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Monday we offer Laird, Schober & Mitchell Ladies' \$6.00 French Kid Waukenfast, Button, Hand-Sewed, for \$2.85.

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"Persons having normal vision will be able to read this print at a distance of 14 inches from the eyes with ease and comfort; also will be able to read it with ease separately; if unable to do so your eyes are defective, and should have immediate attention. When the eyes become tired from reading or sewing, or if the letters look blurred and run together, it is a sure indication that glasses are needed. The lenses sold in the cheap goods are of unequal density and have imperfectly formed surfaces. Continued use of these poorer lenses will result in a positive injury from the constant strain upon the muscles of accommodation to supply the defects in the glass."

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"The attention of the president has been called to a hint thrown out in the senate discussion of Friday, that the visit of a certain committee of royalists from the Hawaiian islands was connected in some way with the departure of the American ships from that locality. Of course, such an insinuation is very absurd. Its propriety and the motive behind it, I am sure, can safely be left to the judgment of the fair and right-thinking Americans. I am entirely willing that all our people should know everything I know concerning the visit of the so-called committee of royalists.

"Last year, in the latter part of July, or early in August, three gentlemen from Hawaii arrived here and asked, through the secretary of state, a designation of a time when they would have an interview with me. I gave them a message from the deposed Hawaiian queen. Through me, they could not, with propriety, recognize them officially. I was not disposed to refuse them, personally, the courtesy of an audience. Therefore, I gave them an hour and were fixed for the interview. In the meantime, at my request, transmitted through the secretary of state, these gentlemen made known the precise purpose of their visit in the following note, dated August 18, and addressed to the secretary of state:

"We, the undersigned commissioners sent by her majesty, Queen Liliuokalani, request an audience of the president of the United States. We desire to ask his excellency whether there is any hope for his doing anything for the restoration of the constitutional government of the Hawaiian islands."

"This note bore the signature of Cummings, H. A. Widemann and Samuel Parker. After it had been submitted to me I prepared in writing, with some care, a reply to the question it contained, to be read by me to the commissioners at our meeting. I intended to avoid all misunderstanding and misconception by absolutely confining myself to such written reply, of which the following is a copy:

"Gentlemen: You must permit me to remind you that this interview is not an official one, and that instead of receiving you in any representative capacity I meet you as individuals who have traveled a long distance for the purpose of laying a certain matter before me. You ask me if there is any hope of my doing anything for the restoration of the constitutional government of the Hawaiian islands. In answer to this question I am satisfied there had been such an unjustifiable interference in aid of that movement on the part of the representatives of the government of the United States, in its diplomatic and naval sphere, as to call for a correction, not only to rectify what seemed to be a wrong done to others, but also through the recognition to ward off what appeared to be a danger to the honor and prestige of the United States. Fully appreciating the constitutional limitations of my executive power and by no means unmindful of the hindrances that might arise, I undertook the task. Having failed in my plans, I committed the entire subject to the congress of the United States, which had abundant power and authority in the premises. The executive branch of the government was thoroughly discharged from further duty and responsibility in the matter, unless moved thereto by congressional command. The congress has, both by its action and its omission to act, signified that it has no intention of touching American interference with the overthrow of the queen. Quite lately a government has been established in Hawaii, and which is in full force and operation. It is a government which maintains its authority and discharging all ordinary governmental functions. Upon general principles, and not losing sight of the special circumstances surrounding this case, the new government is clearly entitled to our recognition without regard to any of the incidents which accompanied or preceded its inauguration. This recognition and the attitude of the congress concerning Hawaiian affairs, of course, lead to an absolute denial of present or future aid or encouragement on my part to an effort to restore any government heretofore existing in the Hawaiian islands."

"When the day appointed for the meeting arrived I was confined to my bed by illness and unable to keep my engagement. I therefore signed the paper I had expected to read, and it was delivered to the commissioners, who, I believe, returned at once to Hawaii. I never saw any member of this commission or committee, and have never had any communication or transaction with them, directly or indirectly, except as I have quoted."

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Rev. Douglass P. Binnie, of Austin, Mass., has been offered the pastorate of the Methodist church here, the largest and finest in the city.

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So far as can be learned, the British Commissioner Haves has never countenanced or encouraged any movement to restore the queen. He is necessarily subjected to strong influences to do so, by reason of the majority of British residents who are anxious for his restoration. It is believed that he has continued strictly neutral. He maintains most friendly relations with President Dole and the government, unlike his aged predecessor, who was constantly endeavoring to annoy Dole and his associates, while he kept up secret intercourse with the deposed queen.

President Dole has received an autograph letter from President Mont, of Chili, recognizing the new republic.

The Land of Revolution.

LONDON, Jan. 6.--A Buenos Ayres dispatch in the Times says a committee composed of General Bueno, Admiral Soler and other officers will start for Europe, Friday, for the purpose of purchasing arms and munitions for the revolution. A dispatch published by the Times Saturday says that the Argentine congress had sanctioned a war credit of \$2,000,000 in view of a possible quarrel with Chili regarding the frontier. Friday last the Chilean minister of foreign affairs formally notified the Argentine minister of the relations between Chili and Argentine were strained.

FINAL TEST THIS WEEK

No Programme for the House Beyond the Currency Bill.

