[Continued from the 4th page.]

tend such election and the returns thereof, as the governor shall appoint and direct; and he shall, at the same time, declare the number of members of the council and house of representatives to which each of the counties or districts shall be entitled under this act. The persons having the highest number of legal votes in each of said council districts for members of the council shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected to the council; and the persons having the highest number of legal votes for the house of representatives shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected members of said house: *Provided*, That in case two or more persons voted for shall have an equal number of votes, and in case a vacancy shall otherwise occur in either branch of the legislative assembly, the governor shall order a new election; and the persons thus elected to the legislative assembly shall meet at such place and on such day as the governor shall appoint; but thereafter the time, place, and manner of holding and conducting all elections by the people, and the apportioning the representation in the several counties or districts to the council and house of representatives, according to the number of qualified voters, shall be prescribed by law, as well as the day of the commencement of the regular session of the legislative assembly: *Provided*, That no sessions in any one year shall exceed the term of forty days, except the first session, which continue sixty days.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That every free white male inhabitant above the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been an actual resident of said Territory at the time of the passage of this act, shall be entitled to vote at the first election, and shall be eligible to any office within the said Territory; but the qualifications of voters, and of holding office at all subsequent elections, shall be such as shall be prescribed by the legislative assembly.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power of the Territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation consistent with the Constitution of the United States and the provisions of this act; but no law shall be passed interfering with the primary disposal of the soil; no tax shall be imposed upon the property of the United States, nor shall the lands or other property of nonresidents be taxed higher than the lands or other property of residents. Every bill which shall have passed the council and house of representatives of the said Territory shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the governor of the Territory; if he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to the house in which it originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon their journal and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by two thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, to be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the assembly, by adjournment, prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law: *Provided*, That whereas slavery is prohibited in said territory by act of Congress of June nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize or permit its existence therein.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That all township, district, and county officers, not herein otherwise provided for, shall be appointed or elected, as the case may be, in such manner as shall be provided by the governor and legislative assembly of the Territory of Idaho. The governor shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council, appoint all officers not herein otherwise provided for; and in the first instance the governor alone may appoint all said officers, who shall hold their offices until the end of the first session of the legislative assembly, and shall lay off the necessary districts for members of the council and house of representatives, and all other officers.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That no member of the legislative assembly shall hold or be appointed to any office which shall have been created, or the salary or emoluments of which shall have been increased, while he was a member during the term for which he was elected, and for one year after the expiration of such term; but this restriction shall not be applicable to members of the first legislative assembly; and no person holding a commission or appointment under the United States, except postmasters, shall be a member of the legislative assembly, or shall hold any office under the government of said Territory.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That the judicial power of said territory shall be vested in a supreme court, district courts, probate courts, and in justices of the peace. The supreme court shall consist of a chief justice and two associate justices, any two of whom shall constitute a quorum, and who shall hold a term at the seat of government of said Territory annually; and they shall hold their offices during the period of four years, and until their successors shall be appointed and qualified. The said Territory shall be divided into three judicial districts, and a district court shall be held in each of said districts by one of the justices of the supreme court at such times and places as may be prescribed by law; and the said judges shall, after their appointments, respectively, reside in the districts which shall be assigned them.—The jurisdiction of the several courts herein provided for, both appellate and original, and that of the probate courts and of justices of the peace, shall be limited by law: *Provided*, That justices of the peace shall not have jurisdiction of any matter in controversy when the title or boundaries of land may be in dispute, or where the debt or sum claimed shall exceed one hundred dollars; and the said supreme and district courts, respectively, shall possess chancery as well as common-law jurisdiction. Each district court, or the judge thereof, shall appoint its clerk, who shall also be the register in chancery, and shall keep his office at the place where the court may be held. Writs of error, bills of exceptions, and appeals, shall be allowed in all cases from the final decisions of said district courts to the supreme court, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law. The supreme court, or the justices thereof, shall appoint its own clerk, and every clerk shall hold his office at the pleasure of the court for which he shall have been appointed. Writs of error and appeals from the final decisions of said supreme court shall be allowed, and may be taken to the supreme court of the United States, in the same manner and under the same regulations as from the circuit courts of the United States, where the value of the property or the amount in controversy, to be ascertained by the oath or affirmation of either party, or other competent witnesses, shall exceed one thousand dollars, except that a writ of error or appeal shall be allowed to the supreme court of the United States from the decision of the said supreme court created by the act, or of any judge thereof, or of the district court created by this act, or of any judge thereof, upon any writs of habeas corpus involving the question of personal freedom. And each of the said district courts shall have and exercise the same jurisdiction, in all cases arising under the Constitution and laws of the United States, as is vested in the circuit and district courts of the United States; and the first six days of every term of said courts, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, shall be appropriated to the trial of causes arising under the said Constitution and laws; and writs of error and appeal in all such cases shall be made to the supreme court of said Territory, the same as in other cases. The said clerks shall receive, in all such cases, the same fees which the clerks of the dist[illegible] of Washington Territory now [illegible] for similar services.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed an attorney for said territory, who shall continue in office four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States, and who shall receive the same fees and salary as the attorney of the United States for the present Territory of Washington. There shall also be a marshal for the Territory appointed, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States, and who shall execute all processes issuing from the said courts when exercising their jurisdiction as circuit and district courts of the United States; he shall perform the duties, be subject to the same regulations and penalties, and be entitled to the same fees as the marshal of the district court of the United States for the present Territory of Washington, and shall, in addition, be paid two hundred dollars annually as a compensation for extra services.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That the governor, secretary, chief justice, and associate justices, attorney, and marshal, shall be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Governor and secretary to be appointed as aforesaid, shall, before they act as such, respectively, take an oath or affirmation before the district judge or some justice of the peace in the limits of said Territory duly authorized to administer oaths and affirmations by the laws now in force therein, or before the chief justice or some associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, to support the Constitution of the United States, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices, which said oaths, when so taken, shall be certified by the person by whom the same shall have been taken; and such certificates shall be received and recorded by the said secretary among the executive proceedings; and the chief justice and associate justices, and all other civil officers in said Territory, before they act as such, shall take a like oath or affirmation before the said governor or secretary, or some judge or justice of the peace of the Territory, who may be duly commissioned and qualified, which said oath or affirmation shall be certified and transmitted by the person taking the same to the secretary, to be by him recorded as aforesaid; and afterwards the like oath or affirmation shall be taken, certified, and recorded in such manner and form as may be prescribed by law. The governor shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars, the chief justice and associate justices shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars, the secretary shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars; the said salaries shall be paid quarter-yearly, from the dates of the respective appointments, at the Treasury of the United States; but no payment shall be made until said officers shall have entered upon the duties of their respective appointment. The members of the legislative assembly shall be entitled to receive four dollars each per day, during their attendance at the sessions thereof, and four dollars each for every twenty miles' travel in going to and returning from said sessions, estimated according to the nearest usually travelled route, and an additional allowance of four dollars per day shall be paid to the presiding officer of each house for each day he shall so preside. And a chief clerk, one engrossing and one enrolling clerk, a sergeant-at-arms and doorkeeper may be chosen for each house; and the chief clerk shall receive four dollars per day, and the said officers three dollars per day, during the session of the legislative assembly; but no other officers shall be paid by the United States: [illegible] That there shall be but one session of the legislative assembly annually, unless, on an extraordinary occasion, the governor shall think proper to call the legislative assembly together. There shall be appropriated annually the usual sum to be expended by the governor to defray the contingent expenses of the Territory, including the salary of the clerk of the executive department; and there shall also be appropriated annually a sufficient sum, to be expended by the secretary of the Territory, and upon and estimate to be made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, to defray the expenses of the legislative assembly, the printing of the laws, and other incidental expenses; and the governor and secretary of the Territory shall, in the disbursement of all moneys intrusted to them, be governed solely by the instructions of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and shall, semi-annually, account to the said Secretary for the manner in which the aforesaid moneys shall have been expended; and no expenditure shall be made by said legislative assembly for objects not specially authorized by the acts of Congress making the appropriations, nor beyond the sums thus appropriated for such objects.

