The Oregon Statesman.

A "SUBJUGATED" REBEL.

The "ink slinger" of the *Arena* has come to grief. Why? Wherefore? For what? Publishing lying slanders about his neighbors, and for unmitigated, innate "ornaryness" generally. Like Gen. Jackson's rotten mackerel, for many months, this fellow has "stunk and shined, and shined and stunk," until the nuisance becoming insufferable, Tom Patton went in and abated it.

It is a debatable proposition whether Patton did himself any credit in doing this dirty job, although doing it well,—yet, having done it, everybody says, "You did right—you gave him no more than he deserved." One old farmer sends him a bushel of pears, and other testimonials, too numerous to mention, come crowding in, all speaking the general loathing and contempt felt for a man that will resort to indiscriminate slander and abuse of his neighbors.

Look at the course of this fellow of the *Arena*.—The Governor of the State has been vilified from week to week with all the filthy abuse of a fish-market. Twenty or thirty plain farmers, the best men in the State, meet to consult about the wool market, and forthwith this unfledged stripling of the *Arena* publishes a covert insinuation that they are about to rob and swindle their neighbors. A party of gentlemen visiting the State, from the East, of the highest honors and respectability, and having no other object than to see and report the resources and character of the country, is set upon as by a yelping cur, and assailed with all the billingsgate of a Five Points scavenger; and for no other reason than that they differed in politics from him, although they kept their opinions to themselves. Happening to have a difference with a cotemporary, he manifests his entire want of manliness, manhood, and honor, by going out of the way to insinuate and publish a vile slander and insult about a lady, whose purity of character and spotless reputation *he* might well be proud to claim a relationship in the ten thousandth degree. (He has justly earned the title of "defamer of ladies"—let him wear it.) A school examination is held, and the ingrate illustrates the viper by turning upon the faithful Faculty that educated him, misrepresents their plan of teaching, tries to ruin their reputation, and, not content with that degree of baseness, he attempts to make this despicable malice respectable by burying every particle of manhood in a mean, low, pointless insult to the innocent school girls of the University, some of whom we believe were his former school-mates.

Such a record as this we have never seen before.—Very few men have ever *lived long enough* to make a record equal to it. But, like the "flea" among common dogs, so he among men—his *littleness* is his only protection.

It is but justice to a large number of Democrats to state that his course of personal abuse and slander is not approved by them. We have been informed that a leading Democrat personally remonstrated against it long ago, and, finding no improvement in the paper, withdrew his countenance and support. Such a pirate upon all the proprieties of life ought to be exiled to a colony of tarantulas, centipedes, and scorpions.

THE EXPEDITION EAST OF THE MOUNTAINS.—Last Monday Lieut. McCall, with 45 soldiers, left here for an expedition through the Indian country east of the Cascade Mountains. At the Big Prairie they expect to overtake Mr. Pengra, who will accompany the expedition for the purpose of exploring the route for the Oregon Central Military road through the unexplored region to the eastern boundary of the State. The expedition consists of 66 men and about 150 mules and horses, 75 or 80 of them being packed with provisions for the men, and about 25 head of cattle, which are driven along to supply the company with beef.—Messrs. Henry Owen of this county, Fullerton of Douglas, furnished the pack animals, or a portion of them at least, and the latter has charge of the train. They expect to go as far east as Owyhee, or in that vicinity, and will probably be gone three months.—*Eugene Journal, July 22.*

The expedition referred to reached the upper Klamath Lake on the 31st ultimo. Messrs. Pengra and Odell, with the surveying party had previously arrived at Fort Klamath, and waiting for the arrival of the Military before venturing into the hostile Indian country. The exploration up to that point has been very successful, an excellent route for a wagon road having been found passing from Diamond Peak in a southeasterly direction over a nearly level country to the north end of the lake. The road through the Cascade mountains is in process of construction, and will be completed this summer.

INDIAN DEPREDATIONS.—The Indians continue to rob and murder all the miners and packers found without protection. Late advices inform us that their success has greatly emboldened them, and that they are ambuscaded on all the roads leading to the mines.—Being well armed and supplied with horses, and frequently capturing supplies of ammunition, they commit murder with impunity, outside of military protection, and then seek safety in flight. From all we can learn, the military power is yet too small to protect our people east of the mountains—a sad and forcible commentary on the economical pretenses of the Democrats who opposed the raising of troops last winter.

Was wounded in the hat, during the Rogue river war.—*Press.*

But don't Patton do better than the Indian? Does he not wound lower down? Probably you'll have less to say about wounded hats, and Gen. Lamerick hereafter. "Curses, like chickens," &c.

