The Oregon Statesman.

INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS OF OREGON.

We have intended to make some general observations on the industrial progress of the State for the past year, for some time past, and have delayed the matter in anticipation of obtaining fuller details than we have even now.

The past year has been one of great energy and prosperity in nearly every section of Oregon. The State has probably gained as much during the past year, in all the substantial elements of wealth, as in any three years prior thereto. Commencing with the early spring of last year, new and extensive mines of gold and silver were discovered and opened up in Grant, Umatilla, Baker and Union counties, of eastern Oregon. These new mines must have contributed over six million dollars to the treasure product of the past year. They are not only a source of wealth in themselves, but they have created towns, constructed new roads, built houses and churches, and invigorated trade and commerce; and they have erected refined society, and established civil government, in the regions heretofore only occupied by wild Indians. Eastern Oregon has prospered immensely during the past year, and it is safe to say that the population of that region has been trebled.

In southern Oregon we chronicle the same feeling of new life, although not so great as in the section east of the mountains. Near Jacksonville, after many years of fruitless search, it appears that the honest miner has at last succeeded in disclosing very valuable mines of silver. The richness of the gold placers of Jackson county have been proverbial for many years, and it was known that silver did exist somewhere in the county, but it was not until the close of the year that the mine deposits of the silver ore were finally discovered. Southern Oregon has at last waked up to the importance of thoroughly developing its agricultural resources, and now a woolen factory has been determined upon by the farmers of that section.

But the evidences of growth and improvement have nowhere been more marked than in the Willamette Valley. During the past year this valley has received an addition to its population, by immigration, of not less than ten thousand persons. These have come to stay, and constitute the surest and best source of wealth to a State. Four wagon roads—the Oregon Central Military Road, the Willamette Valley and Cascade Mountain Road, the Yaquinna Bay Road, and the Salem and Deschutes Road—have been pushed out of the valley and well over the mountains surrounding it. Next year these roads will be finished. At the falls of the Willamette river important improvements have been constructed. The slackwater basin constructed by the People's Transportation Company, at a cost of $40,000, is not only valuable on account of the convenience in transhipping freight, but the wealth of water-power created by it is a very large addition to the progress of the State. Four new and additional steamboats have been placed upon the Willamette river during the past year—one by the P. T. Co., two by the Willamette Navigation Company, and one by the Independent Line. These four boats have cost in the aggregate about $60,000. During the past year the Oregon City Woolen Factory has gone into operation with the most flattering prospects, employing in buildings and machinery a capital of one hundred thousand dollars. The Brownsville Woolen Mill cannot be considered an additional improvement. The Ellendale Woolen Factory, with a capital of forty thousand dollars, has been erected during the past year, and is now about ready to make cloth. Within the year past new flouring mills have been erected as follows: two in Union county, one at Portland, one at Dayton, one at Salem, and one at Albany. (There may be others, but we have no account of them.) These mills are all of the very best character, and have cost in the aggregate nearly two hundred thousand dollars. Of new saw-mills, this year has added almost scores of them to Oregon. Of quartz mills, we can now only positively call to mind two—the Santiam mill and the Rockle mill. A new foundry has been erected in Salem, another at Portland, and the Oregon Iron Works considerably enlarged, showing growth in this department. The crops have been very large in all parts of the State, and we should think that something over one thousand boxes of apples have already been shipped to the San Francisco markets, of this year's crop. Of gold and silver shipped from the Columbia river, twenty million dollars would be a low estimate for the year. The table of statistics published last week show the following totals for the last year's crop—

Bushels of wheat	241,251
Bushels of oats	1,452,262
Bushels of barley	69,542
Bushels of rye	2,087
Tons of hay	38,969
Pounds of wool	669,846
Bushels of corn	54,320
Number of sheep	313,180
Hogs	162,170
Horses	79,552
Cattle	125,836
Mules	2,182
Pounds of tobacco	70,645
Bushels of potatoes	236,154
Bushels of apples	318,748
Feet of lumber	18,723,428
Barrels of salmon	648
Baskets of oysters	825
Pounds of Cheese	52,760
Butter	1,109,185

—And all this was produced from 140,009 acres of land now under very careless cultivation. There is no place in the world where a man can make the earth produce as much by the labor of his own hands as in Oregon. Not one thirtieth part of the arable land of the State is under any kind of cultivation. There is ample room for industrious farmers from the older States, and their labor is much needed. In 1860 the population of the State was only fifty-two thousand (although Jo. Lane, to get a seat in the U. S. Senate, declared the State contained ninety-three thousand in 1858.) The State census taken last year shows our population to amount to sixty-five thousand—a gain of thirteen thousand in four years. This does not include the gain of ten thousand by the immigration of last year. This may appear like a slow growth to Eastern people, who see the rapid development of the Western States; but they must bear in mind that Oregon is so far distant that it gets none of the foreign wave which annually rolls into the States east of the Rocky Mountains; and that we are three thousand miles distant from the bases of emigration, and separated from them by arid deserts and tribes of savages.

