## HILL AND STEWART

THEY INTRODUCED RESOLUTIONS TOUCHING UPON PINANCES.

Both Wep's Over Under the Rules, and the Senate Then Took Up the Postoffice Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11 .- A new phase of the financial question came up in the ment concerning bimetalism, gold pay

ments, etc. The resolution is as follows:

"Resolved (if the house of representatives concurs). That it is the sense of congress that the true policy of the government requires that its efforts should be steadily directed to the establishment of a safe system of himetalism, wherein rold and silver may be asset to the concept. gold and silver may be maintained at a parity, and every dollar coined may be the equal in value and power of every other dollar coined or issued by the United States; but if our efforts to establish or maintain such himeralism shall not be wholly successful, and if for any reason our silver coin shall not hereafter be at purity with gold coin, and the equal thereof in value and power in the market and in the payment of debts, then, it is hereby declared, the bonds of the United States now or horeafter issued, which by their terms are payable in coin, shall nevertheless be paid instead in gold dollars, it being the policy of the United States that its creditors shall at all times

be puld in the best money in use."

Hill asked immediate consideration of the resolution, but Butler objected, and it Went over. Stewart at once supplemetated the Hill resolution with another,

Resolved, That there is no authority

or law to buy gold coin in preference to allyer coin for any purpose whatever." This resolution also went over, and the senute took up the postoffice appropriation bull. Lodge made a point of order against the first senate amendment giving the postmaster-general discretion in ex-pending \$1,250,000 forrallway postal service. and an animated discussion arose over the item. Allison said, as a member of the committee on appropriations, he protested against this change of existing laws Vest said this was another instance of the manner in which the railroads fought every measure they conceived to be against them. The government should own postal-cars, just as it owned post locs. The railroads scemed determine control all the traffic over their roads He had found in the course of an investi gation of the livestock traffic that the roads would move no cars, except those operated by the Armours, Swifts and others of Chicago. With their capital and their power they coerced the roads to han their power they coerced the reads to han-die their cars to the exclusion of private shippers. Mr. Pullman, with his great capital, was also able to coerce these bads into running his cars. Vest added: "And then he turns around and im-poses upon the people who use Pullman cars. When the senator from Ohio

(Sherman) proposes to regulate the Pull-man cars we are at once told we have no right to touch them." Vest continued in a severe arraign

ment of the railroads for advancing or starding legislation as it suited them.
Allen urged the government ownership of railroads. He soon diverged from the discussion into the claims of election frauds in Alabama. Chandler interrupted with the remark that charges of fraud against sovereign states were so grave that a full senate should hear them. A coulf for a quorum was had, and 52 sens-fors responded. Allen then proceeded, his submitted a detailed statement of the nileged frauds in what is known as the "black beit." It shows a total of 20,000 yotes counted, though only 18,522 yotes were actually cast. He read affidavits howing specific frauds by counties. He

sepulists and republicans would have 22 out of the 23 members of the state senate, and 71 out or the 100 members of the

Allen spoke for three hours, and had not scluded when, at 5:45 o'clock, the senate adjourned.

Before the bimetallic resolution was in

troduced, various measures were acted

senate agreed to the conference report on the house bill disapproving the treaty with the Southern Ute Indians, and providing for their removal. It adds another section providing that the act shall only take effect on its acceptance by a majority of the male Indians now on the reservation land.

credentials of Mr. Henr for an other term in the senate, beginning March 4 next—his fourth term—were presented to the senate today by his colleague, Lodge. Davis submitted resolutions from the legislature of Minnesota, characterizing the railroad pooling bill as an effort to "legalize a gignitic trust," and requesting the Minnesota senators and representatives to work against the measure. Resolutions were also presented, by which the legislatures of both Kansas and Minnesota expressed themselves in favor of the election of United States senators by

direct vote of the people.

German's motion to reconsider the bill affecting important railroad mineral lands in Montana and Idaho was, disposed of by endments which led to the withdrawal

## In the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.-The legisla tive apropriation bill, to which the house devoted today, was completed save for the paragraph relating to the pension office. Several amendments were agreed to, among them to allow the public printer to bid for the work of publishing the Pat-ent Office Gazette; to allow courts of ap-peal to use half the surplus fees of the clerks of said courts for the purchase of law books; to establish a relinery at the Helena, Mont., assay office for separating gold and silver and wolding them into ingots, bars, etc., and to refer the claims of the Cherokee nation for moneys due under the treaties to the attorney-general for review. A bill to provide for coinage at the branch mint at Denver was also

When the house met, documents were haid before it by the scretary of the treasury, giving additional information respecting the Behring sea herds. Then senate amendments to the Chicago public building bill were agreed to

The Denver mint bill was called up by Chairman Bland, of the colnage committee. Representative Pence spoke of the advantages to be gained from coining gold at the Denver assay office, because of the large quantities of gold which are mines in the surrounding country. In reply to estions from Dingley, he explained that officers should be given the same Carson City (Nev.) branch mint. As preeasly stated, the bill passed.