LOSSES BY THE BROTHER JONATHAN.—The city of Salem loses $1,500 worth of fire engine hose—no insurance. Several of our merchants lose small amounts.—There was about $300,000 worth of merchandise on the vessel, mostly for Portland merchants. It is of course all lost—except so far as is covered by insurance.

"The seed of the woman shall bruise the *serpent's* head."—*Scripture.*

Supposing that the above injunction included Copperheads, Tom Patton proceeded to apply it in a notable case last week.

☞ Mrs. W. X. Smith will accept the editor's thanks for a can of the most delicious peaches. The excellence of the 'art preservative' which retained freshness of the fruit for a year, is only surpassed by the goodness of heart which sent them to an editor.

☞ "To the man who thrashed the defamer of ladies," is the label on a bottle of fine old brandy, sent to Patton by a lady of Salem.

STEAM TUG.—The new steam tug "Rabboni" has reached the Columbia river and is now engaged in towing vessels over the bar and up the river. It will prove a great public benefit.

☞ "A deuced cool affair," consists not so much in vilifying your neighbors, as in taking a thrashing for doing so—according to the new rules.

JOB PRINTING.—Posters, Handbills, Pamphlets, Circulars, Programmes, Blanks, Books, &c., neatly and expeditiously printed at the *Statesman Job Office*, on reasonable terms.

AGENCY.—Messrs. J. L. Parrish & Co., Portland, will receive and receipt for subscriptions to the *Statesman*.

THE ETIQUETTE OF STAIRS.—A country paper, the Santa Cruz *Sentinel*, undertakes to discuss "the amenities" of going up and down stairs. It says, "gentleman should always *precede* ladies up and down stairs." That may do in the country; but it isn't metropolitan etiquette, which prescribes that the gentleman should precede the lady in ascending, and following her in descending. The *reason* is obvious: Suppose the lady has a neat ankle, and doesn't wish to show it (if such a case is at all supposable), the gentleman going down stairs first, might happen to look round and see something.—*Dramatic Chronicle.*

And if he was going up stairs (!)—Well we were brought up to the town style, but never thought of the *reason*—never once.

ANOTHER ABOLITION STATE.—The State of New Hampshire has ratified the Constitutional Amendment to abolish slavery.

THE DEMOCRACY IN FAVOR OF NEGROES VOTING!

The summersault which we have expected and predicted, has at last taken place. Ben Wood, the god-father to George K. Shiel and the Oregon Democracy, and the Copperhead *New York News*, have come out squarely in favor of negro suffrage. We will notice this further in the next issue, and give extracts from the *News*.

GEN. GRANT.—Ulysses S. Grant was born at Point Pleasant, Clermont county, Ohio, on the 27th of April, 1822. Entered West Point in 1839, he graduated on the 1st of July, 1843, and as brevet second lieutenant, was assigned to the fourth infantry, in which he first saw service on the Rio Grande.

At Comargo, in Sept., 1846, he was appointed regimental quartermaster; and gallant and meritorious conduct at Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma and Monterey, he was promoted to adjutant. Joining Scott's army at Vera Cruz, he participated with great credit in every battle from that place to the City of Mexico. For his gallantry at El Molinos del Rey, he was brevetted first lieutenant, Sept. 8, 1847; and on the 13th, Captain, for Chapultepec. In 1852, the 4th infantry was ordered to Oregon, where Lieutenant Grant was soon after promoted to a Captaincy. In the following year he resigned his commission, and after a residence of six years in St. Louis, removed to Galena, Illinois, where he devoted himself to mercantile pursuits until the breaking out of the great rebellion of 1861, when Gov. Yates appointed him colonel of the 21st Illinois Volunteers, with which he went into active service, in Missouri.

GEN GRANT AND THE GIRLS.—The girls fairly carried Gen Grant by storm at the Chicago fair and forced him to do what he never did before—surrender. A correspondent thus tells the story:

Mrs Livermore said to him, "Gen Grant, these girls are dying to kiss you—but they don't dare to do it." "Well," said the gallant general, "if they want to kiss me, why don't they? No one has offered to since I have been here." Instantly about a hundred fairies pounced upon him. He attempted a retreat, but in vain; he essayed to break through the rosy ranks, without success. Then, for the first time, he confessed himself vanquished, and calmly awaited the event. Never was such a man subjected to such an ordeal. On came the maidens by the squads in file, or singly; they hit him on the forehead; pelted him on the nose; smacked him on the cheek, chin and neck. There must be dozens of kisses lying around loose hidden in the general's whiskers. During his terrible ordeal, the hero of a hundred battlefields blushed till his face became almost purple. At last the girls were partly appeased in their "noble rage," and he escaped.