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That the legislative assembly of the Territory of Idaho shall hold its first session at such time and place in said Territory as the governor thereof shall appoint and direct; and at said first session, or as soon thereafter as they shall deem expedient, the governor and legislative assembly shall proceed to locate and establish the seat of government for said Territory at such place as they may deem eligible: *Provided*, That the seat of government fixed by the governor and legislative assembly shall not be at any time changed, except by an act of the said assembly duly passed, and which shall be approved, after due notice, at the first general election thereafter, by a majority of the legal votes cast on that question.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That a delegate to the House of Representatives of the United States, to serve for the term of two years, who shall be a citizen of the United States, may be elected by the voters qualified to elect members of the legislative assembly, who shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges as are exercised and enjoyed by the delegates from the several other territories of the United States to the said House of Representatives; but the delegate first elected shall hold his seat only during the term of the Congress to which he shall be elected. The first election shall be held at such time and places, and be conducted in such manner as the governor shall appoint and direct; and at all subsequent elections the times, places, and manner of holding the elections shall be prescribed by law. The person having the greatest number of legal votes shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected, and a certificate thereof shall be given accordingly. That the Constitution and all laws of the [illegible] are not locally in[illegible] shall have the same force and effect within the said Territory of Idaho as elsewhere within the United States.

