



THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF KALISPELL

KALISPELL, MONTANA
D. R. PEELER, Pres., F. J. LEBERT, V. Pres., R. E. WEBSTER, Cash., W. D. LAWSON, A. Cash.
Transacts a general banking business. Drafts issued, available in all cities of the United States and Europe, Hong Kong and Manila. Collections made on favorable terms.

LADD & TILTON, Bankers Portland, Oregon

Established in 1859. Transact a General Banking Business. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made at all points on favorable terms. Letters of Credit issued available in Europe and the Eastern States. Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers sold on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, Omaha, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia. Exchange sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfurt and Hong Kong.

UNITED STATES NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President. W. B. AYER, Vice-President. R. W. SCHMEER, Cashier. A. M. WRIGHT, Assistant Cashier.
Transacts a general banking business. Drafts issued, available in all cities of the United States and Europe, Hong Kong and Manila. Collections made on favorable terms.
NORTHWEST CORNER THIRD AND OAK STREETS.

THE PENINSULA BANK ST. JOHNS, ORE.

Capital, fully paid up, \$25,000.00. Surplus and undivided profits, \$3,000.00. Commenced Business June 5, 1905.
OFFICERS: J. W. FORDNEY, President; R. T. PLATT, Vice President; C. A. WOOD, Cashier.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS: J. W. Fordney, R. T. Platt, F. C. Knapp, W. A. Brewer, H. L. Powers, Thos. Cochran, M. L. Holbrook, C. A. Wood.

DEXTER, HORTON & CO. BANKERS Portland, Oregon

Capital \$200,000 Deposits \$7,500,000
Accounts of Northwest Pacific Banks solicited upon terms which will grant to them the most liberal accommodations consistent with their policies and responsibilities. Wm. M. Ladd, President; N. B. LaBrier, Manager; N. W. Ferguson, Cashier. Seattle, Washington.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORT TOWNSEND

Established 1862. Collections promptly made and remitted.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND OREGON

Capital, \$500,000
Surplus, \$1,000,000 Deposits, \$13,000,000

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of North Yakima, Wash.

Capital and Surplus \$120,000 00
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
W. M. LADD, President CHAS. CARPENTER, Vice President W. L. STEINWEG, Cashier A. B. CLINE, Assistant Cashier

FIRST NATIONAL BANK Walla Walla, Washington.

Transacts a General Banking Business.
CAPITAL \$100,000 SURPLUS \$100,000
LEVIANKENT, President. A. H. REYNOLDS, Vice President. A. R. BURFORD, Cashier

THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE TACOMA, WASH.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
Capital \$200,000 Surplus \$200,000
OFFICERS—Chester Thorne, President; Arthur Albertson, Vice President and Cashier; Frederick A. Rice, Assistant Cashier; Delbert A. Young, Assistant Cashier.
JNO. C. AINSWORTH, Pres., JNO. B. BAKER, Vice Pres., F. C. KAUFFMAN, 2d Vice Pres., A. G. FRICHIARD, Cashier, F. P. HASKELL, JR., Assistant Cashier.

THE FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY BANK

General Banking CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$390,000 Safe Deposit Vaults
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT: Interest at the Rate of 3 per cent per Annum, Credited Semi-Annually
TACOMA, WASHINGTON
ALFRED COOLIDGE, Pres. A. F. MCCLAIN, Vice Pres. AARON KUHN, Vice Pres. CHAR. E. SCHRIEBER, Cashier. D. C. WOODWARD, Asst. Cashier.

THE COLFAX NATIONAL BANK of Colfax Wash.

Capital, \$120,000.00
Transacts a general banking business. Special facilities for handling Eastern Washington and Idaho items.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK ESTABLISHED 1881

Moorehead, Minnesota
JOHN LAMB, DAVID ASKEGAARD, LEW A. HUNTON, ARTHUR H. COSTAIN, President Vice President Cashier Asst. Cashier
Interest Paid on Time Deposits

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of East Grand Forks, Minn.