☞ At the Congregational Council, lately in session in Boston, Rev. Mr Atkinson of Oregon spoke of the peculiar wants of the Pacific coast. Congregationalism is peculiarly adapted to the people there, and ministers are needed to preach and gather together churches. The mining fever kept sweeping off the men, and he had been left with only the women and children to preach to. He tried to stop it by preaching against making haste to be rich, but it was of no use, and he had since concluded that mining is just as legitimate Christian works as farming or fishing. He said the southerners were rapidly moving into Oregon and Idaho, and therefore was there so much the more need to establish New England ideas there. The Pacific coast needs men to preach the gospel and money to build churches, and needs them now.

☞ Gen Grant goes in strongly for retrenchment in the army. He says that of the 200,000 horses and mules now in possession of the army, costing nearly a dollar a day each, 150,000 to 175,000, must be sold at auction, realizing for the treasury probable eight or ten millions, and carrying great benefits to farmers north and south. The thousands of men taking care of them will also be relieved and sent home to aid in developing the resources of the country and paying the taxes. The army will be reduced to 100,000 men by the 1st of January next, and they may be thinned out afterward. The black troops will mostly be retained for garrison purposes in the Gulf states. The veteran reserve corps and regulars are the only white troops that are likely to be kept in service beyond this year. The regulars may be increased to the maximum of 40,000 men. A few regiments of cavalry will have to be retained for frontier service, to look after the Indians.

KOSSUTH.—Louis Kossuth, in the course of a private letter of the 28th May to the editor of the *Tribune*, incidentally says:

How happy you must feel in having been spared to see the triumph of those grand principles for which you have been contending all your life! The stain of slavery is removed from the fair escutcheon of your noble land. The curse is dispelled which clouded the bright prospect of her future. The manner in which the genius of your people carried through the democratic principle in its first application to a vast community affords a sure guaranty that, to the benefit of all humanity, you will know how to consolidate by wisdom and moderation what you have achieved by bravery and admirable perseverance.

WHAT A PROPHET.—Jeff. Davis was a worse prophet than he was a woman. In 1861 he said:

Your brother States will gladly come into the Southern Confederacy within sixty days, as we will be your only friends. England will recognize us, and a glorious future is before us. The grass will grow in the Northern cities where the pavements have been worn by the trace of commerce. We will carry war where it is easy to advance, where food for the sword and torch await the armies in the densely populated cities.

☞ The rebel Brig. Gen. William H. Carroll, of Tennessee, one of the wealthiest men of the State, applied for pardon recently, and his application was referred to Gov. Brownlow who replied characteristically: "This man Carroll, were he to come within the State of Tennessee, would not be permitted to live five minutes. The people would not tolerate his existence there. I can't say anything against so poor and mean a man as this, and I can't say anything for him. I therefore say nothing."

WEIGHTY ON DELEGATES.—A Western bard brings a lengthy poem which is published in the Nebraska *News* to the following touching conclusion:

Well, such is life. Whom the gods love
Die young. Whom they hate, live and prosper,
And are elected Delegates in Congress
From the several Territories.

☞ Here is a decision that must be startling to the ladies: A Massachusetts Judge has decided that "a husband may open his wife's letters," on the ground so often and so tersely stated by Mr. Theophilus Parsons, of Cambridge, that "the husband and the wife are one, and the husband is that one!"

LINCOLN.—In a sketch of the life and character of the late President Lincoln, the following is given as a short sermon which he was in the habit of preaching to his children; "Don't drink. Don't smoke. Don't chew. Don't swear. Don't gamble. Don't lie. Don't cheat. Love your fellow-man as well as God. Love truth. Love virtue and be happy."

☞ The recaptured archives of the State of Tennessee tell many a tale of rebel villainy. Governor Harris' papers are full of the secret history of the rebellion. Among other papers on file and indorsed by Harris, is a proposition to assassinate Governor Johnson in Nashville.—*Nashville Union, June 24th.*

FROM THE EAST.—The Idaho *Statesman* says several steamers arrived at Fort Benton, on the Yellowstone, for the week ending July 1st. The eastern part of the territory gets all its supplies from that source.

THE LATEST.

Special Dispatches to the Oregon Statesman.

San Francisco, Aug. 5.—The overland line is still down beyond Salt Lake. Local news is quite meager. The Fifth Industrial Fair, under the auspices of the Mechanics Institute, will open on Wednesday evening next. The Hon. Frank W. Pixley will deliver the opening address.

