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I pay taxes and am a perms

nent resident of Portland. I am not here today and away tomor-row. I guarantee my work, and

am here to make my guarantee

good. I am interested in the progress and prosperity of our

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my reasons for soliciting your

for doing as skillful work as

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than any traveling optician

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OREGONIAN BUILDING

HOSPITAL SHIP MISSOURL

olulu.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—The hospital

ship Missouri was lying in the harbor at Honolulu when the steamer Alameda left

soldlers on board when she started from

United Verde Injunction,

appellate division of the supreme court

by the lower court, restraining the direc-

tom of the United Verde Copper Company and a majority of the stockholders of the

same concern from selling the stock of the

corporation at public auction, in order to reincorporate under the laws of another

state, was today reversed and the injunc-

Riots in Martinique.

FORT DE FRANCE, Martinique, Feb. 9.

-A mob of about 1200 has since last Mon-day been preventing the harvesting of sugar cane. The movement is extending and troops have been sent in all direc-

From Sale of Public Lands

WASHINGTON, Feb. S .- Senator Depew

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.-By order of the

order vacating the injunction granted

"Difficult eyes" is my special-

munity. All of my purchases

onage. I have every facility

Portland

Citizens.

ty.

SPRING STYLES



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CREGONIAN BUILDING

THE BORNEO REBELLION.

British Capture Two Ports, but Not Rough Passage From Manila to Honthe Rebel Lender.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 8.-The steamer City of Dublin, from the Orient, has ad-vices that the punitive expedition of the British North Borneo police, sent against Many coeffingly rough passage after leaving man of Matsalieh's men were killed. He himsengers died, most of them from wounds are a nosition in the bush sengers died, most of them from wounds are and from dysentery. The French steamer La Seyne has been The Missouri had 22 sick and wrecked in Rio straits. Her passengers and nalls were saved by the steamer Wilhelm | Manila Dutch. Turn have gone from Singapore to the scene of the wreck.

Bryan's Lecture.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.-W. J. Bryan tonight delivered his lecture on "Pending Problems" before the George Ricards post, A. R., at the Brooklyn Academy of oadc. It was this address that Mr. Bryan delivered at Carnegie Music hall in this city Thursday night last. lef feature of it was his presentation of the allver question. The academy was crowded, and Mr. Bryan was liberally ap-plauded throughout his address. Mr. the allver question. Bryan, in addition to speaking on the silquestion, denounced imperialism and the British in the war in South Africa.

Refused the Boer Resolutions. EACRAMENTO, Feb. 2.- The assembly EACRAMENTO, Feb. 2.—The assembly today refused to adopt resolutions extending sympathy to the Boers, and protesting sympathy to the Boers, and protest-ling against the ratification of the proposed treaty with Great Britain relative to the Nicansaya cannal. Nicaragua canal.

Bogots Not Captured.

COLON, Colombia, Feb. 5 (via Gaiveston).—The report circulated in the United Biates that Bogota, capital of Colombia, had fallen into the hands of the insurgents without foundation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Senator Dependent of the position intermittently the whole day. The Seaforth Highlanders guilled a position on a rocky summit and kept up a sustained rifle fire, but suffered somewhat from the Boers' shelling. A battery was sent and succeeded in sinow prescribed by law.

His Army Forced Back Across the Tugela.

M'DONALD RETIRED TO THE MODDER

Both These Movements Are Surmised to Occupy the Boers While Roberts Begins Central Advance.

LONDON, Feb. 10, 4:20 A. M.-London accepts as true the Boer statements that General Buller has failed again. These statements were passed by the British censor at Aden, and are read in the light of Mr. Balfour's announcement in the commons that General Buller is not pressing his advance. Winston Churchill wires that Vanikrants was impracticable for the guns which were needed to support a further advance. His cablegram leaves General Buller Tuesday night sending a fresh brigade to relieve the tired holders (Verbeauter and support and support at the Boers blocking the main drift Koolarshers and support and support and support and support at the Boers blocking the main drift Koolarshers and support and support at the Boers blocking the main drift for the support and support at the sup

of Vaalkrantz. The descriptive writers with General Buller were allowed a rather free hand again in explaining the ugly position which the British held and the natural obstacles which had to be overcome. So it is easy to infer that, with Boer riflemen and artillery defending, these hills, ravines and jungles have not been overcome, and thus the public is prepared in ad-

