

ANY SIZE. ANY QUANTITY. ANY STYLE.

MACKINTOSHES, RUBBER AND OIL CLOTHING

Goodyear Rubber Company

Rubber Boots and Shoes, Belting, Packing and Hose.

Largest and most complete assortment of all kinds of Rubber Goods.

R. H. PEASE, Vice-Pres. and Manager 73 and 75 First St., Portland, Or.

HOTEL PERKINS

Fifth and Washington Streets PORTLAND, OREGON

EUROPEAN PLAN

First-Class Check Restaurant Connected With Hotel.

Single rooms..... \$10 to \$12.50 per day
Double rooms..... \$15.00 to \$20.00 per day

THE EASTMAN KODAK CO.

HAS REDUCED PRICES ONE-THIRD

\$5.00 KODAKS.....\$3.35 || \$10.00 KODAKS.....\$ 6.65
\$8.00 KODAKS.....\$5.35 || \$16.00 KODAKS.....\$10.00

For sale by the **Blumauer-Frank Drug Co.**

Wholesale Druggists, Portland, Or. Agents for Eastman Kodak Co.

Established 1876.

ALASKA SEALSKINS OUR SPECIALTY

Latest Styles, Best Quality, Lowest Prices and Best Workmanship.

Fine Fur Coats, Capes, Collarettes, Neck Scarfs, Mitts, etc. Robes and Rugs.

G. P. Rummelin & Sons, Inc.

Oregon Phone Main 401. 126 SECOND ST., near Washington.

J. F. DAVIES, Pres. C. T. BELCHER, Sec. and Treas.

St. Charles Hotel

CO. (INCORPORATED), FRONT AND MORRISON STREETS PORTLAND, OREGON

American plan..... \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75
European plan..... 50c, 75c, \$1.00

American and European Plan.

AEOLIAN COMPANY

Marquam Building corner Seventh St.

TALK No. 233.

Wear Out.

If you get a bad bargain in hats or shoes or gloves, they will wear out after awhile. Next time you will get better. The only injury is an injury of the purse. It isn't that way if you get a bad bargain in lenses. The only thing they wear out is your eyes. The injury is to the most delicate and most precious sense you possess. You cannot get new eyes. You cannot afford to take the shadow of a chance in buying glasses. You can afford nothing short of a perfect fit. Poorly fitted or cheap lenses will weaken the eyes and eventually prove a permanent injury. Correct lenses correctly fitted will rest and strengthen and preserve them. That is my specialty.

WALTER REED

Eye Specialist

183 SIXTH STREET OREGONIAN BUILDING

AEOLIAN COMPANY

Marquam Building corner Seventh St.

VARICOCELE

Cured in One Week.

Dr. Darrin, 355 Morrison street, Portland, Or., specialist in all forms of chronic disease and weakness of men and women, makes a particular specialty of varicocele and hydrocele and the weakness that usually accompanies them. His method cures them to stay cured in one week.

SPANISH WAR VETERANS.

Department Commanders Appointed by General Huilla.

LANCASTER, Pa., Jan. 1.—General Willis J. Huilla, the commander-in-chief of the National Association of Spanish-American War Veterans, today announced the following appointments of department commanders:

Arkansas, Colonel Virgil T. Cook; California, Colonel Victor Duboc; Florida, Colonel Irving E. Webster; Illinois, Colonel D. Jack Foster; Indiana, Captain W. E. English; Kansas, Major M. A. Harvey; Minnesota, Major Francis H. Bidwell; Missouri, General Milton Moore; Montana, Colonel C. F. Lloyd; North Dakota, Colonel William C. Truman; Pennsylvania, Christopher T. O'Neill; South Carolina, Colonel Wylie Jones; Texas, Colonel G. W. Hardy; Washington, Major Edward H. Fox; West Virginia, Captain J. B. White; Wisconsin, Colonel M. T. Moore.

These, in addition to the commander-in-chief and adjutant-general (ex-officio), shall constitute the executive board of the council of administration, and they will immediately select a staff of adjutant-general, quartermaster, inspector-general, assistant surgeon-general, judge advocate, signal officer and chaplain, who will hold office until further orders.

RECRUITING STATION.

