ALL SEEK HIGH PLACE

FREE-SILVER CANDIDATES ESTABLISH HEADQUARTERS.

All Either Needs to Elect Is Forty-six Votes—Dolph's Friends Are Very Confident.

The 18th biennial session of the state legislature will convene at Salem next Monday, and hold-overs and members-elect are coming to Portland, preparatory to the 40 days' session at the state capital. While all are more or less interested in local legislation of some sort, the senatorial election overshadows all other subjects, and among the wiseacres who are always more or less identified with Oregon politics and state legislation there is a wide divergence of opinion as to who will be elected senator. Among those who are best informed it seems to be conceded that Mr. Joseph N. Dolph will be chosen to succeed himself, but there are others who entertain different views.

Mr. Otis Patterson, of Heppner, Morrow county, whose brother will represent Grant and Harney counties in the lower house, makes the broad assertion that Mr. Dolph will not receive a single vote from Eastern Oregon, and he is so confident that the present senior senator will not be re-elected that he made an even bet before leaving for home Monday that Dolph would not be chosen. His money is up, and the taker of Mr. Patterson's banter has plenty of more coin to wager on similar terms. Betting is being made on the senatorial result, and even wagers are made in favor of Dolph. One bet made yesterday was $100 to $5 that Tongue would not be elected, and the man who took the short end, while not having much hope of winning, said he always was willing to take a dying chance and trust to the unexpected to happen, when the odds were big enough.

Mr. Charles W. Fulton, of Astoria, who has become a candidate for United States senator, arrived in Portland yesterday, and on Saturday will go to Salem and open his headquarters. He will have parlor 1 at the Hotel Willamette. His friends say Dolph cannot be elected.

Thomas H. Tongue, of Hillsboro, another senatorial candidate, is also in the city. He will open headquarters in Salem at the Hotel Willamette, probably in connection with Mr. Fulton, as he and the Clatsop-county aspirant have joined hands in the fight, with the shibboleth, "Anything to beat Dolph."

The friends of Mr. Dolph are not making any statements concerning the senatorial struggle. They are confident of winning when an actual test of strength will be made. Since the return home of Senator Dolph, he has corrected some of the misrepresentations made during his absence regarding himself, and there is a far clearer understanding regarding his position on questions that affect the general interests of the people.

Senator Dolph has no headquarters, except at his law office. He has a very great number of callers and demands upon his time are so continuous as to prevent his leaving his office until late at night.

THEIR HEADQUARTERS LOCATED.

The Oregon Damon and Pythias and the Senatorship.

Mr. C. W. Fulton, of Astoria, and Mr. Thomas H. Tongue, of Washington county, have established headquarters at the Perkins hotel, and are just now waging a very active joint canvas for the United States senatorship. The candidacies of the man from Clatsop and the man from Washington, have a Siamese twins-like aspect that is somewhat confusing to the public at large; but it cannot be doubted that both are working diligently and continuously against Senator Dolph. The two gentlemen are just now playing the role of the Damon and Pythias of Oregon politics. Damon Fulton eloquently praises the merits of Mr. Tongue as a senatorial aspirant, and Pythias Tongue gently gets in a quiet boost now and then for his self-sacrificing friend from Astoria. Mr. Tongue occupies room 183 on the first floor of the Perkins. When Mr. Fulton saw his apartments, he asked for a suite exactly like them, so, he said, that no one could accuse him of taking an undue advantage of his friend, Mr. Tongue, in the matter of headquarters. Happily, there was a set of apartments on the floor just above where the arrangement was similar, and, to make things more pleasant, the furniture was a duplicate, and even the curtains were of exactly the same shade. This was a most satisfactory state of affairs, and Mr. Fulton expressed his gratification to the hotel man with characteristic suavity. The arrangement of apartments, one above the other, possesses many advantages, although it might not seem to place the two ardent friends on exactly the same level. It has been said—but the statement is not vouched for—that there is a dummy elevator connecting the two rooms, which is most admirably adapted to the conveniences as well as the economies of the two gentlemen. Times are hard, but refreshment must be offered to any stray legislator who drops in. When a friend calls on Mr. Tongue below, he pulls the string of the elevator, and down comes the dummy with the Fulton box of cigars. And when, perchance, a visitor drops in upon the Astoria lawyer above, he pulls the string and up goes the same box, which answers the purposes of both gentlemen. This arrangement might not work so well if there were many callers, but happily neither has been embarrassed in that way, so far. However, the whole story is probably a campaign fabrication, maliciously manufactured by friends of the gold standard for the deliberate purpose of injuring the cause of free silver. Mr. Fulton's quarters are in No. 208, and whatever rumors may be in circulation about the nature of the tie that binds them—the silver chord, so to speak—the important fact remains that they have opened headquarters. All that now stands between either gentleman and the United States senate is enough votes.