vance for bad news. Hellograms from Ladysmith, dated Mon-day, describe the effect General Buller's cannonade had on the worn garrison Hope ran high that the long period of in activity and tedium was drawing to a close. The crash of guns was almost con tinuous for 10 hours, and at times i seemed as if as many as 20 shells burst in a minute. The Boers, preparing always for the possibility of defeat, were driving herds and sending long wagon trains toward the Drakensberg passes. Intense darkness and silence followed, broken only by frogs crosking and the occasional blaze of star shells, surrounding the town with a circle of light to prevent the unobserved approach of the enemy. A series of Brit-ish mines, laid for the Boers, exploded accidentally, shaking and alarming the city and camp

General MacDonald's retirement puzzles the military commentors. The theory that finds acceptance is that it was or-dered by Lord Roberts, and that both General Buller's and General MacDonaid's operations were by the direction of the commander-in-chief, in order to occupy the Boers at widely separated points so they would be unable to transfer any por-tion of their forces to oppose the projected central advance.

Charles Williams, a military writer who is understood to be in confident relations with Lord Wolseley, says that beyond doubt the most authoritative opinion in London regards it as probable that an endeavor will be made to force the line of the Orange river before Wednesday night,

the Orange river to the possibly by Monday, Henry W. Lacy says the health of Sir Alfred Milner, governor of Cape Colony, Alfred Milner, governor of Cape Colony, and Lord Salisbury's son, Lord Edward Ce-cil, is responsible for Mafeking being so well provisioned. At the outbreak of the war he learned the amount of army stores about to be sent to Mafeking, and on his Sole Distributor for Oregon own initiative pledged his private means

> in Mafeking, and is one of its boldest de enders.
>
> A dispatch to the Times from Kooders. berg, dated Thursday, February 8, says: "It is reported that Boer reinforcements are arriving from Magersfontein. Our position is easily tenable, but the entire force has been ordered to return to Mod-

> der River timorrow.' The Times has the following from Kimberiev, dated February 8:

> "The Boer big guns shelled us all day yesterday, but nobody was killed." The correspondent of the Times at Lou-renco Marques, under date of February & Bays: "Recent visitors to Inhambane report that the Portuguese customs authorities

> there selred a quantity of arms and am-munition consigned under a false descrip-

The first lord of the admiralty, George J. Goschen, is preparing estimates for a large increase of the navy. It is thought the Seventh division will soon be heard of possible that parliament will be asked for

feet two inches for artillery.

Dr. Leyds has issued in Brussels a state-ment for publication in England, denying the purported interviews in which he is "Le reported as predicting the intervention of the powers in the event the British invade the Free State. He says he is convinced that the war will continue as long as the two republics have arms and ammunition. If the Mauser cartridges give out, the Boers, he asserts, will fall back upon Martini-Henry rifles, for which they have a supply of ammunition that is practical-

ly inexhaustible. A special dispatch from Spearman's Camp, dated Friday noon, says that, ow-ing to the Boer cross-fire and the impos-sibility of intrenching Vasikrants, General Buller's force withdrew. The Finan-cial News, which publishes this dispatch. suggests that General Buller has not yet actually recrossed the Tugela.

THE NEWS FROM BOER CAMPS.

Report That Buller Was Driven Back Across the Tugeln. HEAD LAAGER, Ladysmith, Feb. 7 .-

An armored train yesterday made a sortie from Cheveley toward Colenso and landed 2000 British troops on the right of the Boer position. The Boers immediately crossed over and made an attack with rifles and artillery, forcing the withdrawal of both the train and the troops to Cheve-

Fighting on the Upper Tugela river asted until 8:30 o'clock Tuesday evening, Particulars are lacking. Firing at Colenso and along the Upper Tugein has been proceeding since 5 o'clock this morning. Peb, S.—The British who were in posses-sion of the kopje at Molez drift aban-doned it after a bombardment of Boer cannon this morning, and retired across the Tugela river to their former position. A desuitory cannonade is proceeding a the Tugela this morning, but otherwise everything is quiet,

ON METHUEN'S LINE.