The prospects for the ensuing business season are quite flattering. Among the many new enterprises already determined upon, and for the carrying forward of which most of the capital has been raised, we are able to name a linseed oil mill at Salem, a paper mill at Oregon City, a woolen factory in Rogue River Valley, an agricultural implement factory at Salem, another new and light-draught steamboat on the upper Willamette by the P. T. Co., the Santiam and Albany water ditch for milling and manufacturing purposes, the Eola ditch for similar purposes, the Lafayette ditch for similar purposes, the opening and completion of the Oregon Central Military Road, the opening and completion of the Corvallis and Yaquina Bay Wagon Road, the opening and completion of the Lebanon and Cascade Wagon Road, the development of the coal and iron mines at St. Helens, and the speedy development of the Santiam gold and silver mines. The State will enter on the business of erecting State buildings at the Capital in earnest, and a large amount of money will be expended in this way. The tides of population will set in towards Yaquina Bay and Tillamook sections. A steamboat will be placed on the Yaquina, farm houses will arise on every eminence, and a new city will take root on that recently opened harbor. A new line of ocean steamers, plying between Portland and San Francisco, will greatly aid the State by reducing the rates of freight and passage. In Southern Oregon it is expected that valuable silver mines will be opened and successfully worked, while the latest news is that good petroleum prospects have been discovered in the Umpqua. In eastern Oregon there can be no guess made as to what will be done, or rather what may not be expected. The rapid development of that part of the State is not to be calculated or approximated to by any observations upon the agricultural basis of the Willamette Valley. There can be but little doubt but that a very extensive mining region will be opened up on the borders of the Grand Ronde, Powder River and John Day river valleys. Let us all hope for the best and labor for the best interests of all. Our Oregon homes are capable of being made as pleasant and comfortable as any other part of the world, and it should be the aim and ambition of all to make them such.

We here append a statement furnished us by the Hon. W. L. Adams, Collector of the District of Oregon, giving an idea of the commerce to and from the Columbia river, from October 1, 1864, to September 30, 1865:

Value of imports of foreign merchandise from foreign ports, for specified time	$158,927 23
Exports of American products to foreign ports	$249,206 00
Receipts of the custom house	$ 56,813 82
Cleared for foreign ports—Steamships	36
" " " " Barks	5
" " " " Schooners	10
Entered from " " Steamships	12
" " " " Barks	4
" " " " Schooners	11
Cleared for domestic ports—Steamships	19
" " " " Barks	27
" " " " Schooners	11
" " " " Brigs	3
Ent'd from " " Steamships	34
" " " " Barks	31
" " " " Schooners	11
" " " " Brigs	3

The *Oregonian* is the only paper professing Union sentiments which has denounced the President as a Copperhead traitor.—*Statesman of March 12.*

The *Oregonian* has not "denounced the President as a copperhead traitor." Were it not that the expression would savor too much of the *Statesman's* style, we should publish the editor of that paper as a malignant liar.—*Oregonian of March 15.*

Now read what the *Oregonian* said on March 1st:

In close affiliation and earnest concord with the President and the party thus organizing are such choice spirits as Vallandigham, the Woods, the Seymours, and all other Northern men of infamous antecedents and traitorous intent. Not less enthusiastic as members of the same embryonic party are such rebels as A. H. Stephens, H. V. Johnson, R. E. Lee, and hosts of others, who now seize the opportunity to uplift the great banner of the Confederacy, for which they once fought in vain. * * * * * * * *

The Chief Magistrate, in violation of the most solemn pledges, takes the part of the enemies of his country, and sets up his own imperious will, and adheres to his own treacherous purposes, against the remonstrances of the earnest men who saved the nation from utter destruction. The President, with a deliberate and crafty purpose, has abandoned the loyal party, a loyal Congress, and a loyal though sorely tried country; and with the art and speech of a faithful demagogue, endeavors to hide his own recreancy under slanderous charges against the integrity and patriotism of the loyal representatives of a loyal people.