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That when the lands in the said Territory shall be surveyed, under the direction of the government of the United States, preparatory to bringing the same into market, sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six in each township in said territory shall be, and the same are hereby, reserved for the purpose of being applied to schools in said Territory, and in the states and territories hereafter to be erected out of the same.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That, until otherwise provided by law, the governor of said Territory may define the *define the* judicial districts of said Territory, and assign the judges who may be appointed for said Territory to the several districts, and also appoint the time and places for holding courts in the several counties or subdivisions in each of said judicial districts, by proclamation to be issued by him; but the legislative assembly, at their first or any subsequent session, may organize, alter, or modify such judicial districts, and assign the judges, and alter the times and places of holding the courts, as to them shall seem proper and convenient.

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted, That all officers to be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for the Territory of Idaho, who, by virtue of the provisions of any law now existing, or which may be enacted by Congress, are required to give security for moneys that may be intrusted with them for disbursement, shall give such security at such time and in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

Sec. 17. And be it further enacted, That all treaties, laws, and other engagements made by the Government of the United States with the Indian tribes inhabiting the Territory embraced within the provisions of this act, shall be faithfully and rigidly observed, anything contained in this act to the contrary notwithstanding; and that the existing agencies and superintendencies of said Indians be continued with the same powers and duties which are now prescribed by law, except that the President of the United States may, at his discretion, change the location of the office of said agencies or superintendents.

Approved, March 3, 1863.

Spencer Hall, Milwaukie, Oregon.

The exercises of this Institution, (*Third year*) will be resumed on TUESDAY, 22d Sept. next.

THOMAS F. SCOTT.

BILIOUS FEVER CURED.

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio, April 1, 1859.

Messrs. A. L. SCOVILL & Co.

Gents:—I have been, for years, subject to attacks of BILIOUS FEVER; and some times I have been laid up for months, and my system left in a feeble state by the use of strong medicine, which was given to me by my physician.

I have been using DR. MOTT'S LIVER PILLS for some time. I find that I can break those attacks in a day or so, and escape entirely the fever. My daughter had an attack of DYSPEPSIA, which distresses her much; she could not eat scarcely anything without becoming nauseated at her stomach continually. Some time since she got and has been using DR. MOTT'S LIVER PILLS, and she now is like another being. I have found also that they are the most valuable Pills for breaking up colds, headache pains in the side and back. I would not be without them in my family.

THOMAS BIGGER.

Sold by all druggists. REDINGTON & Co., San Francisco, wholesale agents for the Pacific coast.

MARRIED,

In this city on the 15th inst., at the residence of Mr. Daniel Cox, by Rev. Isaac Dillon, Mr. Milton B. Cox and Miss Alma Harris, all of this county.

At the residence of the bride's father, in Marion county, by Rev. L. H. Judson, Mr. Wm. M. Townsend to Miss Anna Maria Snyder.

In Benton co., on the 3d inst., by Rev. Gustavus Hines, James A. Odell to Miss Margaretta Grubbs.

DIED,

At the Grande Ronde Agency, on the 9th inst., Mrs. Condon, wife of J. B. Condon, Esq.

At Oregon City, Oct. 15th, of scarlet fever, Ino, only daughter of Arthur and [illegible] aged three years and eleven months.

NOTICE
To Donation Claimants in Oregon.

THE sixth section of the Act of Congress entitled An Act to reduce the expenses of the Survey of the Public Lands in the United States, Approved May 30th, 1862, is as follows:

"SECTION 6. And be it further enacted, That "from and after the first day of July next the compensation of Registers and Receivers in all the "Land Offices in the United States shall be an annual salary of five hundred dollars each, with "the fees and commissions now prescribed by law "and, to be paid by claimants, an additional fee "in donation cases of five dollars for each final "certificate of one hundred and sixty acres, ten "dollars for three hundred and twenty acres, and "fifteen dollars for six hundred and forty acres."