Failure of a British Movement Against the Boers. KOODERSBERG DRIFT, Feb. 8.-The Boers yesterday made a determined at-tempt to drive the British from a hill commanding the drift. Mounting two seven-pounders at the northern extremity, they shelled the position intermittently the

lencing the Boer fire. Meanwhile two com-panies of the Argyll Highlanders, advan-cing along the plain in a westerly direc-tion, found the Boers entrenched at a **BULLER FAILS AGAIN** small drift. A sharp engagement followed.

lasting the whole day.
In order completely to surround the Boers, General Babington was dispatched from the Modder river with a large force of cavairy and two batteries of horse artillery, but failed to reach here, although he started early enough in the day to enable him to get here early this afternoon. This morning, General Methuen ordered that the combined force should retire upon the Modder river which movement is now proceeding. British losses in the fighting on Wednes-day were 50 men killed or wounded.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The dispatch from Koodersberg Drift does not say whether General Babington finally joined General

MacDonald, but the word "combined" seems to indicate that he did so. A war office dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated Thursday, February 8, confirms the reports that General Gatacre has repulsed the Boers at Ben Hoek and Byrd river, and that security of both out-posts is established. In regard to General MacDonald's operations, Lord Roberts does not mention the former's retirement to the Modder river. He said: "MacDonald was dispatched to prevent

Koodersberg, and successfully established himself there in spite of the determined efforts of the Boers to dislodge him. At MacDonald's request Babington was sent with reinforcements Wednesday, February 7. Babington threatened the Boers north of Koodersberg, while another force drove off the Boers southward." The dispatch concludes with the state-

The enemy has now evacuated his position, and none is in eight."

THE NEWS IN LONDON.

Long Silence Had Aroused the Apprehension of the Public. LONDON, Feb. 8.—The news of Buller's retirement spread rapidly, and naturally disappointment was visible on all sides. although the long silence from the Upper Tugela had already aroused the apprension that Buller might have found it impossible to go forward, in which case he would have no option but to cross

the river. war office has evidently heard nothing of Buller's retreat. When shown the Boer dispatch, the officials appeared ut-terly dumfounded. Apparently they had not the least suspicion of the possibility of such an outcome to the operations. A dispatch dated Frere Camp, February but probably written with the advanced nes on Wednesday, and sent to Frere

runner, says; 'A force of the enemy are on both of "A force of the enemy are on both of our flanks, and continue to render our position extremely difficult to maintain."

Beyond the fact that Buller devoted Wednesday to bringing more artillery and troops across the Tugela, nothing is known of his movements, but that he hadly needed retrivergements is evident. badly needed reinforcements is evident from the telegram from Frere. It is still more patent that it is impossible for him to advance until the artillery has been enabled to take up forward positions for the purpose of subduing the Boer guns on both flanks. On the length of time occupied by this operation depends the duration of Buller's maintenance of deduration of Buller's maintenance of de-fense. Almost all critics point out that the many pastice, arrows to Ladysmith, self-out securing a decisive victory on the way there would only add danger to what already is a critical situation.

Another Frere camp dispatch says a

Boer prisoner asserts that the burghers expected Buller to cross at Skiet drift, own initiative paragraph is private means and the stores quadrupled. He is now and the stores quadrupled. He is now at Doorn Kloof to oppose such a passage, while on the captured hill there were only a few hundred Johannesburg

It was said today that one of the first steps to increase the home army would be the raising of 37 new horse and field batteries, with barracks on Salisbury plain, and the addition of batteries to the numerous regiments which at present are without them.

GENERAL ROBERTS' CAMPAIGN.

Movement Progressing Under Cover of Demonstrations Elsewhere. LONDON, Feb. 10.-In the Morning Post today, Spencer Wilkinson, reviewing

e military situation, says: 'Lord Roberts is evidently about to be gin his campaign, and there are signs that neral Methuen's force will make the

120,000,000 for new ghips.

The war office has reduced the minimum standard of height again—this time to as if he never seriously contemplated an five feet three inches for infantry and five attempt to relieve Ladysmith, but only a demonstration to prevent the Boers from diverting reinforcements to Magerafon-

> "Looking to the distance from Ladysmith to Kimberley, a journey in which the Boers would get little help for the transport of their forces, Lord Roberts has a clear week for the first blow which will put a new face upon the situation. This hypothesis would account for the present state of things in both the theaters of war and the peculiarities of the attacks of Monday and Tuesday would become intelligible; for if they had been intended as a serious movement, General Buller would have been largely reinforced and would have pushed the attack with greater energy."