Captain Cabell Has Been Ordered to Reopen It.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS, Wash., Jan. 1.—Orders were issued today instructing Captain Henry C. Cabell, Third Infantry, now in Portland, to reopen the recruiting station in the city. Captain Cabell is directed to report by telegraph the date of opening the station, and local address. Arrangements for renting and furnishing the recruiting station, the transportation of recruits, and for the subsistence of the recruiting party, will be made under the direction of the chief quartermaster and commissary of the department. Sergeant W. Lassamick, company D, Fourth regiment infantry; Private G. E. Richards, battery M, Third artillery, and Charles McDonald, troop H, Sixth cavalry, have been detailed as members of the recruiting party, and have been ordered to report to Captain Cabell for instructions.

ROCA ENTERTAINED SHELLEY.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 1.—President Roca, of Argentina, last night entertained Rear-Admiral Shelley at his private residence. The president was assisted by his ministers and several officers of the Argentine navy. The commanders of the United States cruisers Chicago, Monticory and Wilmington were present.

BOERS DRIVEN BACK

General French Has Again Occupied Colesburg.

SUCCESSFUL FLANK MOVEMENT

The Dutch Were Surprised, and Finding Their Retreat Threatened, Fled in Disorder.

REINBERG, Cape Colony, Jan. 1.—General French has completely defeated the Boers and occupied Colesburg. The general continued to keep the Boers on the move and pressed them closely Saturday and Sunday, giving them no time to make a prolonged stand, and when day broke he was within striking distance of the enemy.

Last night all the cavalry, artillery and infantry, the latter riding in wagons to increase the general mobility, started upon a night march with the object of turning the Boers' right. The flank operations were successful. The infantry and field batteries immediately made a feint attack on the Boer front, and while this was proceeding the cavalry and light artillery got completely around the enemy's right flank, as arranged.

The programme worked without a hitch. The Boers were utterly surprised, and, finding their retreat threatened, fled in disorder to the eastward, leaving Colesburg in General French hands.

Artillery Duel for Two Hours.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The Daily Mail has the following dispatch, dated January 1, from Rehelburg:

"Yesterday afternoon a big force of cavalry and infantry, with 19 guns, under the personal command of General French, moving by a detour occupied some hills three miles from Colesburg, where the Boers were in strength, confident in the natural aid afforded them by the hills around."

The enemy's position extended six miles around the entire village. At day-break our artillery opened the battle. The Boers were taken by surprise, but repelled vigorously. An artillery duel was maintained for two hours. Then the Boer Hotchkiss collapsed and was abandoned. We captured it. A Boer big gun was silenced, but this and the other Boer guns were withdrawn to the northward, where they are harassing the Boer retreat by a damaging shell fire.

"Colesburg is in our hands, and the few remaining loyalists are jubilant. We have captured their headquarters, and a considerable quantity of stores."

"Our loss was quite slight, but the Boers must have suffered heavily. They may stop at Achertering or cross the river at together at Norvalspont, where the bridge is still intact."

WARREN'S DIVISION COMPLETE.

Buller's Lost Guns Are Turned Over to His Army.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The Standard's correspondent at Fere camp, telegraphing January 1, says:

"Sir Charles Warren's division is now being captured by his headquarters at Estcourt. It is rumored here that the guns which were captured by General Buller at Colenso have been mounted in the hills commanding the drift of the Tugela for two hours. Then the Boer Hotchkiss collapsed and was abandoned. We captured it. A Boer big gun was silenced, but this and the other Boer guns were withdrawn to the northward, where they are harassing the Boer retreat by a damaging shell fire."

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GENERAL FRENCH'S SUCCESS.

Example of What May Be Done When Right Methods Are Employed.

LONDON, Jan. 2, 4:30 A. M.—The success of General French in driving the Boers from Colesburg has shown a new way of doing things. It is a lesson to be learned and to be applied to the campaign in South Africa. Everywhere it is commented upon as an example of sound tactics and as an illustration of what may be done when the right methods are employed with the Boers. The government is urged to take the lesson to heart and to see that no one of the campaign is allowed to get the largest possible force of cavalry and mounted infantry to the front.

Now that General French has the Boers on the run, the hope is expressed that he will give the Boers no time to get their feet under them. They have found their way across the Orange river, which is 12 miles distant. The old wagon route to the Free State traverses Colesburg and crosses the river by a line bridge, 120 feet long.

It is believed that the Boers retreated toward Norvalspont, further east, and the question is whether General French will be able to secure these two bridges before the Boers destroy them.

One result of the success of General French is that it will have a deterrent effect on Dutch disaffection.