In view of the above enactment, and of the understanding that the Commissioner of the General Land Office has required that Donation Claimants apply for the issuing of their Final Certificates within three months after being notified to do so by advertising the Township or Townships in which their Claims are situated, Donation Claimants of the Townships herewith designated, will therefore take notice that they have NINETY DAYS from this date to make the application.

The Oath of Loyalty may be taken before a Justice, having the Clerk of the proper County certify that the Justice at the time was authorized to administer oaths, or it may be taken at this Office.

Townships 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, & 14, of Range 1 West;
Townships 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, of Range 2 West;
Townships 3, 4, 5, and 6, of " 3 "
Townships 3, 4, 5, and 6, of " 4 "
Townships 3, 4, 5, and 6, of " 5 "

W. A. STARKWEATHER, *Register*.
W. T. MATLOCK, *Receiver*.

Oregon City, Oct. 19, 1863.

Oregon Lime!

1000 BUSHELS FOR SALE, by BASS & ABEL, at the Sash Factory, Salem.
Oct. 19.

Union Speech.

There will be a UNION SPEECH delivered at EOLA, Polk County, on SATURDAY the 24th inst., by Mr. J. M. B[illegible]. Mr. B. is an East Tennesseean, and fully understands the whole *modus operandi* of the rebel leaders. Go hear him—all go.

The Independent.

This weekly Religious, Literary, and Family Journal, is edited by

Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER,
Rev. JOSHUA LEAVITT, D. D.,
And THEODORE TILTON.

Is issued in the same form and at the same low price of

TWO DOLLARS

Per Annum, notwithstanding the great advance in white paper.

It Affords Its Readers:

Fair and thoughtful editorial discussions of the most important facts, occurrences, and interests of this nation and of the world.

A comprehensive record of facts, men, and movements of the Religious World.

A full and careful weekly history of the progress of the rebellion.

Ample chronicles of the important general news, home and foreign.

Fair and careful accounts of new books; made on the express principle of serving as a safe guide to buyers.

Interesting correspondence from Washington, from the West, from the Army, from Abroad.

Six columns a week of carefully selected matter for Family Reading; being prose and poetry, suited to interest both the Old and Young.

A full chronicle of the progress of business and of the current prices of merchandise, produce, and [illegible] in New York City.

[illegible] prepared

Commercial and Financial Article,

embracing the latest and most reliable information in regard to the money market, trade, commerce, and business generally. In this department the Independent has secured a valuable reputation for fairness, boldness, and for discussing all secular topics from the highest moral stand-point.

A DRY GOODS REPORT,

furnished particularly for country merchants, a weekly report of the prices current in this city of all descriptions of domestic dry goods. The information thus furnished, *so nearly reliable*, cannot be found in any other periodical. We have the best of evidence on that point from all quarters. We are not permitted to give the names of the parties who make this weekly report to us, but will state that they are two competent merchants, with entirely different connections, and that they are well known throughout the United States, and have been for years. The prices given are the exact figures at which the several descriptions of goods are sold for net cash by the jobbing houses in this city on the day said report is made, viz., Wednesday of each week.

One Sermon Every Week,

BY

Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

THE FOLLOWING EMINENT WRITERS ARE SPECIAL CONTRIBUTORS TO ITS COLUMNS:

William Allen Butler, Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler, Rev. Robert M. Hatfield, Horace Greeley, Bayard Taylor, John G. Whittier.

TERMS—$2 per annum, paid in advance. Specimen numbers sent gratis.

Joseph H. Richards, Publisher.
No. 5 Beekman St., New York.
FOR SALE BY NEWS AGENTS.

School.

A SELECT SCHOOL under the direction of S. Hall will be opened at the Academy in Eugene City on Monday the 16th day of November next. Prices of tuition will be regulated as follows: Primary branches viz: Reading, Spelling, Writing, Geography, Grammar, History of the United States, and Rhetoric, per quarter $5 00. Additional branches viz: Higher Arithmetic, Algebra, Philosophy, Astronomy, etc. $6 00

Eugene City, Oct. 12, 1863. 22—3w pd.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Golden, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that William Ward, Administrator of the Estate of Wm. Golden, deceased, has this day filed in the County Court for the County of Douglas, Oregon, his accounts, and prays that the same be allowed, and a final settlement had. It is therefore ordered that the settlement of said estate be made at the December term of this Court.

R. H. DEARBORN, Clerk Douglas Co., Ogn.
By A. R. FLINT, Deputy.
Roseburg, Oct. 7th, 1863. 22—4w.

J. C. CARTWRIGHT. C. B. BELLINGER.

Cartwright & Bellinger,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
SALEM, OREGON.
Office in Moores' Brick Building. 21tf

Farmers & Shippers--Attention!
Salem Warehouse.