If the *Oregonian* will publish all of the above extracts, including this note, in the editorial of its next issue after receiving this, we will pay him regular advertising rates therefor. The public will then be able to see who is the "malignant liar." It is true that the *Oregonian* does not use the plain English which we use, but its accusation of the President substantially declares him to be a "Copperhead traitor."

AN EXTRAORDINARY PIG.—One day last week, as the stage was leaving Albany for this city, a small pig or "shoat" of the swine species "fell into line" after the coach and followed it to this place, keeping up as well as any faithful watch-dog. At the Santiam river "piggy" marched on to the ferry-boat with the stage and crossed over, having his ferriage charged to the "Oregon and California Stage Company." On coming into Salem the pig fell behind nearly two squares, but never lost sight of the coach, but followed it faithfully in turning off at the proper street. Considering this run of twenty-five miles, and all the other circumstances, we are forced to the conclusion that this must be O'Meara's celebrated pig. If it is not O'Meara's learned pig, whose pig is it? We have been informed by the stage agents that the pig is safely corralled near the stage stables, and that O'Meara, "or any other man," is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and "own the hog."

Congress has no chimerical theory of reconstruction which it resolves to carry out at the hazard of the national safety. It goes straight at the question before it, acting and resolved to act according to the exigencies and requirements of the case. The reconstruction policy which the legislative branch of the Government aims at rests on sound practical principles, and is dictated by a wise regard for the present and future.—*Oregonian.*

Wouldn't it be well to publish the "practical principles" upon which Congress places reconstruction. When does Congress propose to admit the States, and what are to be the conditions of admission? Give us the words of Congress for it, not your statement or opinion.

San Francisco, March 9.—Gold in New York yesterday was quoted at 130 and 130¼. The receipts of treasure during the week, foot up $1,250,000. In our market to-day, legal tenders are selling at 75¾ and 76.

Apples—Sales of 6,000 boxes Oregon apples, ex-steamer, at $1 00@$1 50 per box as in quality.

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.—The Union party in New Hampshire endorsed the President's reconstruction policy, and although the Democracy did the same thing, it availed nothing. The Union party has carried the state by over 5000, nearly double the majority for Lincoln.

TO THE STATE CONVENTION.—Mr. Church, Secretary of the People's Transportation Co., informs us that the Company will dispatch a Steamer from Salem to Corvallis on Tuesday, March 27, at 5 o'clock P. M., arriving at Corvallis the same evening.

DR. WEATHERFORD.—This extensive dealer in Drugs and Medicines at the Emporium, has been in town this week pushing his business arrangements. His advertisement may be found in another column, to which persons in his line are respectfully referred.

☞ At an annual meeting of Capital Engine Co., No. 1, held March 1, 1866, the following officers were elected: President, Dan. H. Murphy; Foreman, Thos Wright; 1st Assistant Foreman, Frank Stanton; 2d Assistant Foreman John Smith; Recording Secretary, Joseph Meyer; Financial Secretary, M. R. Cox; Trustees, J. H. Nicklin, Sam'l Headrick, S. S. Hammer.

NEW SAW-MILL.—The firm of Patty & Co. have torn down their old mill, on the bank of the river, and are now erecting a new one of eighty-horse power, which will be able to rip a log into ribbons in about three minutes.

THE PRESIDENT TRIUMPHANT.

As we expected, the effort to break down the President and his Cabinet has not only failed, but it is now recoiling on the heads of his enemies. Read the following telegrams carefully:

NEW YORK, March 13.—The New York *Tribune* (radical) says: We entreat every earnest advocate of equal rights to give support to Doolittle's proposition. True, it is not what they and we desire, but it is a means to the end, and as such should be welcomed and improved. Sumner is so unhappily wise in his own conceit than practical that we shall probably be prevented from achieving any result whatever, but it is our duty to keep trying as long as a shadow of hope remains.

CHICAGO, March 11.—Mr. Doolittle's constitutional amendment receives hearty support from the western press, including radicals, on the ground that the amendment carries with it no implication that the State has a right to discriminate against citizens on account of race or color; and may yet be superceded by another, declaring that the States shall not discriminate. It is believed that an effort will be made to pass the amendment as early as possible.

Now, what is Doolittle's amendment? It is just exactly what President Johnson himself commended to a number of Congressmen who waited on him more than six weeks ago, and is telegraphed as news under date of Jan. 30th. The telegraphic dispatch for March 9th states Doolittle's amendment as follows:

Mr. Doolittle's amendment provides that, after the census of 1870, and each succeeding census, the representatives shall be apportioned by the several States which may be included within the Union, according to the number in each State of male electors over twenty-one years of age, qualified by the laws thereof to choose members of the most numerous branch of the Legislature; and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States according to the real and taxable property in each.