A dispatch to the Morning Post from Modder River, dated Thursday, says that General MacDonald's and General Babington's forces will return shortly, and adds that the initiative to the reconnois-

sance emanated from headquarters. The colonial office has received a dispatch contradicting the report that the Boers had shot John McLachian, ir., and Robbins, at Harrismith, for refusing to be ommandeered.

Plumer's Force Defeated. PRETORIA, Feb. 5.—Colone: Plumer's force, on February 2, attacked the Boer position near Ramonsta and, after heavy fighting, including an endeavor to take the place by storm, the Brillish were re-

pulsed. Their loss is unknown. No Boers

By Way of Leipsie. LEIPSIC, Feb. 9.-The Neuste Nachrichen prints a special dispatch from a cor-

ler's third attempt to relieve Ladysmith

Jones' Free Coinage Substitute. WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Senator Jones, of Arkansas, today introduced a freecolnage substitute for the pending curren-cy bill. The substitute provides that from and after the passage of this act the minis of the United States shall be open to the coinage of silver, and there shall be coined dollars of the weight of 412½ grains troy of standard silver, nine-tenths fine, and upon the same terms and subject to the limitations and provisions of

Taylor May Sign the Peace Agreement Today.

WITH THE RIVAL LEGISLATURES

Republicans at London Issue War-

rants for the Arrest of Absent Democratic Members.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 9.-Late tonight the situation is somewhat changed. Adjutant-General Collier was again called into Governor Taylor's office tonight, and was in consultation with him until a late hour, but he will say nothing as to what transpired. From other and authoritative sources, however, it is learned that a de-cision has finally been reached, and that the peace agreement will probably receive the signature of Governor Taylor inside f 24 hours.
This has been a day of conferences in

Frankfort. They were in full swing from 10:30 in the morning until late tonight, and outwardly nothing tangible resulted from

On the morning train from Louisville came Attorney David W. Farleigh and Judge John W. Barr, both of whom were members of the Louisville conference on the republican side. Immediately upon arrival, Mr. Farleigh called upon Senstor Blackburn, at the Capitol hotel, and, after a few words with him, went in company with Judge Barr and General Dan Lindsay, to the office of Governor Taylor. A conference was held there from 11 o'clock until 1 o'clock, when an adjourn-

ment was taken. Later in the afternoon Sam J. Roberts, of Lexington, interval revenue collector for this district, came to Frankfort in response to a telegram from Governor Taylor, and was closeted with him for some time. Shortly after 3 o'clock, Gen-eral Lindsay, Judge Barr, Attorney Far-leigh and T. L. Edelen called at the ex-scutive office, and at once went into a

onference with Governor Taylor. About 4:30 P. M., Governor Taylor and Secretary of State Powers came out of the governor's office and held a long whispered conversation outside the door. Governor Taylor then re-entered the room and Mr. Powers left the building, governor will not sign the agreen said Mr. Powers, as he walked out of the

But notwithstanding these declarations, the democratic leaders are stating with considerable positiveness at a late hour tonight that the peace agreement will re-ceive Mr. Trylor's signature. Two demo-cratic members of the legislature put in an appearance this afternoon, the first that have been seen in Frankfort since the word was given, nearly a week ago, for all of them to keep where they could not be readily reached in case it was determined by the republicans to arrest them and take them to London. It was stated during the afternoon that a guard of soldiers had been sent to all of the trains to catch such members as might

days showered him with advice, urging him to stand firm and not surrender any-thing, to be in Frankfort by Saturday morning. They will then consider the

The impression has become general among republicans who were not par-ties to the Louisville agreement that the agreement was a complete surrender to the democrats. Taylor is thus placed in a difficult position, and has not thought It wise to make any statement regarding his intentions until he could convince the party that anything he might do would

be for the good of the party. THE REPUBLICAN LEGISLATURE. Warrants Issued For Absent Demo-

eratic Members. LONDON, Ky., Feb. 9.—The house convened at 1:15 P. M. today. Roll call showed that seven of the 33 members in town were absent. Miss Parker was elected enrolling clerk and the house went into executive session. It is understood warrants for the arrest of enough absent members of both houses to constitute a orum will be issued.

In the executive joint session, resolu-tions were adopted stating that Taylor was elected governor, Marshall Heutenantgovernor, Powers secretary of state; that the other republican incumbents were elected to their offices, and that the results of that election should not be dis-regarded by a compromise.

The following message from Governor

Taylor was received today by a member of the legislature: "Have warrants issued for members of the house and put in the hands of sergeants-at-arms to serve."