THE UNDERSIGNED having completed their NEW WAREHOUSE are now prepared to receive *all kinds of freight*, on Storage or for Shipment.

Our facilities for storing grain, fruit, etc., are unexcelled on the River.

Warehouse situated ABOVE HIGH WATER MARK, on the bank of the river.

Farmers haul your grain and fruit while the roads are good, and place them with free access to market at any time.

ALEXANDER & MORGAN.
Salem, Oct. 5, 1863. 21—tf.

WANTED:
50,000,000 Pounds of FIR PITCH.

WE WILL PAY FROM FOUR TO FIVE CENTS PER POUND, according to the quality. You can make from $100 to $500 per month. IT PAYS. Pitch in, and try it, boys.

WE WILL GIVE IN EXCHANGE, if wanted,

Our Premium Turpentine Varnish, Japan Oil, B at Pitch, Axle Grease, or the EXCELSIOR STAIN,

an article that every body should have to renew and beautify their doors, furniture, &c., &c.

T. A. WOOD & CO.,
Front Street, Portland, Oregon.
October 5, 1863. 21tf

Notice.

All persons are hereby notified that my wife Olivia F. has left my bed and board without cause or provocation, and that from and after this date I will not be responsible for any debts of her contracting.

ROBERT L. OGLE.
Salem, Oct. 5, 1863. paid.

Notice.

A MEETING of the SANTIAM UNION GOLD and SILVER MINING COMPANY will be held at their office in Salem on Monday the 26th day of October, 1863, for the purpose of electing Directors for said Company, for the ensuing year.

(Signed) WM. LAUGHEAD, Secretary.
Salem, Sept. 27, 1863.

Notice.

THE Stockholders of the Willamette Falls Canal Corporation are hereby requested to meet at Oregon City on the 15th day of October 1863, to organize said Company—in accordance with law. All persons having in their possession stock books of said Corporation will please forward the same to Joseph Watt in Salem immediately.

JOSEPH WATT.
Sept. 21, 1863. Chairman of W. F. C. C.
20—3w—paid

Saw Mill for Rent—Ferry Boat and Lands for Sale.

Saw Mill, seven miles south-east from Sublimity; excellent saw timber, a good market for lumber; Mountain Cedar accessible and ready sale at the mill at from $25 to $30 per M. Time of lease to suit renter.

THE FERRY BOAT is on the North Fork of the Santiam, and on the new road opening to the mining country east of the mountains. Excellent land vacant, at the ferry.

240 ACRES of lands seven miles below Salem and 80 acres five miles north of Salem, also a ten acre lot at Sublimity. This is well situated for a man doing business in town, or to secure the advantages of the growing public SCHOOL at that place. Enquire at the *Argus* office or address

LEWIS STOUT,
19—2m. Sublimity, Marion Co., Ogn.

Flax-Seed!
Wanted,

20,000 BUSHELS FLAX SEED delivered in Salem, next summer, for which I will pay 2 1-2 cents per pound—or $1 50 per bushel. Persons having seed on hand, can obtain the above price by sending their address with the No. of bushels on hand, to my address, Salem.

Farmers wishing to engage in raising seed,

Must Plow Deep,

PULVERIZE well, and sow **18 Quarts** to the acre. The flax can be cut with the cradle or machine. From 15 to 25 bushels can be grown to the acre.

I will also buy LINT.

JOSEPH WATT.
Salem, Sept. 7, 1863. 17tf

An Academy for Young Ladies,

Under the Direction of the

Sisters of the Holy Names of Jesus and Mary,

WILL BE OPENED IN THIS CITY ON THE FIRST OF SEPTEMBER.

The Course of Instruction comprises the various branches which constitute the elementary and higher departments of education.

PRIMARY CLASSES.

Spelling, Reading, Writing, Sacred History, Elements of Geography, Grammar, and Arithmetic. An elementary treatise on time, Abbridged History of the United States.

JUNIOR CLASSES.

Dict[illegible] eography, [illegible] Elements of Natural Philosophy, and [illegible] Outlines of History, Familiar Science, Abbridgement of Botany.

SENIOR CLASSES.

Elocution, Rhetoric, Logic, Versification, Ancient and Modern Geography, use of the Globes, Astronomy, General History, Arithmetic, Algebra, Book Keeping, Geometry, Natural Philosophy, Botany, and Chemistry.

TERMS.