The nature of the arrangement between Mr. Tongue and Mr. Fulton is pretty clearly understood. In the first place, the effort is to muster enough strength to defeat Senator Dolph. Second, whichever of the two—Tongue or Fulton—has the most votes, shall secure the support of the other. The slogan of battle now is, "Anything to beat Dolph." Both the statesman from the sounding sea-shore, and the gentleman from Washington county, realize that there is going to be considerable trouble accomplishing that necessary end—necessary to their purposes—and that is the reason they are working in double harness.

Several members of the legislature were about the lobby of the hotel yesterday, but whether their presence was casual or otherwise is uncertain. Among others was State Senator-elect A. J. Johnson, of Linn county. Mr. Johnson is opposed to free coinage of silver, and that is probably the reason why Mr. Jonathan Bourne, jr., who called on him, appeared so deferential. Mr. Bourne and Mr. Johnson had a long confab together, and it was when the interview closed that the senator from Linn announced his opposition to silver. Mr. Bourne's missionary work had apparently been futile.

SENATOR GOWAN TALKS.

He Will Look After the Interests of a Great Section.

Mr. A. W. Gowan, senator-elect, representing Grant, Harney and Morrow counties, is at the St. Charles, and will leave for Salem in a few days. Mr. Gowan was a member of the last legislative session, and was chairman of the house committe on railroads. Speaking of needed legislation, Senator Gowan says: "My district is not fighting the railroads. With the exception of Morrow county, it is not affected. In Morrow county the present freight rates are deemed very unjust, and the people there confidently look forward to some remedy being afforded them. The stock-range question is also a grave one, the migration of stock from one county to another causing serious trouble. For constitutional reasons, the valley members seem to believe that no prohibition of these encroachments can be effected, but I think there could be some equitable system of taxation arranged so as to remedy the evil. The assessment law should also be amended so that men of ordinary understanding could comprehend its real intent. The people of Eastern Oregon are greatly interested in the educational interests of the state, and they believe that there should be a higher rating established for the selection of teachers. It is also an outrage that the people of Oregon have to pay the prices they do for school books. I am in favor of no corporation or individual, but will be glad to do all in my power to secure to the parents of Oregon a reduction in the price of books they are compelled to buy. So far as electing a United States senator is concerned, I will act in the interest of the whole state, and not for one man. I am not hampered by any previous pledges, and will act entirely upon my own judgment. The choice of the republican caucus will be my choice for United States senator, and I have a fixed conviction that this is the only way to make a selection. It would be bad policy to join hands with our common enemy—the populists—and suport any man they choose. A republican has always been good enough for me.

"My disirict gave me a majority of 466 votes, and is opposed to all kinds of commissions. The man who serves them best will be one who represents their wishes most, and looks to a strict and economic conduct of the state government. I have the utmost confidence in the Multnomah delegation. Heretofore, it has always shown a friendly spirit toward Eastern Oregon, and generous, indeed, in dealing with the wants of our section."

THE LEGISLATIVE ORGANIZATION.

Mr. Joseph Simon, for President of Senate—Moores Speaker, Maybe.