If any of our readers will turn back to the *Statesman* of February 5th, they will find the same thing stated, under the heading of the "President's Views," three weeks before the great raid was gotten up against the President. That amendment will doubtless pass. It comes from the President's friend in the Senate—a Senator whom the *Oregonian* denounced two weeks ago as "an unfaithful Senator." We call particular attention to it now, because after a while the *Oregonian* will claim it as a victory over the President. The *Oregonian* will, however, hang on to Sumner for a week longer, at farthest.

MARION CO. UNION CONVENTION.

Pursuant to call of the Central Committee, the Union Convention of Marion County met at Salem on Saturday, March 17th. L. J. Powell was called to the chair, and S. T. Church elected secretary, and P. L. Willis assistant secretary. The usual committees were appointed, when the Convention adjourned till 1 p. m.

On the reassembling of the Convention, business of the following order was transacted:

For Delegates to the State Convention, the following were chosen—Salem Precinct, P. L. Willis and T. B. Rickey; North Salem, F. Hentschel; Jefferson, John M. Harrison; Sublimity, John Downing; Howell Prairie, L. D. Hall; Silverton, D. Wolford; Abiqua, J. H. Baughman; Labish, S. Brown; Northern, Judge Grim; Champoeg, J. J. Murphy; Fairfield, D. M. Keene; East Salem, George A. Edes M. Hursch.

The convention nominated the following ticket for County officers:

For State Senators—S. Brown, J. C. Cartwright.
Representatives—C. B. Roland, L. S. Davis, John Nicklin, W. E. Parris, and B. A. Witzel.
County Judge—John C. Peebles.
County Clerk—George A. Edes.
Sheriff—J. J. Murphy.
County Treasurer—Samuel Headrick.
Assessor—H. D. Mount.
School Superintendent—L. J. Powell.
Co. Commissioners—J. H. Bridges, Thos. C. Shaw.
Surveyor—T. W. Davenport.
Coroner—Felbitus K. Smith.

The following were elected a Central County Committee for the ensuing year—J. H. Moores, East Salem; I. R. Moores, Salem; W. Taylor, North Salem; K. L. Hibbard, Silverton; George Woodward, Howell Prairie; J. Engle, Labish; C. B. Roland, Jefferson; B. Cleaver, Abiqua; M. Hagey, Fairfield; Dr. Farnsworth, Northern; J. B. P. Piette, Champoeg; Charles H. Davis, Sublimity.

The committee on resolutions reported the following, which were adopted:

Whereas, The Union men of the State of Oregon have called a State Convention to meet at Corvallis on the 29th day of March, 1866, for the purpose of nominating a Congressman and State ticket—therefore,

Resolved, That we have the fullest confidence in the loyalty, patriotism, and discretion of our delegates acting with the other State delegates in said Convention to embody into a State platform the principles of harmony and unconditional Unionism, which every Union-loving and treason-hating man in Oregon can fully endorse.

Resolved, That we will give our unqualified support to the nominees of this Convention.

POLK COUNTY—Delegates to State Convention: P. C. Sullivan, M. M. Dodson, J. L. Collins, W. C. Whitson, J. Ladd, J. A. Frazer. Representatives: J. L. Collins, M. M. Dodson, J. Stoeffer. County Judge: W. C. Whitson. Sheriff: A. Shreve. County Clerk; T. Pearce. County Treasurer: —— Howe. Assessor: J. W. Downer.

JACKSON COUNTY.—Our obliging friend William M. Turner, has telegraphed us that the County Convention was harmonious, and that the delegates to the State Convention are—B. F. Dowell, Chauncy Nye, I. D. Applegate, J. D. Todd, W. T. Lever and M. H. Drake.

CLACKAMAS.—The Union Convention of Clackamas on last Saturday nominated the following county ticket:—For Representatives, W. A. Starkweather, J. D. Loery, J. P. Garrett. Co. Judge, W. T. Matlock. Clerk, J. M. Bacon. Sheriff, W. P. Burns. Assessor, C. B. Boynton. Treasurer, J. E. Harford. School Superintendent, N. W. Randall.

STOVES AND TINWARE.—Messrs. Strang & Anderson advertise a large stock of stoves, tinware, and other articles in that line, besides other articles also. This is one of the old business houses of Salem, and always liberal and accommodating to customers.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS.—The old firm of Smith & Cartwright has been dissolved by the withdrawal of Charley Cartwright, and a new firm organized, by Mr. Smith, of the old firm, and R. M. Wade, to do business at the old stand. This house has always been deservedly one of the most popular and substantial in the valley, and it is determined to still maintain that good name. Messrs. Smith & Wade are now receiving a very heavy stock of desirable goods, to which the attention of their old friends and the public generally are invited.