MITCHELL'S POSTPONED SPEECH

Oregon's Senator Will Open the Senate's Regular Proceedings With a Talk for the Canal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.--The coming week promises to be a most eventful one in the house of representatives. It will not only determine the fate of the Currency bill, so far as the lower branch of congress is concerned, but the event of the defeat of the measure will have a far-reaching effect on the currency question and on the policy of congress and the administration. The democratic caucus, which convened at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, will be the first important step, and it is expected to test whether any bill can command a majority and what form of bill it will be. The house will adjourn immediately after assembling, out of respect to the memory of Mr. Post. A rule fixing the future course of debate will not be introduced until Tuesday, and the terms will depend on the result of the caucus. It had been hoped to reach a final vote by Tuesday or Wednesday, but Springer, who is in charge of the bill, says it may be necessary to let it be reported on Wednesday. There are evidences, however, that a coup d'etat will be put into execution by Tuesday by those opposed to the bill. This will be a motion to strike out all after the meeting clause, which would be equivalent to motion to kill the bill. It was by a stroke of this kind that the Morrison tariff bill was summarily killed long before its passage. It was considered by the committee on Tuesday, and the members of the house have been consulted and have agreed that this move is regular and in accordance with the rules. They are expecting the move, although it is not known whether it will be precipitated, and all of the bill after the enacting clause struck out, it would go away with the five-minute debate and put an end to the bill. If, however, the motion to strike out should fail to secure a majority, the five-minute debate would proceed until the final vote was taken. There is no programme for the week beyond the currency bill, for this measure will exclude consideration of everything else until it is settled.

The senate will undoubtedly adjourn tomorrow noon, after the hour of meeting, as a mark of respect to Mr. Post. Tuesday, the Nicaragua canal bill will again be before the senate, and the regular proceedings of the week will begin with a speech in support of the measure by Mitchell of Oregon. The friends of the canal bill are hopeful that a vote may be reached during the week, but whether it will attain that important stage will depend upon the persistence of the opposition and the interference of the business of the appropriation committee. The pension appropriation is the only appropriation bill now before the senate, and it is not believed its consideration will consume much time. There is a probability, however, that the urgent deficiency bill will be reported during the week, and in case it should be an effort is to be made to call it up. It is to be the basis for numerous speeches on the appropriations for trying the income tax into effect. While the opponents of the income tax generally disavow any intention to defeat the appropriation, they openly confess their purpose of using it as a text for speeches on the general policy of imposing such a tax. The probability is, however, against any effort to secure consideration of this bill during the week. It is likely that two or three speeches will be made against the canal bill during the week, and the effort will be made to announce to be made in its support. The advocates of the canal bill are beginning to grow somewhat anxious to reach a final vote. The whole situation, so far as it may be possible to displace the bill entirely with some other measure, or if this is avoided, and the bill passed, it will reach the senate late in the consideration during the present session. The general understanding is now that when the Nicaragua bill shall be discussed, the effort will be made to announce to be made in its support. The advocates of the canal bill are beginning to grow somewhat anxious to reach a final vote. The whole situation, so far as it may be possible to displace the bill entirely with some other measure, or if this is avoided, and the bill passed, it will reach the senate late in the consideration during the present session. The general understanding is now that when the Nicaragua bill shall be discussed, the effort will be made to announce to be made in its support.

HONOR AND DISHONOR.

Judge for a Day.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.--William G. Britton yesterday gained a right to the title of judge, as the result of one day's service on the superior bench. Britton received his certificate of election as superior judge for the short term Friday. He sat on the bench for a few minutes yesterday. Tomorrow he will give place to Judge Ischer, who was re-elected for the long term.

Guilty of Contempt.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.--Attorney Horace Philbrook, who had the temerity in a brief submitted to the supreme court, to accuse Justice Harrison of fraud, has been disbarred by the court for three years. Philbrook charged that Justice Harrison, while attorney in the Levison estate case, was guilty of dishonest practices and in his brief Philbrook plainly told the court what it should do in the matter. This the supreme court says was contempt of court and Philbrook has been punished as stated.

Omaha Gamblers Shown Up.

OMAHA, Jan. 6.--The Omaha Bee today printed a page expose of the gambling-houses of Omaha; how they secured immunity from police interference and paid large sums to officials, newspapers and others. The Bee reporters were engaged in securing evidence for weeks, and a number of people were involved who were not known to be interested in protecting Omaha gamblers. Tonight the houses are closed.

Both Are Dead.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 6.--James Cook, a well known politician, and Charles Huddell, of the city engineer's office, shot and killed each other last night. The trouble grew out of Cook's alleged intimacy with Huddell's wife.

Mrs. Hartley's Sentence Postponed.

RENO, Nev., Jan. 6.--The sentencing of Mrs. Hartley was postponed yesterday to January 12, owing to the physical inability of the defendant to appear in court.

Indiana Ghoul.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 6.--It has developed here that the wholesale grave robberies are being indulged in by students of the colleges in this city. The recent burning of the Indiana medical college, when 25 subjects were lost, has created a demand for bodies, and agents have been secured to keep track of the surrounding towns to keep track of the burials. Within the past week, two corpses have been recovered by their friends in the pickling vats of the local colleges, and the excitement is so intense that the residents of suburban towns are forming vigilance committees to prevent the disturbance of their dead.

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MITCHELL'S POSTPONED SPEECH

Oregon's Senator Will Open the Senate's Regular Proceedings With a Talk for the Canal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.--The coming week promises to be a most eventful one in the house of representatives. It will not only determine the fate of the Currency bill, so far as the lower branch of congress is concerned, but the event of the defeat of the measure will have a far-reaching effect on the currency question and on the policy of congress and the administration. The democratic caucus, which convened at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, will be the first important step, and it is expected to test whether any bill can command a majority and what form of bill it will be. The house will adjourn immediately after assembling, out of respect to the memory of Mr. Post. A rule fixing the future course of debate will not be introduced until Tuesday, and the terms will depend on the result of the caucus. It had been hoped to reach a final vote by Tuesday or Wednesday, but Springer, who is in charge of the bill, says it may be necessary to let it be reported on Wednesday. There are evidences, however, that a coup d'etat will be put into execution by Tuesday by those opposed to the bill. This will be a motion to strike out all after the meeting clause, which would be