

THE STATE REPUBLICAN.

"The Struggle of to-day is not altogether for to-day, it is for the vast future also."

EUGENE CITY, JANUARY 3, 1863.

THE CABINET-RADICALISM vs. CONSERVATISM.

Party divisions and jealousies between different factions in the North, have undoubtedly aided to encourage, and thereby to strengthen and prolong the rebellion...

On the other hand, the real friends of the Administration have been in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war, to the end that the authority of the Government might be re-established over all the States...

THE NEW YEAR.—Another year has been numbered with the past. It has been fraught with the greatest and most startling events which the world has ever known...

On the 23d of Dec, the Washington Territory Legislature adjourned to meet again to-day (Jan. 3).

THEY AGREE.—The Statesman says: Since the triumph of Sumner, and the success of the disunion abolitionists of the North...

Since the triumph of Abe Lincoln and the success of the disunion abolitionists of the North, a quote the language of traitors both of the North and South...

EASTERN PAPERS.—We are under obligations to Stratman & Co. of San Francisco for a bundle of late Eastern papers, including copies of the New York Tribune, New York Herald...

LATEST EASTERN NEWS.

St. Louis, Dec. 19th.—We have a report that Gen. Hindman has crossed the river with dispatches to Maximilian, while the cavalry remain on the North side...

Gen. Curtis, yesterday, received a communication from the rebel General Holmes, forwarded by direction of Jeff Davis...

New York, Dec. 20th.—Last evening's Washington Star states that a caucus of Republican Senators was held on the 16th inst...

The New Year.—Another year has been numbered with the past. It has been fraught with the greatest and most startling events which the world has ever known...

Washington, Dec. 20th.—The Navy Department has information of the capture of the schooner George, from Nassau, with an assorted cargo of coffee and salt...

Kansas City, Dec. 20th.—Advices from Santa Fe state that Gen. Carleton has issued an order, requiring all persons arriving there to report to the Provost Marshal...

Washington, December 21st.—Washington is full of rumors. Successors to Seward are named from half a dozen States. It is asserted positively that Wm. P. Fessenden of Maine has been tendered the Premiership...

been tendered the Premiership, but declined, except with the proviso that an entire new Cabinet were made.

Diligent inquiry has been instituted, but as yet we are unable to ascertain whether Seward's colleagues have tendered their resignations or not. The President keeps his own counsel so exclusively that no one has received the slightest information of the manner in which he proposes to settle the affair.

New York, Dec. 21st.—The Herald says, editorially that General Banks is to supersede Butler at New Orleans. He will command an army of seventy thousand men.

Washington, Dec. 22d.—Thus far, about seven thousand wounded have been brought here from Falmouth. There is nothing of importance or interest from the army of the Potomac.

Cincinnati, Dec. 21st.—A rebel force, about a thousand strong, is reported near Mount Sterling, Kentucky. A number of families have left that place.

Nashville, Dec. 21st.—The Chattanooga Daily Rebel of Friday, the 19th, has a dispatch dated Wilmington, North Carolina, December 17th, which says: "Gen. Gustavus Smith is being heavily reinforced at Goldsboro."

Cairo, Dec. 22d.—We are yet in doubt as to the extent of the injuries done to the Mobile and Ohio Railroad by the rebel raid. As near as can be ascertained, the facts are these: "Last Friday, the rebels, variously estimated at from three to ten thousand, made a break on the rail road north of Jackson, Tennessee...

At Hickman, Kentucky, the people are in great terror, and many of them are leaving and coming here. An effort is being made from Columbus and below to capture these rebels...

The objects of this rebel movement appear to be first securing subsistence and cutting off supplies to our army. It is reported that Holly Springs, Mississippi, has fallen into rebel hands but nothing reliable in regard to it has been received.

The steamer Mill Boy, while taking cotton at Commerce, Mississippi, on Wednesday last, was fired upon by a band of guerrillas. On her return to Helena she reported the facts, and the gunboat Juliet, with a detachment of infantry, went to Commerce and burnt the town and plantations for five miles around.

