WILL VOTE TODAY

Senate Postponed Action on Hawaiian Bill.

McLAURIN IS FOR EXPANSION

He Declared That the South Wants i Share of the Oriental Trade.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.-Notwithstanding the agreement made by the Senate to vote on the Hawalian Government bill at today's session, the final vote on the measure was postponed until 4 o'clock tomorrow. Practically no progress was consideration nearly four hours. Aldrich, chairman of the finance committee, at the opening of the session, made an explanation of the work of the conferees on the financial measure, his statement resulting in an unexpected and spirited debate.

One of the features of the session was the speech of McLaurin on the Philippine uestion. He is the first Democrat in the senate to declare himself for expansion. He scouted what he called the "bugbear of imporialism" with which some of colleagues were trying to frighten the blowing up of the mill. Subsequently, howof politics, and maintained that the ac ition of the Philippines would be of immense advantage to this country. cially the South, by opening to the United States the trade of the Orient.

The Proceedings.

Aldrich (Rep. R. I.) called up the con-ference report on the financial bill and made an explanation of the differences between the Senate bill and the conference bill. The first change was in the section defining the standard. It was, he said, purely a verbal change-a change in phraseology-and undaubtedly strengthened the section. The second change was a provision making it the express duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to maintain the reserve fund in order that the parity of United States money should be preed. Aldrich thought the Senate bIll did impose that, but the House confereer insisted that the injunction should be in-corporated in the bill in terms. The next change provided that the gold reserve ht be held in gold coin "or bullion, last two words being added becaus the facilities for the coinage of gold would not at present admit of coining the gold in sufficient quantity to maintain at all

times the reserve in gold coin. The next change, Aldrich explained, prowided distinctly that the Secretary of the R Treasury should not use the money raised by the sale of bonds for the payment of the current expenses of the Government so as to destroy all possibility that the so-called endless chain might be established. A new section was inserted providing that nothing in the present act should affect the legal-tender quality of the silver dollar or any other money of the United States, so as to remove any doubt as to the retention of the legal-tender quality of silver. The next amendment provided that two new divis-ions should be established in the Trensury Department, one of issue, and the other of redemption. The next amendment provided that so long as the aggregate amo of Unlied States notes and sliver certifi-cates in the general fund of the Treasury shall exceed \$60,000,000, the Secretary may suspend the issue of certificates. This, Aldrich said, was simply another way of protecting the reserve. The next amend-ment provided that the Secretary of the Treasury might issue 10 per cent of the total volume of silver certificates in notes d large donominations for convenience to banks and those handling large sums of money. The next amendment provided for the Issue, first, of silver certificates of small denominations. Aldrich explained that the provisions in the Senate substitute, in the opinion of the Secretary of Treasury might cause a contraction of the currency. The next amendment pro-vided for the coimage of subsidiary sil-ver to the amount of \$29,000,000 in addi-

assist in the betterment of any measure that might be brought before the Senate. Telter (Sil. Rep. Colo.) offered an amendment to the section of the bill providing judges for the Hawailan courts, creating a Territorial Judge, who should have full jurisdiction over all national matters excepting those relating to admiralty. The incussion continued for two hours and a half.

Morgan (Dem. Ala.), in concluding a ong speech, declared that he would prefer to see the bill defeated rather than have it passed in its present crippled and emasculated form. He had assisted in the preparation of the bill but it had been ended out of form, and he would advise people of Hawaii to remain as they are for a hundred years rather than ac-cept such a plan of government. Without yielding the floor, Morgan gave way to a suggestion of Cullom (Rep. Ill.)

that the bill go over, and that a final vote on the measure and amenoments be taken at 4 o'clock tomorrow. To this the Senate agreed, and at 6:3) o'clock adjourned.

THE WARDNER RIOTS.

Mullan Editor Testified Before the House Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.-Investigation of the course of the United States military forces, in connection with the Coeur d'Alene mining troubles in Idaho, was resumed today by the house committee on ilitary affairs.

vised Hill to open it, saying that he feit it to be so important to Whiteside to it to be so important to Whiteside to protect him from an unjust prosecution Wilbur H. Stewart, publisher of a paper that he would have advised the course even if he had been familiar with the penal statutes, which he was not. at Mullan, Idaho, testified at considerable length. He said his paper had no official connection with the miners, and he had D. R. Peeler, banker at Kallspell, no part in the riots at the time of the Mont., was recalled. His testimony was to the effect that Representative Bywater ever, he was arrested without warrant at his office by Auditor Sinslair, and sh Army had had a large package of money, con-taining between \$900 and \$7000, in the safe in his (Peeler's) bank, and had taken officer. Sinclair stated to the witness that he was accused of publishing seditious matter. A special train took him to Wal-It out previous to leaving for Helena to attend the sitting of the Legislature. He was called by the defense to explain Bymatter. A special train took nim to wal-lace, and after a night in jail be was put in the "bullpen." The officer who ar-rested him wore the uniform of the United States Army and was in charge of military forces. Mr. Stewart described water's possession of the 3000, which he said he had taken to Helena with him and kept in his trunk during the Legis. the interior of the 'pen' along the same line as previous witnesses. He said he was competied by negro soldiers to do relative session. He had seen Bywater put a \$500 bill in the package on at least two teaslons. When Peeler concluded, Hon. A. J. Campbell asked to be sworn, stating that olting work. Stewart testified that when he got sick and refused to work on ac-count of illness, negro soldiers used obhe took the stand of his own volition. He is the Montana member of the House of Representatives, and is the senior counsel for the prosecution. Mr. Campbell first cone language and oaths against him, un il the Corporal of the Guard made them lesist. The general treatment of the men