Primary department, per quarter (payable in advance),	$6 00
Junior " " " " " "	8 00
Senior " " " " " "	10 00

French, Music, Drawing, and Painting, form extra charges, and are taught at the option of the parents

French, per quarter	$4 00
Music, " "	15 00
Drawing and Painting,	5 00

If parents desire it, pupils may take lessons in plain and fancy Needle Work. No extra charge for either.

The hours of attendance are from 8 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M. One hour and a quarter recess at noon.

Pupils of every religious denomination will be equally received, and all interference with their religious convictions carefully avoided. Good order, however, requires that all should conform to the general rules of the Institution.

No deduction is made for the withdrawal of a pupil before the expiration of the term, unless in case of illness.

Salem, Aug. 24, 1863. 15—tf.

Boarding.

THE SISTERS of the HOLY NAMES of JESUS and MARY, who have recently opened a DAY SCHOOL in this City, are now prepared to receive a certain number of young Ladies who might desire to board at the Institution.

For further information apply to the SISTERS.

Salem, Sept. 14, 1863. 18—tf.

Lands for Sale at Good Bargains.

160 or 240 acres four miles northward from Salem; from twenty to fifty feet above high water mark; a portion finely timbered, a part susceptible of easy improvement; good stock range on and about it; orchard; house and stable in process of building. Terms easy; trade or cash in payments to suit circumstances. Also, 320 acres near Scio, in Linn county, beautifully situated, well watered; good grazing and farm land; a good orchard etc. Enquire at the ARGUS office, or address

Aug. 10, 1863. C. HOEL, Salem.

To the Public.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS METHOD to inform the citizens of **Salem**, and vicinity, that he has RESUMED HIS PRACTICE, and will be ready at all times to attend to calls in his profession. His office is over the store of Messrs. J. H. & I. R. Moores—and his residence is on the same block as those of I. R. Moores and W. S. Barker. He may be found either at his residence or office.

The subscriber would say that he has resided in this town since 1853, and with what success he has treated diseases he will leave to those to decide who have employed him. But one thing he will say, at the risk of being called egotistical, that he has not lost one patient with fever of any type since he has been on the Pacific coast, and proof is challenged to show the contrary. He can assure those who may employ him that his remedies are from the surface of the earth, where grows the staff of life, and which is caused to grow by the beneficent Being. These remedies will remove disease when judiciously administered, as bread removes hunger. Thus has he spoken of his past, and of the course he will pursue in future.

W. WARREN.
Salem, August 24, 1863. 15tf

J. H. MITCHELL. JOS. N. DOLPH, Notary Public.

MITCHELL & DOLPH,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
AND PROCTORS IN ADMIRALTY.
Office over Post Office, Front St., PORTLAND.

IMPORTANT
TO HOLDERS OF
U. S. Treasury Notes.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF AMADOR—ss.—F. REICHLING, being duly sworn, says, the late firm of F. & P. Reichling, purchased of John Schade, of Sacramento city, one of TILTON & McFARLAND'S iron fire-proof Safes; that said Safe was in their store at Jackson, on the 23d day of August, 1862, when a large portion of the town and their store was destroyed by fire; that said Safe stood a very severe fire; the heat was so intense that it melted the brass knob on the outer door of said safe, the contents in said safe at that time—being U. S. Treasury notes—and other combustible materials, being and remaining entirely safe and uninjured by the fire.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of October [illegible] F. RE[illegible]

TAKE NOTICE!
TILTON & McFARLAND'S
PATENT FIRE-PROOF SAFES,
WITH STEEL VAULTS AND COMBINATION LOCKS.

THIS SAFE is the only secure safe in the world. It being secure from burglars as well as fire, and the Combination Lock is beyond the power of man to pick. So well satisfied is our Government of this fact, that they have ordered one of our safes to be placed in the Patent Office at Washington, for the purpose of depositing the Government jewels when not on exhibition, also at the Treasury and War Office, which are the only movable safes in use at the Government Offices in Washington. The English Government has also sent us orders for the supply of their offices in British Columbia, which have been furnished for the safe keeping of all records, books, papers, gold, and all matters of value there connected with the government.

We have constantly on hand and are receiving by every clipper ship from New York, a large assortment of these celebrated Safes.

F. TILLMAN, 318 Battery Street,
18—6m. San Francisco, Cal.

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Clackamas.

Mary Ann Curnutt, Plaintiff, vs. Stephen Curnutt, Defendant. — Suit for Divorce.