Philadelphia, Dec. 22d.—The Inquirer's Washington correspondent says Blair has not tendered his resignation, but will probably have to go. A strong pressure is made against Welles and Stanton by New England and the West...

The Times' Washington correspondent says Seward yesterday consented to resume the portfolio of State. Chase has his resignation under advisement, and his decision is to be announced to-day.

New York, Dec. 22d.—The steamship Union, from Havana, on the 15th, has arrived. There is no later news from Mexico.

The new Captain, General Dulce, has arrived at Havana. General Serrano left for Spain immediately. Heavy rains have retarded and injured the new sugar crop...

Washington, Dec. 22d.—The President acknowledged the reception of the resignation of Seward and Chase, and informed them that after due deliberation he had come to the conclusion that the acceptance of their resignations was in no way compatible with public welfare.

The Herald's Baltimore correspondent sends the following: The rebels are supposed to be moving large bodies of troops to the West. There are few or no troops at Richmond or on the Peninsula.

Lee has 75,000 men at Fredericksburg, but beyond this there are no troops in Virginia except 15,000 at Petersburg. There are 40,000 at Charleston, 30,000 at Savannah, and 25,000 at Mobile.

Newbern, (N. C.), Dec. 16th.—North Carolina papers are full of complaints about an order emanating from the rebel General French, directing the burning of all cotton in the counties bordering on the Roanoke river...

Washington, Dec. 22d.—Burnside's official report of the battle of Fredericksburg is published. He assumes the responsibility of moving the army across the Rappahannock at Fredericksburg...

over at that place to separate, by a vigorous attack, the forces of the enemy below from the forces behind the town, in which case we could fight him with great advantage in our favor.

Calro, Dec. 22d.—We have the following in regard to the rebel attack on Trenton, Tennessee: The Federal garrison of two hundred, hearing of the approach of the enemy, made breastworks of cotton bales around the depot, and mounted three pieces of artillery.

Memphis, Dec. 20th.—General Sherman's division is embarking on transports to day. His destination is unknown. It is conjectured to be Vicksburg, or a flank movement on the rebels who are now reported in the vicinity of Grenada in large force.

Fortress Monroe, Dec. 20th.—The Richmond Dispatch of the 17th says: General Evans, after crossing the Neuse river on Monday last, fell back seven miles before an overwhelming force of the enemy.

The Richmond Examiner of December 12th says the small pox now prevails there as an epidemic.

Washington, Dec. 22d.—In the Senate today the Vice President laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of State, transmitting the correspondence with the Russian Government relative to telegraphic communication between the mouth of the Anamoor river and San Francisco.

Cincinnati, Dec. 20th.—It is reported that the rebels have cut the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, and that the guerrillas are moving north on the road, tearing up and burning bridges; also that the enemy is directly in our front and menacing our wings at Nashville.

Considerable excitement is manifested in Central Kentucky, in consequence of fears of negro insurrection, and threatened guerrilla raids.

Cairo, Dec. 23d.—The Memphis News of the 24th, says Gen. Sherman and Admiral Porter left Helena, (Ark.) for the South on Sunday. Out of 26 pickets sent out from Helena, a few nights since, 24 were killed.

The rebels made a dash on Jackson, Tenn., on Friday last, but were repulsed. The Federals held the city with 8,000 men.

Headquarters, Army of the Potomac, Dec. 24th.—Richmond papers contain a dispatch from Charleston, dated the 19th, announcing that a very large steamer, freighted for the Confederate rates, arrived safely the day before, bringing a heavy stock of shoes and blankets, an immense quantity of cloth, and other supplies.

New York, Dec. 25th.—The investigation into the frauds on Government, show that out of \$1,600,000 paid out in this city alone, from the special appropriation of \$20,000,000 for recruiting, organizing and bringing volunteers, nearly one-half was paid out on fraudulent accounts.