Whiteside,

Campbell) had opened the Bickford let-

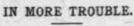
not to testify in the Wellcome dishar-

ment case, because he believed that if he should go before the Supreme Court and

rest upon his own shoulders. When the

related his connection with Thomas E. Lyons, one of the witnesses for the dein the "pen" was revolting, he said, to an American citizen. They were fre-quently insuited. Stewart will continue ense. He said that Lyons came to him saying that he had a story to tell, but that he wanted \$5000 for testifying before the his testimony when the investigation h resumed tomorrow. At the request of Representative Lents State Supreme Court or the Senate com mittee. Campbell said he told Lyons that the following witnesses were subpensed: L. J. Simpkins, Wardner; Charles Francis, could not pay him for testifying, but that he would pay him for his work in looking up corroborative testimony. Ly-ons had told him after that, that he had Montana; George Cornell, Burke. At th request of Representative Lick, the fol-owing were subpenaed: J. J. Coakley, made a deal with the Clark people by which they secured the votes of the Jeffer-non County delegation, including Senator Welser, Idaho; William Pipkins, Butte; A

Campbell, Spokane; Hugh France, Hugh Burbridge, W. C. Pipes and Roger S. Rogers, Wardner; Henry Hawes, Wallace, and Coumer Maliott, Spokine.



embers of the Legislature, he would be sbarred immediately. After coming to Third-Avenue Company, of New York, Misses a Dividend.

Washington, Campbell said, he had learned that Lyons had made an affidavit saying that Clark had offered him \$500 NEW YORK, Feb. 28 .- It is annound that the directors of the Third-Avenue to commit perjury. He had met Lyons after the latter came to Washington, and Railway Company decided to defer the payment of the 1-per-cent dividend due today until further orders of the board. said Lyons had again urged him to put up \$5000, "but I told him I could not," continued the witness. "I don't know," he added, "but that I did say that if I Mechanics' liens to the amount of \$2,879.692 were filed today against the Third-Avenue Railway Company by Naughton & Co., railway contractors. The John A. Roeb-ling Sons' Co. also filed a lien against hould do such a thing it would be the ulnation of ms. I certainly did not want to put myself in the power of such a man, while I was at the same time anxious to secure his testimony if that could be honthe same company. The Westinghous the same company. The Westinghouse Electric Manufacturing Company, of Pitas-burg, today filed a claim of \$507,861 against the Third-Avenue & Forty-Second Street, Manhattan & St. Nicholas-Avenue Com-pany. The Westinghouse, Church, Kerr & Co., of this City, also filed a claim for \$22,416. The list against, the company thus far aggregates \$5,509,204. A sized statement was issued today by rably done. Campbell also related in detail his con nection with Ben Hill, telling how the latter had come to his office and volun-teered to relate his experience as a worker for Clark. Campbell said he had made no uggestion as to any statement that

A signed statement was issued today by Vermyle & Co., Heldelbach, Ickleheimer & Co., and Hallgarten & Co., as folchould be put in the affidavit. Hill had complained, he sold, that the Clark peo-ole had treated him badly, and asked him

for money. He had then given him \$160 and told him that he would pay him for "Referring to the announ ruary 23, on behalf of the holders of a other service in collecting testimony, Hill had given him much information, and "I realized then, as I realize now, that if majority of the stock of the Third-Avenue Railroad Company, with a view to underyou want to find out what is in the mud, you have to wade in the mud." In this connection, Campbell told of taking the reorganization of its finances. we regret to state that after investiga-tion of its affairs we have concluded that the facts do not warrant our going on with the business as proposed." having Hill investigate the effort to im-pilcate Whiteside through Ben Falk It Edward Lauterbach, counsel for the the effort to get access to the returns in the Legislative election. He told of opening Bickford's letter in his (Whitecompany, said that when the dividend was declared a couple of weeks ngo, it was the belief of the directors that all ide's' office, but instead of admitting, as the money needed for obligations of the road would be promptly forthcoming. The Hill had testified, that he (Campbell) had opened the letter, he said that Hill himself had opened it. Explaining the payment of money to the subsequent failure of negotiations with two syndicates caused the directors to rescind the order. Missoula witnesses, Wright and Minshall, Campbell said it had been given to the men by his private secretary without his NEW YORK, Feb. 28-Ex-Mayor Hugh J. Grant was appointed Receiver of the Third-Avenue Railway Company by Judge Lacombe, in the United States Cir-cuit Court. All interests concerned which (Campbell's) knowledge. He had paid the draft and reproved his secretary. He had recognized that the men could not be used as witnesses, and had clearly seen the error of the step, but with the explana-tion made he was willing to accept all responsibility for the act. Campbell said appeared, including the holders of \$6,000,-000 in liens, agreed on Mr. Grant. A will be fixed by Judge Lacombe about two weeks hence, when all other persons in he had not made the alterations in the copy of Hill's affidavit exhibited here; nor terested may be heard, and Mr. Grant will then be appointed permanent Receiver. had he asked Hill to destroy the affidavit. In response to an inquiry from Senator Pettus, Campbell related the particulars

