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THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF KALISPELL

KALISPELL, MONTANA
D. R. PEELER, Pres., F. J. LEDERT, V. Pres., R. E. WEBSTER, Cash., W. D. LAWSON, A. Cash.
Transacts a general banking business. Drafts issued, available in all cities of the United States and Europe, Hong Kong and Manila. Collections made on favorable terms.

LADD & TILTON, Bankers Portland, Oregon

Established in 1859. Transact a General Banking Business. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made at all points on favorable terms. Letters of Credit issued available in Europe and the Eastern States. Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers sold on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, Omaha, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia. Exchange sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfurt and Hong Kong.

UNITED STATES NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President. W. R. AYER, Vice-President. R. W. SCHMEER, Cashier
A. M. WRIGHT, Assistant Cashier.
Transacts a general banking business. Drafts issued, available in all cities of the United States and Europe, Hong Kong and Manila. Collections made on favorable terms.
NORTHWEST CORNER THIRD AND OAK STREETS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of North Yakima, Wash.

Capital and Surplus \$120,000.00
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
W. M. LADD, President. CHAS. CARPENTER, Vice President. W. L. STEINWEG, Cashier. A. B. CLINE, Assistant Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Walla Walla, Washington. (First National Bank in the State.)
Transacts a General Banking Business.
CAPITAL \$100,000. SURPLUS \$100,000.

LEVIANKENY, President. A. H. REYNOLDS, Vice President. A. R. BURFORD, Cashier
JOHN D. RYAN, Pres. D. J. HENNESSEY, Vice Pres. JOHN G. MORONY, Cashier
K. J. BOWMAN, Asst. Cashier. MARK SKINNER, Asst. Cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

Capital, \$200,000. UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY Deposits \$1,200,000
ASSOCIATE BANKS: Daly Bank & Trust Co., Butte; Daly Bank & Trust Co., Anaconda

THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE

TACOMA, WASH.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
Capital \$200,000 Surplus \$200,000
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
OFFICERS—Chester Thorne, President; Arthur Albertson, Vice President and Cashier; Frederick A. Rice, Assistant Cashier; Delbert A. Young, Assistant Cashier.

JNO. C. AINSWORTH, Pres. JNO. B. BAKER, Vice Pres. F. C. KAUFFMAN, 2d Vice Pres.
A. G. FRICHAUD, Cashier. F. P. HASKELL, JR., Assistant Cashier.

THE FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY BANK

General Banking CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$390,000 Safe Deposit Vaults
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT: Interest at the rate of 3 per cent per Annum, Credited Semi-Annually
TACOMA, WASHINGTON

ALFRED COOLIDGE, Pres. A. F. McLAINE, Vice Pres. AARON KUHN, Vice Pres.
CHAS. E. SCRIBER, Cashier. D. C. WOODWARD, Asst. Cashier.

THE COLFAX NATIONAL BANK of Colfax Wash.

Capital, \$120,000.00
Transacts a general banking business. Special facilities for handling Eastern Washington and Idaho items.

W. F. KETTENBACH, Pres. J. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres. GEO. H. KESTER, Cashier

LEWISTON NATIONAL BANK

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$215,000.00
Capital recently increased from \$50,000 to \$100,000 Surplus increased from \$50,000 to \$100,000
DIRECTORS—Jos. Alexander, C. C. Bunnell, J. B. Morris, Grace K. Plaffin, R. C. Beach, O. H. Kester, W. F. Kettenbach, O. E. Guernsey, Wm. A. Libert, Jno. W. Givens, A. Freidenrich.
Twenty-two years a National Bank. Oldest Bank in Lewiston, Idaho.

Send Your Washington, Idaho and Montana Business to the

OLD NATIONAL BANK

Spokane Washington

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Moorehead, Minnesota ESTABLISHED 1851

JOHN LAMB, DAVID ASKEGAARD, LEW A. HUNTOON, ARTHUR H. COSTAIN,
President Vice President Cashier Asst. Cashier

Interest Paid on Time Deposits

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of East Grand Forks, Minn.

Farm Loans Negotiated. Fire and Cyclone Insurance Written. Does a General Banking Business.
Capital, \$50,000 E. ARNESEN, Pres. G. R. JACOBI Cashier
4 Per Cent Interest Paid on Time Deposits

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA
Established in 1876. Capital, \$100,000. Interest Paid on Time Deposits
C. B. LITTLE, President. F. D. KENDRICK, Vice President.
B. M. FYE, Cashier. J. L. BELL, Asst. Cashier.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

THE JAMES RIVER NATIONAL BANK

OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH DAKOTA.
The Oldest and Largest Banking House in Central North Dakota
Collections made on all points in North Dakota. Foreign and domestic exchange bought and sold. Telegraph transfers to all parts of America.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

CAPITAL \$500,000 SURPLUS 725,000

U. S. Government Depository.

GEORGE PALMER, President. F. L. MEYERS, Cashier. GEO. L. CLEAVER, Asst. Cashier. W. L. BRENHOLTS, Asst. Cashier.