Markets. Flour—Jobbing sales are fair at 5 50@5 75 for superfine, and 6 50@6 75 for extra. Wheat—The market to-day is lower in consequence of large receipts. Buyers are not offering over 1 80 per 100 lbs., for a choice article. Barley—Sales of 3,000 sacks in sundry lots at one cent. Oats—Sales 1,200 sacks at 1 62½, and 400 sacks of choice at 1 70.—Potatoes—Weaker to-day; ranging from 80 to 95 cents per 100 lbs. Hay—Small sales at 9@9½, and 12 50. Hides—Sales of 150 California dry at from 12 to 12½. Wool—Sales of 5,000 lbs. at 10½ cents. Greenbacks, 74¼.

THE PIRATE SHENANDOAH.

San Francisco, August 2.—The whaling bark General Pike, of New Bedford, Capt. H. M. Crowell, arrived from Behrings Straits, with over 200 men from whalers burned by the Shenandoah on the morning after the departure of the Milo from Gulf Analyr. The Shenandoah not being able to get into the Sea of Okotsk, she ran into Behrings Straits and destroyed the ship Gen. Williams of New London, lying at anchor within one and a half miles of the shore at St. Lawrence Island, and next morning captured in the Straits the bark Wm. C. Nye, belonging to Horne & Co., San Francisco. She also captured the barks Nimrod, Catharine, Isabelle, and Gipsey of New Bedford, burned them and transferred their crews to the Gen. Pike, bonded her for $45,000 and told the captain to steer for San Francisco. He robbed the officers and men of everything of value he could find, and told Capt. Crowell if he got short of provisions to cook the Kanakas, of which there were fifty on board, and eat them. Two other vessels were in sight, and the whole fleet numbering eighty vessels, was to the north and east and would probably be destroyed. They think that Waddell, after destroying the Arctic fleet, will return to the sea of Okotsk and destroy all the vessels there.

Capt. Crowell reports a severe earthquake in latitude 49°55' north, longitude 162°30' west, on the Fourth of July, lasting five minutes, and another next day less severe.

No further news from the ill-fated Brother Jonathan.

☞ The Rev. Mr. Lee, Episcopal Minister at Folsom, Cal., attempted to vote at the late primary election there, but was ruled out. In a published card he says he did not vote for Lincoln because of his leniency toward the rebels, nor for McClellan because he thought him a traitor.

☞ We believe that gold invested in Government bonds will pay better than two per cent. a month. In less than a year the last loan will be exhausted, greenbacks will be at par, and the seven-thirty bonds will command a premium.

☞ *Frank Leslie's Gazette of Fashion*, for July, *Godey's Lady's Book*, *Harper's Magazine*, and all the leading Pictorials, can be had at N. O. Parrish & Co.'s. Give them a call.

POSITION OF THE UNITED BRETHREN.—Resolution passed at the quarterly conference of the United Brethren in Christ, Yamhill circuit. Held at their campground, near Salem, July 8th, 1865:

Resolved, That we do not recognize anybody south, as a church, who participated in or sympathized with the rebellion, as capable of recommending any person for reception among us.

Ordered published in the *Pacific Christian Advocate* and *Oregon Statesman*. J. C. CAWOON.

Special Notices.

AN ACKNOWLEDGED FACT.—"Truth crushed to earth shall rise again"; not so the thousands of worthless compounds thrust before the public, as specifics.

Newell's Pulmonary Syrup having stood the test of opposition and prejudice, while on trial at the bar of public opinion, now stands pre-eminent as the greatest known remedy for all affections of the chest and lungs. Use it.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER—PAIN RELIEVING AND STRENGTHENING.—The history of these plasters would occupy more space than can be spared within the limits of this advertisement. Suffice it to say, that the most eminent chemists and physicians of the United States and Europe were consulted as to their composition. They are made porous, so that the evaporation of the perspiration can go on sufficiently where the plaster is applied, without, as with other plasters, causing the accumulation of acrid fluid, which corrodes the skin and occasions many unpleasant sensations not necessary for the cure or alleviation of affections for which a plaster is usually applied. India rubber, myrrh, and other choice gums and essences of the vegetable kingdom, are the material ingredients of these celebrated plasters. While they are possessed of all the soothing and warming qualities of almost every other plaster of the United States Dispensatory, they are without many of their inconveniences. In the language of one who has experienced much benefit from their application in a chronic disease of the kidney—"They stick closer than a brother, and do not run like a false friend." For weakness of the back, pains in the side, stomach or chest, and for the alleviation of the pain attending rheumatism, they are without an equal.