☞ The attention of our readers is called to the advertisement of the opposition steamship line from Portland to San Francisco, in another column. They carry freight and passengers at reduced rates.

TAXES DUE THE STATE.—From the State Treasurer's report furnished us by the Governor, which we published last week, we learn the following additional items:

TAXES DUE FROM COUNTIES FOR 1863.

Lane county	$ 5,460 96
Douglas "	3,916 46
Josephine county	2279 00

DUE FOR 1865.

Baker county	2,846 75
Curry "	814 26
Coos "	1,568 25
Grant "	6,299 43
Jackson "	1,129 16
Josephine "	2,216 65
Union "	4,710 17
Umatilla "	4,883 66
Total	$45,119 45

THE MARION COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY.

In pursuance of notice given through the public press that a meeting would be held for the purpose of organizing a medical society for the county of Marion, the following named regular members of the profession met at the State Building, viz: Drs. John Boswell, H. Carpenter, W. S. Simonton, W. C. Warriner, D. Peyton, E. R. Fiske, J. W. McAfee, S. Whittemore and D. P. Collins—Dr. Boswell presiding and Dr. Simonton acting as secretary. Having adopted a constitution and by-laws, as well as the code of medical ethics recommended by the American Medical Association, the society proceeded to elect permanent officers, as follows: President, Dr. J. Boswell; Vice President, Dr. H. Carpenter; Secretary, Dr. W. S. Simonton; Treasurer, D. D. Peyton; Censors, Drs. J. H. Wythe, E. R. Fiske and W. C. Warriner. Drs. Fiske, Peyton and McAfee were appointed a committee to procure a suitable room in which to transact the business of the society, with a view of making it a medical museum and reading room. Drs. Carpenter, Warriner and Fiske were appointed a committee to report on the prevailing diseases of this local city. Dr. McAfee was appointed to read a paper upon some medical subject at our next meeting. After a discussion upon several topics, the thanks of the members of this society were tendered to Dr. Carpenter, for the zeal manifested by him in originating and carrying out the organization of the society. The meeting then adjourned to meet in Salem on the 27th of March. Graduated members of the profession in adjoining counties are invited to unite with us.

W. S. SIMONTON, Secretary.

CONCORD, N. H., March 14.—The Republicans have carried the State by 5,000 majority, all of the five Council, nine of the twelve Senators, and one hundred majority in the House. The returns so far give Smith 20,000, St. Clair, 15,000.

Washington, March 8.—The special report of the Revenue Commissioner on the subject of distilled spirits is a very elaborate document, showing that the present tax of two dollars per gallon kills the legitimate manufacture, invites fraud and does not produce a much revenue as one dollar per gallon would.

☞ The wettest place in the world is Cherrapoonjee, situated in the Cossya hills, twenty miles from Calcutta. The rainfall at that spot is upward of six hundred inches in the year, or twenty times that of the very worst climate of Western Ireland.

SIMPLE BUT EFFECTUAL.—The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate female, or youngest child, and has caused them to be held in the highest esteem by Singers and Public Speakers generally. In Coughs, Irritation of the Throat, caused by Cold or Unusual Exertion of the vocal organs, in speaking in public, or singing, they produce the most beneficial results.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing. You cannot be bald or grey, and neither time nor sickness can blemish your Hair, if you use them. Sold by all Druggists.
Agents, Hostetter, Smith, & Dean, San Francisco.

Religious Notice.

Rev. W. JOLLY, will commence to deliver a course of sermons at the Court House in Salem, on Friday evening, 30th inst., at the candle lighting, on the following subjects: 1, God; 2, Lucifer, or the Devil; 3, Christ; 4, Christ's Bride; 5, Atonement; 6, Six days' Labor; 7, Probation; 8, Adoption; 9, Spiritual Birth; 10, Millenium; 11, General Judgment; 12, Baptism.

MORE CIDER—A CONSPIRACY.—The editor says he has 'heern' that Holden makes cider, and he thinks it may be better 'nor Owen's cider, although none of it has got up to his sanctum. Now here is evidently a conspiracy. The editor either intends to go in with Holden, or else draw Holden in for a keg of cider. He needn't think he's above suspicion because he is one degree above the 'Devil,' for the boys ran him out of the printing room for drinking all the cider. OWEN.