THE MORNING OREGONIAN. THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1900.

CAMPBELL ON THE STAND Bioyed as attorney by the Washee Copport ADULTERATION OF FOOD interested. Cross-examined by Mr. Faulkner, Mr. Compbell said that he had made one trib In the campaign entirely in behalf of the Clark committee, and only one. He had looked after some matters for the committee on trips he had made on other

Up to the date of the convention he was as friendly to Mr. Clark as he ever had been. "I challenge any man to say that I indicated any hostility to Mr. Clark during the campaign," he added. He had been placed in nomination by a supporter of Clark. He had, however, previous to the election, told Mr. Neill he left like never furing the greater part of the day before the Senate committee on elections. He said that, while he had attended the primary conference of friends of Mr. Clark, which resulted in the anti-Daly campaign, he had not heard much of the talk, havagain giving him his support. Mr. Faulkner questioned Mr. Campbell sharply about the letter from Mr. Bick-

ing gone to sleep. He had given the Clark people no formal notice when he decided to discontinue his allegiance to Mr. Clark, and he did not become unfriendly to Mr. Clark until he became dissatisfied which had been intercepted in his "Are you certain you did not open the letter? with his campaign methods. He emphat-ically denied Ben Hill's statement that he

"I am just as certain as that I am here." "You did not hesitate to advise him to open the letter?" "I did not."

ter bearing upon the prosecution of Mr. Whiteside, but confessed that he had ac-"And if he had not opened the letter you would have done so?" "I presume I would if there had been no other means of getting at the con-

tents of the letter." "Are you familiar with the penal stautes on the question of opening other peo-

ple's letters?" "I don't know that I am." Mr. Faulkner read the law making

misdemeaner to open mail belonging o others, and Mr. Campbell added: "I did not know about the statute a the time, but if I had known about it, should not have hesitated to open the letter to shield Mr. Whiteside when I knew there was a scheme on foot to send him to the penitentiary on a charge of which he was not guilty." Mr. Campbell was on the stand when

the committee adjourned for the day.

THE RUNNING RACES.

Yesterday's Winners at Oakland and New Orleans.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 28 .- The weath er was fine at Oakland and the track fast

The results were: One mile, selling-Telka won, Coming Event second, Aborigine third; time 1:42%. One mile, seiling-Twinkler won, Uim second, Ace third; time, 1:45%. Two-year-olds, 3½ furlongs, selling-Combermere won, Laura May second, Rollck third; time, 0:42½. Selling, mile and a sixteenth-Dr. Shep erd won, Arbaces second, Erwin third; time, 1:46. Warren and Representatives Ludby and Hill. Campbell said he had advised Lyons

Mile and a sixteenth, selling-Socialist won, Castake second, Twinkle Twink third; time, 1:45%. Six furlongs, free handicap-Frank Bell

won, Andrissa second, Loving Cup third relate his participation in the bribery of time, 1:1214.

Races at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 28.-Last night's torm made the track heavy today. The results were: One mile, selling-Loyalty won, Clarence 3. second, Bannie third; time, 1:434.

Mile and an eighth, selling-Caviar wor Fragible second, Ben Chance third; time :04%.

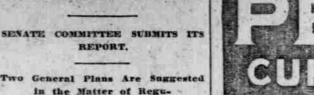
Steeplechase, short course, handlcap-Jack Hayes won, Voyageur second, Al Reeves third; time, 3:38%. The Lexington, selling stakes, half mile -Sad Sam won, Choice second, Plead hird; time, 0:51%.

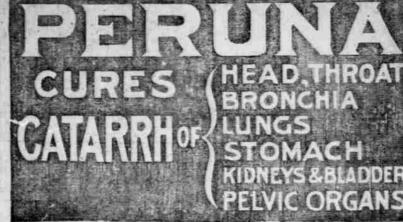
Mile and a sixteenth, handicap-Strang-st won, Sidney Lucas second, Eva Rice est won, Shiney third; time, 1:54%, etc. furiongs, selling-Zaza won, Indian

second, My Chicken third; time, 1:39%.