Farm Loans Negotiated. Fire and Cyclone Insurance Written. Does a General Banking Business.
Capital, \$50,000 E. ARNISON, Pres. G. R. JACOBI Cashier
4 Per Cent Interest Paid on Time Deposits

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

CAPITAL \$500,000 SURPLUS 725,000
U. S. Government Depository.
GEORGE PALMER, President F. L. MEYERS, Cashier GEO. L. CLEAVER, Asst. Cashier W. L. BRENHOLTS, Asst. Cashier

La Grande National Bank LA GRANDE OREGON

Capital and Surplus, \$120,000
DIRECTORS: J. M. Berry, A. B. Conley, F. J. Holmes, F. M. Byrkit, F. L. Meyers, Geo. L. Cleaver, Geo. Palmer.

The Merchants National Bank Of St. Paul, Minnesota

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
Capital, \$1,000,000.00 Surplus, \$500,000.00
Transacts a general banking business. Correspondence Invited
OFFICERS—KENNETH CLARK, President; GEO. H. PRINCE, Vice President; H. W. PARKER, Cashier; H. VAN VLECK, Assistant Cashier.
DIRECTORS—Crawford Livingston, Kenneth Clark; J. H. Skinner, Louis W. Hill, Geo. H. Prince, C. H. Bigelow, R. D. Noyes, V. M. Watkins, L. P. Ordway, F. B. Kellong, E. N. Saunders, Thomas A. Marlow, W. B. Parsons, J. M. Hannaford, Charles F. Noyes.



Our new plant on Front St., between Seventeenth and Nineteenth Sts., is the most modern Engineering Plant on the Pacific Coast. Work placed with us will be executed with efficiency and despatch.

Another blizzard has swept North Dakota.

The Chinese government is arresting many reformers.
A slight earthquake shock is reported from Greenville, Ill.

The French cabinet is in danger of a split on the church question.
Roosevelt says that if the several states will not abolish child labor the nation must

Many Chinese are believed to have been smuggled across the Canadian boundary into eastern states.
Rinaldo M. Hall, of Portland, was chosen president of the Pacific Coast Admen's league at its Spokane meeting.

Policy holders of San Francisco in the Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance company will get but 25 per cent on settlement.
The National Red Cross has sent a total of \$25,000 to famine sufferers of China since the call for assistance was issued.

The entire San Francisco school board may go to Washington to participate in the conference on the Japanese question.

Further drastic action may follow, including the closing of all schools of the city, a move which was considered when the epidemic first broke out but was abandoned as unnecessary. If the spirit of the commissioner's appeal is followed generally, Chicago will place an embargo on herself, each family establishing a quarantine, as in a place withering under a plague.

Fearing that the epidemic in violent form will spread into the Ghetto and further south into the stock yards district led to the issuance of the public plea for assistance. Scarlet fever broke out in several neighborhoods on the West Side, showing a tendency of the disease to spread from the Northwest side, in the vicinity of Humboldt Park and from Oak Park and Austin east and south.

Dr. Whalen, head of the city Health department, did not come to his office early enough to get the first returns. In his absence his assistant, Dr. Herman Spalding, with the perspiration running down his face from overwork and excitement, admitted for the first time that the department was helpless.

"It must be admitted now," said Dr. Spalding, "that the epidemic is on the increase. I was in lops that yesterday's figures simply meant that more reports were coming in. The new record today shows I was mistaken and that the conditions are most serious."
Records of the Health department show the present epidemic to be one of the most serious the city has known. The records show the number of cases of scarlet fever in the last four days vastly exceeds the total for the whole month of January in a normal year.

Albina Club (George Ross), choice wines, liquors and cigars, 134 Russell street, Portland, Ore. Phone East 4286.

The Anheuser, Henry M. Williams, proprietor, 234 Morrison street, corner Second, Portland, Ore. Telephone Main 2517.

Ryan & John, dealers in choice groceries, meat, fish and poultry, phone Main 522, 61 North Park street, corner Davis.

Everett Market, (E. L. Peck, Prop.), Choice Meats and Poultry, 413 Everett Street, corner Tenth, Portland, Ore. Phone Main 1540.

C. Anderson, staple and fancy groceries. Twenty-first and Thurman streets. Phone Hood 57. Fresh roasted coffee a specialty.

Try the Pacific Laundry Co. for good work and prompt service. Main office First and Arthur streets, Portland, Ore. Telephone 649.