MARRIED.

At the Congregational Church, Oregon City, March 11th, by Rev. P. S. Knight, W. H. Adair, and Miss Kate L. Kemp.

DIED.

March 15th, 1866, at Howell Prairie, Elizabeth F. Lyon, wife of Clark C. Lyon, aged 17 yrs., 11 mos., and 10 days, daughter of George F. and Elizabeth B. McCorkle. [New York papers please copy.

In Marion county, Feb. 7th, Georganna, aged 6 mos and 25 days. And on the 4th of March, Lizzie T. aged 11 months and 6 days, youngest daughters of G. G. and M. E. Glenn.

Special Notices.

J. W. MCAFEE, M.D. H. CARPENTER, M.D. Will practice Medicine and Surgery in partnership.—Office near Dr. McAfee's residence.
Dr. Carpenter's residence, near the Warehouse, in the building formerly occupied by David McCully.
Salem, Dec. 11, 1865. 41y

Luxuriant Growth and Beauty to the Hair.
Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing.
The great unequalled Preparations for Restoring, Invigorating, Beautifying, and Dressing the Hair.
Rendering it soft, silky, and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall, and never fails to restore **grey hair to its natural color, and produce a luxuriant growth.**
For sale by all Druggists.
Agents, Hostetter, Smith & Dean, San Francisco. 6m

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat,
REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,
Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease
IS OFTEN THE RESULT.
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.
For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,
TROCHES ARE USED ALWAYS WITH GOOD SUCCESS.
SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS
will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The *Troches* are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than any other articles.
OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.
Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 35 cents per box. 6m42

New Boot and Shoe Store.
THE undersigned has just received and offers for sale, in Gesner's building, a few doors below Moore's Block, a large and well-selected stock of Boots, Shoes, Ladies' and Gents' Gaiters, Children's shoes of all descriptions, which will be sold cheap, for cash or country produce. Please call and examine the goods before purchasing elsewhere.
A. L. BUCKINGHAM.
Salem, March 19, 1866.—6w3

Notice.
THERE will be a public examination for the benefit of persons desiring Teachers' Certificates, held on the first Monday in April, 1866, at the court house, in Dallas, Polk county, Oregon.
J. A. APPLEGATE,
3d Sup't Com. Schools for Polk.

A LECTURE
WILL be delivered, unless those persons knowing themselves indebted to us pay up. All accounts must be settled by cash or otherwise, before the first of April.—2w2 J. R. NICKLIN & CO.

Dissolution Notice.
THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Smith and Cartwright, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. J. W. Smith will attend to the settlement of the business of the said firm.
J. W. SMITH,
C. M. CARTWRIGHT.
Salem, March 7, 1866.—4w2

J. W. SMITH. R. M. WADE.
NEW FIRM.
A COPARTNERSHIP has this day been formed between J. W. Smith & R. M. Wade, under the firm name of
SMITH & WADE,
For the purpose of dealing in
General MERCHANDISE,
At the old stand of Smith & Cartwright,
SALEM, OREGON,
Where we intend to keep the best assortment of general merchandise the market affords, which we will sell at the
Lowest Price, for Cash or Produce.
We will have a full stock of **NEW GOODS**, for the spring trade. Please call and examine our stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

A Card to my old Customers.
I TAKE this opportunity to return my sincere thanks to the public for their past liberal patronage to the late firm of Smith & Cartwright, and hope by keeping good goods at fair rates, to again have the pleasure of dealing with former customers, and hosts of new ones. Ladies and Gentlemen, please give us a call, at the old stand.
J. W. SMITH.
Salem, March 12, 1866.—4w2.

Guardian's Sale.
IN pursuance of an order made by the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Polk, at the March Term, 1866, the undersigned, guardian of Martha E. Pigg, a minor heir, will, on Saturday, the 14th day of April, 1866, at the Court House door in Dallas, in said county, between the hours of nine o'clock, a. m. and 4 o'clock, p. m. of said day, expose to public sale, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, belonging to said ward, to-wit: The undivided ¼ interest of, in and to, the w ½ of claim No. 42, t 6 s, r 4 w of the Willamette meridian, and notification No. 256, containing 320 acres, situated, lying and being in said county and State.
Sale to commence at one o'clock, p. m. of said day. Terms, one third of the purchase money to be paid at the time of the sale and the remainder to be paid in six months. Both installments to be paid in *gold coin*.
NANCY J. CORNETT,
March 12, 1866.—4w2 Guardian.