TO STEPHEN CURNUTT, Defendant: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby notified and required to appear in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Clackamas, on the Third Monday of October, 1863, and answer the complaint of the above named plaintiff, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court, in which complaint said plaintiff prays to be divorced from you on the grounds of harsh and cruel treatment, and for other causes in said complaint set forth, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to answer said complaint, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded therein.

SEPTIMUS HUELAT, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Oregon City, Sept. 11, 1863. 18—6w.-paid.

HENRY LAW,
Commission Merchant,
AND
Importer and Dealer in
WAGON MATERIAL.

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, SHAFTS, HICKORY AXLES, &c., on hand, in lots to suit.

Flour and Feed of All Kinds.

25 Front Street, *PORTLAND,*
12:m3] and *2d Street,* *DALLES.*

ADDISON C. GIBBS. W. LAIR HILL.

GIBBS & HILL,
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION to all professional business entrusted to them.

☞ Office on Front Street, opposite the Dennison House, Portland, Oregon.

August 3, 1863. 13—tf.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE,
Front Street,
PORTLAND, *OREGON.*

☞ PAYABLE IN ADVANCE: ☜

Board and Lodging per Week	$6 00
Board and Lodging per Day	1 00
Single Meals	25
Lodging	[illegible]

Baggage conveyed to and from the House [illegible] Charge

[illegible] PROPRIETOR.

No Credit!!

FROM and after this date, CHARMAN, WARNER & CO., OF OREGON CITY, propose to do

STRICTLY A CASH BUSINESS,

Believing it will be beneficial to their friends and customers generally. It will enable them to sell goods at a

LOWER PRICE,

and to effectually compete with Portland. *Their Determination is to sell goods as cheap as any house in Oregon.*

Although they have extra freight from Portland, yet their expenses are much lighter in Oregon City, and by their manner of doing business they can more than balance the charge for freight between the two places, and thus be enabled to sell goods

Cheaper Than any Other House in the State.

OREGON CITY, June 29th, 1863. 7—tf.

DR. ROBACK'S STOMACH **BITTERS** ARE NOT TO BE EXCELLED AS A STOMACHIC AND *Regulator* OF THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

These Bitters

are not offered to the public as a medicine which will cure all the "ills which flesh is heir to," but as a remedial agent —a great regulator of the system.

In the Bilious districts of the West and South there has, for a long time, been much needed an article of Stomach Bitters, which, if taken in proper quantities, and at the proper time, are a sure preventive of

Bilious Fever,
Fever and Ague,
Liver Complaint,
Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,
Jaundice,
Kidney Complaints,

and all diseases of a similar nature.

These Bitters

are composed of rare and powerful roots and herbs, which make them

Mighty Tonic.

Dr. Roback's **Stomach Bitters** are the poor man's friend.

Dr. Roback's **Stomach Bitters** save the poor man many Doctor's Bills.

Dr. Roback's **Stomach Bitters** are the rich man's Solace and Comfort.

Dr. Roback's **Stomach Bitters** invigorate the weak and debilitated.

Dr. Roback's **Stomach Bitters** drive away melancholy and make Life enjoyable.

Dr. Roback's **Stomach Bitters** are the Soldier's Friend, by preventing Diarrhea, Dysentery, Rheumatism, etc.

These Bitters are put up in quart bottles, of which the above is a fac-simile. The label is finely engraved, and is provided with a safe-guard from counterfeiters. Price $1 per bottle, or six for $5. C. W. Roback, Proprietor, No. 6 East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, to whom all orders should be addressed.

FOR SALE BY

REDINGTON & CO.,
Wholesale Agents, 416 and 418 Front St.,
my25 SAN FRANCISCO.

[illegible]
Pioneer Hatter,
72 FRONT STREET,
PORTLAND, OREGON,

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A COMPLETE assortment of GENTLEMEN'S

HATS AND CAPS,
OF THE
Latest and Most Approved Styles,
CONSISTING, IN PART, OF THE

Dress Moleskin,
Dress Casimere,
Low Crown Casimeres of all colors,
"Vicunia," or Peruvian Hats,
Soft Hats, in all shapes, colors, variety, and price.

Orders from the Country Promptly Filled.

Gentlemen visiting Portland, from the interior, not in immediate want of a hat, who will leave with us their measure, will be guaranteed a comfortable fit, when a hat is needed by them.

The highest Cash price paid for all kinds of Furs.