Chiengo Spring Stakes.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.-Entries for the Harlem and Lakeside Jockey Club spring stakes will close tomorrow. In order to be eligible all nominations must be handed in orm alled before midnight Thursday. Seven stakes for Harlem and five for Lakeside make up the list. With Wash-





Booker, T. Washington Writes: "I have never taken any medicine that has improved me as much as Peruna. For catarrh it is certainly a blessing."

Cebu. The total amount of export duties of the best coal going to Newcastle to llected was \$3,512, of which \$555 was llected at Manila, \$1759 at Ho Ho and thracite weighs twice as much as Euro-\$14,473 at Cebu. Other duties collected pean anthractic, and takes but half the brought the total collection of customs in the islands for the month up to \$369,308. In the islands for the month up to \$369,308. duct, because of the advantage in railroad-

TRAIN ROBBERS KILLED.

Shot by Officers While Resisting Arrest.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 28 .- Lon Curry, one of the trainrobbers who was engaged in the Wilcox, Wyo., hold-up on the Union Pacific last June, when somehing like \$30,000 was secured, was shot and killed by officers near here this morn-

ng while resisting arrest. Curry was visiting the home of his aunt and cousin, Mrs. Bob Lee and Miss Lizzie Lee, in the country, 10 miles south of Kan-sas City, and had been there a week Thomas Savers, assistant superintendent of the Pinkerton office at San Francisc liscovered Logan at Cripple Creek, Colo. two weeks ago, but lost him, and finally traced him to Kansas City, where he ap-pears to have arrived February 18. Yesterday Logan was located at the Lee home, and early this morning three local detectives and three Pinkertons, including Sayers, surrounded the house and called on him to surrender. Instead, Curry darted out of a rear door, pistol in hand. As he reached the gate and turned to fire, a volley from the detectives caused him to waver. He ran 150 yards across the road and into a cornfield before he fell. When the detectives reached him he was breathing his last. There was a ullet wound through his head. His re-

volver was still clutched in his hand. Curry was placed in a wagon and brought to the morgue in Kansas City.

New York Sun.

od products, and that the board estab

roducts that the revenue plan seem lation to

alder was made Maryland Silver Democrats. whether imports come up to

Baltimore American. A patient looking, mud-bespattered relever dog, carrying an advertising sign, attracted considerable attention in front of the Baltimore & Ohio building, where, to the amazement of the pedestrians, he quietly smoked a clay pipe. At regular intervals he puffed smoke from his mouth, and appeared to be in

freights.

a pondering mood, utterly oblivious to the attention he was attracting. Investigation proved that the dog was smoking pretty good tobacco. He bothered nobody did not himself obstruct the sidewalk, but a mischlevous newshry made several ef orts to soutch the pipe from the canin moker, but the dog held it fast between is teeth. Finally, the boy struck the uis peeth. pipe with his hand and knocked it half way across the street. The hitherto peace-ful canine sprung at the boy and selzed the back part of his coat, making a feroclous attack on his tormentor. A stroke from the care of Officer Rafferty caused the dog to let go, but he followed the fleeing boy across the street, and only for the fact that the urchin took refuge in a tore, the dog would have probably overtaken him. The poor brute barked vic-lously for awhile, and then returned to the other side of the street, picked up his ipe and walked away.

Newsboy Interrupts a Quiet Smoke,

"It would serve that boy right if the dog had bitten him," remarked a compassionate looking lady,

Good Times In Germany.

New York Post. An index of German prosperity has been ound in the increasing number of Ger-nans who visit Italy. In 1896 the number of German tourists who traveled on the Jotthard Railway was 28,000; in 1899 it was 0,000. Of Swiss Cities, Lucerne benefits most by this annual migration.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 .- Today's state-nent of the condition of the treasury thows: Available cash balance\$301.297,008

CHICAGO, Feb. 28 .- A dispatch to th Times-Herald from Des Moines, Ia., says: After an all-day discussion, the Hughes anti-free pass bill lacked one vote of passing in the House. Various attempts

The little "sparks" of bad blood lurking the blood of both sexes and all ages. Cures scrofula, salt rheum, dyspepsia; catarrh.

Never Disappoints

EF FER VES CENT

a cure for and a preventive of Indiges

A

ensive investigation of food adulterations Accompanying the report is a great mass of testimony, taken in the leading cities of America. The report says the import-ance of the investigation made and the legislation proposed cannot be too strong-ly emphasized. If adds: "The adulteration of prepared or manufactured foods is very extensively prac-tised, and in many cases to the great discredit of our manufacturers. It is only fair to say, however, that a large propor-tion of the American manufacturers who

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28. - The Senate

committee on manufactures today sub-mitted to the Senate a report on the ex-

are engaged in adulterating food product in order to meet competitu "It is the purpose of this committee

adopt this uniform rule: To prohibit the sale of deleterious and unhealthy food products, and as to those food products which are simply cheapened, by adulter-ants, to compel the marking of those goods for what they are. Deleterious food products should be prohibited, and the rest thoroughly regulated.