"There is some disposition here to exaggerate the importance of small skirmishes and engagements. It should be borne in mind that General French has only 2000 men, and so far as the important points of the campaign are concerned, his situation is virtually unchanged. At the Orange River the Boers appear to be modifying somewhat their line of defense. General Buller's scouts have discovered a Boer camp established in the vicinity of Springfield, southwest of Colesburg, by a Free State commando. A similar movement has been made at Modder River. A large force of Boers, it is reported, has formed a new laager about 15 miles down the stream, at Kameelhoek.

Heliograph reports from Ladysmith show that all was well December 31. The bombardment was being continued, but its intensity had relaxed. An official dispatch from Ladysmith confirms the report, cabled yesterday, that several officers of the Devonshire regiment were severely wounded by the explosion of a Boer shell in the mess-room.

A new armored train has reached General Buller from Durban.

A Cape Town dispatch says that an exchange of prisoners is under consideration.

The entire Seventh division will have sailed from England by January 11.

Lord Wolseley replying to a correspondent who inquired about the Boers regarding the British artillery, wrote: "Our field artillery is at least as good as any field artillery in Europe."

A British firm, according to the Daily News, after keen competition with several American firms, has secured the government contract for the new seven-span bridge over the Tugela river at Colenso. The firm is working night and day to complete the order. It is said that John Churchill, younger brother of Winston Churchill, will accompany the Duke of Marlborough to the seat of war.

NATIONAL EISTEDDFOD.

Welsh Musical and Literary Societies in Session at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 1.—The National Eisteddfod attracted a large crowd to this city today. The musical and literary features in competition for the annual prizes constituted the morning, afternoon and evening sessions. The afternoon session was packed with enthusiastic auditors. Some of the most noted musical directors of the country participated, with their societies, in the contests.

The preliminary examinations of candidates for the contests were held in the morning, and the opening session began promptly at 10 A. M., with a grand organ march by George W. Webb, followed by the chorus "The American Song" and "Wald Fy Thadaw," with Malydwin Evans as soloist. Benjamin Jones, president of the Eisteddfod Association, then introduced Judge David Davis, president of the morning session. After addresses by President Jones and Judge Davis, Hon. E. M. Edwards, of Scranton, Pa., was introduced as the conductor and literary adjudicator, followed by the presentation of the musical adjudicators, Professor Edward Broome, of Montreal; Professor T. J. Davies, of Pittsburgh; and Professor O. H. Evans, of Marysville, Or. After the preliminary contests were begun by "The Bard's," the contests were over.

A GREAT ZINC TRUST.

Combination to Control the Output of the Country.

CHICAGO, Jan. 1.—The Record will say tomorrow:

"Information has reached Chicago of a proposed combination to control the zinc output of the United States. Work on the scheme has been begun, and the initial steps are being taken in Kansas City. According to one of the best-known zinc operators, who was in Chicago yesterday, the plan includes not only the control of the mines, but the smelting plants as well. Within a short time representatives of the combination will get a price on all producing zinc mines in the Joplin, Mo., district, and secure options on the zinc output of the mines. It is estimated that it will take in the neighborhood of \$100,000,000 to swing the undertaking successfully, and this amount of money, with as much more as may be necessary, is said to be ready to go into the scheme."

COMPETITOR OF THE OATMEAL TRUST.

CHICAGO, Jan. 1.—Ferdinand and F. A. Schumacher will be the head of a new \$1,000,000 cereal company. It will be located in Chicago and will be an active competitor of the oatmeal trust.

DROWNED IN SHALLOW WATER.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 1.—Frank Bastendorf, a laborer, was drowned today on the Northern Pacific railroad yards this morning. He tripped over an obstruction in the night and was rendered unconscious. He was found dead, with his face in a ditch beside the track. The water was barely six inches deep.

SOUTH OF MANILA

Opening of the Campaign in Southern Provinces.

ENGAGEMENT AT CABUYAO

Rebels Were Driven Out After a Sharp Fight—Many Filipinos Were Captured.

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Agulino's wife, sisters and 15 Filipinos have surrendered to Major March's battalion of the Third infantry at Bontoc. Three Filipino officers also surrendered to Major March, and the Filipinos gave up two Spanish and two American prisoners.

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"The estimated exports of hemp from the Philippine islands for one year of American occupation will approximate 100,000 tons, of which amount 30,000 tons should be credited to the United States. This represents the exports to the United States for the year of American occupation at about 17,000 tons less than the exports of 1897. This is accounted for by the fact that there have been opened ports on only three ports of the Philippine islands."

"Every effort has been made by the war department in the past and will be made in the future to comply with requests to open the ports of the so-called hemp ports of the islands."

