[OFFICIAL.]

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES,

PASSED AT THE

First Session of the Thirty-Eighth Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 17.]

AN ACT to increase the internal revenue and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, in lieu of the duty provided for in section forty-one of an act entitled "An act to support the Government and to pay interest on the public debt," approved July first, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and in addition to duties payable for licenses, there shall be levied, collected, and paid on all spirits that may be distilled and sold, or distilled and removed for consumption or sale previous to the first day of July next, of first proof, the duty of sixty cents on each and every gallon; and said duty shall be a lien and charge on such spirits, and also on the interest of all persons in default in the distillery used for distilling the same, with all the stills, vessels, fixtures, and tools therein, and in the lot or tract of land whereon the said distillery is situated, until the said duty shall be paid; *Provided*, That the said duty on spirituous beverages enumerated in this act, shall be collected at no lower rate than the basis of first proof, and shall be increased in proportion for any greater strength than the strength of first proof.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all spirits or other articles on which duties are imposed by the provisions of this act, or of the act referred to in the first section of this act, and amendment thereto, which shall be found in the possession or custody or within the control of any person or persons, for the purpose of being sold by such person or persons, in fraud of the internal revenue laws, as heretofore referred to, or with design to avoid payment of said duties, may be seized by any collector or deputy collector who shall have reason to believe that the same are possessed, had, or held for the purpose or design aforesaid, that the same shall be forfeited to the United States; and also all articles of raw materials found in the possession of any person or persons intending to manufacture the same for the purpose of being sold by them, in fraud of said laws, or with design to evade the payment of said duties, and also all tools, implements, instruments, and personal property whatsoever used in the place or building, or within any yard or enclosure where such articles on which duties are imposed, as aforesaid, shall be found, may also be seized by any collector or deputy collector, as aforesaid; and the same shall be forfeited as aforesaid; and the proceedings to enforce said forfeiture shall be in the nature of a proceeding in rem in the circuit or district court of the United States for the district where such seizure is made, or in any other court of competent jurisdiction; and any person who shall have in his custody or possession any such spirits or other articles, subject to duty as aforesaid, for the purpose of selling the same with the design of avoiding payment of the duties imposed thereon, shall be liable to a penalty of five hundred dollars, or not less than double the amount of duties fraudulently attempted to be evaded, to be recovered and applied as other penalties provided by the act heretofore mentioned. And the spirits and other articles which shall be so seized by any collector or deputy collector shall, during the pendency of such proceedings, be delivered to the marshal of said district, and remain in his care and custody, and under his control, until final judgment in such proceedings shall be rendered; *Provided, however*, That when the property so seized may be liable to perish or become greatly reduced in value by keeping, or when it cannot be kept without great expense, the owner thereof or the marshal of the district may apply to the assessor of the district to examine said property; and if, in the opinion of said assessor, it shall be necessary that the said property should be sold to prevent such waste or expense, he shall appraise the same; and the owner thereupon shall have said property returned to him upon giving bond in such form as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and in an amount equal to the appraised value, with such sureties as the said appraiser shall deem good and sufficient, to abide the final order, decree or judgment of the court having cognizance of the case, and to pay the amount of said appraised value to the marshal, or otherwise, as he may be ordered and directed by the court, which bond shall be filed by said appraiser with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. But if said owner shall neglect or refuse to give said bond the appraiser shall turn to the marshal aforesaid an order to sell the same; and the said marshal shall thereupon advertise and sell the said property at public auction to the same manner as goods may be sold on final execution in said district; and the proceeds of the sale, after deducting the reasonable costs of the seizure and sale, shall be paid to the court aforesaid, to abide its final order, decree or judgment.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That all distilled spirits upon which an excise duty is imposed by law may be exported without payment of said duty, and, when the same is intended for exportation, may, without being charged with duty, be removed under such rules and regulations and upon the execution of such transportation bonds or other security as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe; said bonds or other security to be taken by the collector of internal revenue of the district from which such removal is made; *Provided*, That the said spirits shall be transported directly from the distillery or a bonded warehouse established in conformity with the law and Treasury regulations, at a port of entry of the United States, and used for the storage of distilled spirits, and be placed in charge of a proper officer of the customs, who, together with the owner and proprietor of the warehouse, shall have the joint custody of all the distilled spirits