"There have been two general ways sug-gested as to the matter of regulation. First, to put the important food products under the internal revenue law, as we have in the case of butter, filled cheese, and, at the last Congress flour. The pure-flour bill has absolutely prohibited the sale of adulterated flour, which was ound to be in many cases dangerous to ublic health, and has increased the sale punic mention, and has increased the sale of American flour probably 25 per cent in other countries. If the rule established by this committee can be carried out, as to our other food products, we will not only protect the consumer and the honest manufacturer who is willing to sell his

ods for what they are, but we will also establish a reputation for our food produts which will assist us to find a ready market for them in other countries:

"The other plan to regulate the food products is contained in Senate bill 2426 and establishes a department under the Secretary of Agriculture, and provides for the establishment of a board which shall fix the standards for foods, drinks and for drugs, based on the American pharmacopoela. The strong argument against this plan is the fact that it would be cumbersome to take all the small articles of food products that are now adulterated and allow their sophistication or adulteration for the purposes of cheapening and

equire a stamp upon each of the small ackages offered for sale. "To illustrate: The evidence before the mmittee shows that all of our peppers, innamon, cloves and spices generally, icluding ginger and mustard, are adul-rated. One manufacturer testified

erated. that he adulterated these largely with coanut shells, and that the amount of adulterants depended upon the man who ordered it. Sometimes as high as 60 per nt will be put in. It would be difficult, may be seen at a glance, to establish law for spices, to compel them to stamp as mixed spice every package sold. It may be that such cumbersome legislation will have to be made in order properly to ounish those who adulterate their goods, out it is hoped that Senate bill 2426 will each all interstate traffic in manufactured

ished will have power to fix standards based upon what is now the standard in the American Pharmacopoeia.

the real purpose of the bill meets with opposition and defeat, for this committee

Prince and has deputed the Duke of Ver-agua, who attended the World's Fair as the representative of Columbus, to convey the order to Berlin. Queen Victoria, who intends to give the Crown Prince the Order of the Garter on his 18th birthday, in

May next, is said to be much annoyed, as she wished the Garter to be the first great foreign order bestowed on her great-Anti-Pass Bill Killed.

"In the case of butter, cheese and flour he frauds practiced were so apparent and lealt so with the most important food wise, and it may become necessary, if have prepared and ready revenue legisreach some of the most glaring evils, by adding it to the next revenue

bill." The committee takes up the matter of ington Park in the field, the Chicago the importation of adulterated food and "If it is the policy to restrict our citizens to the use of pure food, we certainly should apply the same rule to foreigners who manufacture goods to be sold in this country. There is no doubt in the minds of the committee that large amounts of imported goods are sold in this country the sale of which goods would be prohibit ed in the country from which they came." The committee gives some glaring in-stances of this unwholesome and unjust ompetition, which reputable American lealers and manufacturers have to meet and recommends the establishment of standards of purity for various articles and the establishment at ports of entry of inexpensive examinations and tests to

Anticipated Queen Victoria. Queen Christina of Spain has conferred Golden Fleece on the German Crown

Daily Treasury Statement.

dd reserve .. 232,049,738

"A Little Spark May Make Much Work." had been made to kill the bill with amend ments and by the indirect means of lay-ing it on the table. The merning votes

in the system should be quenched with Hood's Sarsaparilla; America's great blood purifier. It purifies, vitalizes and enriches

Hood's Sarsaparilla

ATTORNEY FOR THE PROSECUTION IN THE CLARK CASE TESTIFIED. "Were you paid by C. W. Clark for your His Reasons for Withdrawing His Two services on these trips?" "I was not: Mr. Clark wrote me asking me to keep an account of my expenses and saying he would pay me \$15 a day for my services. I did not, however, except anything and was not paid." Up to the date of the convention he was as friendly to Mr. Clark as he ever had Support from the Senator-The Blekford Letter. Intion.

WASHINGTON, Feb, 28 .- Congressman Ca apbell, principal counsel for the prose-cution in the Clark case, was on the stand

tion to the \$\$0,000,000 now in The next amendment provided that Na tional banks with a capital of \$25,000 might be organized in towns of 3000 inhab-Itanta, instead of 4000. An amendment also was made to permit banks to issue one-third of their circulation notes in denominations of \$5, because banks in remote parts of the country needed a good deal of currency in small bills in order nodate customers.