The Agent in San Francisco, WILLIAM F. BRANDRETH, *Office at Messrs. Crane & Brigham's, will take great pleasure in forwarding the formula of these celebrated plasters to all Physicians who may desire to see it.*

For sale by HODGE & CALEF,
1y1 Portland, Oregon.

Settle Up.

ALL persons interested are hereby notified that all debts due and payable to J. H. Starr, in the Tinware and Stove business in Salem, up to July 1st, 1865, must be settled at once. J. H. STARR.
Salem, July 31, 1865. 22tf

At the Old Headquarters in Salem,

WILL BE FOUND

CONSTANTLY on hand, a large assortment of PARLOR and COOKING STOVES, *TIN, COPPER, & JAPANNED WARE*, which we offer to the public as CHEAP as can be had in Portland. 22tf STARR BROTHERS.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

BEST BARGAIN IN THE STATE.

THE subscriber will sell his land on Mill Creek Prairie, ten miles south-east of Salem, consisting of 213 acres—140 acres prairie and 73 acres timber on the Santiam, together with all his household goods, 9 hogs, 8 sheep, 8 cows, 13 other cattle, wagon maker's tools, blacksmith's tools, carpenter's tools, wheelwright's tools, full sets, and turning lathe. There are three houses on the land, with two orchards of splendid fruit—so located as to suit two families.

I have a splendid REAPER and MOWER, with a very extensive and well-selected stock of farming implements as good as new. I offer land, home, and all, just ready to move into, for **$2,000 CASH DOWN IN COIN.** Come, and see for yourself.
July 31, 1865. 22w6pd WM. H. MCNEILL.

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS.

A preparation uniting

PURE OLD ESSENCE OF RYE,

With all the recognized Tonic, Laxative and Anti-Bilious REMEDIES OF ART AND NATURE.

Protective Properties.

Prevents Fever and Ague and Bilious Remittent Fever, Invigorates the Organs of Digestion and the Bowels—Steadies the Nerves and tends to Prolong Life.

Remedial Properties.

Cures Dyspepsia—Liver Complaint—General Debility, Depression of Spirits—Consumption—Intermittent Fevers and all complaints arising from bodily weakness. As an Appetizer,

TONIC, FEVER AND AGUE PREVENTIVE

And all Bilious Disorders,

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

stand pre-eminent as the

Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age,

and as an

ALTERATIVE AND BLOOD PURIFIER,

they are prescribed and recommended by all Physicians wherever they have been introduced.

The extraordinary and increasing demand for these BITTERS is unparalleled

IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE,

and can be had everywhere throughout the civilized world where newspapers are circulated or read.

Almanacs or Pamphlets,

with testimony of their success from the Farmer and the Sailor—from the Merchant and the Physician—and from the Legislative Halls of

OUR UNITED COUNTRY

may be obtained FREE of all Dealers everywhere.

HODGE & CALEF,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, PORTLAND,

97 Front Street.

Sole Agents for the State.

PORTLAND, July 14th, 1865.

MESSRS. HODGE & CALEF:

Gentlemen:—In answer to your letter of even date, referring to the LICENSE LAW affecting "HOSTETTER'S BITTERS," I have to say that no License is required, coming as they do, under the head of Proprietary Preparations. This decision is announced by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington.

THOS. FRAZAR,
U. S. Assessor Internal Revenue.
Portland, Oregon.

La Creole Academy,

DALLAS, POLK COUNTY, OREGON.

Rev. W. D. NICHOLS.....Principal.
.....Preceptress.

THE academic year is divided into four terms of eleven weeks each.

First Term will commence.....Sept. 4, 1865
Second Term " " .....Nov. 20, 1865
Third Term " " ..... —— 1866
Fourth Term " " ..... —— 1866

EXPENSES.

Primary.....per term, $4,00
Common English..... " " 6,00
Higher English..... " " 8,00
Greek, Latin, or French language, two dollars extra.

Students will not be admitted for a less period than a half term, and no deduction will be made for absence except in cases of protracted sickness.

Board can be obtained in good families at reasonable rates. A few young ladies can be accommodated in the family of the Principal.

☞ A new *Philosophical Apparatus* and a *powerful Microscope* are expected from San Francisco by the commencement or middle of the first term.

GEO. TILLOTSON,
NICHOLAS LEE,
Dallas, July 31, 1865. 22tf Executive Com.

Sale of Mining Stock.