La Grande National Bank

Capital and Surplus, \$120,000
DIRECTORS: J. M. Berry, A. B. Conley, F. J. Holmes, F. M. Byrkit, F. L. Meyers, Geo. L. Cleaver, Geo. Palmer.

DAVID H. BECHER, President. SIDNEY CLARK, Cashier.

Union National Bank

Incorporated 1890

CAPITAL \$100,000

Pays Interest on Time Deposits

THE OLD BANK CORNER

Grand Forks,

NORTH DAKOTA

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

HAPPENINGS OF TWO CONTINENTS

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

Rival factions in Russia are brewing a revolution.

Many Chinese are being smuggled onto the canal zone.

Russia is sending hundreds of political prisoners to Siberia.

An American woman will climb the highest peak in the Andes.

The Denver city election contest may be carried to the federal courts.

Opponents of Smoot are seeking to drag Roosevelt into this quarrel.

The union of the Cumberland and Presbyterian churches has been completed.

Many gala day festivities have been arranged in Spain in connection with the wedding of King Alfonso.

Great Britain denies that an agreement exists with Russia affecting Persia, Thibet and Afghanistan.

Two young natives of India have entered the Oregon Agricultural college to study American scientific farming.

Chairman Tawney of the house appropriation committee, believes a large majority of the house favors a lock canal.

There is a rumored alliance of Russia, Austria and Germany.

Forest reserve states are to get a share of the timber revenue.

The movement to expel Smoot from the senate has been abandoned for this session.

The pope is greatly improved. He laughs at the idea of his life being endangered.

More bodies are being found by laborers clearing away the debris in San Francisco.

Three Turks have been arrested on suspicion of having murdered Consul Stuart in Russia.

San Francisco banks have opened for business and are receiving more money than they pay out.

The injunction against the union of the Cumberland with the old Presbyterian church has been denied.

Louisiana doctors claim to have found a cure for leprosy, having cured three sufferers from the dread disease.

George F. Baer, president of the Reading road, says there is no grafting among the officials of his line, as they are above such things.

Miss Nance O'Neill, the actress, has become bankrupt through the San Francisco disaster. She lost all her scenery, costumes and stage effects.

Torrents of mud from Vesuvius are causing death and panic.

Marines are being rushed to Panama to avert a revolution at the time of the general election, June 20.

The senate bill incorporating the Archaeological Institute of America has been passed by the house.

Estimates have been made for continuing work on the Panama canal to June 30, 1907. The total amount is \$26,948,251.

S. A. D. Pater, wanted in Portland in connection with the Oregon land fraud cases, has been captured in Alameda, a suburb of San Francisco.

Four more bodies have been found in the debris at San Francisco by workmen clearing away the ruins. The coroner places the total number of dead at 395.

W. H. Stuart, United States vice-consul at Batoum, Trans Caucasus, has been killed by unknown assassins. The case is being investigated by Ambassador Meyer.

It is said the military court which has been investigating the surrender of Port Arthur and the battle of the Sea of Japan has condemned to death Lieutenant General Stoessel and Rear Admiral Nebogatoff.

Senator Heyburn is slightly improved.

Women of England are working for suffrage.

Madrid is making great preparations for the royal wedding.

Vesuvius is pouring a torrent of mud on the nearby villages.

A prompt agreement on the rate bill is likely by the two houses of congress.

It is now believed that Mrs. Jefferson Davis may recover.

ZULUS GAIN FORCE.

British Fear That Another Great War May Come in South Africa.

Pretoria, May 25.—The garrison here has been ordered to prepare to take the field, and it is understood that similar orders have been sent to every commandant of British troops in South Africa. The situation in Natal is growing more and more serious daily and advices received from the troops that are operating against Bambata show that he is receiving reinforcements from nearly every tribe in Zululand.

Arms and ammunition are also being sent to him, and all efforts of the colonial authorities to put a stop to this traffic have proved futile. Zulu spies are everywhere and are apparently able to keep the leaders posted as to field plans, so no sooner is a trap set for the rebels than they escape from it. They have also captured several convoys.

The fact that the colonial troops have been unable to make any headway against the rebels, and that British regulars are to be called on, indicates how serious the situation is. The authorities are hardly in a position at present to enter into a great Zulu war, and it is understood that they will bend every effort to crush Bambata within the next few days. All the regular troops that can be spared are to take the field against him, while the colonials will act with them and will also try to prevent any other Zulu tribes from reaching Bambata until he can be crushed.