Allen (Pop. Neb.) interrupted that there was no such demand from his section of the country, and the amendment was simply in line with the committee's pol icy to cuter to the desires of the bu nks A lively political colloquy ensued between the two Senators, during which Aidrich said that, as Allen had just returned from a Populist conference and a confer-ence with his candidate for the Presidency, he was presumably speaking with authority. He also intimated that Bryan might have changed his views on the money question since the last report

This aroused the Nebraska Senator, who anled that he had been in conference with Bryan, and said the sneers of the Sena-(Aldrich) directed at a man who was in every respect his equal were unwar-ranted and uncalled for. Allen said he wanted to enter his protest against the assumption of Aldrich that he was a Democrat, and he explained wherein he differed from the Democratic policy. In response to a question from Wol-

cott (Rep. Colo.), Allen said: "I don't want to bandy any words with

Senator for the benefit of the galler ies. There have been some boodling Re-publicans in our party (referring to Wolcott's reference to the Middle-of-the-Road Populisis), but as St. Patrick did with the makes, we swept them at our recent conference into the ocean." (Laughter.) Resuming his explanation of the changes a the financial bill, Aldrich said the inst amendment was a slight change in the section relating to bimetalism. He thought it eminently desirable to say to the nations of the world that the United States was on the gold standard and would re-main in that position until it was prepared to enter into an agreement with regard to the use of silver. At the conclusion of Aldrich's state-

ment, McLaurin (Dem. La.) was recognized to deliver an adjourned speech upon Philippine question. The fact that he is in favor of the pollcy of expansion and thus differs from his Democratic collagues rendered his speech of interest. McLaurin said the Philippine question wiss not a political question, and strongly deplored the position the Democratic Senators had taker. He dweit particularly on the great opportunities afforded by the Islands for trade between Americans and

the nations of the Orient. ""Will the United States," McLaurin asked, "throw away the golden opportu-nity by giving up the Philippines? I am in favor of holding them, and I believe the Southern farmers and manufacturers will sustain me in my position. I believ further that the presence of the United States and its flag, the emblem of human freedom, progress and civilization will carry to the millions in the Orient innu-merable blessings, which in the coming years will be for their betterment and amelloration, and will conduce to the per-petuity and glory of our free institutions and the commercial supremacy of the Na-

When McLaurin had concluded, consideration of the Hawallan Government bill was resumed. Allen made a general at-tack upon the bill. He declared that the Republicans were "actuated by a wild and unrestricted dream of power," and was taken to task by Spooner (Rep. Wis.), who said that annexation had been ac-complished and was beyond review, and he could not understand how any Senator could refuse, as Allen had refused, to THE MAYA REBELLION.

Mexican Indians and Federal Troops in a Battle.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28 -- A special to the Record from Oaxaca, Mexico, says: Information has reached the military au-thorities here of desperate fighting he-

tween the Government troops and the Maya Indians during the fast seven days. The fighting began on February 21, when

a force of about 600 Indians attacked a regiment of General Brave's troops be-tween Sahan and Okop. The battle insted several hours, and resulted in but slight losses to the Government forces. Five sol-diers were killed and two officers and 15 woldiers worned. The Indians extended from the Clark campaign was that he did not wish to enter the boodle campaign, "which I was then satisfied that campaigu was to be," he said. "Did you realize it was to be a boodle campaign when you attended the meet-ing?" asked Senator Caffery. soldiers wounded. The Indians retreated to their intrenchments, carrying with them

ver 100 killed and wounded. "Why did you not then withdraw?" "I can hardly say why, but after think-ing it over, I concluded I did not want to go into the fight. I notified Mr. McDer-On the following day another brisk skir, mish was brought about by an advanced detachment of Government troops attempting to reconnoiter the position of the inmott three or four weeks after the meetdians. Three Mexicans were killed in that fight. On February 15 a force of fully Senator Caffery then asked Campbell 1200 Mayas attacked the outposts of the Government troops, and, after driving in the sentries, a desperate attack was made why he had undertaken the prosecution of the case, to which the witness replied: "When the campaign was opened and after I had been nominated for Congress, I took no part in the factional controarmed with Krag-Jorgensens, which they armed with Krag-Jorgensens, which they had obtained from traders, and they poured a hot fire into the Mexican camp. Several pieces of light artillery were brought into use by the Mexicans, and the rebust were driven hack. "Unde here versy. December 15. Whiteside, who had been elected to the State Senate, came to me and told me that it was his intention to expose bribery if any was discovered in connection with the Senatorial contest, and as I had been his attorney, he asked my counsel I told him if he entered the robels were driven back. Their loss-es are believed to have been heavy. Ten soldiers were wounded and one killed. my counsel I told him if he entered upon such an undertaking he should be careful not to let the entire responsibility The Indians have established their main

camp in an almost impregnable forest. The rebels have free communication with the people of British Honduras, who are said to be in sympathy with their cause.

California Earthquakes.

ANAHEIM, Cal., Feb. 28 .- James Pach in and W. R. Krebs, who have arrived ere from the Santiago Mountains, report that there have been many earthquake shocks in that section since last Christmas, being very severe on January 22 and February 2. No serious damage is known to have been done, as there are few habiations there.

Annual Report of Deutsch Bank.