THERE remains unpaid of assessment No. 2 levied on the capital stock of the Union Gold and Silver Mining Company on the 2d day of May, 1864, and of assessment No. 3, levied on the said stock July 21, 1864, the following amounts, to wit:

NAMES.	No. Certif.	No. Shares.	Amount.	NAMES.	No. Certif.	No. Shares.	Amount.
Assessment	*No. 2.*		$	*Assessment*	*No. 3.*		$
Abel G M	401	1	2	Abel Geo M	401	1	5
Cooke E N	361	10	20	Andrews W H	289	1	5
Cooper Frank	48	2	4	Cartwright C M	358	1	5
Fish N	463	1	2	Cooper Frank	49	1	5
	349	1	2		48	2	10
	350	1	2	Chance G H	315	2	10
	351	1	2		326	1	5
Hawthorne &				Freeland B R	123	1	5
Loryea	387	1	2		126	1	5
	388	1	2	Green Thos	202	3	15
	389	1	2	Haas J H	368	31	164
	390	1	2	Laughead Wm	223	1	5
	391	1	2	McCully D	62		
	392	1	2	Nichols J B	357	1	5
	393	1	2	Roork J H	400	1	5
	394	1	2	Smith H	50	1	5
	395	1	2		52	2	10
	396	1	2		53	3	15
	397	1	2		159	2	10
Johnson W P	447	2	4		165	1	5
Laughead W M	228	1	2		166	1	5
Morse H B	344	2	4		167	1	5
Marshall Geo	129	1	2		168	1	5
McCully D	62	1	2		169	1	5
Nichols J B	357	1	2		171	1	5
Roork J H	400	1	2		172	1	5
Sloat H V	339	1	2		173	1	5
	340	1	2		174	1	5
	341	1	2		175	1	5
	352	1	2	Smith E O	79	1	5
	353	1	2		284	2	10
	114	1	2		293	2	10
	337	1	2		299	3	15
	338	1	2		421	1	5
Smith J X	398	4	8		422	1	5
	399	4	8		424	1	5
	282	10	20		426	5	25
Smith H	413	9	18		429	5	25
	50	1	2		430	5	25
	51	1	2		431	5	25
	52	2	4		432	2	10
	53	3	6		433	1	5
Smith W H	100	1	2		434	1	5
	85	5	10	Smith W H	85	5	25
	86	5	10		86	5	25
	87	5	10		87	5	25
	90	1	2		91	2	10
	91	1	2		100	1	5
	94	1	2	Smith Jas X	282	10	50
Smith E O	293	2	4		398	4	20
	294	3	6		399	4	20
	79	1	2	Sloat H V	114	1	5
	421	1	2		341	1	5
	422	1	2		352	1	5
	424	1	2		353	1	5
	426	5	10	Thorn E D	308	1	5
Thorn E D	308	1	2	Williams R	146	5	25
Whitehouse R G	331	2	4		147	5	25
					148	5	25
					149	1	5
					150	1	5
					151	1	5
					152	1	5
					153	1	5

Pursuant to law, and in compliance with an order of the board of directors of the said Union Gold and Silver Mining Company, made at the office of said Company on the 27th day of July, 1865, so many shares of each parcel of the aforesaid stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of the Company in Salem, Oregon, on the 31st day of August, 1865, commencing at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, to pay the delinquent assessments on said stock, together with the cost of advertising and expense of sale. RUFUS MALLORY,
Salem, July 31, 1865. 22w4 Secretary.

Roop's Menagerie and Museum

WILL EXHIBIT at the following times and places, to wit:

Salem, Monday and Tuesday, August 7 and 8;
Jefferson Wednesday, August 9;
Albany, Thursday, August 10.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that S. C. Moore, administrator of the estate of J. A. Clark, deceased, of Douglas county, has filed his account and prayed a final settlement of said estate; and that the said account and prayer will be heard by the county court of said county on Monday the 7th day of August, 1865, at the court-house in Roseburg, Oregon.

By order of WM. R. WILLIS, County Judge.
E. A. LATHROP, Clerk. July 17, 1865-29w4

SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of an execution from the circuit court of the State of Oregon for Marion county, and to me directed, by the clerk of said court, in favor of Jacob Batt and against I. R. Pratt, for want of personal property, I have levied upon all the right, title, and interest of said Pratt in and to the following described real estate, to wit: One certain piece or parcel of land, commencing at a certain stake 6 chains S. 20 deg W. of the S. E. corner of G.C. Davidson's land claim, known as the land sold and conveyed to said Davidson by I. N. Lawrence and wife, thence running from said stake 120 feet S. 20 deg. W. to a stake, thence 60 feet W. 20 deg. N. to a stake, thence 120 feet N. 20 deg E. to a stake, thence 60 feet E. 20 deg. S. to the place of beginning. Also, one lot, 60 by 120 feet, known as the lot Waldo & Paxton built a warehouse upon in 1853, and subsequently deeded to I. N. Lawrence by J. C. Peebles; and also two lots 120 [feet] square, known as the property built upon by I. N. Lawrence for a wagon shop in 1853; said lots are situated in Fairfield, Marion county, Oregon, T. 5 S. R. 3 W. of the Willamette meridian, together with all and singular the appurtenances thereunto belonging—to be sold to satisfy said execution, interest, and costs. Sale to be made on Monday the 14th day of August, 1865, at the hour of one o'clock p. m. of said day.

SAM'L HEADRICK, Sheriff.
July 17, 1865. 29w4

SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of an execution from the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Marion county, and to me directed, by the clerk of said court, in favor of Baum Brothers & Co. against Green C. Davidson, and for want of personal property, I have levied upon and will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for gold and silver coin in hand, at the court-house door in Salem, in said county, on MONDAY, the 14th day of AUGUST, 1865, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, all the right, title, and interest of the said Green C. Davidson in and to the following described real estate, to wit: Situate in the county of Marion, State of Oregon, in T. 4 S. R. 2 and 3 W., in sections 6 and 7, T. 4 S. R. 2 W. and sections 1 and 12 in T. 4 S. R. 3 W., claim no 37 in T. 4 S. R. 2 W., and claim no. 76 in T. 4 S. R. 3 W., containing in all 801.08 acres—and also the east half of the donation claim no. 79 of Jean Jeangras and wife, lying and being in sections 13, 14, 23, and 24, T. 4 S. R. 3 W., containing 320 acres, more or less, more particularly described in deed from Louis Forcier to said Davidson—together with all the appurtenances appertaining to each of the above-described pieces of land. Said land to be sold to satisfy the aforesaid execution, interest, and costs, subject to a prior judgment in favor of J. B. P. Piette against said Davidson for the sum of $3502,50.

SAM'L HEADRICK, Sheriff.
July 17, 1865. 29w4

Estate of John Farrens, Dec'd.

In County Court, Marion county, July Term, 1865.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Nancy Farrens, administratrix of said estate, has filed in said court, her accounts, praying for a final settlement, and that said application will be heard and determined on Monday, the 7th day of August, 1865, at which time all persons interested in said estate can appear and show cause why said application should not be granted.

JOHN C. PEEBLES, Co. Judge.
Salem, July 7th, 1865. 4w10pd

Notice.

In the matter of the Sale of Real Estate belonging to Wm. Fulton, an insane person. County Court, Polk county, Oregon.

THIS 5th day of July, 1865, came D. W. Allingham, guardian for the said insane person, and presented his petition asking for an order to sell a portion of the real estate belonging to the said Wm. Fulton. It is therefore ordered that said petition be heard and determined on Monday the 7th day of August, 1865. All persons interested are hereby notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, why such petition should not be granted. CHAS. E. MOOR,
July 5, 1865. 19w4 County Judge.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

In Probate Court, Marion county, Oregon. Estate of Harvey Gordon, deceased.

R. E. STRATTON, administrator of said estate, having this day presented his accounts praying a final settlement of the same, therefore, all persons interested in said estate are hereby notified that said application will be heard and determined at the court house door in Salem on Monday, the 7th day of August, 1865. JOHN C. PEEBLES,
Salem, July 7, 1865. 19w4 County Judge.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

In Probate Court, Polk county, Oregon.

NOTICE is hereby given that Ira F. M. Butler, administrator of the estate of Thomas H. Hutchinson, deceased, has this day presented his accounts for and prays a final settlement of said estate. It is therefore ordered that said settlement be heard and determined at the court-house in Dallas in said county, on Monday the 7th day of August next.

CHAS. E. MOOR,
July 3, 1865 19w4pd County Judge.

American Exchange Hotel,

CORNER OF

SANSOME & HALLECK STREETS,

San Francisco.

THE proprietor of this favorite hotel would respectfully inform the traveling public that the American Exchange having been recently enlarged and improved in all its departments, he is now prepared to offer superior inducements to his patrons and the public in general. He can now offer elegant suits or single rooms for families and single rooms for gentlemen, on terms to suit the times. This house contains a handsomely furnished public parlor, beautiful large dining hall, commodious and pleasant reading and sitting room, together with other facilities not necessary to enumerate. Business men and travelers will find the American Exchange second to no hotel in the city, whether as regards luxury, comfort or economy. The table will be supplied with all the delicacies the season affords. Grateful for past patronage, the proprietor respectfully solicits a continuance of the public favor. 22m3p3 J. W. SARGENT.