The organization of the two branches of the legislature next Monday will doubtless be harmoniously accomplished. There are numerous candidates for the minor positions to be filled, and these will not be settled upon until a caucus is held; but the filling of the more important positions has apparently been settled. Mr. Joseph Simon, of Portland, will be president of the senate. It is now expected that there will be no opposition to him in the majority party, and Senator C. A. Cogswell is likely to receive the complimentary vote from the eight democratic senators who represent the minority. Ex-State Senator Walter Sinclair, of Coquille City, Coos county, is likely to be chief clerk of the senate with no opponent so far to contest his claim. Mr. Sinclair arrived in Portland yesterday, and is at the St. Charles. A. W. Severence, of Tillamook county, who served as calendar clerk in the senate, at the session of 1886, is a candidate for assistant chief clerk of the same body, and D. W. Coolidge, of Lane county, also wants the same position. Mr. Coolidge is clerk of the state board of equalization. J. W. Hobbs, representing Yamhill county at the last session, is a candidate for calendar clerk. J. B. Huntington, of Harney county, is slated for reading clerk, filled for several sessions in the past by J. B. Eddy, now a railroad commissioner. Ex-Senator Crosno, of Benton county, wants to be sergeant-at-arms of the senate, and senatorial courtesy may make a clear field for him. J. M. Stott, of Portland, is also a candidate for the same place, and E. M. Hartman, of Clackamas county, is also seeking the position.

Mr. Charles B. Moores, of Marion county, appears to have the inside track for speakership of the house. Mr. Joseph A. Wright had been supposed to be seeking the place, but his non-arrival from Union conty, and the fact of his not having made a formal announcement of his candidacy, is thought to indicate that he will not enter the race. Oscar P. Miller, of Molalla, Clackamas county, who served two terms as chief clerk of the senate, has strong hopes of occupying a similar place in the lower house, and so far there is no opposition. A. C. Auldon, of the Lakeview Examiner, is making an energetic canvas for assistant clerk of the house and Mr. Turner, of Yamhill county, also has a rod up for recognition in the same capacity. Glen Holman, of Portland; J. W. O'Connell, of Clackamas county, and A. V. R. Snyder, all want to be reading clerk, and the name of William Kapus, of this city, is mentioned in connection with the calendar clerk's desk. For sergeant-at-arms, S. A. Durham, of Washington county; S. B. Ormsby, of Marion, and S. J. Finch, of Multnomah, are candidates. Chances seem to favor Ormsby. He was a member of the lower house two years ago.

WHAT MULTNOMAH WANTS.

Various Legislative Measures Desired, and Will Vote for Dolph.

The leading object of the Multnomah delegation in the legislature will be to secure such amendments to the Portland charter and general laws as will reduce the expenses of municipal, county and state governments. The delegation will also seek to secure amendments to present enactments relating to assessment laws and the taxation of property, so as to obtain greater uniformity of taxation, and, also, that taxes can be paid in installments. Members of the legislature from Multnomah county will also endeavor to procure the passage of more effective laws for the protection of public moneys, and will probably ask the enactment of a law regulating the conduct of banking business in the state. The delegation from this county will, undoubtedly, support a bill abolishing all fees for both state and county officers, and requiring all to deposit any fees received in the respective treasuries, county or state, and also providing for the compensation of all officers, state or county, by salaries.

The members of the Multnomah delegation will also, in consideration of his ability, high standing and long public service, support Joseph N. Dolph for re-election as United States senator. The members believe that Senator Dolph can be of more service to the state of Oregon than any other man for the high position, and they stand practically a unit on that proposition.

To Protect Fishing Industry.

Mr. G. O. Rinearson, representative-elect for Clackamas county, who was in the city yesterday, will devote his particular attention to salmon legislation and the protection of the fishing industry of the state. He is in favor of closing up all streams where the artificial propagation of salmon is carried on. He will also endeavor to have a change made in the law so that the sheriff of any county need not make a levy on property delinquent for taxes, but will be allowed only to advertise the fact of such delinquency. This would save a large expense to the people and reduce the costs.

ARION HALL, WED., JAN. 9TH

Benefit of St. Patrick's Church.

Overture .....Orchestra
"My Uncle's Will"—A comedietta in one act—
Florence Marigold...Miss Charlotte Tittell
Charles Cashmore....Mr. Wallace Munroe
Mr. Barker.....Mr. Harry Brown
Vocal selection.....Miss Laura Stanton
Baritone solo.....Mr. J. Adrian Epping
Miss Minnie Tittell.
Vocal solo.....Mrs. A. Kelly
Webber Mandolin Club, Professor Webber, leader.
"Ruth's Romance"—A summer evening's sketch—
Ruth Carey.....Miss Essie Tittell
Jack Dudley.....Mr. Dewitt Clinton
Captain Wilton.....Mr. Harry Brown
Admission, 50 cents; 8:15 sharp.

"Hardman" Pianos. Wiley B. Allen Co.

LONG TRIP FOR FEES

REMARKABLE WHISKY-TO-INDIAN CASE FROM LAKE COUNTY.

Two Men Make a Hard Journey With a Poor Vagrant Offender—Judge Bellinger's Disgust.

Three worn and wearied looking men alighted from the Southern Pacific train on its arrival yesterday forenoon, and, having ascertained the whereabouts of the county jail, proceeded to that place. They were B. T. Tiffany, city marshal of Klamath Falls; and Special Deputy United States Marshal L. E. Kingsley, his assistant, and H. D. Scott, a prisoner, who had been held to answer before the United States grand jury by United States Commissioner Charles L. Parish, at Klamath Falls, for selling a pint of whisky to an Indian. The two officials turned the prisoner over to Jailer Chamberlain, and, drawing a long breath of relief, proceeded to the United States courthouse. There they called upon United States Attorney Murphy, and, having explained the reason of their presence, produced a bill for their services, which they asked Mr. Murphy to pay. Having heard their statement and glanced at the bill, Mr. Murphy fell back in his chair in a sort of swoon, from which he did not recover for some time. The exact amount of the bill has not been made public, but it is somewhere between $500 and $1000.

When Mr. Murphy recovered consciousness, he asked Deputy Marshal Tiffany if they had not heard of Judge Bellinger's rulings in regard to whisky-to-Indians cases, and was told that no notice of these rulings had reached Klamath Falls. Mr. Murphy then stated that he was not the proper person to apply to for fees in such cases, and, forthwith, escorted the officers to the office of United States Marshal Grady. When the circumstances were explained to him, Mr. Grady exclaimed, "Holy Moses!" and at once curved himself up on the lounge, and said, as he was liable to attacks of heart trouble, he would leave Mr. Coleman, his chief deputy, to attend to the matter.

Mr. Coleman thought the matter should be referred to Judge Bellinger, and so, when court convened, the strangers from a far land, with their long fee bill, were presented, and the judge was asked to approve the bill.

To say that the judge was surprised, and likewise disgusted, only faintly expresses it. He asked why these cases were not prosecuted in the state courts, and Mr. Murphy replied that the district attorney declined to prosecute them, on account of the expense.

"It costs a good deal more money to bring them in the United States court," said the judge. "I shall talk with Judge Gilbert about removing Commissioner Parish."

The court said he was satisfied that neither Marshal Grady nor United States Attorney Murphy was in any way responsible for the piling up of fees in this case, as neither of them knew anything about it until the arrival of the prisoner.

Mr. Grady says he will present the bill as a special bill, but will not include it in his accounts. The officials feel certain that the prisoner, Scott, after being instructed by the Kangaroo court, will, when brought before Judge Bellinger, claim that the whole business is a put-up job and that he was entrapped by the deputy marshal in order to make fees. They are convinced that it would have been better to use a stomach-pump on the Indian than to have run up such a bill against the government. Scott has been a vagrant around Klamath Falls, and in and out of jail there, and, when ordered to leave, preferred to stay in jail. As it was necessary for the special deputy to go around by Ager, Cal., to get here, it was required for him to have an assistant to watch the ferocious prisoner while he slept. The two men have been five days on their way with the prisoner, and there expenses on their trip will not be less than $100. They were to leave for home last night, but whether they will walk, or "ride and tie," is not known. In this case, the whisky-to-Indians business has reached the high-water mark of absurdity and nothing more will probably be heard of it for some time.

THE PLAN DISCLOSED.

Editor Dennis, of the Columbian, Refused to "Divvy Up."

VANCOUVER, Wash., Jan. 8.—The investigation begun yesterday by Prosecuting Attorney Bowles and the county commissioners of the nature and extent of the combination among the three newspaper publishers of this city, for the purpose of forcing the commissioners to pay the maximum rate allowed by law for the county printing and advertising, was resumed this morning. Editor Thurston Daniels, of the Register, and J. J. Beeson, former editor and proprietor of the Independent, appeared before the commissioners. Each of the witnesses stated positively, on oath, to the effect that an agreement existed, at the time the last contract for the county printing was awarded, that no bid should be submitted for the work at a lower price than the maximum rate; that by the terms of the agreement the bidder to whom the contract should be awarded (in this case the Columbian) should retain 50 per cent of the money received upon his contract, and that the other 50 per cent should be equally divided between the other two newspaper proprietors. It also transpired, from the testimony given, that the chief reason for the revealing of the plan by the witnesses was because Editor Dennis, of the Columbian, since being awarded the contract, had neglected and refused to comply with that portion of the agreement concerning the 50 per cent to be divided between the other two parties, but, in the language of one of the witnesses in giving his evidence:

"Dennis has been acting the hog, and refused to 'divvy up.'"

An amusing part of the testimony of Editor Daniels, whose newspaper—the Register—is populistic in politics, occurred when he was asked the question by Mr. Bowles:

"You have had considerable to say in your paper lately against the sugar and other trusts, monopolies and combinations generally against the interests of the people, have you not?"

"Yes, sir."

"State whether or not you would consider this agreement among the publishers as being in the nature of a trust."

"Perhaps it might be so considered."

The witness was then asked to explain wherein the principle involved in the trusts referred to in the editorials of his paper differed from or was in any manner worse than in this instance. The attempts of the witness to parry this question caused considerable amusement for the spectators. He finally stated that he considered the publishers of newspapers had a perfect right to come to an understanding among themselves concerning the rates to be charged for legal work, and that by so doing they were doing nothing wrong, but simply protecting themselves against the ruinous rates obtained by competition, and which, if continued, meant absolute bankruptcy to the paper receiving the contract. Mr. Daniels stated first, when asked to explain the difference between the rates charged by newspapers generally for commercial and legal advertising, that legal advertising was almost invariably higher, but after hearing the testimony of Mr. Beeson he qualified his statement as referring only to country newspapers.

Mr. Beeson, being interrogated upon this point, gave as instances the newspapers of Seattle, Spokane and Portland, which charged from double to four times more for commercial than legal work. Mr. Beeson explained, in regard to the manner in which the bids for printing were presented last April, that the fact that his bid was presented too late for consideration was by no means intentional on his part, and had nothing to do with the agreement; that he did not know the amount of either of the other bids presented, except that by the terms of the agreement no bid should be less than the maximum rate. Mr. Bowles then asked:

"Is it not a fact that your bid was, in substance, about as follows: 'I will do the county printing at one-half the maximum rate, provided the county officers will agree to remit one-half of their present salaries to the county'?"

"I refuse to answer that question. I offered my bid once to the commissioners, and they refused it, and I refuse to divulge it now. It has nothing to do with this investigation."

The three bills of $150 each, presented a week ago by the three newspapers for publishing the official county ticket, will now be reconsidered by the commissioners, and payment of the same will in all probability be refused as being exorbitant. It is also quite probable that an action will be brought at once in the superior court to annul the contract of the Columbian, upon the information received through this investigation.

EAST SIDE AFFAIRS.

Annual Meeting of the Masonic Association—The Free Ferry.

The Masonic Association of the East Side held its annual meeting, yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of electing a new board of directors for the ensuing year, and for transaction of such other business as properly came up. The following directors were chosen: John Myers, H. S. Rowe, T. M. Hurlburt, A. W. Lambert and C. E. Fields. After the close of the stockholders' meeting the newly-elected board of directors immediately convened for election of officers, the following being elected: President, H. S. Rowe; vice-president, T. M. Hurlburt; secretary, C. E. Fields; treasurer, John Myers.

The affairs of the association are in good shape, and the stockholders are constantly paying on the stock, the money being applied in payments on the grounds purchased of the St. David's church on the northeast corner of Grand avenue and East Morrison street. On this corner the association owns a quarter, for which it paid $25,000, and here it is contemplated and intended to put up a Masonic building that will be an ornament to the East Side. It would have been erected two years ago but for the stringency in money matters. The capital stock of the association is $75,000.

The Free Ferry.

In spite of obstacles, occasioned by the storm and an accident to the pontoon landing on the East Side, the small boat of the Stark-street ferry has been kept in operation. It was expected that the big boat would be run yesterday, but a rise of 14 inches in the river prevented this being done. The pontoon on the East Side was pushed off its bearings, several days ago, and it has been impossible to get it back into proper position on account of the rise of the river. The pontoon rests on wheels, the cars on tracks, and the structure is moved up and down the tracks as the water rises and falls. The pontoon is very heavy and cannot be moved very readily. As soon as the water falls sufficiently, the trouble will be remedied and the big ferry put in operation. Until the big ferry is put into operation, teams cannot cross on the ferry. A great many come to the landing and are compelled to turn back.

Thought She Was Shocked.

The recent accidents from electric wires, which killed several horses, have made people very nervous about any sort of a wire hanging from a pole on the street. Last evening a lady got off a car on Grand avenue, and, as she did so, a piece of wire was suspended near the walk, which she did not observe until close to it. When she saw it she jumped to one side in great alarm. At the moment the trolley rod of the car slipped off the wire, and caused a flash and a hissing noise. The lady thought the noise came from the wire by her side and that she was "shocked." She gave a shriek and started to run. Her activity was proof she was not injured and the incident caused great amusement.

Officers Installed.

The officers of Phalanx lodge, No. 14, K. of P., were installed last night at the castle of the lodge on East Oak street and Grand avenue. The following are the officers: William S. Love, chancellor commander; G. D. Smith, vice-chancellor commander; Charles E. Blum, prelate; J. Hughes, keeper of records and seals; Herbert Dalton, master of finances; E. M. Sargent, exchequer; D. McClosky, master-at-arms; J. A. Newell, master of work. The lodge closed up the term in excellent condition. After installation short addresses were made by various members.

Another Was Fined.

There is a determination to break up the practices of a certain class of young men, in disturbing the meetings in the Salvation Army barracks on East Sixth and East Pine streets, several arrests and fines having occurred recently. John Davis, a young man 19 years of age, caused a disturbance Sunday, and he was arrested by Constable Marks yesterday and brought before Justice Bullock, where he pleaded guilty and was fined $10. He was not able to pay the fine and went to jail. Hickey, who was fined the day before for the same offense, was not able to pay and was also committed to jail. These proceedings will probable prevent further disturbances.

In the Burnt District.

Building operations in the burnt district in Lower Albina are suspended for the present. The long warehouse for the elevator company is nearly completed, the roofs of the last three parts alone remaining unfinished. This comprises about 75 feet. A few of the piles for the coal bunkers were driven, and then work was stopped by the storm. There are three drivers ready for operations here, and quite a lot of piles in the river. Smoke still arises from the smouldering piles of wheat where the big elevator stood before the big fire. Work will doubtless be resumed on the bunkers as soon as the weather will permit it.

The Ditches All Right.

Deputy Street Superintendent Charles E. Smith made an inspection of the southeast district yesterday to ascertain the effects of the ditches he caused to be dug there for draining the low ground. A ditch was dug along East Twenty-first from Division street to Ellsworth and along Ellsworth to Brooklyn creek. Also the old ditch from Division south on East Sixteenth street was enlarged. All this work was done to prevent that section from being flooded from freshets. Mr. Smith found the section comparatively free from water, and is well pleased with the result of the work.

Boys' Athletic Class.

Secretary Johnson, of the East Side Y. M. C. A., intends making an effort to organize a boys' class for instructions in the gymnasium-room. There is quite a number of boys in the association and he is desirous that they should have the advantages of the gymnasium as well as the older members. He hopes to effect an organization the coming week.

Miscellaneous Notes.

Station-Master Joe Ben Lane is still confined to his home with sickness. He will be out in a few days.

An effort is being made to get the telephone lines on the East Side in condition for service, and several repairers were at work yesterday.

The public installation of Fidelity lodge, Degree of Honor, No. 14, which was to have taken place Thursday evening, has been abandoned on account of the death of Mr. Friedlander, a member.

The stockholders of the Gresham Cannery & Dryer Company have not given up all hopes for that establishment. Last week they paid for the land the building stands on and secured a deed for it.

NATIONAL BANK OFFICERS

Boards of Directors in Several Portland Institutions.

Yesterday, the second Tuesday in January, was the day on which the law establishing national banks requires that the annual meeting of the stockholders of such banks shall be held. Meetings were held by the stockholders of each of the five national banks in this city. The First National bank elected the following board of directors: Henry Failing, H. W. Corbett, Jacob Kamm, James F. Failing and H. J. Corbett. The board subsequently met and organized by the election of the following officers: Henry Failing, president; H. W. Corbett, vice-president; G. E. Withington, cashier; J. W. Newkirk, assistant cashier; W. C. Alvord, second assistant cashier.

The Commercial National bank elected the following board of directors: John J. Valentine, president, Wells, Fargo & Co.; Homer S. King, manager, Wells, Fargo & Co.'s bank; Hon. George H. Williams, attorney and counsellor; R. L. Durham, vice-president; John McCraken, of the J. McCraken Company; J. B. David, capitalist; William M. Jack, of the Crane & Jack Company; H. C. Wortman, of Olds & King; Eugene Shelby. The board organized by electing the following officers: John J. Valentine, president; R. L. Durham, vice-president; Edward Cookingham, cashier; R. M. Dooly, assistant cashier.

The United States National bank elected the following board of directors: Tyler Woodward, Jacob Kamm, Rufus Mallory, E. A. King, Donald Macleay, B. Killin, D. W. Wakefield, Charles Hegele, Frank C. Miller. The board organized by electing the following officers: Donald Macleay, president; Tyler Woodward, vice-president; Jacob Kamm, second vice-president; F. C. Miller, cashier; James Newlands, assistant cashier.

The Ainsworth National bank elected the following board of directors: W. K. Smith, L. F. Grover, L. L. Hawkins, W. J. Hawkins, J. P. Marshall, W. T. Charleston, and F. A. E. Starr. They will hold a meeting today to organize.

At the meeting of the stockholders of the Merchants' National bank there was not a quorum present and the election of a board of directors was postponed till today.

THINGS TO REMEMBER

OUR · EIGHTEENTH

Annual Clearance Sale

IS NOW IN FULL OPERATION

There is no mystery or jugglery about our annual clearance sales. They originated with our house and are a part of its system of modern merchandising.

Do not mistake the many imitators for the genuine. This almost universal imitation is the best proof of the straightforward way we conduct them.

It is the only time in the year when all our different stocks are included in one great bargain offering.

This, the sale of 1895, presents more attractions than any previous one, on account of our larger assortments and lower prices.

Do not delay your purchases. Every day closes out some extra values. Come early.

OLDS & KING

Fifth and Washington

Please Remember . . .

That we have opened a branch at the corner of Third and Stark Streets, where we shall conduct a first-class Pharmacy on the same principles of courtesy and fair prices which have prevailed at our First and Alder-st. store for the past 30 years.

Woodard, Clarke & Co.

First and Alder Streets
Third and Stark Streets

Chemists

Annual Clearance Sale

ALL-ROUND REDUCTIONS OF PRICES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

SPECIAL SALE
Men's Clothing

$47,500 WORTH OF MEN'S SUITS AND TROUSERS AT COST OF MATERIALS

These are neither shoddy goods nor antiquated styles, but are fashionable cloths and cuts, thoroughly well made—up to date in every respect

MEIER & FRANK CO

PATRONIZE · HOME · INDUSTRY

·· SEASON 1894-95 ··

Our Second Sale Since Removing to Our New Store, S. W. Cor. Third and Oak Streets

$9.95 —MEN'S— All-Wool Suits $9.95

Frocks and Single and Double-Breasted Sacks, Twenty and twenty-two ounce goods, eighteen patterns, including Blue and Black Cheviots.

Every suit warranted made of celebrated Albany Woolen Mills Cassimere, and manufactured on our own premises. We employ 147 hands, and money paid for labor remains here at home.

J. M. MOYER & CO.

—Wholesale and Retail Clothiers—

Nos. 81 83 and THIRD STREET — S. W. COR. OAK

E. C. GODDARD & CO.

BARGAIN SALE OF SHOES.

Today we offer Laird, Schober & Mitchell Ladies' $6.00 French Kid Waukenfast, Button, Hand-Sewed, for $2.85. They will not last long at this price.

We have also picked out a lot of Ladies' Shoes, sizes 2½ and 3 only, for 99 cents—some of them worth $3.50.

CALL IN THE FORENOON FOR BEST RESULTS.

129 SIXTH STREET, - - OREGONIAN BUILDING

You Will surely find that in every particular there is no superior among all baking powders to the **Golden West**

Phillip Goldsmith, New York City — Sol Oppenheimer, Portland, Or. — Berthold Goldsmith, New Kensington, Pa.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

Tin and Sheet-Iron Work

—AGENTS FOR—

Taylor's "Old-Style" Roofing Plates.

CUT THIS OUT — The Century War Book. — COUPON

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