A form of warrant for absent senators was made out and it raised the question that it should be signed by the president of the senate and not by the president pro tem. It was decided to withhold the suance of warrants from the senate until morrow, so that Lieutenant-Governor Marshall, president of the senate, who will have arrived, may attach his signa-

The effect of the governor's message "We mean business; we will have a quorum in the house and a quorum in the senate. We will be in working order and ready to transact business by Monday. Further than that I have nothing to

Late in the afternoon the house warrants were issued. A list of a number of members to be brought to London had been prepared, but whether warrants were issued for all of them could not be ascertained. Five detectives have arrived in ndon and every effort has been made to keep their identity a secret. Two of them are here in the interests of the dem-ocrats and three for the republicans.

Gone to Serve the Warrants. LONDON, Ky., Feb. 10.-Sergeant-at-Arma Cecil, of the house, Sergeant-at-Arms Howard, of the senate, left after 1 o'clock this (Saturday) morning on the north-bound train, armed with warrants for the arrest of absent democratic mem-bers of both houses. Late late evening it was finally decided by the senate officers to make out the warrants for the arrest of democratic senators without waiting for the arrival of Lieutenant-Governor Marshall and send Howard and Cecil. who had already been given his warrants from the house. The significant remark was dropped that something would be

BECKHAM OFFERS PROTECTION. Says He Will Not Permit the Arrest

of Democratic Legislators. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 9.-The demo-

that he is prepared to protect the legis-lature from arrest, and that he will do so. These developments of today mark the first steps toward carrying out the plans announced Sunday last by the dem to set up a state government here.

Some commotion was caused among the legislators this morning by the reports from London and Frankfort that warrants were about to be sworn out for the arrest of enough democratic members to make a quorum for the republican legislature now meeting at London. When told of this, Governor Beckham said:

"No member of the legislature who comes to Louisville should fear arrest. I shall not allow any member of the gen-

eral assembly to be arrested."

When asked what measures would be adopted to prevent such arrests should they be attempted, Governor Beckham replied that he was fully prepared to pro-tent the legislature, and to arrest any persons who interfered with its move-ments. Further than this he would make no statement. It is known, however, that since the appointment of General Cax'ie-man as adjutant-general, arrangements have been made to provide a defensive force ample for the safety of the demo-cratic state officers.

The legislative sessions today were held n the courthouse, the senate meeting in the chancery courtroom, and the house in the county courtrooms. Resolutions from the general assembly of Texas, in memory of Governor Goebel, were read, and an appropriate response was made. Resolutions on the death of Governor Goebel were adopted, and, in respect to his memory, adjournment was taken by both houses until tomorrow.

The events of the past 10 days have served to solidify the democratic forces in the legislature, and to strengthen the party's position there. Among the mem-bers who answered to their names today were a number who have been classed as anti-Goebel men, and who, on several potical issues, have voted with the republienne.

Suspected of the Goebel Murder. FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 1.-Two men uspected of complicity in the murder of overnor Goebel were arrested in Governor Goebei were arrested in a boarding-house today. Their names are Silas Jones, of Whitiey county, and Gottchalk, of Nelson county. The men are said to have siept in the executive building for some time and they will be kept in confinement until something more definite is known of their whereabouts at the time of the assessments. Buth attention time of the assassination. Both strongly deny any knowledge of the murder.

The Democratic Injunction.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Feb. 9 .- Governor Taylor was not represented when Judge Crantill today called up the injunction proceedings brought last week by the democrats to stop Taylor from interfering with the sessions of the legislature at Frankfort. On the request of Judge Prior, for the plaintiffs, the hearing was postponed until next Tuesday.

SOUTHERN LUZON PEACEFUL Filipinos Becoming Satisfied With

the New Order of Things. HONOLULU, Feb. 2, via San Francisco.
Feb. 9.—Captain Kneedler, of the United States hospital ship Missouri, en route to San Francisco from Manila with nearly 300 sick soldiers, says that he made a tour of Southern Luzon in company with General Southern HONOLULU, Feb. 2, via San Francisco,

quesation of war's activities. raised, and many cattle, and there were no stood grouped his superiors and his signs that the Flippinos were not satisfied brother officers, with whom and for whom with the new order of affairs. As far as his life work had been done. Close to the this whole district is concerned, the trouble coffin sat President McKinley, and on his

seems to be at an end.