stored in said warehouse. And all the labor on the goods so stored shall be performed by the owner or proprietor of the warehouse, under the supervision of the officer of the customs in charge of the same, and at the expense of the said owner or proprietor; and the said spirits shall also be subject to the same rules and regulations, and be chargeable with the same costs and expenses, in all respects, to which other goods that are deposited in public store for exportation from the United States may be subject. And no drawback shall in any case be allowed on any distilled spirits upon which an excise duty shall have been paid either before or after it shall shall have been placed in a bonded warehouse as aforesaid; but no provisions of this act shall be construed to repeal existing laws which provide that distilled spirits may be removed from the place of manufacture or bonded warehouse for the purpose of being redistilled for exportation, or which provide for the manufacture for exportation of medicines, preparations, compositions, perfumery, and cosmetics, or which provide for an allowance or drawback on cordials and other liquors when exported.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the passage of this act, in lieu of the duties provided in the act referred to in the first section of this act, there shall be levied, collected, and paid upon all cotton produced or sold and removed for consumption, and upon which no duty has been levied, paid, or collected, a duty of two cents per pound; and such duty shall be and remain a lien there on until said duty shall have been paid, in the possession of any person whomsoever. And further, if any person or persons, corporation or association of persons, remove, carry, or transport the same, or procure any other party or parties to remove, carry, or transport the same from the place of its production, with the intent to evade the duty thereon, or to defraud the Government, before said duty shall have been paid, such person or persons, corporation, or association of persons shall forfeit and pay to the United States double the amount of said duty, to be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction; *Provided*, That all cotton sold by or on account of the Government of the United States shall be free and exempt from said duty at the time of and after the sale thereof, and the same shall be marked free, and the purchaser furnished with such a bill of sale as shall clearly and accurately describe the same, which shall be deemed and taken to be a permit authorizing the sale or removal thereof.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That every collector to whom any duty upon cotton shall be paid shall mark the bales, or other [other] packages, upon which the duty shall have been paid, in such manner as may clearly indicate the payment thereof, and shall give to the owner or other person having charge of such cotton, a permit for the removal of the same, stating therein the amount and payment of the duty, the time and place of payment, the weight and marks upon the bales and packages, so that the same may be fully identified. Whenever any cotton, the product of the United States, shall arrive at any port of the United States from any State in insurrection against the Government, the assessor or assistant assessor, under the act referred to in the first section of this act, shall immediately assess the taxes due thereon, and shall, without delay, return the same to the collector or deputy collector of said district, and the said collector or deputy collector shall demand of the owner or other person having charge of such cotton the tax imposed by this act, and assessed thereon, unless evidence of previous payment of said tax shall be produced, under such regulations as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, by the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall from time to time prescribe; and in case the tax so assessed shall not be paid to such collector within thirty days after demand, the collector or deputy collector, as aforesaid, shall institute proceedings for the recovery of the tax, which shall be a lien upon said cotton from the time when said assessment shall be made.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That, from and after the date on which this act takes effect, in computing the allowance or drawback upon articles manufactured exclusively of cotton when exported, there shall be allowed, in addition to the three per centum duty which shall have been paid on such articles, a drawback of two cents per pound upon such articles in all cases where the duty imposed by this act upon the cotton used in the manufacture thereof shall be satisfactorily shown to have been previously paid; the amount of said drawback to be ascertained in such manner as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That, from and after the passage of this act, in addition to the duties heretofore imposed by law, there shall be levied, collected, and paid on spirits distilled from grain or other materials, whether of American or foreign production, imported from foreign countries previous to the first day of July next, of first proof, a duty of forty cents on each and every gallon, and no lower rate of duty shall be levied or collected than upon the basis of first proof, and shall be increased in proportion for any greater strength of first proof; and that upon all such spirits imported prior to the passage of this act there shall be levied, collected and paid an additional tax of forty cents per gallon, to be collected under the direction and according to regulations established by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That consuls of foreign countries in the United States, who are not citizens thereof, shall be, and hereby are, exempt from any income tax imposed by the act referred to in the first section of this act, which may be derived from their official emoluments, or from property in such countries; *Provided*, That the Government when the consuls may represent shall extend similar exemption to consuls of the United States.

Sec. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That the provisions of the act entitled "An act further to provide for the collection of duties on imports," approved March second, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, now in force, shall be taken and deemed as extending to and embracing all laws for the collection of internal duties, stamp duties, licenses, or taxes, which have been or may be hereafter enacted; and all persons duly authorized to assess, receive, or collect such duties or taxes under such laws, are hereby declared to be and to have been "revenue officers," within the true intent and meaning of the said act, and entitled to all exemptions, immunities, benefits, rights and privileges therein enumerated and conferred.

Approved, March 7, 1864.

NOT THIS FLAG.—The Louisville *Journal*. tells a good story on the gallant young Lieut. Colonel of the Thirty-second Missouri, who is proof against rebel guns, but falls an easy prey to bright eyes. The Colonel attended a festival at Hartford, Ill., recently, and several ladies who waited on the table wore beautiful aprons, bearing the emblems of our flag. The Colonel remarked to one of the wearers:

"That's a pretty apron you wear."

"Yes," said the maiden; "it is my flag."

"I have fought many a hard battle under that flag," replied the Colonel.

"Not this flag!" indignantly exclaimed the beauty, as she swept away, leaving the gallant son of Mars dumbfounded.

THE SUCCESSOR OF GENERAL SEDGWICK.—Horatio Gates Wright, the Brigadier chosen by Meade to succeed General Sedgwick in command of the famous Sixth Corps, is a Connecticut man, as his predecessor was. He was appointed to the Military Academy at West Point, in 1837, and in 1841 received the Commission of Second Lieutenant of Engineers. The next year he became Acting Assistant Professor of Engineering; in 1848, he was made First Lieutenant of Engineers, in August, 1861, he became Major of Engineers, and the next month he was made Brigadier General of Volunteers. He has shown himself a brave and capable officer in his new position, and was undoubtedly chosen by General Meade because of the excellent qualities he was known to possess.

RECONSTRUCTION.

After a long debate on Henry Winter Davis' bill to provide a republican form of Government for States where the legitimate Government has been overthrown or usurped, Boutwell of Massachusetts closed up on May 4th in a very radical speech, in which he advocated the treatment of the so-called seceded States as Territories and the colonization of North and South Carolina and Georgia by the negroes, who should there have the right of suffrage. The copperheads developed symptoms of fillibustering on calling for the previous question; but, after striking out the preamble, which embodied some of Stevens' peculiar views, the bill was passed by 73 to 59, being pretty nearly a party vote, taking in the Border State men, as follows:

Ayes—Alley, Allison, Ames, Anderson, Arnold, Ashley, Baldwin of Massachusetts, Baxter, Beaman, Blow, Boutwell, Broomall, Cole, Creswell, Davis of Maryland, Dawes, Deming, Dixon, Donnelly, Driggs, Eliot, Farnsworth, Fenton, Frank, Garfield, Higby, Hooper, Hotchkiss, Hubbard of Iowa, Hubbard of Connecticut, Hulburd, Julian, Kelley, Kellogg of Michigan, Kellogg of New York, Littlejohn, Loan, Longyear, Marvin, McBride, McClurg, McIndoe, Miller of New York, Moorhead, Morrill, Morris of New York, A. Myers, L. Myers, Norton, O'Neill of Pennsylvania, Orth, Patterson, Perham, Pike, Pomeroy, Price, Rice of Massachusetts, Rice of Maine, Rollins of New Hampshire, Schenck, Scofield, Shannon, Sloan, Smithers, Spalding, Thayer, Upson, Washburn of Massachusetts, Williams, Wilder, Wilson, Windom, Woodbridge—73.

Noes—W. J. Allen, Ancona, Baldwin of Michigan, Blair of West Virginia, Brooks, Brown of Wisconsin, Brown of West Virginia, Chanler, Clay, Cox, Dawson, Denison, Eden, Eldridge, Finck, Ganson, Grider, Hale, Hall, Harding, Harris of Maryland, Harris of Illinois, Herrick, Holman, Johnson of Pennsylvania, Johnson of Ohio, Karnan, Knapp, Law, Lazear, Le Blond, Long, Marcy, McAllister, Middleton, Morrison, Noble, Odell, O'Neill of Ohio, Pendleton, Perry, Radford, Randall of Pennsylvania, Randall of Kentucky, Rollins of Maine, Ross, Scott, Smith, Steele of New York, Steele of New Jersey, Stiles, Strouse, Stuart, Ward, Webster, Whaley, Wheeler, C. A. White, Yeaman—59.

The action of the House upon this bill is popularly understood to be a censure of the President, for the reason that the plan laid down is in direct opposition with that given in the amnesty proclamation, especially requiring a majority of the voters of the reclaimed territory to make a new Constitution, where the President requires but one tenth of the voters. The bill, it is thought, will have a tight squeeze in the Senate.

BLOODY STREET FIGHT BETWEEN TWO WOMEN.—Mrs. K. Lake, Mrs. McFarland and Mr. and Mrs. Graham arrived in the city yesterday morning from Cincinnati, the two former taking lodgings at a first class hotel, and the gentleman and his wife at a second class house. Between Mr. Graham and one of the first named ladies (we could not learn which) an intimacy had formerly existed, and on the marriage of Graham his discarded flame swore vengeance against the rival who had supplanted her. The lady armed herself with a knife, and Mrs. Graham carried a revolver for protection. In order to escape the fury of the offended woman, Graham brought his wife to St. Louis to attend the Sanitary Fair. The vengeful female followed him up, and meeting Mrs. Graham on the street about one o'clock yesterday afternoon, attacked her with the fury of a tigress, inflicting innumerable gashes upon her nose, face and neck, and making a bloody cross in close proximity to her jugular. During the onslaught Mrs. Graham was not idle, but drew her revolver, and aiming at the breast of her enraged rival, pulled the trigger, but the cap snapped, and the heroine of the knife cut and slashed away at a terrible rate, illustrating Mrs. Graham's nose with several additional cuts. Mrs. Graham again brought her weapon to a present, but again the perfidious pistol missed fire. By this time she was becoming weak from loss of blood and excitement, but summoned strength to level her Colt once more. For the third time the shooting iron failed to do its work, and Mrs. Graham was at the mercy of her antagonist, liable to be carved into small pieces, as suited the disposition of her assailant. Fortunately several gentlemen came to her rescue, and separated the combatants. Mrs Graham was taken into the drug store of Brackett & Co., corner of Fifth and Locust, and thence to Dr. Metcalf's office where her wounds were dressed. The other lady walked off. Graham, accompanied by his wife, went to the police station several hours after the fracas to have the other woman arrested, but could find no policeman who was willing to undertake the job. Mrs. Graham's wounds are not dangerous, but she was pretty roughly used.—*St. Louis Democrat, May 18.*

CŒUR D'ALENE MISSION BURNED.—Rev. Father Gazzoli has just arrived from the above place, and reports that the mission buildings, with all the appurtenances, including the agricultural implements belonging to the farms—were recently consumed by fire. The fire resulted from the carelessness of some of the inmates of the mission. Father Gazzoli intends to endeavor to raise a subscription to rebuild the mission.—*W. W. Statesman.*

KOOTENAI.—The *Age* has favorable reports from the Kootenai country. The mines are pronounced the richest yet discovered, and miners are flocking in from all quarters. All the writers speak of the scarcity of supplies, and represent that the Kootenai is a fine field for mercantile speculation.

BENJ. STRANG,

—DEALER IN—

PARLOR AND COOK STOVES

OF EVERY PATTERN.

Keeps constantly on hand, and Manufactures to order,

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

On reasonable terms

METAL ROOFING, and JOBBING of all kinds promptly attended to.

Shop on Commercial street, Salem, Oregon, 3 doors North of Hirsch & Co. 635tf

BROWN, MYERS & CO.

HOLMAN'S BLOCK, SALEM, OREGON.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS

IN GROCERIES, PAINTS, OILS, &C.

HAVE just received from San Francisco a large stock of Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, &c., &c., consisting in part of the following:

New Orleans Cosipona Island crushed and powdered sugars, East Boston and Golden Syrup, Old Government Java, Costa Rico and Rio coffee, Japan black and green teas, castile, cheumical, toilet and family soaps, adamantine, coal oil and sperm candles, Glenfield, Kingsford and Durvee starch and Mazena, saleratus, soda, cream tartar and yeast powders, soda, butter, sugar, and Boston crackers, green corn, tomatoes, lobsters, pickles, spices, sauces, oysters, honey, confectionery, &c. Mackerel, salmon, codfish, smoked herring, Liverpool and Carman Island salt, raisins, currants, citron and seedless raisons, flour, meal, farina, tapioca, mace, rice, hominy, pearl barley, &c.

The best brands of California wines and liquors for medical use.

Fancy Japan goods and Yankee notions, tobacco, cigars, and genuine meerschaum pipes.

Crockery, glass ware, coil oil lamps, lanterns and lamp chimneys, hang and side lamps.

COAL OIL.

Wood and willow ware, clothes, market and traveling baskets, wash tubs, wash boards, clothes pins, pails, brooms, sives, bowls and trays, bed cords, clothes lines, twine, wicking and rope, clothes, scrub, shoe, stove and white wash brushes, shoe blacking.

HARDWARE.

Axes, wood saws, shovels, spades, garden hoes, rakes, axe handles, mop handles, coffee mills, carpet and round head tacks, nails, powder, shot, pocket and table cutlery.

Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.

White lead, red lead, venitian red, Spanish whiting, putty, linseed oil, lard oil, sand paper, coach, copal, furniture, damar and shellac varnish, brown japan, turpentine alcohol, chrome yellow, chrome green, Paris green, umber, sienna, vandyke, brown and Prussian blue, diamond glass cutters, glazier's points, lamp black, paint brushes, gold leaf, &c.

The best of French window glass of all sizes, from 8x15 to 36x48. A good assortment of dyestuffs.

Having purchased our stock for cash in San Francisco, we fell confident that we can sell as low as the lowest for cash or ready pay. Call and examine.

Wanted, butter, eggs, bacon, lard, and all kinds of produce, for which we will pay the highest market prices. 1y683 BROWN, MYERS & CO.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ALLEN & LEWIS, Importers and Wholesale dealers in Groceries, Dry Goods, Clothing, and Boots and Shoes. Also, solicit consignments of Oregon produce, for the San Francisco market, on which liberal advances will be made

Persons shipping goods from the Eastern States to our care, can rely upon their receiving prompt attention, at moderate charges. Office in San Francisco, 189 Sansome street. 48tf

CHESTER N. TERRY, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Salem, Oregon, Commissioner of Deeds, and to take testimony, acknowledgements, &c. for Iowa, Indiana, Missouri, Michigan, California and Washington Territory. Letters of Attorney, and all other instruments of writing, drawn on short notice. Particular attention paid to taking Depositions, Collection of Notes, Accounts, &c. 32tf

J. C. POWELL, Attorney at law, Albany, Linn Co., Oregon. Office in Monteith's Building. Will practice in all the courts in Oregon, and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Particular attention paid to collections from Portland, San Francisco and elsewhere, in all parts of Oregon. The best of reference given if desired. 46tf

D. W. & M. R. COX, Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Drugs, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Hair Brushes, fine Toilet Articles, Chemicals, Druggist's Glassware, &c. Also, a large quantity of concentrated extracts of Plants of the purest quality.—Commercial st., Salem, Oregon. 15tf

ADDISON C. GIBBS. W. LAIR HILL.

GIBBS & HILL, Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Will give prompt attention to all professional business entrusted to them Office on Front street, opposite the Dennison House, Portland, Oregon. 669tf

J. H. MITCHELL. JOS. N. DOLPH, Notary Public.

MITCHELL & DOLPH, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, and Proctors in Admiralty. Office over Post Office, Front street, Portland. 669tf

HENRY LAW, Commission Merchant, and Importer and Dealer in Wagon Material. Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Shafts, Hickory Axles, &c., on hand in lots to suit. Flour and Feed of all kinds. Store 25 Front street, Portland and 24 street, Dalles. 669tf

N. T. CATON. C. G. CURL.

CATON & CURL, Attorneys at Law, will practice in the courts of this State. Office in Griswold's brick, over Bell & Brown's store, Salem, Ogn. November, 34, 1862. 35tf

J. C. CARTWRIGHT. C. B. BELLINGER.

CARTWRIGHT & BELLINGER, Attorneys at Law, Salem, Oregon. Office in Moores' Brick Building. 669tf

WILLIAMS & MALLORY, Attorneys at Law. Office in Wilson's building, Salem, Oregon. June, 8, 1863. 14tf

F. O. McCOWN, Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Office with Dr. W. B. Magers, Wacouda, Marion county, Oregon. Post Office address, Belpassi.

W. C. JOHNSON, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Oregon City, Oregon. Will attend to all business entrusted to his care. Collections made and promptly remitted. 1y37

DR. J. W. McAFEE, Physician and SURGEON, offers his professional services to the citizens of Salem and vicinity. Office in Myers' building, opposite Kenyon's. 27tf

B. F. BONHAM, Attorney at Law, La Grande, Baker county, Oregon. 8tf

HUMASON & ODELL, Attorneys at Law, Dalles, Wasco county, Oregon. 28tf

DR. E. R. FISKE, Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence, 3 doors south of Post Office, Salem. 682tf

Sheriff Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that, by virtue of a decree of foreclosure in the case of Robert Phipps vs. E. W. Carlisle and wife, and an execution issued thereon I have levied upon and will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, at the Court House door in Roseburg, Douglas county, Oregon, on Saturday the 23 day of MAY, A.D., 1864, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A.M., and 4 o'clock, P.M., of said day, all the right, title and interest of said defendants, in and to the following described premises, to-wit:—All that piece or parcel of land, being the whole of that portion of the Donation Claim of Robert Phipps, lying north of the South Umpqua river, in sections 33 and 34 of township 28 s, of r 6 w, and in sections 3 and 4 of township 29 s of r 6 w, as known and described in the plats and records of the United States surveys, together with all the appurtenances thereunto belonging, to be sold to satisfy said execution, costs and accruing costs. L. HOWE, Sheriff.

Roseburg, May 30th, 1864. 4w14

Hodge & Calef,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

—dealers in—

Drugs, Medicines,

Paints, Oils and Glass,

White Lead,

Varnishes, Brushes,

Painters' Materials, &c.

—ALSO—

Kerosene Oil and Lamps,

—OFFER FOR SALE—

Linseed Oil, bbls. and cases.

Lard " "

Kerosene " "

Machine " "

Tanners' " "

White Lead, kegs and pails.

Turpentine,

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—AND A STOCK OF—

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

Unsurpassed in the State, in

Extent, variety and

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17tf 650

Odd Fellows' Rural Cemetery.

SALEM, OREGON.

THOSE who have relatives or friends interred in this Cemetery are requested to furnish to either of the undersigned as soon as practicable the following information, viz: Name, age, sex, color, married or single, place of birth, of what family, number of days ill, died when, where, and cause; buried, when and by whom. The object of the foregoing inquiries is for the purpose of registration in a book already procured for that purpose.

I. R. MOORES,
C. N. TERRY, } Trustees.
S. E. MAY,

Salem, January 14, 1864. 46tf

NEW ROAD TO DALLES CITY.

THE Columbia River Road, leading from Portland, is available for the travel of STOCK through to Dalles City.

Laborers are constantly engaged in improving the west parts of the road.

A GOOD FERRY ON DOG RIVER and one on Sandy River.

Rates of Toll:

Each Horse, Mule or Jack	50 cents
" Man	50 "
" Head of Cattle over one year old	50 "
" " " Sheep	10 "

Tickets sold at the Ferries. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR FERRYING. A ticket at the above prices is the only charge on the Road made by the Company.

JOEL PALMER, President.
Columbia River Road Company.

J. J. HOFFMAN, Sec'y. JOHN F. MILLER, JOEL PAMER, A. C. GIBBS, Directors.

March 2, 1864. 1tf

J. B. KNAPP, San Francisco, Cal. } { N. S. BURRELL, Portland, Oregon.

Knapp, Burrell & Co.,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and Importers and Dealers in Agricultural Implements, Garden and Field Grass Seeds, 98 Front street, Portland, Oregon, will give special attention to the sale of Fruit and Produce on consignment, filling orders, &c., either in Portland or San Francisco, and transact a general commission business.

☞ Office in San Francisco, 310 Washington st.

March 1. 1v6tf

THE HIGH BRED TROTTING STALLION,

WATERLOO.

THIS high bred trotting stallion will stand the present season, begin April 1st and ending June 30, 1864, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of each week at the farm of Wm. McIlree, in Linn county, 2 miles north of Peoria, and on Thursday, Friday and Saturday at the farm of John Stewart, one mile south of Corvallis, at

$30 THE SEASON.

Any mare proving not in foal can be returned next season free of charge.

Good pasturage furnished gratis, but accidents and escapes at risk of owner. Care will be taken to prevent either.

Waterloo was got by Henry, of New York, and was out of Nancy, by Chanticleer, imported by Col. Ray, of New York. He is a beautiful dark bay, very lengthy, and in general appearance bloodlike. For many years, Waterloo stood at the head of the Western Turf as a two-mile trotter, winning all the purses and premiums wherever shown, *in one instance (at Beloit, Wisconsin,) winning the Premium in the BLOOD-RING over the famous Princeton, bred by J. M. Clay, of Ky.* He also won the *SWEEPSTAKE PREMIUM for Roadster Stallions at the California State Fair at Sacramento in* 1861. His last appearance on the turf was at the Illinois State Fair at Freeport, in 1859, where he won the Society's purse and premium, trotting the 7th and last heat in 2:42. WM McILREE, Agent.

Peoria, Linn Co., April 11, 1864. 2m7

SALEM, Ogn., April 12, 1864.

This is to certify that I was, in 1859, a resident of De Kalb, Ill., but crossed the Plains in 1862. I was present at the State Fair of Illinois in 1859, and at the race above referred to. I never saw better trotting than was done by Waterloo, and she is fairly won *and was paid* the Society's purse and premium.

M. H. DIMICK.

INSURANCE.

Marine, Fire and Life!

THE undersigned are Agents in this State for the following Companies:

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CALIFORNIA MUTUAL MARINE.

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HARTFORD	HARTFORD, CONN.
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EQUITABLE LIFE	NEW YORK.
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There are no older, safer or more reliable companies in the world than those above named.

We will insure at the same rates that can be effected through San Francisco agents, and the California State Stamp Tax is thus avoided.

We call the attention of the community, particularly married, to the advantages of Life Insurance.

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HUMISTON, WILSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Fine Brandies, Wines and Liquors,

Fire Proof Brick Store, Front Street, corner of Oak, Portland.

We take pleasure in announcing to our old patrons and the public of Oregon and Washington Territory, that after two years' business, we have established a trade and facilities for importing in our line of goods that defies competition. Also, that we are selling goods AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES and guarantee them to be genuine, our stock being at all times subject to the strictest chemical analization.

No Trade Solicited except in FINE LIQUORS.

OUR STOCK CONSISTS IN PART OF

FINE OLD BRANDIES;

Otard Dupuy & Co., Jas. Hennessy, United Vineyard proprietors, A. Boinet & Co., Pinet, Castillon & Co., C. Marquett, A. Siegnett, Union of the Proprietors, and various other brands.

Fine Old Port and SHERRY WINES.

Pure old Oporto Port, fine old Burgundy Port (sweet and heavy) Duff Gordon Pale and Golden Sherry, Harmony Nephews and Cobbler Sherry (fine and heavy.

CHAMPAGNE and CASE WINES of Every Description.

Fine Old Jamaica Rum, St. Croix Rum, PURE HOLLAND GIN.

FINE OLD WHISKEYS.

Stewart and Harvey's Old Scotch, Old O'Neill's fine old Malt OLD BOURBON of the finest quality. Superior Old Rye.

Old Peach and Cherry Brandy of superior quality.

Also, a large assortment of CASE GOODS of every description used in the liquor trade.

N. B.—We have at all times large quantities of liquors put up in suitable packages for packing to the mines. Orders from Merchants and Dealers respectfully solicited. HUMISTON, WILSON & CO.

Portland, Aug. 14th, 1862 596tf

The Leading Insurance Company.

Phœnix Insurance Company.

HARTFORD, CONN.

Cash Capital	$400,000
Cash Assets	$620,623.89
Invested in California	$39,000

HENRY KELLOGG, PRESIDENT.
W. B. CLARK, SECRETARY.

PACIFIC BRANCH,

S. W. Corner Montgomery and Commercial Sts, SAN FRANCISCO.

☞ Premiums received by the "PHŒNIX" for insurance in this State are retained for investment in California securities, and together with $20,000 already invested Bonds, are held subject to claims for loss under Pacific slope policies.

MAKING THE PHŒNIX

A "Home Institution."

☞ *Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid IN U. S. GOLD COIN at points where they occur.*

R. H. McGILL, General Ag't.

Policies issued and renewed in this *sterling* and *popular* Company, on all classes of desirable property without delay incident to the sub-agency system, and at rates as low as solvency and fair profit will admit of.

BELL & BROWN,

Resident Phœnix Agents.

Oct. 25, 1863.—1y34 SALEM, OREGON.

J. W. SOUTHER,

DRUGGIST,

Second Street, Corvallis, Oregon.

HAS JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND well selected stock of

AMERICAN, FRENCH AND ENGLISH

Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye-Stuffs, Fancy Goods, Paints, Oils, Turpentine, Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes, &c.

Physicians can rely on having their prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours. 13tf

To the Citizens of Salem.

Lumber, Laths, Pickets.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Salem that he has re-purchased the CLIPPER SAW MILL and PLANING MACHINE situated on the Oregon City road, ¾ miles north of Salem, where he will be happy to furnish his old customers with the best quality of Yellow, White, or Red Fir Lumber, Laths, or Pickets, on short notice and reasonable terms.

FOUR YOKE OF GOOD WORK CATTLE wanted immediately.

E. D. TOWL.

January 18th, 1864. 46tf

Crockery and Variety Store,

Commercial Street, Salem.

N. FISH, would respectfully inform his old friends, *and the new ones also*, that he is now opening at his NEW STORE, on Commercial Street, Salem, a

A Large and Varied Assortment

OF CROCKERY,
GLASS-WARE,
WOODEN-WARE,
WILLOW-WARE,

TABLE CUTLERY,

and a *FULL ASSORTMENT* of

Family Groceries,

all of which he will sell at WHOLESALE or RETAIL, at prices warranted to give satisfaction, or no sale. Give me a call, and look at the fine goods, if you do not wish to purchase. No trouble to show goods.

Hotel-Keepers and Families

will find it to their advantage to purchase their Glassware and Crockery from me, as I shall *ALWAYS keep a FULL ASSORTMENT and sell AT LOW PRICES* for cash or ready pay.

Toys! Toys!

I am also well supplied with an extensive assortment of toys, of foreign and domestic manufacture.

N. FISH,
Opposite Statesman Building, Salem.

June 30, 1862. 26tf

"CONSTITUTION WATER."

THE ONLY REMEDY

For Diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS,

Gravel, Dropsical Swellings,

GENITAL DEBILITY, Etc.

THE ASTONISHING SUCCESS WHICH has attended this INVALUABLE Medicine renders it the most valuable one ever discovered. No language can convey an adequate idea of the immediate and almost miraculous change which it occasions in the debilitated and shattered system. In fact, it stands unrivalled as a remedy for the permanent cure of the maladies above mentioned, and also

DIABETES,
IMPOTENCY,
LOSS OF MUSCULAR ENERGY,
PHYSICAL PROSTRATION,
INDIGESTION,
SEMINAL WEAKNESS
GLEET, FLUOR ALBUS.

And in every disease any way connected with the disorders or decay of the PROCREATIVE FUNCTIONS. Persons about to marry, if conscious of any weakness, should take the

CONSTITUTION WATER.

Whether broken down by excess, weak by nature, or impaired by sickness, the unstrung and relaxed organization is at once refreshed, revived, and built up.—Well may this celebrated medicine be called the

MEDICAL WONDER

The stooping, trembling victim of depression and debility becomes a new man; he stands erect, he moves with a firm step; his mind, which was previously sunk in gloom of an almost idiotic apathy, becomes bright and active; and he goes forth renegenerated, conscious of new vigor. The medicine reaches CONSTITUTION itself, and restores it to its normal condition.

Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Kidneys, and Catarrh of the Bladder, Strangury and Burning, or Painful Urinating, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit, and Mucous or Milky Discharges After Urinating.

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy, and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms. TRY IT in these cases, and you will ever give your praise to

CONSTITUTION WATER!

Males or Females,

Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back, and through your hips? CONSTITUTION WATER will relieve you like magic.

Dr. W. H. GREGG, Proprietor.
MORGAN & ALLEN,
General Agents, New York.

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,

Agents for the Pacific Coast,

401 and 403 Battery Street,

Corner Clay, San Francisco, and

HODGE & CALEF,
SMITH & DAVIS,
W. WEATHERFORD,

9tf Portland.

OUR TIME HAS COME.

ALL persons indebted to us in any way will please consider themselves invited to come forward and settle up.

If it is impossible for you to pay, *come and say so*, and let us know when you can.

Should this general invitation not be be heeded, it will be necessary for us to issue more *special* and more *urgent* appeals, at the expense of the invited.

Expecting to change our business, we intend selling goods in future for the READY PAY. No more accounts made, except *very short ones*, and by *SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT* with PAYING CUSTOMERS. J. H. & I. R. MOORES.

Salem, Oregon, Sept. 30th. 27tf.

J. A. Wood & Co.

ARE manufacturing for the wholesale trade, a superior article of TURPENTINE, JAPAN OIL, and EXCELSIOR STAIN.

The turpentine cannot be beaten in any market in quality and cheapness.

The Japan Oil is far superior and cheaper than any other oil for brick, boat, house and fence painting.

The stain is a perfect imitation of Rosewood and Mahogany. Price $1.50 per gallon.

87 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND.

Sept. 30, 1863. 653tf

HARDWARE—Such as Iron, Rivets, Bolts, Washers, Nuts, Springs, Nails, Spikes, &c. &c., for sale by

7tf SMITH & CARTWRIGHT.

The Fast-trotting Black Hawk Stallion

EMIGRANT

WILL make a season in Yamhill county, serving a limited number of mares at $50 in coin; the season commencing on the 1st of April and ending July 1st, standing alternatly at the stables of H. C. Hill, Lafayette, D. J. Yeargain, McMinnville, and J. D. Walling, Amity.

Emigrant is a beautiful chestnut sorrel, seven years old this Spring, stands 15¼ hands high, and weighs 1,112 pounds, possessing great bone, power, and action, and is a model of symmetry. He is acknowledged by all judges to be the best stallion in the State, and can trot faster than any other stallion in Oregon. His performances at the last State Fair are too well known to require any comments.

Emigrant was sired by Billy McCracken, he by McCracken's Black Hawk, of Vermont. His dam was Daniel Vincent's Messenger, she by Conkwright's Messenger, of New York.

Mares from a distance will find good pasturage at $1 per week. All care taken to prevents accidents, but not responsible for any. For further