BERLIN, Feb. 28 .- The annual report of he Deutsch Bank shows a turn-over of 50,770,000,000 marks. This is an increase of 5,375,000,000 marks. The gross earnings were 29,000,000 marks, or an increase of Campbell again referred to his attendance upon the Clark conference, saying that he had given no attention to the discussion of ,000,000 marks, and the net earnings were 0,000,000 marks, or an increase of 1,000,000, money matters, and knew nothing of the The dividend declared was 11 per cent.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cold in one day. No cure no pay. Price 25c. stakes and purses this year.

Knocked Out in the Sixth. SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 28.-Buck Stelzner knocked out Al Bellevue in the sixth round at the Springfield Athletic Club here tonight.

NINE MINERS ENTOMBED.

imprisoned Men Can Be Heard Tapping on the Walls.

REDDING, Cal., Feb, 28 .- A cave-in o curred in the Iron Mountain mine today, entombing nine miners. Owing to the natural caverns existing, the mine could not be properly timbered, and the lack of these standards. supports caused the accident. A large force of men is engaged in the work of rescue. The imprisoned men can be heard tapping on the walls; and it is hoped that they can all be rescued alive, though the air pipes are broken and foul air may regarding his attiendance at the meeting cause the death of the men. The names of the imprisoned miners are: Mac Broom, R. McCallick, J. Oates, A. Oates, A. Cavaof Senator Clark's friends at the latter's office at the beginning of the compaign. He said he was invited by Clark to attend naugh, A. Van Buren, D. E. Ross, H. Cantillion and one unknown. Late this afternoon, Ross and Cavathe meeting, and had gone in response to this request. He had, however, gone to

deep during the meeting and knew little ugh were rescued. Both men are sught to be seriously injured. A large naugh of what took place. Soon afterwards he had told Mr. McDermett that he did not rock was resting on Cavanaugh's head desire to enter the campaign. Previous to that time he had been opposed to the Daly faction. His reason for withdrawing when he was reached. The relief party reports hearing noises, which are believed come from J. Oates and A. Oates, tim ber men, who, according to the positions occupied by the workmen previous to the cave-in, were just beyond Cavanaugh. The location of the other five men is un-

Mrs. Schmidlap Dead.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 28 .- Mrs. Schmidiap, who was injured in the rall-road wreck near Independence last night, died at the University Hospital today. Her husband, who lay on a cot in an ad-joining ward, asked repeatedly during the night concerning his wife and daughter. Although his injuries are not dangerous, the attending physician did not consider

It wise to let him know of the fatalities, and he was led to believe that his folks were resting easily. Blame for the wreck is attached to no

one. It is conceded that the storm had rendered conditions such that the wreck could not have been forestalled.

WHEN MERRITT RETIRES.

General Brooke Will Command the Department of the East.

Legislature met I war summoned to Hel-ena by Whiteside. I wont there and re-mained with him until the exposure, giving WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 .- Major-General John R. Brooke, who has been in this city since his recent detachment from him, from time to time, such advice as I could in his proceeding. Then I went home, intending to have no more to do duty as Governor-General of Cuba, has delegated for the military depart-of the East, with headquarters at with the matter. After that, Clark's friends and the public press of the State, influenced, as I believe, by money, hegan New York. The change in that command will not occur until June next, when Ma-jor-General Wesley Metritt will retire immediced, as I believe, by money, began an attack upon me, making the direct charge that I had been guility of putting up the money used in that exposure. I immediately went back to Helena, deter-mined to make the beet fight I could and to stay in it to the finish." With Campbell still on the stand the committee code the mean General Brooke was offered his choice of the commands of the Department of the Lakes and the Department of the East, and expressed his preference for the latter assignment, General Merritt's retire ment will result in the promotion of Brig-adler-General E. S. Otis (Major-General, committee took its usual noon recess. At he opening of the afternoon session. Mr. United States Volunteers), commanding the military forces in the Philippines, to the grade of Major-General in the regular establishment

Earthquake in Nevada.

financial affairs of the committee. He had financial affairs of the committee. He had not given formal notice of the severance of his relations with the Clark people. He said the first business he had ever had for Mr. Daly was in September, 1898. He WINNEMUCCA, Nev., Feb. 28.-An earthquake shock visited this section at 1:25 P. M. It was especially noticed in had then been engaged in one transaction The earth rocked suffiand last June had been regularly em-

Presidential Nominations.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.-The President today sent the following flominations to the Senate

Major R. M. O'Reilly, surgeon to b Deputy Surgeon-General, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel; Captain J. Wake man, Assistant Surgeon to be Surgeon with the rank of Major: Second Lieuten ant C. H. Whipple, jr., First Artillery, to be Second Lieutenant of Infantry.

Homestead Entries of Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 .- The House amittee on public hands today reported favorably on the bill giving to soldiers or sailors who served in the Spanish or Philpoine wars an allowance of their time of ervice on any homestead entry they may have made.

WEATHER IN THE EAST.