Confidential Medical Advice.

DR. LA'MERT,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England; Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh; M. D. of the University of Erlangen; Licentiate of Royal Society of Apothecaries, London &c.

CURES SECRET DISEASES WITHOUT COPAIBA or MERCURY. He also treats successfully STRICTURES, GLEET, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, CUTANEOUS DISEASES, and those who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, or the LOST POWERS OF MANHOOD will do well to consult him. His DIPLOMAS may be seen at his House and Office.

DR. LA'MERT wishes it to be perfectly understood that every case is CONFIDENTIAL. *He has separate waiting rooms for each patient*, and compounds all his own medicines, so that in delicate cases patients have nothing to fear.

OFFICE HOURS—From 9 A. M. till 2 P. M. and from 5 till 9 P. M. Sundays, from 9 A. M. till 2 P. M. only.

HOUSE AND OFFICES.

At the corner of Third and C streets. The entrance to C street on Front, is opposite the Ocean Steamship Wharf, and Dr. La'Mert's House and Offices are in a direct line three blocks west.

jy31 PORTLAND, OREGON. 22y1

Proclamation.

THE undersigned intends changing his business on the first of september next; therefore all persons who know themselves indebted to him, will please settle between now and then.

There are large amounts outstanding on the books of the late firm of T. H. Cox & Co. All such accounts, as well as those of T. H. Cox, must be settled by the first of September.

I hope all of those interested will give this matter prompt attention. T. H. COX.
Salem, July 31, 1865. 22tf

To Mill-Owners.

A PRACTICAL MILLER, of nearly twenty-five years' experience in Maryland, Chile, and California, wishes to obtain a permanent situation in a Flouring Mill in this State; his object being to locate permanently. Satisfactory reference given as to capability, sobriety, and honesty. For further particulars, address J. P., care Baum Bros. & Co., Portland, Oregon. July 31, 1865. 22w4

Dr. BIDDLE, DENTIST,

RECENTLY from the Eastern States, and over thirty-eight years of practice, having extracted more than a barrel of teeth; has taken rooms in Mr. KENYON'S house, a few doors from Commercial street, where he will wait on the citizens of this place and vicinity, on reasonable terms, and will guarantee satisfaction.

Those having bad whole or parts of sets put in, that are now uncomfortable or useless, are invited to call.

Decayed teeth permanently filled. There shall be no aching of teeth, or *falling out of plugs*.

Teeth extracted with great ease, by the use of proper instruments, with or without chloroform.

Cleaning and regulating, and other useful operations performed.

Persons from other towns, or from the country, wishing my services, can make my house their home, until the work is finished. Salem, July 3, 1865tf

J. M. COULTER

SELLS ALL KINDS OF

COOPER-WARE

Cheaper than the Cheapest.

Salem, June 26th, 1865. 17tf

Oil Painting.

PAULINE SHELTON, having taken lessons in LANDSCAPE and HEAD PAINTING of one of the best artists in San Francisco, proposes to give lessons in the same. Specimens to be seen at Montgomery's Picture Gallery. Will also color Photographs in oil or water colors. Salem, June 9.-y

HARNESS,

$25 to $325 per Set.

SADDLES,

$7 to $100 Each.

BRIDLES,

$1 50 to $30 Each.

..AT..

HYDE & M'CLENNEN'S,

227 Montgomery Street,

RUSS BLOCK,

SAN FRANCISCO.

..ALSO..

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT

..OF..

SADDLERY GOODS,

AT PRICES

25 Per Cent. Less than any House on the Pacific Coast.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED

AT A COMMISSION.

A Liberal Discount

..TO..

LIVERY STABLES.

3m17is

GRAND BENEFIT OF SALEM, MARION COUNTY.

FROM and after this date, we propose to sell Lumber, Laths, and Slabs as cheap as any other high toned Mill in the country. Times are changed, and we have changed the credit of one year and repeal, to ready pay; without which, "no Webfoot need apply." Book-keeping is most effectually played out.—You that owe us, come to our office, there's the place, and settle now. We cannot afford to wait; and when we commence to dun, we never get done.

"Be wise to-day, 'tis folly to defer."

3m17pd J. H. NICKLIN & CO.

BENNETT HOUSE,

SALEM, OREGON.

J. HOLMES. W. L. GASTON.

HOLMES & GASTON,

WE have purchased the entire interest in