John Schaid, dealer in hardware, tinware, sheet iron work, guttering, spouting and roofing. General jobbing a specialty. 149 Russell street.

Royal Market, Bair & Werth proprietors, fresh and cured meats, fish, poultry and game. 439 Union avenue north, corner Tillamook. Phone East 167.

L. N. Nees, boot and shoemaker. Fine repairing a specialty. Give him a call when you need anything in this line, 322 1/2 Williams av., Portland, Oregon.

Martin Marks Coffee Co., 252 Third Street, Telephone Main 1893. Monte Cristo Java and Mocha Coffee always pleases. If you want a good, rich drinking coffee, insist on getting Monte Cristo Java and Mocha.

Red Front Shoe Store, J. F. Johnson, Proprietor. Fine dress shoes; workmen's and loggers' shoes at \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00 per pair. Repairing neatly done. 85 North Sixth street, between Everett and Flanders, next door to the Union House, Portland, Oregon. Phone Main 4062.

Vulcan Coal Company, wholesale and retail dealers in house, steam and blacksmith coal. Foundry and smelter coke. Puget Sound steam coal in car lots, \$3.50 per ton and up. We handle all the best grades of domestic and foreign house coals. Phone Main 2776. Office 329 Burnside St., Portland, Oregon.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The Indian appropriation bill was reported to the senate today. It carries \$14,509,201, a net increase of \$6,306,132 over the bill as passed by the house. The large increases are due to appropriations under which the United States treasurer will pay to a number of Indian tribes the money now held in trust as Indian tribal funds. The senate committee feels that these tribes are competent to manage their own affairs and that the government should cease paying interest on the funds.

THE PIONEER PAINT COMPANY

The pioneer paint establishment of Portland is that of F. E. Beach & Company, of 125 First St., the oldest and most reliable house of its kind in the Northwest. It carries an immense stock of the best things in paints and building materials, together with an unusual list of specialties. Those who need anything in these lines can certainly profit by going to F. E. Beach & Company. Remember the number, 125 First street.

ALL MEETINGS STOP

Chicago Adopts Drastic Measures to Fight Disease.

CITY'S POWERS ARE OVERTAXED

Epidemic Shows Immense Increase—Every Family Must Be Shut in Its Own Home.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—With a new leap of 300 cases of contagious diseases in the city and a fresh outbreak in the suburbs that brought to a total number of victims over the 15,000 mark, Health Commissioner Charles J. Whalen, under fire in the most serious epidemic of a decade, today issued a public proclamation calling on the people of the city to suspend public and social gatherings and thus aid in checking the pest.

Further drastic action may follow, including the closing of all schools of the city, a move which was considered when the epidemic first broke out but was abandoned as unnecessary. If the spirit of the commissioner's appeal is followed generally, Chicago will place an embargo on herself, each family establishing a quarantine, as in a place withering under a plague.

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HARMONY IN SIGHT.

Californians Confident of Solution of Japanese Question.

Washington, Jan. 31.—After two hours conference at the White House last night regarding the Japanese question on the Pacific coast, the California delegation in congress authorized the following statement:

"The California delegation had a very full and harmonious discussion with the president, the secretary of state and the secretary of the navy on the serious questions relating to the Japanese on the Pacific coast. The character of the discussion leads us to feel confident that a solution will be reached satisfactory to all concerned."

The existing treaty between the United States and Japan will expire March 12, this year. President Roosevelt has heretofore assured the members of congress from California that he would endeavor to form a new treaty with the Japanese empire which would meet with their entire approval and at the same time prove satisfactory to the Tokyo government. The Californians have in the past insisted on an exclusion act to bar Japanese coolies out of the United States, but it is hinted as a result of the conference that Senator Perkins and Flint and the members of the house of representatives from that state have practically agreed to waive this demand and leave it to the president to negotiate a new convention that will keep the Japanese coolie labor out of this country.

Let Indians Invest Own Funds.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The Indian appropriation bill was reported to the senate today. It carries \$14,509,201, a net increase of \$6,306,132 over the bill as passed by the house. The large increases are due to appropriations under which the United States treasurer will pay to a number of Indian tribes the money now held in trust as Indian tribal funds. The senate committee feels that these tribes are competent to manage their own affairs and that the government should cease paying interest on the funds.