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Mr. Spence, when seen by an Associated Press reporter, was very reticent, but claimed the men had not been tendered to him, and if they were tendered to the ship without tickets from his office, the inspector Levy says the men were tendered to the company December 13 by the collector of customs, and the company accepted them and assumed responsibility for their board.

It is understood that the immigration bureau had information of some 1500 alleged contract laborers, which it proposes to deport, and that the steamship companies intend to resist the orders. Most of the immigrants came through Baltimore and many through New York. Under the act of 1891, the penalty for not returning contract laborers is a fine of not less than \$300 in each case and the clearance of vessel may be withheld pending payment of the fine.

FIRE IN A FLAT.

Many Persons Burned in a New York Blaze.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Three alarms were sent in for a fire in a five-story flat house at 754 First avenue. The flames, which suddenly belched from the building, were discovered by men working in the United Dress Company's plant. They carried out half a dozen women, while many persons got to the street by means of fire escapes. On the top floor, 6-month-old Lorretta Lennert was found in bed dead. She had been smothered by the smoke. The child's father, Edward Lennert, a butcher, was taken to the Flower hospital, burned about the hands and face. The child's mother was carried down a ladder and taken to Bellevue hospital, suffering from the shock.

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ROLAND REED'S CONDITION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—The physician in charge of the case of Roland Reed has issued orders that no information concerning the patient is to be given out. It was learned, however, last tonight that the actor was resting comfortably.

ELECTIONS IN ONTARIO.

TORONTO, Jan. 1.—Municipal elections were held throughout the province of Ontario today. In this city F. A. MacDonald was elected mayor by 3099 majority over E. T. Clarke and John Mallan. The principal plank in MacDonald's platform was opposition to the proposed street railway system and a demand for better service.

RAN 32 MILES AN HOUR

Fine Performance of Torpedo-Boat Goldsborough.

KEPT UP THAT GAIT FOR 15 MINUTES

It Was Only Her Second Spin, and Everything Worked Perfectly—Ran to Kalamazoo.

The torpedo-boat destroyer Goldsborough, on her second contractor's trial yesterday, covered eight miles in 15 minutes, which is at the rate of 32 miles an hour, against a 24-knot current. Steam was made without effort, and not a bearing was injured. The house was gutted, entailing a loss of \$30,000. Ten families were made homeless.

ACETYLENE GAS EXPLOSION.

Nebraska Church Burned and Two Persons Injured.

STROMSBURG, Neb., Jan. 1.—Eden Baptist church, which was dedicated only a year ago, was totally destroyed by fire this morning, and two people were seriously injured. The fire was caused by an explosion of acetylene gas, with which the church was lighted. The gas generator and the furnace were both located in the basement and the supposed escaping gas was ignited by the furnace. New Year's watch meetings were being held, and a large number of people were present, but most of them had left the building when the explosion occurred. The building was badly wrecked, and what was not destroyed by the explosion was consumed by fire.

Mrs. J. L. Johnson and her daughter Pearl were seriously injured.

Explosion of Sewer Gas.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 1.—An explosion of sewer gas at Knoxville, a thriving borough near here, about midnight, demolished 11 frame houses and a number of stables, partly wrecked a dozen more frame dwellings, and tore up several streets for hundreds of feet. No one was injured.

Fire in a North Carolina Town.

GREENSBORO, N. C., Jan. 1.—Fire last night caused losses aggregating nearly \$100,000, partly covered by insurance. The heaviest losers are W. J. Cleary and the Hague-McCord Dry Goods Company.

Family Burned to Death.

BARBOURVILLE, W. Va., Jan. 1.—William Ellis, wife and two children were burned to death in their home near here today. The origin of the fire is unknown.

NEW YEAR'S DAY IN HAVANA

Year Ushered in With a Cuba Libre Demonstration.

HAVANA, Jan. 1.—The new year was ushered in with a torchlight procession, which, forming just before midnight and preceded by a band, left the lower Prado square and made its way through the streets. Almost the only time the Cuban national hymn, "Everybody seemed to be awake and awaiting the advent of 1900. The strains of the popular hymn drew the people everywhere to the windows and doorways, and the procession was greeted with the wildest enthusiasm. Innumerable small boys kept up a fire-cracker fusillade along the entire line of march. The Cuban national hymn was sung, and the Cuban general was cheered, although the vivas were nearly all for "Cuba Libre." President McKinley and General Wood came in for a liberal share of popular applause. The procession having returned to the Prado, and the band having once again played the Cuban national hymn, some Americans present called for "The Star-Spangled Banner." The band immediately complied, and the crowd cheered lustily.

