sore throat, quinsy, croup, boarseness, and laryngitis are but different phases of catarrh. These affections, in the acute form, may pass away without treatment, bus, O.

of the entries, the show is expected to be the most successful ever held here. Near-ly 1200 dogs are on exhibition, including the principal entries from the recent New York bench show, and scores of other prize winners from all over the country. The exhibit will last four days

California Will Meet Yale, BERKELEY, Cal., March 7.-The University of California track team will, it conditions are satisfactory, meet Yale a New Haven on May 5. Manager de Costa of the California team, received a tele gram yesterday from the Yale manager stating that the match would be ac cepted for that date, subject to condition to be forwarded by mail. The date names is the one which Manager de Costa want ed. It will make the contest the first is which California will compete in the East The team will leave Berkeley on April 23, and will reach New Haven May 3. De Costa has received a challenge from

the University of Michigan for a date or the return trip. California wants this match, and will make an effort to arrange it. With Princeton, Pennsylvania and Yale, this will give four dual meets,

Mrs. Shattuck's Shooting.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 7 .- Score of women were in the big crowd today which saw Mrs. Shattuck, of Minneapolt champion woman trap shot of the world shoot with C. E. De Long, the Arkarsa champion, after De Long had just defeat ed Captain A. H. Bogardus, who helthe world's championship for 17 years. the shoot of 30 single targets, De Long broke 20 to Bogardus' IS. In the double target event, De Long smashed 13 to 16 for Bogardus. De Long then killed 16 live birds out of 20, while Bogardus settled 15, Mrs. Shattuck shattered 16 out of 20 single targets to De Long's 17. The pace event resulted in II for Mrs. Shattuck and II for De Long. Mrs. Shattuck killed 16 out of her 29 live birds. De Long scored 19 dead pigeons, and won the triangular contest.

National League Spring Meeting. NEW YORK, March 7.-The annua spring meeting of the National League and American Association of Bas-ball b gan at the Fifth-Avenue Hotel today. According to President Dreyfuss, the cir-cuit committee has finished its labors, and is ready to report. What the report contains none but the directors know.

Twenty-five Round Draw. UTICA, N. Y., March 7.—Dai Hawkins, of California, and Percy McIntyre fought a 25-round draw at the Genesee Athletic Club tonight.

Daily Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, March 7.-Today's tatement of the condition of the treasury

shows: Available cash balance.......\$298,486,623

## "He Laughs Best Who Laughs Last."

A hearty laugh indicates a degree of good health obtainable through pure blood. As but one person in ten has pure blood, the other nine should purify the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then they can laugh first, last and all the time, for

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

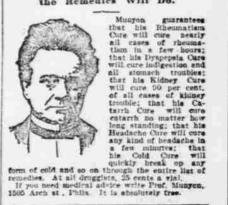


Positively cured by these

Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia. Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowstness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

6mail Pill. Small Dose. \$me!! P-ica.

MUNYON'S GUARANTEE. Strong Assertions as to Just What the Remedics Will Do.



#### NO PAIN! NO GAS

re ordered. All work done by graduate dentists f 12 to 20 years' experience; a specialist in each department. We will tell you in advance exactly what your work will cost by a free examination. Give us a call, and you will find

we do exactly as we advertise. Gold Filling ...... \$1.00



New York Dental Parlors PORTLAND OFFICE

San Francisco Office, 727 Market st., second floor History building. Hours-8 to 8; Sundays, 10 to 4. Radway's Ready Relief for all aches and ains. Safe to use by adult or infant.

N. E. Cor. Fourth and Morrison Sts.

DRESS SHIRTS, E. & W.