Will Sny Cattle for Indians.

Washington, Jan. 31.—An expenditure of nearly \$1,000,000 for the purchase of cattle to supply the needs of the Indians on reservations in North and South Dakota, Montana and Arizona will be made by the Interior department in a short time.

CHECKS INVASION.

Commerce Commission Hears Evidence at San Francisco.

San Francisco, Jan. 30.—Interstate Commissioner Franklin K. Lane yesterday commenced the investigation in this city of the relations between the Southern Pacific, the Union Pacific and the Santa Fe railroads and the result of these relations, with a view to determining in what particular, if any, these roads have violated the interstate commerce laws. It developed early in the hearing that the Southern and Union Pacific roads, which are now one, and the Santa Fe have entered into an alliance and between them control the rail transportation of the Pacific coast south of Oregon. C. A. Severance, special counsel for the government, conducted the examination of the witnesses, the railroads being represented by Peter F. Dunne and R. S. Lovett, of New York, who were coached at critical moments by J. C. Stubbs, traffic director of the Southern Pacific, A. H. Payson, vice president of the Santa Fe, and John D. Spreckles gave interesting testimony.

Mr. Spreckles testified to the purchase by President Harriman for \$1,300,000 of the Coos Bay & Coquille Valley Railroad company; the Coos Bay, Roseburg & Eastern Railway & Navigation company; some coal properties and a steamship line. They cost J. D. Spreckles Bros. company \$1,000,000.

Under the questioning of Mr. Severance Captain Payson disclosed the methods by which the Santa Fe and the Southern Pacific had jointly formed the Northwestern Pacific Railway company, each holding half of the capital stock of \$35,000,000. Captain Payson admitted that the Southern Pacific and the Santa Fe have joint ownership of the Potrero stockyards; that a Southern Pacific line from Mojave to Needles is leased by the Santa Fe, and that a small road leading out of Bakersfield was built jointly by the Southern Pacific and the Santa Fe and is operated alternately by the two roads.

DISEASE CAUSES TERROR.

Rapid Increase in Cases and Deaths Reported at Chicago

Chicago, Jan. 30.—The epidemic of contagious diseases in Chicago assumed some of the features of a plague today, reports of new cases pouring into the Health department office at the rate of one every three minutes. The Health department corps was hopelessly swamped with the tremendous spurt, 472 new cases being added to the already long list of patients. Chicago's sick from scarlet fever and diphtheria are now said to number over 10,200.

Five deaths were reported today, the total number of deaths from all causes for three days to noon being 342, or an average of one death every ten minutes. Last week, which was called the worst of the epidemic by Health Commissioner Whalen, the average of death was one every 13 minutes.

The appalling seriousness of the epidemic was mirrored in the confusion and semi-panic which seized the city hall departments, to which the city looks for a check. The Health department was overcrowded with physicians and policemen reporting cases, while the health commissioner was engaged in a three cornered squabble with the police, Building Commissioner Bartzen and members of the city council.

Aldermen were besieged by constituents, who demanded that official action be taken toward the appointment of a committee of the best physicians in the city to combat the contagious diseases and help quiet the panicky feeling which developed in all sections. Mayor Dunne thought the appointment of such a committee might be a good thing, but he said it had not been brought to his "official" attention that a serious epidemic exists and that the Health department was unable to cope with it.

Locomotive Plant Burns.

Philadelphia, Jan. 30.—Fire which started with an explosion in the paint shop destroyed an entire section of the big Baldwin Locomotive works last night, entailing a loss of \$1,000,000. The destroyed building was about 175 feet long by 150 feet deep, immediately adjoining the main office at Broad and Spring Garden streets, and the erecting shops, smith shops and foundries. These buildings were threatened, as were other departments along Spring Garden street and on Fifteenth street, but hard work saved them.

Black Hundred Terrorizes Tiflis.

Tiflis, Jan. 30.—This city is being terrorized by members of the Black Hundred, who are levying tribute on all persons of property. Yesterday they abducted the son of a millionaire and are holding the young man for a heavy ransom. They also have murdered a rich merchant for refusing to contribute to their cause.

Rhode Island Deadlock Unbroken.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 30.—The tenth and eleventh ballots for the election of a United States senator showed no change. Goldard had 40, Colt 38, Wetmore 31, Uter 1.

MILLIONS STARVING

Conditions in China Beyond All Description.

AMERICA ADVISED TO GIVE AID

Relief Would Do Much to Remove Ill Feeling That Prevails—Unrest Permeates Empire.

Washington, Jan. 29.—Mail reports from American Consular officers in China which reached the State Department today regarding the famine and resulting conditions further confirm the stories of suffering and hardship. Consul Haynes at Nanking says that the famine is ten times worse than anything known in that part of the empire for the past 40 years.

The Chinese officials, he says upon information given him by the Viceroy, admit their inability to cope with the situation. The government is trying to help the starving people to keep their cattle and to this end is taking their oxen and buffaloes in pairs for two taels each, keeping them thus until next Spring, when it will return them.

Mr. Haynes declares that whatever aid may be extended by this Government in the present crisis will certainly do much to dispel the ill-feeling recently aroused by the boycott, the exclusion act, etc.

Consul-General Rogers at Shanghai advises the department that the reports as to the conditions appearing in the newspapers, both foreign and Chinese, are for the most part sustained by the investigations made by American naval officers. He says an inquiry which he has made gives the general conclusion that the famine by March 1 will be regarded as severe and perhaps more so than that of 1878, by which it is thought 10,000,000 lives were lost.

The report of Mr. Rogers is accompanied by a statement by Dr. Henry M. Woods of the Southern Presbyterian mission at Hwai Ain Fu, who estimates that 10,000,000 of people are affected by the famine, 4,000,000 of whom are starving. He says there are at present more than 500,000 refugees at Tsing King Fu, huddled in mat sheds, and that the pitiful sight is daily witnessed of parents offering their children for sale at from \$2 to \$4 each. Brigandage and robbery, he adds, are rife.

GAS KILLS MINERS.

Death List From German Horror May Reach 300.

Saarbruecken, Jan. 29.—A fire-damp explosion occurred yesterday morning in the Reder coal mine at St. John-Saar, opposite Saarbruecken, and caused the loss of from 150 to 200 lives. The mine is owned by the Prussian government.

Up to 6 o'clock last evening 77 bodies had been brought out and 56 corpses were known to be underground. Only 50 live men have been brought out, and of these the doctors say at least 35 will die, as they are frightfully injured through having been hurled against the walls of the galleries by the force of the explosion. An official report given out last night says the number of dead cannot exceed 100.

Immediately after the explosion rescue workers were hurried from all the adjacent mines and boldly entered the Reden shaft in great numbers. The work of rescue has been greatly hampered by the poisonous gases resulting from the explosion and from a fierce fire that broke out immediately afterwards. This caused efforts at rescue to be suspended, and the workers had to be ordered out of the mine.

After all the rescuers had reached daylight, according to one version, a second terrible detonation was heard underground. But according to another report, many of the rescuers were still below when the second explosion occurred, and it is estimated that the casualty list from the two explosions will reach a total of 300 men.

It is regarded as certain that the lowest levels of the mine are completely wrecked, and the inspectors are deliberating upon further measures to get control of the fire. The managers are discussing the advisability of flooding these levels as the only means of extinguishing the flames.

It is believed that all the men who were in the lower levels assuredly are dead. It will take a full week to enter and explore the mine.

Snow Blow Out.

Portland, Jan. 29.—The only railway snow plow in Western Oregon, a rotary, stored at the O. R. & N. shops at Albina, was ordered out yesterday for the first time in years, and put in commission to buck a huge drift near Multnomah Falls, which stalled the west-bound Spokane flyer, due here yesterday morning. The machine seemed to enjoy the unwonted exercise of diving into the drifts, and was soon throwing snow over the smokestack of the locomotive propelling it. This rotary has often seemed useless to railway men, so seldom is it required.

Thousands to American.

Rome, Jan. 29.—There were 417,593 emigrants from Italy in 1906—287,090 went to the United States, 118,181 to Argentina, and 13,143 to Brazil.