Notice.
In the Probate Court of Marion County, State of Oregon, March Term, 1866.
In the matter of the Guardianship of Ida Hutton.
NOTICE is hereby given that Paul Crandall, Guardian of Ida Hutton, has this day presented his petition praying for license to sell at public sale, the real estate of Ida Hutton. It is therefore ordered that said application be heard and determined on Tuesday, the 3d day of April, 1866, at the court house, in Salem, at which time all persons interested in said estate can appear and make objections, if any exist.
JNO. C. PEEBLES,
Salem, March 5, 1866.—3w2pd Co. Judge.

Notice.
Estate of C. O. Kirkpatrick.—In Probate Court of Marion County, March term, 1866.
NOTICE is hereby given, that Joseph Sipe, Administrator of said estate, has this day presented his petition praying for an order to sell the real estate of said Decedent. It is therefore ordered that said application be heard and determined on Tuesday, the third day of April, 1866, at the Court House, in Salem, at which time all persons interested in said estate may appear, and make objections, if any exist.
JOHN C. PEEBLES,
Salem, March 5, 1866.—4w2 Co. Judge.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS.
A preparation uniting
PURE OLD ESSENCE OF RYE,
With all the recognized Tonic, Laxative and Anti-Bilious REMEDIES OF ART AND NATURE.
Protective Properties.
Prevents Fever and Ague and Billious Remittent Fever, Invigorates the Organs of Digestion and the Bowels—Steadies the Nerves and tends to Prolong Life.
Remedial Properties.
Cures Dyspepsia—Liver Complaint—General Debility, Depression of Spirits—Consumption—Intermittent Fevers and all complaints arising from bodily weakness. As an Appetizer,
TONIC, FEVER AND AGUE PREVENTIVE
And all Billious Disorders,
Hostetter's Stomach Bitters
stand pre-eminent as the
Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age,
and as an
ALTERATIVE AND BLOOD PURIFIER,
they are prescribed and recommended by all Physicians wherever they have been introduced.
The extraordinary and increasing demand for these BITTERS is unparalleled
IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE,
and can be had everywhere throughout the civilized world where newspapers are circulated or read.
Almanacs or Pamphlets,
with testimony of their success from the Farmer and the Sailor—from the Merchant and the Physician—and from the Legislative Halls of
OUR UNITED COUNTRY
may be obtained FREE of all Dealers everywhere.
HODGE & CALEF,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, PORTLAND,
97 Front Street,
Sole Agents for the State.
PORTLAND, July 14th, 1865.
MESSRS. HODGE & CALEF:
Gentlemen:—In answer to your letter of even date, referring to the LICENSE LAW affecting "HOSTETTER'S BITTERS," I have to say that no License is required, coming as they do, under the head of Proprietary Preparations. This decision is announced by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington.
THOS. FRAZAR,
U. S. Assessor Internal Revenue.
Portland, Oregon.

CIRCULAR.
THE symptoms of the diseases prevalent in our locality are known to every one. If the proper remedies were applied in season, they would save us from protracted illness severe and long continued pain shattered constitutions, and last, but not least, a debilitated purse. Thousands are in the habit, on the approach of sensations which they recognize as the footsteps of some dreaded and well known disease, to resort to the patent medicines that are heralded to cure everything. This is always a doubtful and sometimes a fatal course to pursue.
Taking this view of the matter we shall keep prepared, by request as well as permission, the following preparations, *carefully* prepared from prescriptions of some of our best physicians, whose indorsement is a sufficient guaranty of their value. We think it better to recommend these to those who do not consider themselves sufficiently ill to require a physician's attendance, than any article of the composition of which we are ignorant.
We wish it distinctly understood by the public that, although we keep everything usually found in a drug store, we will recommend no preparation unless approved by our medical men whose qualifications are well attested.
Alterative and Tonic.
For dyspepsia, liver complaint, general debility and all symptoms requiring an alterative and tonic. Price $1 75.
Ague Pills.—Antiperiodic Bitters.
The Pills to break the chill in ague—the Bitters to prevent the recurrence. Price, Pills, 75 cents; Bitters, $2.
Liniment.
For all the uses a liniment is usually applied to.—Price 50 cents.
Cough Mixture.
For incipient coughs, colds and sore throat. Price, $1 00.
Liver Invigorator and Blood Purifier.
For torpid liver, billiousness, jaundice, and vitiated blood. Price, $1 50.
Eye Water.
For weak and inflamed eyes. Price 75 cents.
Diarrhea Mixture.
Price $1 00.
Eye Salve.
For weak eyes and inflamed eyelids. Price, 50 cents.
Ointment.
For scabies, or itch. Price, 75 cents.
Rheumatic Mixture.
For rheumatism, neuralgia, etc. Price, $2.
Solace.
For depression of spirits, loss of appetite, debility, and a general preventive of disease. Price, $1 00.
Pile Mixture.
For piles, costiveness, etc. Price, $1 00.
Cutaneous Mixture and Ointment.
For chronic eczema, tetter, prairie itch, salt rheum, and all other chronic and obstinate eruptions of the skin. Price, Mixture, $1. Ointment, 75 cents.
Hair Restorative.
To cleanse the head and prevent the hair from falling. Price, $1 50.
We respectfully submit the above remedies to the public, wishing to sell them only as their merits may create a demand.
We have all the new Chemicals, Fluid Extracts, and Eclectic Preparations, and are fully prepared to scientifically compound any prescription that may be sent to us. Respectfully,
M. R. COX & CO.,
Druggists and Apothecaries, Moores' Block,
52tf Salem, Oregon.