ADMIT THEY GOT REBATES.

Favored Merchants Testify Against Burlington Road.

Kansas City, May 25.—Testimony of unusual interest was brought out this afternoon in the United States court in the trial of George H. Crosby, traffic manager of the Burlington railway; George L. Thomas, of New York, a freight broker, and L. B. Taggart, his clerk, on a charge of conspiracy in rebating railroad rates.

The principal witnesses were George A. Barton, of Barton Brothers' Shoe Company; George W. Taylor, of Robert Keith Furniture Company; E. W. Freyschlag, of the Freyschlag Mercantile Company, all of this city, and Walter Kelly, of New York, clerk in 1904 and 1905 for Thomas.

The testimony showed that the firms mentioned received large sums of money from mysterious sources after freight bills had been paid; sometimes in express packages, always from New York, but none knew who sent it. On the stand Freyschlag frankly referred to an agreement with Thomas whereby his firm was to receive 25 per cent rebates on freight bills, and told how the money was deposited in New York to the firm's credit by one Jackson, whom he did not know.

He could not remember whether he or Thomas had suggested the use of the name. At first he said that the idea was his, but on cross-examination he changed and said that he could not remember. He admitted that the name was used to hide "this business," a term all the witnesses today employed.

EARTHQUAKE WRECKS CITY.

Immense Loss of Life at Unianka, Mongolia.

Victoria, B. C., May 25.—Mail advices from the Orient state that an earthquake causing great loss of life and considerable damage to property occurred at the beginning of May at Unianka and vicinity, in Mongolia. The Pekin Times reports that a chasm several feet wide was caused by the earthquake.

The walled city of Unianka was almost completely destroyed, the loss of life being very heavy. Officials at Pekin had received news that the calamity was of exceptional severity and arrangements were being made for the relief of the people in distress.

Severe shocks are also reported from Fokien province of China, the most disastrous in Chuen Chou prefecture, where many buildings were destroyed; the loss of life was unknown.

Metcalf Gives Evidence.

Washington, May 25.—Secretary Metcalf, complying with a resolution of the house, has sent to that body a long report from Commissioner General Sargent, of the Immigration bureau, giving the history of the enforcement of the Chinese exclusion law. The last chapter deals with the Chinese boycott of American goods and reproduces official proclamations of Chinese officials, which, despite assertions to the contrary, show that the Chinese government is at least not discouraging the boycott.

Hermann's Trial in June.

Washington, May 25.—The trial of Representative Hermann is now scheduled to take place in this city between June 6 and 10, unless some unforeseen obstacle should arise. Francis J. Heney has notified District Attorney Baker that he will come back to Washington to conduct the prosecution. It is probable the case will be disposed of in three or four days.

STOCK FREE OF COST

Pennsylvania Railroad Officials Acquire Coal Holdings.

COMMISSION MAKES DISCOVERY

Stock Paid for by Granting Rates and Discrimination in Distribution of Cars.

Philadelphia, May 24.—Further revelations concerning stockholdings in soft coal mining companies by officials of the Pennsylvania railroad were made today when the Interstate Commerce commission resumed its investigation into alleged discrimination by railroads in the distribution of cars. Three high officials of the railroad service, Vice-President John P. Green, Third Vice-President Samuel Rea and William A. Patton, assistant to the president at Philadelphia, were the important witnesses of the day.

Mr. Patton was under examination the greater part of the morning and was an unwilling witness. The persistent questioning of Mr. Glasgow, attorney for the commission, however, brought out the fact that he had acquired stock, the par value of which is \$307,000, in various coal companies without cost. He explained, however, that he had signed notes obligating himself for his share of the losses and declared his belief that it was proper for him to accept the stock under these conditions.

Mr. Rea read a statement to the commission, in which he explained all of his stock transactions, stating that he did not believe he was debarred from ownership because of his connection with the railroad company. Mr. Rea said that most of his stock was acquired through his associations with land purchasing syndicates, which took up the coal properties for development.

Mr. Green said that 20 or 30 years ago it was not considered improper for an official of the road to own coal company stock, but that conditions had changed and such holdings might not now be regarded in the same light as formerly. He informed the commission that the board of directors of the Pennsylvania railroad, acting upon the information that had been brought out at the hearings, had today appointed a committee of five directors to make an investigation into the connection of its officers with coal companies. Mr. Green said he did not own a dollar's worth of coal company stock.

Other witnesses testified to stock ownership and discrimination in the distribution of cars.

MAY CLASH ON CANAL.

Probable Disagreement Between Two Houses on Question.