Heavy Snow and High Winds Inter fere With Traffic.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 .- Chief Moore of the Weather Bureau, today issued the lowing special bulletin:

eratic State Convention will be called t "Snow has fallen to a depth of from order at 10 o'clock tomorrow for the pu eight to 15 inches in Illinois, Northern Inpose of nominating a candidate for C gress and to elect six delegates to diana and Eastern Missouri, and special reports received at noon indicate that the National Convention, The Republican State Convention will meet Friday. heavy snow and high winds will seriously interfere with traffic from Northern Ohlo over Western Indiana and the Lower Castro's Life Attempted. Lake region, and the interior of New York tonight. In Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland and Virginia the CARACAS, Venezuela, Feb. 28:-During the carnival procession yesterday, a Ven-

temperature conditions favor rain, chang-ing tonight to snow." ezuelan fired two shots at President Cipriano Castro without effect. Castro was afterwards acclaimed by the populace. The City is quiet.

Chicago Snowbound.

CHICAGO, Feb. S.-Chicago was snow-bound today by the heaviest fall of snow ver recorded by the local weather bu reau . In the 24 hours ending tonight at midnight, 11.4 inches of snow fell, and the duces twice as much gas as European or American coal. For this reason, the Auseffect was disastrous on travel and traffic. cars were blocked by the huge Mails were delayed, stock trains drifts. stalled, business interefered with and many accidents caused by the storm.

A Montreal Outlet,

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.-An outlet to fontreal has been secured by the Rutland Railroad Company by the purchase United Counties Railroad. The The United Counties Railroad runs from Iberville to Sorel, Quebec Province, a distance of is miles Besides, it has running powers on the Montreal & Atlantic Railway.

Philippine Revenues.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 .- The War De ariment has announced the customs re-cepts in the Philippine Islands by ports for the month of November. The total amount of import duties collected was \$227,607, of which \$293,400 was collected at cient to startle every one in the building. Manila; \$18,836 at Ilo Ilo and \$15,371 at

BALTIMORE, Feb. platform Democrats of Maryland hel their State convention for the purpose of choosing delegates to the Kansas Cit National Convention in Grand Army Hal tonight. eNariy every County in the State was represented. In case the regular was represented. In case the regular State Democratic Convention declares for the gold standard and selects delegates, i is the avowed intention of the silver wing of the party to go to Kansas City and contest the seats of the gold men.

indicated that the bill would pass, but

changed their minds and voted "No" of

the final roll-call. No motion to recon

during the noon recess several m

Cervera's Lost Fleet.

NEW YORK, Feb, 28-A special to the Herald from Washington says: All chance of saving any of the Spanish

armored cruisers sunk off Santiago has gone. Word has reached the Navy De partment that the Cristobal Colon, which was pushed on the beach by the cruise New York after the battle with Cervera's ommand, has slid into deep water department long ago gave up the idea of saving the Colon.

an early day to recall some of the large

vessels now in the Philippines. It is prol

Monadnock will soon be ordered home.

able that the Oregon, the Monterey and

Mrs. Craven's Daughter Testified.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 28.-In the Fair-

Craven case today, Mrs. Margaret Koch-ler, daughter of Mrs. Craven, testified that

tween her mother and Senator Fair in New York in June, 1892, and that when she met Senator Fair for the first time after

the marriage Senator Fair asked her "how she liked her new father."

Utah State Conventions.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Feb. 28.-The Dem-

Curious Facts About Coal.

Australian soft or bltuminous coal pro-

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

trallan coal is imported into Europe, al-though it is very costly. This is a case

rears

ing but soap.

skin.

Pears' soap is noth-

Pure soap is as gen-

tle as oil to the living

she was shown the marriage contract b

Naval Vessels to Return.

is a cure for and a preventive of Indiges tion, Constitution, Billiousness, Headache, Heartburn Rheumatism, Fever, Liver and Kidney Complaints. It purifies the blood and clears the complexion. Its daily use gives perfect health. Dr. Bocas C. Jover, New York City, states: "I make it a regular thing with verybody that sends for me to order your Abbey's Salt. They use it not only when ill, but continue its use. All praise it." All Druggists. 250.300. and \$z a bottle. WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.-The further increase by the acquisition of three more Spanish gunboats of Admiral Watson's naval force in the Philippines, as report-ed by the Admiral yestorday, will make The second second second second possible for the Navy Department at

10.0

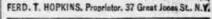
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BEAUTIFIES AS



A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever. [R. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Preckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Sain dis and every blemisk on beauty and define detection. If has most the test of a years, and is so harmless we taste it to harmheis we naste i to be size it is property main. A c c epit na counterfeit of shallas mane. Dr. L. A. Say ret said to a ludy of the hasto ton (a patient) "As you ladies will us them. I recommende "Courseling harmhal of the hast harmhal of ia, and P. N





Positively cured by these

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsie. Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A per-

ness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Fill. Small Dose Small Price.

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fect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsl-