

will be sufficiently answered by the Statesman and understood by its readers. The compliment (?) which the reverend gentleman pays to that of 60 delegates who composed the Territorial Convention, and the thousands of democrats who have endorsed their action, will be fully appreciated.

The course pursued by Kingsley and others like him, exhibits very clearly the wisdom and necessity of the adoption and support of just such a platform as that laid down by the Territorial Convention which met at Salem in April last. Kingsley and men of that ilk denounce it as "federal," because it requires consistency, honesty and fair dealing. How they chafe because they are not permitted to dismember and overthrow the democratic party!

There was one fact we omitted to note last week on this head. At the primary meeting at Portland the 1st of August, when the vote was questioned, on the ground that he was not a democrat. He was asked if he intended to vote the ticket nominated by the democratic party, and he replied that he would vote for sheriff, or auditor, (we don't know which) but that he did not intend to vote the whole ticket. It is decided he had no right to participate in the meeting, and his name was stricken off. Immediately afterwards, Rev. C. S. Kingsley's name was called, and in like manner, and for the same reason, his name was stricken off. He replied to the question as to whether he would support the democratic resolutions in such manner that he was permitted to remain in the meeting. Does any man doubt that Mr. Kingsley understood his obligations under this State's constitution? It is a plain and unambiguous fact, and a fact which is established by the record.

ROSEBURG, July 31st, 1857. DR. STATESMAN.—In a recent issue of your paper I observed an article copied from a New York Journal upon the policy likely to be pursued by certain parties in Kansas touching the subject of slavery. It was pretty strongly intimated in that article that this distasteful subject had been fully explained from the Constitution, and will be settled by Legislative enactment at the first or any subsequent session. To this article you appended a brief note which might be construed into an approval of like policy in this Territory, or it might be merely a categorical hint thrown out for any one who chooses to answer the interrogatory. If the first I cannot think you gave the subject a careful consideration, and if the last, to my mind your inquiry is susceptible to an easy solution if the integrity and efficiency of the democratic party of this Territory is a matter of any consequence or importance.

You ask why this question of slavery may not be left out of the constitution and afterwards settled by the Legislature? I answer:—Firstly, it would follow as a necessary consequence that all political organizations as they now stand would be dissolved in the very first canvass for members to the Legislature and in that contest their would remain but two parties—pro-slavery and anti-slavery.

Secondly, one of the worst evils that has ever afflicted this country would inevitably ensue—careless agitation—upon a question which every good citizen wishes to be and ought to put at rest once and for all, by a Constitutional enactment.

Finally the democratic party would of necessity lose its identity in such a general commingling of new elements, and if the same alone should be rescued from this political chaos it would be just what Black Republicanism is sectional and fanatical. More than this unless it should turn out that one party or the other was overwhelmed by a majority against which it would be vain to contend, such successive election would necessarily result in a general peace and order, and a general cessation of the bitter and unproductive contests, and a cessation of the strife and violence which the discussion of slavery always engenders. A discussion of this kind bringing into play the deepest seated purposes and prejudices which have found a lodgment in the American mind would not be confined to political circles but would inevitably permeate its way into the general consciousness, and sow discord among neighbors and breed bitterness and strife to the very sanctuary of our homes. On the contrary if the majority in favor of one party or the other, is but small, in the first election, and the same all-absorbing topic were to enter into each succeeding election, who should say that each party, except by a heated contest, would not endeavor to maintain or strengthen its position by extraneous aid and influences, enigmatis aid societies and southern leagues. I fancy the people of Oregon will not carelessly adopt a line of policy which would entail consequences of which I think the above is no exaggeration.

I am not willing to believe that you or any other consistent national democrat are in favor of driving the party into the very position which the opposition of all shades and colors, are vainly endeavoring to force us—that of being purely and exclusively a pro-slavery party.

It is equally unlikely that you are willing to pursue such a course of policy, as in the event that the majority in favor of one State that will not become a free State under a wholesome national democratic rule, but a free State, governed and controlled by "sectionalism" and fanaticism, freedom shrinking black republicans. Yet one result or the other must ensue—we have the alternative.

The democratic party claims to be National and non-sectional, neither pro-slavery nor anti-slavery, leaving the whole question right where the Constitution leaves it, and to be against slavery—so says the Salem platform—so say all democrats. With this doctrine, it is perfectly possible for us to steer clear of the sectionalisms of the Democrats upon which the opposition would rejoice to wreck us. Once settled at the ballot-box upon this basis, and in the will of the majority incorporated in the Constitution, and the question is forever at rest. And whatever may be the result, the democratic party remains National and with unbroken ranks, and undiminished power to meet any exigency.

DEER CREEK, DOUGLASS COUNTY, July 29, 1857. EDITOR STATESMAN:—As the columns of your paper have been thrown open to the discussion of the policy of introducing slavery into Oregon, I have concluded to occupy a few leisure moments to give you my views on that subject, and to state the reasons which lead me to believe that it would not be for the best interest of Oregon to have slavery.

I believe it to be right for those who own slaves to hold them, for being raised in the South and educated there, having never been free, and a slave State, still I came to Oregon, I do not know any one else—both southern rights and southern institutions. I believe the southern States have a right to maintain, if they choose, their institutions, and I also believe slavery is profitable in the South, and that it is so in the north, that slavery exists in the north.

But so far as Oregon is concerned, I believe in slavery only so far as it is necessary to raise cotton. Our country is not adapted to slave labor in any way. An agricultural land is very limited, and it is not to be offered to, and is not to be taken by the sons and daughters of those who are already in the country, even if we have more emigration from the States. But what is the use of raising cotton here? It will only guarantee a cure in all cases or no compensation. The Dr. L. J. Czapka, an advertisement in the other column of this paper.

But the price of negroes and cost of bringing them over, and the high price of the major portion of the sea-going vessels on our coast in charge of Northern men, some of them abolitionists, and others who are opposed to the slave, negroes, or such negroes as are slaves, it seems to me that it would be almost impossible to hold them in this country. It is true we have a great many men in Oregon, who think it right to assist slaves to escape from their masters, and who are ready to assist them in their escape from the mountains and adjacent states and territories. Slavery cannot exist in any territory unless there is a strong and powerful sentiment to sustain it, and surround it with all the safeguards of legislation.

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Special Notices. DR. J. J. Czapka, Medical Institute, will deliver a course of lectures on the origin and progress of the human race, at the Court house, on Saturday the 25th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, for the use and benefit of the Jefferson Institute. The lectures will be given with ten per cent discount from the full price of 50 cents. The lectures will be given with ten per cent discount from the full price of 50 cents. The lectures will be given with ten per cent discount from the full price of 50 cents.

Notice. W. W. Page. W. W. Page, Attorney and Counselor at Law, is now in possession of the title deed of the premises known as the "Block," situated in the city of Salem, Oregon, and is ready to receive the same.

Notice. Dr. L. J. Czapka's Surgical and Medical Institute is now open for the reception of students. The Institute is situated in the city of Salem, Oregon, and is ready to receive students.

SALEM MARKET. CORRECTED WEEKLY, BY B. F. BROWN. Wheat, white, 1.00; Wheat, mixed, do 90; Oats, 75; Beans, 1.50; Corn, 1.00; Flour, 3.00; Pork, 5.00; Sugar, 12.00; Coffee, 1.50; Tea, 3.00; Rice, 1.50; Butter, 1.00; Eggs, 1.00; Apples, 1.00; Peaches, 1.00; Currants, 1.00; Berries, 1.00; Nuts, 1.00; Honey, 1.00; Maple Syrup, 1.00; Molasses, 1.00; Vinegar, 1.00; Oil, 1.00; Soap, 1.00; Candles, 1.00; Paper, 1.00; Stationery, 1.00; Hardware, 1.00; Groceries, 1.00; Dry Goods, 1.00; Clothing, 1.00; Shoes, 1.00; Hosiery, 1.00; Linen, 1.00; Cotton, 1.00; Woollen, 1.00; Silks, 1.00; Furs, 1.00; Miscellaneous, 1.00.

Notice. The undersigned offers for sale a tract of land situated in the county of Marion, Oregon, containing about 200 acres. The land is well adapted for agriculture and is situated in one of the best sections of the county. The price is \$5000.00. For further particulars see notice in the Statesman of the 25th day of August, 1857.

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Public Sale. THERE will be sold at public sale at the Jefferson Institute Building, near Jacob Gurner's Ferry, in Marion County, on Saturday the 25th day of September next, all the lands donated for the use and benefit of the Jefferson Institute.

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At G. E. COLE'S. JUST received direct from San Francisco, a large assortment of fancy and staple dry goods. Choice silks, muslins, and laces; rich and elegant velvets; gingham, muslin, and linen; broad and narrow cloths; shawls, and stables; and a full assortment of all the latest styles of goods.

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ESTRAY NOTICES. [Notice of all estrays are required by law to be advertised in the Statesman. The charges therefor, fixed by the laws of this Territory, are as follows: For every notice published until the full amount is received. We can't charge extra notice, the amount is too small.]

TAKEN UP by the subscriber, living at Santiam city, Oregon, a grey Indian horse, supposed to be three years old, branded on the left shoulder with the letter 'S' and 'H. W. HOBEN.' He is now in the hands of the subscriber, and will be sold at public sale on the 15th day of September next. J. W. HOBEN.

TAKEN UP by the subscriber, on his residence, on Cook Creek, in Douglas County, on the 12th day of August, 1857, one white horse, supposed to be three years old, branded on the left shoulder with the letter 'A' and 'R. EVANS.' He is now in the hands of the subscriber, and will be sold at public sale on the 15th day of September next. R. EVANS.

TAKEN UP by the subscriber, living about eight miles southeast of Albany, in Linn County, one small brown mare, supposed to be about sixteen years old, branded with the letter 'B' on the left shoulder, and with the letter 'J' on the right side. The mare is now in the hands of the subscriber, and will be sold at public sale on the 15th day of September next. JEREMIAH SMITH.

TAKEN UP by the subscriber, at his residence, five miles northeast of Salem, on or about the first day of August, 1857, one small bay mare, branded with the letter 'B' on the left side, and with the letter 'D' and 'Z' on the right side. She is now in the hands of the subscriber, and will be sold at public sale on the 15th day of September next. DANIEL CLARK.

TAKEN UP by the subscriber, residing in Amity Precinct, Yamhill Co., O. T., a red and white spotted American horse, supposed to be two years old, and branded with the letter 'G' on the left shoulder, and with the letter 'A' on the right side. The horse is now in the hands of the subscriber, and will be sold at public sale on the 15th day of September next. STEPHENS.

TAKEN UP by the undersigned, residence two miles north of Astoria, on or about the 1st day of August, 1857, one small bay mare, branded with the letter 'B' on the left side, and with the letter 'D' and 'Z' on the right side. She is now in the hands of the subscriber, and will be sold at public sale on the 15th day of September next. DANIEL CLARK.

TAKEN UP by the subscriber, living in Lookingglass Precinct, Jackson County, one small grey mare, supposed to be three years old, branded with the letter 'B' on the left side, and with the letter 'D' and 'Z' on the right side. She is now in the hands of the subscriber, and will be sold at public sale on the 15th day of September next. DANIEL CLARK.

TAKEN UP by the subscriber, living on the north side of the south fork of the Looklamine, in Polk Co., in what is called the Gilliam Precinct, one small bay mare, supposed to be three years old, and branded with the letter 'B' on the left side, and with the letter 'D' and 'Z' on the right side. She is now in the hands of the subscriber, and will be sold at public sale on the 15th day of September next. DANIEL CLARK.

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