New York, Dec. 27th.—The Times' Washington special says, Mexican advices represent the condition of the French in Mexico as critical. Sickness prevailed, and there was a scarcity of wholesome food.

The President's declarations impress upon us the fact that he will fully maintain the affirmations made in his emancipation proclamation. An arrival from Fredericksburg, to-day, reports that the rebel leaders are constantly promising their soldiers to lead them through Maryland, and go into winter quarters at Philadelphia.

San Francisco, Dec. 28th.—The steamer Constitution with New York passengers per steamer Ariel, Dec. 1st arrived yesterday. On Sunday 7th inst, at 2 o'clock, the Pirate Alabama hoisted in sight of the Ariel, and fired two shots at her. The Marines and officers on the Ariel were drawn up for defense, but ordered below by Command or Sartori.

belonging to Wells, Fargo & Co., and \$1,500 belonging to others. The Ariel's sails were cut down and thrown overboard. Captain Sumner sent for Captain Jones whom he treated courteously, and told him that he would land his passengers at Kingston and burn the Ariel as a revenge on Vanderbilt for giving the Government a steamer to chase the Alabama. The pirate kept company with the Ariel until late Tuesday night, when she let her go, first making her give bonds for \$250,000, payable to the Confederate government 30 days after its independence.

The first of January and of the new year has come and gone. Its presence was hardly noticed in this isolated little sunset vale of the far West, except some little festive gathering...

The demon howl sent up as the last dying wail of rebellion, from the prostrate Southern press, cursing the President's emancipation proclamation, reveals the keen anguish which is significant of the deep wound inflicted on the Hydra headed monster by that instrument.

On the 23d of Dec, the steamer Paul Pry left San Francisco with about 200 passengers on a pleasure trip. When attempting to land at Alcatraz to let the passengers see the fort, she got on the rocks and was wrecked.

Special agent, Brown, sent to Puget Sound to investigate the charges against Victor Smith, collector of customs at that place, has reported that Smith is not a defaulter to the Government. The charges against Lieut. Merriam are also pronounced false.

A Seede, name unknown, was drowned about a mile below the mouth of White Bird Creek, on Salmon river, on the 30th of November.

Patents to the Governor.—The patentists at the State Insane Asylum have presented Addison C. Gibbs, Esq., the Governor of this State, with an elegant silver pitcher, for the warm interest he has taken in their bodily comfort and spiritual welfare.

Nevada papers are divided on the proposition to call a Convention to frame a State Constitution for that Territory. The Enterprise, the ablest paper in the Territory, opposes it on the score of economy, and contends that a population of only twenty thousand cannot afford to pay \$500,000 per annum for the luxury of a State Government...

The California Stage Co., since the first of December, are making six days time from Yreka to Portland, instead of four, as heretofore. Bad roads is the cause.

Col. Haraszthy, of Sonoma county, Cal., estimates that the amount of wine produced from his vines this year was about 40,000 gallons.

Should the telegraph remain down, and the stages stop running at night between Marysville and Red Bluff, we have arrangements effected, which will enable us to circulate the news twenty four hours in advance of the Sacramento Union.—Yreka Journal.

The Journal is a very enterprising paper, and usually reaches us with news one or two days in advance of the Sac. Union, hence it is the better paper for late news.

The steamer Sierra Nevada which left Portland on the 24th ult. with 6,000 boxes of apples and a considerable amount of other freight, was detained several days in Baker's Bay at the mouth of the Columbia, by high winds which made it unsafe to cross the bar.

Maconday & Co. of San Francisco, during the month of December, received 250,000 pounds of wheat, increasing the stock on hands in that market to nearly 750,000 pounds.

About 10,000 pounds of peas nuts were raised in Yolo and Sacramento counties, Cal., during the last year. They yield well, and as they sell readily in San Francisco at 20 to 25 cents per pound, it is expected that enough will be raised next year to supply the market.