Washington, May 24.—A growing sentiment in the senate in favor of making the proposed canal appropriation applicable only to the construction of a sea level canal across the Isthmus of Panama in accordance with the majority report of the senate committee on interoceanic canals is proving embarrassing to the administration, which is committed to the lock type. President Roosevelt today discussed the subject with senate leaders who called at the White House, and apparently he is much concerned as to the outcome.

As the result of the president's inquiry, an attempt will be made today to ascertain how the senate stands on the question of canal type. There were too many absentees to make an effective poll, but it was learned that several senators who had been counted upon to support the administration program will vote for a sea level canal. Secretary Taft has informed the senate that, if the type of canal is not determined by congress, the president will not hesitate to proceed with the plans for a lock canal recommended by the minority of the board of consulting engineers.

Shall Moody Prosecute?

Washington, May 24.—An important conference was held at the White House late this afternoon, participated in by the president, Attorney General Moody and James R. Garfield, commissioner of corporations. It is understood that, in connection with some features of the recent report on the oil industry by Mr. Garfield, the question considered was whether a legal remedy is to be applied or whether the rate bill now pending, when finally passed, will not furnish a remedy for some of the matters complained of.

New Dominican Revolt.

Washington, May 24.—News of another outbreak in Santo Domingo reached here today from a senior naval officer on that station, to the following effect: "News has been received of an insurrection at Macoris, Santo Domingo, in which prisoners were released, the rebels withdrawing. No American interests endangered."

FAIRBANKS CITY BURNED.

Largest Town in Alaska Suffers Heavy Loss, Including Foodstuffs.

Fairbanks, Alaska, May 22.—Fire has broken out here and is threatening the town with destruction. The Washington-Alaska bank is burned. The flames have crossed First and Second avenues, and are rushing up Cushman street with great speed. The National bank is doomed. Nothing can save the town.

Seattle, May 22.—A special to the Post-Intelligencer tonight states that the entire business section of the town of Fairbanks, Alaska, was destroyed by a fire which started in the Fairbanks building, a three-story frame structure, at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Details of the disaster are very meager, but it is feared that the food supply of the town has been destroyed and great suffering may result.

Nothing was left standing in the section lying between the water front and Third avenue and Stacey and Turner streets. The work of the fire fighters was centered on the block of warehouses owned by the Northern Commercial company, in order to protect the food supply of the town, and the result is still in doubt.

The loss is estimated at \$1,000,000, and it is announced that the heaviest interests of the town are already preparing to rebuild.

No lives were lost. Fairbanks is a mining town on the banks of the Tanana river in Alaska. It is the entrepot for the miners in the great Tanana section, one of the richest gold-producing regions in the great country in the north that was bought from Russia by the United States. The output of the Tanana mines has been enormous, and the town has lately assumed the proportions of a city, being credited with a population of about 15,000.

WILL AGREE ON STATEHOOD.

Conferees Will Recommend Foraker's Original Plan.

Washington, May 23.—An agreement on the statehood bill will be embodied in a conference report which will be reached this week, according to information today. What the terms of this agreement will be cannot be stated with preciseness, as the report has not yet been drafted. The plans which seem to be acceptable to both sides, however, are:

That Oklahoma and Indian Territory shall be admitted as one state at once; that Arizona and New Mexico shall be allowed to vote separately on the question of being joined in one state; that the vote shall be cast at a regular territorial election, when officers of the territories are voted for.

The proposition is generally known as the Foraker amendment of a year ago.

MORE ABOUT STANDARD OIL.

Garfield Preparing Further Sections of Report on Methods.

Washington, May 23.—Commissioner of Corporations James R. Garfield stated today that he would submit to the president further information on the result of his investigation of the oil industry. It has not yet been determined, however, whether this will be in one single report or several separate reports. The report recently submitted to congress covered the question of transportation and freight rates, and Mr. Garfield is now engaged in preparing reports on the production and refining of oil, the control of pipe lines, organization, foreign trade and conditions and competitive methods. The data for the first four has practically all been received, and the report on competitive methods is well under way.

Mr. Garfield said he did not believe he would be able to submit to the president any of these reports before the adjournment of congress.

Readjust Philippine Coinage.

Washington, May 23.—Senator Lodge today introduced a bill at the request of Secretary Taft for a readjustment of the ratio of the Philippine coinage and for an increase in the elasticity of the present system. The bill is framed upon the recommendations of the Philippine commission contained in the annual report and in brief authorizes the commission, with the consent of the president, to change the weight and fineness of the silver peso and to coin the existing peso so as to adjust it to the change.

Japanese Send \$30,000 More.

Washington, May 23.—The American National Red Cross received \$30,000 today from the Japanese Red Cross for the relief of the San Francisco earthquake sufferers. This brings the total Japanese Red Cross contribution to \$80,000.