ground. The fire is said to have been of

incendiary origin. The cable ship Nero arrived January 29, after a long cruise in the Pacific. After taking on coal she departed for San Fran-

ESCAPE OF AGUINALDO. Rebel Lender May Be in Europe at

This Time. CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—A special to the The war department relieves that Aguin-aldo has escaped from the island of Luzon. The department officials would not be surprised to hear from him next as being in London or Paris, in company with

Agonellio, Otia' List of Casualties,

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The following list of casualties has been received at the war department today from General Otia: Killed-Luzon, Twenty-fifth infantry, January J. at Iba, Sherman Shepard; Third cavalry, 14th, at Bimmauya, Georga Mitchell; Thirty-sixth infantry, 22d, at Dasol, Zambales, George G. Knapp; Thirty-fourth infantry, 14th, at Carringan Neuva Ecija, Thomas Griffin; Forty-first infantry, February 2, at Mabalacat, Au-Neuva Retrieve and the Potomac infantry, February 2, at Mabalacat, August Costa; Thirty-second infantry, 8th, near Dinalupijan Bataan, Lee S. Murphy, corporal; Leonard T. Brann, Bert R. Lane, alry escort cantered forward to form the guard of honor. Orders flung from rank to guard of honor. Orders flung from rank to guard of honor. Orders flung from rank to guard of honor. Oliver H. Martin, Algernon S. Pressley, George Welsh; Eighteenth infantry, Panay, January II, at Panitan, John H. Denny, Forty-third Infantry, Samar, 28th, at Catalabagan, Edward Logan. Wounded-Patrick Duffy, corporal, leg

Arrival of the Logan, SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 2.—The United States transport Logan arrived today from Manila. The voyage occupied 26 days. The Logan brought 14 passengers. February 3, Robert Gray, late of company B. Twenty-second infantry, died at sea from dysentery. The body was embalmed and brought here.

severe.

Body Washed Ashore,

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—The body of Burton M. Hardiman, cousin of Mrs. J. K. Miller, of Oakland, better known in the literary world as Florence Hardiman Miller, has been washed ashore on Angel island, in the bay of San Francisco. Whether death was caused by suleifle or accident is unknown. Hardiman's home was in Cowego, Kan, where his mother and whole was under command of General was under command of General one of his sisters reside.

Stolen Money Returned. LONDON, Feb. 2.—The sum of £20,000, the balance of £60,000 stolen from Parr's bank a year ago, has been mysteriously returned. The notes were found this morning enclosed in a steamer passbook.

Meeting of Democratic Committee. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 2.—The demo-cratic legislature met here today, having present in each house a quroum of the total membership. Governor Beckham made the announcement this afternoon officers, and for organization.

The Gallant Soldier Lald at Rest With Fitting Honors.

A NATION'S TRIBUTE TO A HERO

The President, His Advisers and Many Officers of High Rank Attended the Funeral.

WASHINGTON, Pab. 9.-Major-General Henry W. Lawton was buried today in the national cemetery, at Arington, it was a nation's tribute to a national hero, and the sorrow of a whole people was expressed when America added the chapter of typress to the brow that so long had

The burfal service beneath the leafless trees at Arlington was preceded by serv-ices in the Church of the Covenant, on Connecticut avenue, at which every department of the army and navy within reach of Washington, Lawton's old comrades of the line and staff, the diplomatic corps in all its brilliance of unform and decoration, and as many discens of all degrees as were fortunate enough to find standing room within the

walls, were present. But the crawd within was insignificant compared with the thousands who braved the lowering winter day for a glimpse of the flag-draped caleson, with its military escort, as it passed through the streets, Hundreds more made the tollsome pl grimage to Arlington to hear the last words pronounced above the open grave, where president, cabinet and general com-manding the army stood with bowed heads until the last volley had been fired

and the bugie sounded "taps."
It was the homecoming of a hero. For several weeks, ever since the news from San Mateo had been flashed around the width of the world, the country had waited to pay its best tribute to the dead. Lawton, to the great bulk of Americans, had been the incurnation of the American soldier. He had made his mark in the civil war, from the Mississippi to the sea, and in the interval of potential peace it was he who had beaten, at his own game, Geronimo, the greatest master of desert craft and mountain fighling that the West had ever known, and who, in the new problems of a tropic war, had proved the most daring and resourceful of all the generals in the field.