Mr. Somers, was, at his request, relieved of duty on the committee on public lands Caminetti was appointed to

The house then went into committee of whole and resumed consideration of legislative appropriation bill. On mo-of Hartman, the amendment was the attorney-general for review and renor attorney general for review and re-port at the next session of congress. Dock-ery also offered the amendment to the clause appropriating \$8.56 for the publi-cation of the Fatent Office Capette, and \$61.15 for producing cepies of drawings, trade marks, etc. so as to give the public printer an opportunity to bid for the work,

office, if the joint committee on printing should deem it advantageous to the interests of the government. Price stated it was estimated that if the work were done at the government printing office there would be an annual saving of over \$30,000. The work is now done by private bidders

The amendment was adopted.

An arrangement was usade by which debate on the paragraphs relating to the pension office should be limited to one bour and a half. A short statement was made by Dingley, criticizing the appropriation of \$50,000 for special pension examiners, after which the committee rose. It was arranged that Wednesday instead of tomorrow, should be given to the Discourse of Calvanian and the Discourse of Calvanian and the Discourse of Calvanian and Calvanian a

#### At 5:25 the house adjourned.

THAT CABLE COMPANY. Bill Authorizing Its Incorpora-

tion Has Been Introduced. WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.-A bill to porate the International Pacific Cable ompany, for a cable from California to he Hawaiian Islands, thence to Japan and other points to the Pacific, and on the mainlands of Asia and Australia, was introduced in the house today by Representative Charles W. Stone, of Pennsyl-

The incorporators are: William Alvord, Samuel T. Alexander, Hugh Craig, William H. Symond, Alfred S. Hartwell, Edward B. Pond, John Irwin, Ray Stone, A. G. Hawes, Herman Ceirichs, Charles R. Bishop, G. W. McNear, Lewis B. Par-rott, W. M. Buckner, C. I. Taylor, G. D. Baldwin, Henry F. Allen, W. J. Adams, John D. Spreckels.

The bill proposes to give the company the right to hold requisite connections, land, offices and stations, and to exercise such powers as may be granted by any other government, with the pravision that nothing in the action shall be construed to commit the United States to any financial liability or guarantee of carrying out its contracts. The capital stock is to amount to \$5,900,000 shares of \$100 each, with the right to increase to 290,000 shares by a vote of two-thints of the stock. The stockholders are to organize when \$1,000,000 of stock has been sub-scribed for, and 10 per cent of the sub-scription pair in. Nine directors are to constitute the board, to serve three years and hold their meetings in the United States. The bill includes an authorization for 5 per cent bends to the amount of \$20,000,000 to constitute a first lien on the property, and provides for an annual re-

port of the company's affairs to the sec-retary of the treasury.

The cable project has been the work of Admiral John C. Erwin, who recently retired from active service, and at whose request Mr. Stone introduced the bill. At-miral Erwin has extensive interests in Hawall and Japan. Of the other incorporators, Mr. Hartwell is a prominen lawyer of Honolulo, who was at Washing ton in 1851, working in the interests of the cable; Charles R. Bishop is the richest man on the islands; Hugh Craig is a prominent New Zealand capitalist; John D. Spreckels is a son of Claus Spreckels, and the others are prominent California business men

It is understood the incorporators will ndeavor to obtain subsidies from the governments interested, and will try to secure the paironage of the United States for their company. Representative Stone says he is heartily in favor of the senate provisions for a cable survey, and does not think the plan for incorporation of this company need interfere with the government's course or is necessarily antagonistic to the senate plan.

### DEBT OF PACIFIC RAILEOADS.

Proposition From the Companies' Representative to the Government. WASHINGTON, Feb. 11. - The house committee on Pacific railways gave a bearing today to representatives of the companies. Ellery Anderson, receiver and government director of the Union Pacific. A. A. H. Bolsevain, who represents for-eign holdings in the same company, and C. H. Tweed, of the Central Pacific, pre-sented a proposition of the corporations to settle their government debts by the payment of the principal, by which arrangement the Union Pacific would pay the United States about \$33,500,000, and the Central Pacific about \$27,500,000.

Representatives of large interests in New York city, among them President Pitzgerald, of the Mercantile Trust Company, and J. P. Morgan, a member of the reorganization committee, have sent dis-patches asserting that a bill authorizing the secretary of the treasury to accept cash payment of the principal of the Union Pacific debt in full satisfaction of all claims upon it, would be accepted and carried out by the company. The proposition was formally made by Holsevain

for the Union Pacific teday.

Anderson said the re-committal of the Reilly bill by the house without action and the failure of congress to give the cutive branch any instructions as to protection of government interests left the whole matter in a very unsatis

factory condition.

Central Pacific Representative Weed was not prepared to make the same proposal in behalf of that company, but said if the parties who might advance the principal of the debt could be protected by holding a government lien as security for their advances, the same terms could carried out by the Central Pacific. Such security was necessary in his opinion on account of the existence of liens prior to the government lien.

Anderson said that while there was no emergency demanding additional appro-oriations, or giving cause for alarm within two years, the government should dispose of its interests as soon as possible. There was a slight exchange of courte-sics, when, in the course of his remarks, to characterized the action of the house in recommitting the bill as unworthy of comment. Boatner objected to the criti-cism of the house, and Anderson said he would withdraw it.

The discussion was largely informal Blair said the temper of the house upon the question was not favorable to any plan to remit the interest on the governmen debt. Inquiry was made about the policy of introducing separate bills for settling the debts of the Union Pacific, which Anderson suggested would be a faire test of the opinion of the house upon the questions involved than by a consolida-This proposal was opposed by Tweed. In Anderson's opinion foreclosure ould be avoided for three years by se-uring stays in the courts and paying the interest on bonds

Speaking to a reporter. Anderson said he plan to pay the principal would be quivalent in its financial results to the Reilly bill at 2 per cent, instead of 2 per in the present condition of the

## Pettigrew's Resolutions.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.-In the senate Petrigrew introduced the following con-current resolution: "That the president is hereby requested

to employ counsel for the purpose of bringing suit against the directors and stockholders of the Union Pacific and Cen-tral Pacific rallroads, who received the stock of said roads without paying cash for the same; also to recover from the directors, officers and stockholders of said roads such sums of money as were stolen by them or diverted and controverted to the legislative appropriation bill. On mo-tion of Hartman, the amendment was ndopted authorizing the secretary of the treasury to establish at the office at Helena a refinery for refining and parting sum of 5 per cent of all sums received sold and silver and for casting the same from sald directors or stockholders. The into bars, ingots, etc. It was Dockery who offered the amendment, which was close the mortgage of the government on also adopted, to refer the accounts of all said roads at the earliest possible date due the Cherolee nation under and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the principal commbrances on said roads and to take steps to pay off the pay off the principal commbrances on the pay off th ascertain the amount of money belonging to the Union Pacific and Central Pac

now the property of said roads and re-cover the same, or protect the govern-ment interest in connection therewith. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this resolution, the sum of \$100,000 is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise ap-propriated."

Pettigrew said he would, at a later date, submit a list of stockholders, with the amounts of Habilities. The senator said the manipulation of these railroads was "disgrace to civilization.

#### MESSAGES TO CONGRESS.

The President's Reply to the Senat Behring Sea Resolution. WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The president today sent the following message to con-

"To the Senate: On the 8th day of Jan uary I received a copy of the following senate resolution: 'Resolved, That the president be required, if not incompat-ible with public interest, to communicate to the senate all reports, documents and other papers, including logs of versels, relating to the enforcement of regulations respecting fur seals, adopted by the gov-ernments of the United States and Great Britain, in accordance with the decision of the tribunal of arbitration convened at Paris, and the regulations under which said reports are required to be made, as well as relating to the number of seals taken during the season of 1894 by pelagic hunters and by lessees of Pribyloff and Commander Islands; also relating to steps which may have taken to extend said regulations to Asiatic waters, the North Pacific ocean and Behring sea, and secure the concurrence of other nations in said regulations, and, further, all papers not heretofore pub-lished, including the communications of the agent of the United States before said tribunal at Paris, relating to the

Behring sea." "In compliance with said request, I herewith transmit sundry papers, docu-ments and reports, which have been re-turned to me by the secretary of state, the secretary of the treasury, and the secretary of the navy, to whom said resolution

claims of the British government on ac-

ount of the seigure of sealing vessels in

was referred.
"I am not in possession of any furthinformation touching the various sub-jects embodied in such resolution. It will be seen from the letter of the secretary of the navy, accompanying the papers, and documents sent from his department that it is impossible to furnish at this time complete logbooks of some of the naval vessels referred to in the resolution, but I venture to express the hope that the reports of the commanders of such vessels as are herewith submitted will be found to contain in substance so nuch of the mattern recorded in said logbooks as are important in answering the inquiry addressed to me by the senate."

Carlisle to the House. WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Secretary Car-lisic sent to the house today a reply to the resolution introduced by McMillin of Pennessee, calling for information upo the Behring sea claims and the expense of the government of Samoa. Much in formation is contained in the statement made. The secretary says the Alaska Commercial Company pays \$55,000 per annum, in addition to the regular charges on its catches, for the privilege of scal-ing, and that the American Commercia Company has made claim for \$600,00 against the government by reason of its loss by the restrictions placed upon seal-ing. The United States has paid out, according to the statement of the secre tary, 871,346 under the agreement for the government of Samo

### OTHER CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

White's Proposed Amendment. WASHINGTON, Feb. II.-In the sette today White gave notice of an amer sent to the sundry civil appropriation bill, which grants to the state of California 5 per cent of the proceeds of the cash sales of public lands, which have been heretofore made by the United States, since the admission of that state or that may hereafter be made in that

Disagreement Between the Houses WASHINGTON, Feb. 11 .- In the hour day all senate amendments to the diplo matic and consular appropriation bill were, on motion of McCreary, non-con curred in and a conference agreed to. The conference report on the bill to reg-ulate the navigation of rivers and hur-bors of the United States was agreed to.

#### A SHOWER OF BULLETS. Unsuccessful Attempt to Hold Up a Train Near Overbrook.

ARDMORE, L. T., Feb. 11.-An unsu sorth-bound Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe passenger train about 11:39 P. M., at a point on Hickory creek, in a desolate region, about two and a half miles south of the little town of Overbrook. The train was the fast Kansas City through passer ger and express, known as No. 2 due here at 2 A. M. The railroad company has es-tablished a new watering station near the point where the hold-up was attempted. and the robbers evidently expected the train to stop at the tank for water, as is ustomary. As the engineer was reversing his engine to take water and the train commenced to slow up, the headlight re-vealed several suspicious-looking charac-ters on the track ahead. He opened up and fairly flew by the water station, and from the underbrush on either size the train was fired upon. As near as can be ascertained, about 15 shots were fired into the train, most of the bullets taking effect; in the sleeper. Fortunately, no one way, hit by the shower of lead. The amount of treasure on the train could not be ascertained, but it is known to have been unusually large. United States deputy maj-shals were dispatched to the spot, but as yet have no clue to the robbers.

## THE JAILBREAKERS.

Nine Prisoners Escaped From the Athens County Juil. COLUMBUS, O., Feb. II.-Nine prise caped from the Athens county j or of the jall, giving exit to the street door. Four went East on the Baltimer & Ohio and crossed the river on the ic at Belpre. Officers are in close pursuit.

For Creating a Nutsance OAKLAND, Cal., Feb. II.-Colonel John P. Irish applied today to the police court for warrants for the arrest of the city councilmen, 10 of them, who voted for the adoption of the resolution authorizing the mping of garbage on the extension of Twenty-second and Twenty-fourth streets, on the ground that thereby they created a nuisance. Irish owns property in that part of town, which he says is damaged

## by the garbage deposits. The warrants Three at Madera, Cal.

MADERA, Cal., Feb. II.—This evening, about 7:30 o'clock, James Lawson, charged with attempted wife-murder; George Feran, for grand larceny, and John Love, for petty larceny, broke jail and escaped. An indian, who was in jail, refused to assist them and was severely beaten. Up to the present time their whereabouts are unknown. Officers and others are now

Sentenced for Smuggling. LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 11.-Gregorio Oriego was sentenced in the United States district court this morning to payment of \$200 and to 60 days in the Santa Barbara jail, because he had sanuagled into the United States from Mexico III cigars.

Gulick. Another of the Condemned. BORDENTOWN, N. J., Feb. IL.-C. T. Gulick, who is sentenced to be executed at ss. is for producing exples of drawings, bonds and stocks of other companies now Honolulu for alleged complicity in the retunde marks, etc., so as to give the public the property of said toads, and to take cant royalist revolt, cantried Mrs. John printer an opportunity to hid for the work, steps to secure the government interest. Thompson, formerly Miss Duncan, daughand to do the came at the public printing therein; to accurate the amount of land ter of the late Captain Duncan, whose

widow, Klica Duncan, resides at Bordentown. Gulick was pariner with Thompson in Hanolulu. The latter died some years ago, while on his way back to Honolulu, after having paid a visit to the family of his mother-in-law, and Gulick married his widow.

#### ALL QUIET AT HONOLULU. Telegram Received From Our Minlater at Hawaii.

WASHIGTON, Feb. 11.—Hon. Lorin A. Thurston, the Hawaiian minister, this evening received the following telegram, dated Pebruary 2 from F. M. Hatch, Hawaiian minister of foreign affairs, from Honoisty.

"All is quiet here, and the trials are An is quiet here, and the trials are progressing amountly. The queen is to be tried Monday, the (th inst. Cranston, an American; Muller, a German, and Johnston, an Englishman, were deported per the Warimo for conspiracy. Cranston and Muller were also implicated with a conspiracy to use dynamite."

Minister Thurston maintains a thorough reticence on the amblest of Cranston's

reticence on the subject of Cranston's case, saying be is not familiar with all of the circumstances, nor is he inclined to make any statement regarding the rep resentations made to him by Secretary Gresham, if any such have been made, as to the propriety of Americans now under arrest in Hemolulu receiving a fair and impartial trial.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.-The state department will take vigorous measures in the case of J. Cianston, arrived at Vanuver yesterday on the Warrimoo, exiled from Hawaii. A brief statement has been received from the United States commercial agent at Vancouver, alleging that Cranston, an Aperican citizen, guiltless of any participation in the rebellion, was forcibly placed board the steamer and exiled without my trial, and to his severe necuniary loss. Minister, Willia took his uniary loss. Minister Willis took his deposition before he was ejected from Hawaii, and is bubbless investigating the matter there. Should Cranston's asserby an inquiry there can be will have a good claim ainst the Hawaiian gov-

Is He an American?
SEATTLE, Feb. II.—John Cranston, the man who threatens to enter a claim for famages against the Hawalian government for banishment from the country. is well known in this city, having worked for about five years for the Seattle Trans-fer Company, as foreman of the dray teams, and was also in the dray business for himself, in which he failed. He bore an unsavory reputation, both in business and domestic affairs. He is considered by those who know him well to be unscrupulous in all his dealings, and for this he was discharged from the employ of the transfer company April 1, 1891. After being discharged he remained in the city until the latterpart of May. He was in intil the latter-part of May. He was in hard straits financially when he left, and barely had enough money to take him to Honolulu. He informed several friends just before leaving that he was going to the islands to "catch on to something." His friends were not at all surprised when they have that he had taken bart when they heard that he had taken part in the rebellion, and say he is just the kind of man to become involved in such affairs. Many predicted he would get into some kind of nouble when he went to the islands.

to the islands.

Cranston is an Englishman, having been born and raised near London, and is believed only to have declared his intentions and not to have been fully naturalized. He is described as being intensely English in all his thoughts and actions.

A fellow-passenger on the steamer Warrimo, which brought Cranston and his two associates from the island, stated that Cranston took him that he intended bringing suit against the Canadian Pacific Steamship Despuny for \$500 damages, and spains the linguish some nament for \$20,000 for hainshapent. He stated that he intended going rack on the return steamer and prosecuting his case. He laid all blame for being banished to the California and prosecuting his case. He haid all biame for being banished to the California merchants in Honololu, who, he says, were jealous of him because of his shrewd-ness in business affairs.

## An Action for Damages VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. II.—The trio of Hawaiian exiles have retained Wilson & Campbell, a local legal firm, to bring an action for damages against the Canadian-Australian steamehip line for carrying them off against their will.

## ONE OF THE CONDEMNED.

History of William T. Seward, Now Under Sentence in Hawaii. NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Colonel William Seward, condemned to death at Hawaii. formerly lived at Orient, L. I. He was minent on Eastern Long Island It first became known yesterday that the unfortunate Colonel Seward at Hawali is the William T. Seward who, for many ears, had charge of the extensive Long Beach fish works. Colonel Seward came to Orient many years ago from Hartford Conn., to be employed at the fish work as chemist. Upon the death of ex-Senator ewis A. Edwards, Mr. Seward occupied his handsome residence at Orient and had charge of the factories. The residence is now owned by Caleb A. Dyer, and is one of the finest on Eastern Long Island. The fish works became involved about 10 years ago and Mr. Seward left his wife and two children in Orient, went to Port Royal, S. C., and engaged in work in phosphate works. That was not successful. From thence he traveled extensively and landed in San Francisco, from where he sailed for the Sandwich islands. After leaving Orient Mr. Seward met with little st ess. His family became despondent. Hi place was sold and his family moved to Guilford, Conn., where they now reside. Mr. Seward is said to be about 55 years of age. He was a member of the Mason lodge at Greenport; was a personal frient of Senator Hawley, of Connecticut, and served in the Union army. A letter was received yesterday by the secretary of the Greenport Masonic Mrs. Seward, asking that the lodge take some steps in behalf of her unfortunate husband. This interested many of his triends on Eastern Long Island, and a leter has been sent to James W. Covert and David B. Hill urging them to interest

themselves in the matter. Partisan Removals in San Francisco WASHINGTON, Feb. II.-The civil ervice commission has completed an in-The report has not been made public, but it is undertood to sustain the charges of partisan removals and other violations of the civil service law. Comdaints of this character were filed at the bureau, but Collector Wise denied them. Several other offices in that neighborhood have also been investigated by the com

Place for a Port Townsend Man. WASHINGTON, Feb. II.—Secretary Car-isie has appointed and commissioned E. ". Johnson, of Port Townsend, Wash,, formerly chief of the sugar bounty di-vision, as the chief of the income-tax di-vision of the treasury department.

Presidential Appointments. WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The pres-dent today appointed J. H. Nelson Par rick, of Omaha, government director of the Union Pacific. The president also ap pointed John C. Curtin postmaster at Helena. Mont.

#### They Object to Shaving. ST. LOUIS, Feb. 11. - The American Waiters' Union yesterday adopted resolu-tions calling on the legislature to make it a felony for employers to require waiters

The New Silver Dollars. WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.-The issue of standard gliver dollars last week was

to shave their whiskers.

Attachments Levied. SAN GERNARDINO, Feb. II.—Attach-mentawerelevied on the property of James very highly esteemed.

Brown, president of the defunct First Na-tional bank, in a suit brought by Receiver Wightman for \$15,000 in the United States court at Los Angeles. Another attach-ment has been levied for \$5590 in a sulf-brought by the First National bank of Los Angeles.

## MR. CREAMER'S MISSION His Roscate View of Its Results in

NEW YORK, Feb. II.-G. W. Smalle "Some of the radical, that is, anti-Ame

ican journals, announce that Mr. Creamor is well pleased with the success of his mirsion to America in behalf of a treaty of arbitration between England and the United States. Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Gresham were 'cordial and satisfactory. Mr. Morgan, chairman of the senate con mittee on foreign affairs, was as er thusiastic on the matter as Mr. Creams imself. Moreover, 'the president and see retary of state are now engaged, in conjunction with the British ambassador, i drawing up a treaty. Mr. Creamer, him self, of course, is the author of these amazing statements. It might be well if the persons he names would explain to the American people how much is true and how much is due to the lively fancy of the queer little fanatic who undertakes to teach the American executive, the American congress and the American pub-ile their duty. Mr. Creamer omits to mention that, when he went before the house committee on foreign relations, Mr. Hitt riddled him and his fantastic scheme with questions which left him dumb. Arbitration is in many cases a right and useful method of settling international disputes. In many cases it would be merely a mischievous treaty, binding us to submit to arbitration all disputes of whatever nature and would, therefore, itself be mischlevous. All I wish to point out is that Mr. Cleveland, Mr. Gresham and Mr. Morgao, who have not thus far been thought too shy in their foreign policy, will bear watching. Mr. Creamer, who is anything but a man of the world, may have misunderstood them and taken mere civilities as pledges. If that be the case, it will do these eminent gentleme no harm to say so.'

#### OTHER FOREIGN NEWS.

Has Material for a Book. VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 11.—Amongs: the Warrimo's passengers was J. F. Ho gan, member of parliament for Mid-Tipperary and scoretary of the colonial party in the house of commons. Hogan has been on an extended tour through Aus-tralia to gather material for a book he is about to publish on the recent financial crisis in Australia. Hogan also made a special inquiry into the federation move-ment, which he says will certainly be an accomplished fact at an early date.

For Massacring an Entire Tribe. SYDNEY, N. S. W., Feb. 11 .- A dispatch rom Perth. West Australia, says that seven men have been arrested in Cool-gardie for mussacring an entire native gardle for massacring an entire native tribe, including women and children. The nen had gone out goldseeking, and were neamped near the village of the tribe, which they are accured of exterminating They say that they acted in self-defense, s the natives menaced their lives.

In the Commons LONDON, Feb. 11 .- In the commons to day, John Redmond, a Parnellite leader, resumed his address in reply to the queen's speech. He submitted the following amendment: "We humbly represent to your majesty that the time has come when it is the duty of your ministers to advise your majesty to dissolve parliato advise your majesty to dissolve parlia

ment and submit the question of home rule to the electors." The motion was de-feated by a vote of 256 to 256. Rioting Because of the Grain Tax. ROME, Feb. 11 .- A serious riot occurred n the village of Accerata today, growing out of the resistance of the people to the grain tax. The populace set fire to the tax offices, which were destroyed, and en deavored to throw from the track the Naples express as it passed through the town. The troops were called out, and in their collision with the rioters a number

Only Women, After All. BERLIN, Feb. II .- The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Tageblatt sends a remarkable dispatch to the effect that both the empress and the dowager empress Princess Alix of Hesse, was married to Nicholas II, November 28, 1894.

## Earthquakes in Sleily.

ROME, Feb. II .- Severe shocks of earth quake was felt in the province of Reggio di Calabria and Sicily today. The people of the town of Ball fled to the fields and veral houses collapsed in the village of

They Want Another Conference. BERLIN, Feb. IL-At a meeting of th day, it was decided to ask the government to call an international monetary con-ference to be held in Berlin. The Bellman Centennial

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 11.—The centenary celebration in honor of the memory of Karl Mikael Bellman, the great lyric poet of Sweden, is being observed throughout

#### FROZEN TO DEATH. Two Found Under a Haystack in Ohlo.

BRYAN, O., Feb. 11.-This hile breaking into a stack of hay that was wintered in an unused barn, Gideor Fallis, a farmer living a short distance from here on the Lake Shore road, dis-covered the bodies of two men who had evidently taken shelter in the barn durstorm last week and had frozen

A Teacher Found in a Snowbank. LYONS, N. Y., Feb. 11.-Mrs. Davis, the teacher of the district school three miles porth of this village, was found dead to death, in a snowbank where she had lain since Friday morning. She left school when the blizzard was well under way and was overcome on her way to her

## THE FIRE RECORD

Her Cargo on Fire.
CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. II.—The Norwegian steamer Michigan, in the stream ready for Bremen with a cargo of cotton, was discovered on fire about midnight last night. The fire was in boids Nos. 1 and 2. The vessel was towed to the wharf nd water pumped into her compariments, t is reported that a lower hold and coal bunkers are also on fire.

Fire at Harrow HARROW, Ont., Feb. 11.—A fire started tere late tonight and has destroyed 19 mildings. The total loss will be heavy, out cannot be estimated. There have been narrow escapes from death, but no

Shot Through the Heart. PHOENIX, Ariz., Feb. 11.-Frank W. Smith, manager of the grand canal, and a prosperous farmer, was murdered about midnight last night at his own door. He and his wife were aroused by the en-trance of two men into their room. Smith jumped up, grasped a chair and had driven the burgiars to the porch, when one of them fired. The bullet penetrated Smith's heart and he fell in his wife's arms, dead. The officers were early on scene and have so far arrested five persons suspected of the crime. Detec-tives believe they have the guilty parties. The murdered man was 22 years old and

# MONDAY WE WILL EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS

IN DRESS GOODS

Of all kinds, both foreign and American weaves. Our Great Fire and Clearance Sale will terminate in a few more days, and would suggest to the shrewd wife and housekeeper to take advantage of our great offerings and many inducements which we will place on our counters and in our Cloak Room on Monday.

Ladies, don't be mistaken, you can save money by trading with us. We are in a position to meet any emergency, or any decline of advance in goods; and you can always and at all times

Depend on getting value received whenever you trade with us.

We have made startling reductions on all goods, especially our Fine Imported Goods in Black and Colors, of which we carry the best brands and largest assortment of any dry-goods house in the city, at prices from 20 to 25 per cent lower. If you have not dealt with us heretofore, kindly give us a trial, and we will guarantee that you will be perfectly satisfied.

> Monday we shall make sweeping reductions in all departments in order to make room for our spring stock, which is fast arriving.

# MCALLEN & MCDONNELL COR. THIRD AND MORRISON STREETS.

(Continued From First Page,

ique sent the tug Louis Pulver down to the ship La Gascogne, but she did no accept the aid of the company's tug, bu proceeded under her own steam to be anchorage off the Sandy Hook lightship There was a fleet of seven tugs hovering around the steamer just before she dropped anchor. They were the com-pany's tug and the tugs bearing representatives of the different newspapers in New York. La Gascogne will start up the bay early in the morning and the passen gers will be landed before noon.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Ne news bul-letin for many years has proved such tid-ings of great gladness as that received by the press associations this afternoon, co veying the fact of the arrival in safe haven of the French liner, La Gascogne. The cheering intelligence was quickly coveyed to President Cleveland and the different public departments, and appre-ciating the universal suspense felt over the unprecedented delay of the great liner, all the prominent hotels were also advised of the welcome news, which, to every one informed, was a source of sinere and heartfelt happiness. The built tins in front of the newspaper buildings acted like charms on the feelings of the throngs who read the news, and many were the thanks, in numerous cases tearfully expressed, that the dismal forebod-ings of the last few days, as to the fate of the magnificent steamship and her charge of human lives, had been dispelled

#### SUPPOSED TO HAVE DROWNED. Nothing Heard From the Schooner

Emma's Missing Fishermen. NEW YORK, Feb. 11.-After having been suspended for several days, by reason of the storm and ice, communication Swinburne island was resumed today. Nothing had been seen or heard on the island of the fcur fishermen belonging to the schooner Emma, which drifted ashore in the los on the west bank on the night of February 7. The remaining members of the schooner's crew, after a terrible ex-perience, managed to reach the lighthouse keeper's dwelling at Fort Tompkins in an exhausted condition

## OVER IN ENGLAND.

The Weather Continues Rough and

Vessels Are Grently Damaged. LONDON, Feb. 11.-Heavy weather reported by all vessels crossing the No The Ostend steamer Leopold II, ch was due at Dover at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, was not sighted until 19:39 this evening. She then showed three red lights. Her paddles were smashed. As all the tugs were out for other emergencies, she has been forced to remain a few miles off shore, waiting for help. She has 19 passengers and the mails. A severe easterly gale swept the North sea and channel to-day. Much wreckage is adrift, and dead

#### sheep and pigs have come ashore. ABOUT OTHER VESSELS.

Fourteen Days Overdue. NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Considerable anxiety is felt in this city and Jackson-ville for the safety of the steamer City of St. Augustine. Since she sailed from Jacksonville on January 30, no word has been received about her. She should make the voyage in from four to five days, and is now consequently about seven days overdue. Her crew numbers 11 men.

Forty of the Clenfagos' Crew NEW YORK, Feb. II.—The steamer Suntiago, from Cuba and Nassau, arrived this morning with to of the crew of the steamer Cienfuegos, which was wrocked on Pierre Island February 4.

Nine Shipwrecked Sailors Aboard. NEW YORK, Feb. II.-The Wilson lin co, which arrived this afternoon from Hull, had on board nine ship wrecked seamen of the schooner Georg McFadden, of Bath, Me., who were taken from the schooner Sunday.

Will Prove a Total Loss HALIFAX, Feb. 11. - The American prove a total loss, at Arichal.

## The Storm Off Cape Breton

HALIFAN, N. S., Feb. II.—Advices re-ceived tonight from South Bay, C. II. state that the place has been wiped on of existence by the storms of last week. The property washed into the sea includes fish-houses, wharves, boats, stores and fishermen's dwellings. No lives were lost, but several families living on the beach were rescued with great difficulty, and saved nothing but the clothes they were. Green Cove reports that the storm was the most disastrous ever known on that coast. Boats and fish-houses were nearly all swept out to sea or wrecked on the

A Prominent Labor Leader. NEW YORK, Feb. 11.-C. J. McGuire one of the best-known labor leaders in the United States and general secretary of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of the United States, has been noar death with la grippe. He is recovering, and is out of danger.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Fob. II.—C. B. Barnes, under indictment for the Ontario bank robbery, was from Austin, Tex., where his father is a merchant. Certificates showing his excellent charac-ter there are being prepared, and money advanced for his defense.

A Tax on Bicycles CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—By the city council last night it was ordered that the corporation counsel prepare an ordinance taxing

LA GASCOGNE IS SAFE | every owner of a bicycle in Chicago 22 per annum. Over 10,000 bicycles are owned in the city. Dealers and riders threaten to carry the matter to the courts.

#### ABOUT THE FIGHTERS. Johnson Won Ris First Fight in England Without Trouble.

LONDON, Feb. 1L-Charley Johnson, of Minreapolis, Minn., met the Welter-weight Robinson this evening, for 4200 weight roots on this evening, for 120 a side and a wager of fig. The articles provided for 29 rounds, but Johnson's superiority fold so strongly that the light was awarded him by the referce in the seventh round. Robinson was weak from the first. In the last round he fell repestedly and did not strike a blow.

#### Prize-Fighters Arrested. PENSACOLA, Fla., Feb. 11.—Yesterday afternoon a prize-fight under the management of "Denver Ed" Smith came off on the government reservation. A deputy United States marshal witnessed the fight and this afternoon Smith and half a do others concerned were arrested. T were held for violation of the statutes of

ON THE WINTER TRACKS. Winners Yesterday at San Francisco,

the United States.

Madison and New Orleans. A heavy rain caused the regular track o be abandoned at San Francisco yesterday and the racing was done on the up and down hill course. Favorites were nowhere. Don Fulano being the only one to win. The winners on the various tracks

At San Francisco-Five and a half fur ongs, selling. Pinesse in 1:185; about six terions, selling. Don Fullane in 1:365; one mile, selling. Mollie King in 1:365; ive and a half furlongs, selling. Borcus 1:174; about six furlongs, seiling, Jen

nie Deane in 1:25%. At New Orleans—Six furlongs, Hogson in 1:25%; three furlongs, Rags in 0:41%; six furlongs, Royal Prince in 1:25%; stx furlongs, Oh No in 1:2814; seven furlongs, Beatific in 1:45.

# Beatific in 1:55. At Madison-Four and a half furlongs, Little Dutchman in 8:39; five furlongs, Caleb in 1:35'; six jurlongs, Kratton in 1:31; five furlongs, Edwin in 1:13'4; six and a half furlongs, Zender in 1:29.

SPORT ON THE WATER. Atlantic Yacht Club Officers. NEW YORK, Feb. 11 .- At the annual sting of the Atlantic Yacht Club, at the Waldorf hotel, this evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:
Commodore, George J. Gould; vice-commodore, Frederick T. Adams; rear-com William A. Hazard:

ringham. The Water Too Rough. LONDON, Feb. II.—The boat race be-tween Charles W. Harding, of London, and Thomas Sullivan, of New Zealand, and Thomas Sullivan, of New Zealand, for 1400 was to have taken place today on the river Tyne, but the cold weather has so filled the river with ice that the race

was an impossibility. If the weather and water conditions are favorable the race will take place Saturday next. One of the Vigilant's Trophies. LONDON, Feb. 11 .- The cup won by the yacht Vigilant in the Cork regatta last year is aboard the steamship Servia, which left Queenstown this afternoon. It

#### is addressed to George Gould. OTHER KINDS OF SPORT.

Hockey and Polo. LONDON, Feb. II.—Spaiding's bockey and polo team, of Chicago, played a game each of hockey and polo with the London team tonight and were outplayed at all points. The score was: Hockey-London 5, Spalding 1, Poloondon 1, Spalding 0.

TORONTO, Feb. II.—The Winnipeg hockey team easily defeated the Osgoods, of Toronto, tonight, by a score of II to 4.

The Racquet Championship. NEW YORK, Feb. IL-The first series of games for the amateur racquet champion-ship of America were played today at the equet and tennis club in this city. F. Lamontague and C. L. Perkins were the contestants. Mr. Lamontague won the first, second and fourth games, Mr. Perkins taking the third.

An Anti-Cigarette Bill. SACRAMENTO, Cal., Feb. 11.-The anti-igarette bill seems in fair way to become The senate, Saturday last, passed the bill by unanimous vote. In the sembly this morning, Bulls, chairman the judiciary committee, reported back bill passed by the senate, with a

Are as small as homoeopathic pellets, and as easy to take as sugar. Every-body likes them. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Try them.

A Good Appetite Is emential to good health, and when the

natural desire for food is gone strength wil soon fail. For loss of appetite, indigestion sick headache, and other troubles of c dys -lood's sarsa-Lessons peptic nature, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the ures Lum remedy which most certainly cures. It quickly tones the stomach and makes one "real hungry." Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's Saraaparilla.