While Generals Maso, Rabin and Lara, who are here to attend General Wood's council of representative of Cubans, were passing through Cienfuegos, they were escorted from the vessel to the hotel, where a banquet was tendered them. Meanwhile a large crowd of colored people had gathered to demand of the authorities that the remains of Diosdado Gil, the colored brigadier-general in the Cuban army, who had been shot and killed the previous day by the police, after he had shot a secretary of the Cuban general, were in the act of arresting him, should be exhumed and buried with proper honors. The demonstrators marched through the town, unfurled a black flag, and raised a tremendous shout. The chief of police was fired at five times. General Maso and Mayor Aleman addressed the crowd, which at first would not disperse. Eventually, however, the police succeeded in restoring order and calming the people.

The Jockey Club races today were largely attended. Cuban society was out in force, a large number of persons being in carriages. Havana virtually deserted the Prado for the races. Eight per cent of the American public were present, including Generals Wood, Lee, Chastee and Ludlow, with their families.

The newly appointed cabinet will hold its first meeting tomorrow, when the following secretaries will meet General Wood: Secretary of government, Senior Luis Esteve; secretary of finance, Senior Enrique; minister of justice, Senior Luis Esteve; secretary of public works, Senior Jose Ramon Villalon; secretary of education, Senior Juan Fernandez Barreto; secretary of agriculture, industry and commerce, Senior Luis Rivera.

PACIFIC COAST MINES.

Gift to a University.

Gold and Silver Production of California and the Yukon.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 1.—Frank A. Leach, superintendent, and Charles G. Yale, statistician of the United States mint, have prepared a preliminary statement, based on receipts at the mint and other bullion depositories on this coast, which shows that California produced in 1899 gold to the amount of \$5,000,000, and silver \$38,000. The increase over last year is \$61,406 in gold, and \$220,006 in silver.

An estimate by the same officials of the output of Alaskan mines during 1899 shows that the territory has doubled its gold production over the previous year. The record for 1899 is: Gold, \$4,817,321, and silver, \$5,589, as compared with an output of gold of \$2,317,121, and of silver of \$4,132 in 1898. This shows an increase for the year of \$2,490,700 in gold, and \$3,728 silver, or a total of \$2,434,428. It should be stated that the returns of the United States assay office at Seattle are included in this statement, as well as those of the United States mint and private depositories.

The Klondike output for the year is: Gold, \$16,110,123; silver, \$1,413,717. In the year 1898, the gold yield was \$11,038,475, and silver \$829,849, an increase of Klondike gold is shown of \$5,071,648, and of silver, \$34,115, the total increase being \$5,177,763. The Klondike annual gold yield thus for the first time eclipses that of California by about \$1,000,000.

Gift to a University.

CHICAGO, Jan. 1.—The university of Chicago has received a New Year's gift of \$370,000. President Harper will make the announcement tomorrow at the quarterly convocation of the university in the main hall. The president hoped to announce that the university would be \$4,000,000 richer, but he has not been able to raise the \$370,000 which, duplicated by John D. Rockefeller, would make up that amount. However, Mr. Rockefeller has wired that he will extend the limit three months, and in that time Dr. Harper thinks he is reasonably sure of getting the rest of the money, as he has several large donations in prospect.

Four years ago, Mr. Rockefeller gave the university a \$1,000,000 present and promised to duplicate every amount donated before January 1, 1900, up to \$2,000,000. One year ago, Dr. Harper had secured \$1,315,000 from various sources to apply on the \$2,000,000. Since then, this amount has been raised to \$2,000,000. It is understood that much of the money has come from business men of this city.

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Joseph Kelleher, 43 years old, a bellboy, rushed into the building before the arrival of the firemen. He rescued Little Powers, a child, carrying her through the fire and smoke. He was burned about the hands and face, and was taken to Bellevue hospital.

ROLAND REED'S CONDITION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—The physician in charge of the case of Roland Reed has issued orders that no information concerning the patient is to be given out. It was learned, however, last tonight that the actor was resting comfortably.

ELECTIONS IN ONTARIO.

TORONTO, Jan. 1.—Municipal elections were held throughout the province of Ontario today. In this city F. A. MacDonald was elected mayor by 3099 majority over E. T. Clarke and John Mallan. The principal plank in MacDonald's platform was opposition to the proposed street railway system and a demand for better service.