It was in tribute to these qualities that

the Lawton fund had in a few weeks been swelled past all the expectations of its originators, for America knew that Law-ton, being a soldier first and only, had left to those who loved him no beritage save his sword and a spotjess name.

For a day and night the body of the

soldier lay in state in the Church of the Covenant. So it lay this morning, when the doors were opened troopers from his old command with subers drawn Reeping vigil at the head and foot eral Young just before leaving Manila. Its bamboo staff, and supported by one of the conditions there show a complete the men who was pear him when he reduced cassation of war's activities.

"I found the people perfectly contented and engaged in their agricultural pursuits," said the captain, "and they are very prosperous. Splendid crops are being prosperous. Splendid crops are being prize and many cattle and they are very organ trembled with the opening anthem.

ems to be at an end.

"Manila itself is quiet and prosperous. were the secretary of state. With them were the secretary of war, the There is absolutely no sign of disturbance attorney-general, the secretary of there. I was amazed at the amount of the navy, the postmaster-general, work that has been done toward making the secretary of the treasury, the secretary of the interior and the secretary of the inter the place sanitary. The town is in a remarkably clean condition."

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company announces that they will resume taking passengers from Honolulu to San Francisco.

Another large fire occurred in Chinatown January 27. The flames destroyed buildings covering about six acres of the interior and the secretary of agriculture. Close by were hirs.

Lawton, little Maniey and to the left General Miles, General Merritt, General Brooke, General Shafter and their staff officers, all in united the secretary of the interior and the others of the family, and to the left General Miles, General Merritt, General Brooke, General Shafter and their staff officers, all in united the secretary of the interior and the secretary of the interior and the secretary of the interior and the others of the family, and to the left General Miles, General Merritt, General Brooke, General Shafter and their staff officers, all in united the secretary of the interior and the others of the family and the secretary of the interior and the others of the family and to the left General Brooke, General Shafter and their staff of fought with him. In the body of the church was a scarcely less notable gathering, assistant secretaries and heads bureaus, the military committees of the house and senate, diplomats, the Orien-tals in their flowing roles of sember color, and the Europeans respiendent in decorations, among them the Spanish min-

fater. There were delegations from the Loyal Legion, the G. A. B. and other patriotic secieties.

The Services. Chaplain Pierce, of Lawton's old command, read the Presbyterian burini service, the epistle to the Corinthians, whose words of comfort seem freshly pruned for each occasion of bereavement. Then President Strycker, of Hamilton college, New York, rose to deliver the oration. He had been selected personally by the secretary of war, who knew his fitness for the task, The choice was amply justified. Seldom has any ceremony called forth a tributa more scholarly and eloquent, more at

and direct, and more appropriate and fit-A dozen troopers, as the doctor closed, lifted the flower-laden coffin and hore it to the door, where 3000 soldiers and cilizens in greater numbers waited to honor the soldier in his last march to his final

rank down the broad avenue brought troop and platoon wheeling into line. With crape-shrouded colors lowered, they filed past-scarlet-caped artillerymen, cavalrymen with their orange plames and facings, and the ranks of blue-clad infantry moving with machine-like cadence. At the rear, with rumble of heavy wheels and clash of trace chains came the guns, field

batteries and siege trains.

Ahead of the source of carriages was Anesd of the series of carriages was the flag-draped flower-lader caleson, the ideal soldier's bier, and behind it was led the officer's charger, in a shroud of black, with the bouts reversed in the attribute, a picture-sque remnant of superstition in this materialistic day of machine was and empleters nowder. guns and smokeless powder.

The escort consisted of a squadron of the Third cavalry, light battery M, of the Seventh artillery; sleep battery C, of the Wesley Merritt, Major John A. Johnston, chief of staff, and the following mounts of officers: Special aids, Brigadicr-General Alfred E. Batca, Colonel John F. Weston, Colonel Theodore A. Bingham, Lleutenant Henry G. Sharp, Captain Joseph E. Kuhn, Lieutenant T. B. Mottley, Alds, Lieuten-ant-Colonel William H. Carter, Lieuten-ant-Colonel C. C. Suiffon, Major William A. Simpson, Major Charles L. McCawley, United States marine corps; Major Harvey C. Carbaugh, Captain Charles G. Treat, Captain George O. Squire.

It was a dreary wait on the cold, wind-

(Concluded on Second Page.)