PACIFIC MARKET.
Bowley, Thompson & Co., Proprietors.
Opposite the Bennett House, State street.
WILL keep as good an assortment of everything in their line of trade as the market will afford.
Highest Cash Price
paid for
Beef Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry
Salem, Feb 26, 1866. 3m52

Sheriff Sale.
BY virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Polk, and to me directed by the clerk of said court, in favor of J. B. V. Butler, and against J. W. Downer for want of personal property to satisfy the same, I have levied upon, and will proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, at the court house door, in Dallas, Polk county, on Saturday, the 24th day of March, A. D. 1866, between the hours of ten o'clock, a.m., and four o'clock, p.m., of said day, all the right, title and interest of, in and to the following described real estate, to-wit: situated in said county and State aforesaid and more particularly described and designated on the town plats of Eola as—

No. Lots.	No. Block.	No. Lots.	No. Block
3 and 4	1	3 and 4	2
4	3	7 and 8	8
5 and 6	10	7	12
6	13	1, 2, 3 and 4	15
1, 2, 3, and 4 marked A		2 and 4	18
5	20	6, 7 and 8	24
1, 3, 4, 5 and 6	25	7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 17 and 18	26
2, 4, 8 and 10	27	2, 4 and 6	28
1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6	29	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7	30
1, 2, 3, 7 and 8	31	1, 2, 6 and 8	32
4, 5, 6, and 8	33	1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 9	34
7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12	35	3, 4, 7 and 8	36
1, 2, 7 and 8	37	1, 2, 7 and 8	38
3, 4, 7, and 8	39	1, 3, 4, 5 and 7	40
1, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 17, 18, 41		3, 4, 6, 7 and 9	42
1, 2, 6 and 18	45		

Also, the following tract, to-wit: commencing 75 feet s of the s w corner of Block No. 10 in the town of Eola, in said county, thence southerly in a direct [line] with the w side of Block No. 10, to the center of the La creole river; thence down said river to such place as a line running south in a direct line with the east side of Block No. 11 will cross said river; thence north with said last mentioned line to a point within 75 yards of the s e corner of Block No. 11; thence west to the place of beginning; also one other tract, described as follows, to-wit: a portion of the donation land claim of Joshua Shaw and wife, lying in sections twenty-five and thirty-six, in t 7 s of range 4 w of the Willamette meridian, and being all the land in the east half of said claim and south of the Larreole river, and bounded as follows: commencing at the s e corner of said land claim, running thence w along the middle of section 36, 40 chains; thence north to the middle of the Larcesle River; thence down said river to the east line of said claim; thence south to the place of beginning, containing 240 acres more or less; to be sold to satisfy said execution, costs and accruing costs.
I. M. BUTLER, Sheriff Polk Co.
Dallas, Polk Co., Ogn., Feb. 17, 1866.—3w4

SETH R. HAMMER, Notary Public. D. S. HATCH.
HAMMER & HATCH,
Real Estate Brokers, General Intelligence and Collecting Agents,
MOORES' BLOCK, SALEM.
REFERENCES:—Messrs. J. H. & I. R. Moores, Heath & Dearborn, J. B. & M. Hibbets, Salem; Crawford, Slocum & Co., Vancouver; Col. G. B. Curry, Fort Vancouver; Dr. W. H. Watkins, Portland; Hon. O. N. Denny, Dalles City. Nov 27, 1865.tf 29

Abstract of Titles.
THE undersigned has a complete abstract of titles for City property, and is ready to accommodate those who wish information relating to the same—Office in Moores' Brick