A. J. BUTLER,
au5 *Pioneer Hatter*, 72 Front St., Portland.

A. S. McCLURE,
EUGENE CITY,
DEALER IN

Dry Goods	Pork
Clothing	Bacon
Salem Cloth of every variety	Lard
Boots & Shoes	Wool
Groceries	Tallow
Hardware	Flour
Nails	Wheat
Iron	Oats
Crockery	Butter
Glassware	Eggs
Drugs	Dried and Green Fruit
Patent Medicines	Wool Yarn
Coal Oil	Wool Socks
Coal Oil Lamps	Dressed Deer Skins
Stationary	Hides
&c. &c. &c.	&c. &c. &c.

A full assortment of POTTER'S WARE direct from the kiln of an experienced manufacturer.

Thankful to this community for six years' liberal support, I shall spare no pains to make the House worthy of the INCREASED PATRONAGE for which I am deeply indebted to a generous Public.

Be Sure And Call At The Right Place,
Corner of OAK and NINTH STREETS,
In Front of the Court House,
EUGENE CITY, OREGON. 10—tf.

Attention, Marion Rifles!

REGULAR DRILL, MONDAY AND SATURDAY evenings at 7 1-2 o'clock, at the Armory.
By order. E. H. Garuns,
Salem, May 25, 1863. Orderly Sergeant.

DR. L. S. SKIFF,
Surgeon Dentist,

SALEM, OREGON.
OFFICE IN HOLMAN'S BRICK BUILDING.
Residence near the Corner of First and Center Streets.

N. B. NONE BUT FINISHED OPERATIONS performed. I desire the patronage of such persons as wish their operations performed in the most perfect manner. May 25, '63.

Notice.

In the Circuit Court, 3d Judicial District of the State of Oregon, for Polk County.

John Brock, Plaintiff, vs. James S. Ballard and W. H. Hensley, Defend'nts.

Whereas: Suit is now pending in the Circuit Court, of the State of Oregon, for Polk county, on the Chancery side thereof, to foreclose a mortgage given by the above named defendants, to the complainant, to secure the payment of a promissory note given to him by said defendants for the sum of Twelve hundred dollars, with interest thereon, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum and dated at Dallas, April 7th, 1859.

And it appearing from affidavit on file in my office, that James S. Ballard, one of said defendants, is not a resident of this State: Now, therefore, unless you, James S. Ballard, shall be and appear at the next term of the said Circuit Court, to be held at Dallas in said county, on Monday the 16th of November 1863, and on the first day of said term, and answer complainant's bill, filed in said cause, the same will be taken for confessed, and the prayer thereof will be granted by the Court.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court this 12th day of August, 1863. W. C. WHITSON,
B. Hayden, Solicitor for Compl'nt, Clerk
Dallas, Aug. 17th, 1863. 14—8w.

SALEM FOUNDRY.
B. F. DRAKE, Proprietor.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE INTEREST in the FOUNDRY at *Salem*, I am prepared to furnish

CASTINGS,
AND
BRASS WORK,

of every description, on short notice. All orders for **MILL WORK** will be filled with dispatch, and in a satisfactory manner.

Agricultural Implements of all kinds manufactured to order, or repaired.

Salem, June 1, 1863. B. F. DRAKE.

LIFE! LIFE!! LIFE!!!

If Life and Health are Valuable, why not use the proper means to preserve them?

If the System is Diseased, why run any risk by using PILLS composed of Calomel or Mercury.

Once Use Dr. Mott's Liver Pills and you will USE NO OTHER!!

DR. MOTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS are composed entirely of chemical vegetable extracts, mostly from plants growing in our own country; some of these plants have a direct action on the *Liver*, others on the *Skin*, others on the *Kidneys*, and others upon the *Bowels* and *Lungs*. ☞ It is by a *peculiar chemical combination* of all these extracts that these pills are made, possessing the most extraordinary efficacy for curing the above-named diseases.

In *Chronic Diseases*, or diseases of long standing, such as *Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Constipation of the Bowels, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Goitre, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Sore Eyes, Pimples on the Skin*, and *Old Sores*, the treatment with the Pills should be continued for a longer time than with less stubborn diseases.

☞ Remember that it will require perseverance in the use of the pills in chronic diseases. The humor or matter has been accumulating a long time in the system, even before the disease made its appearance; and the time it will take to cure the part that is diseased will be in proportion to the derangement of that portion of the body, and the amount of disease in the constitution. It will be little use to commence for a short time only. The *Poisonous Humors* must be carried, in small particles, through the blood, and removed from the system through the secretion of the bowels, kidneys, and skin, until all those morbid functions of the body and the health of the system are restored to their proper tone.

For sale by all Druggists.

REDINGTON & CO.
Wholesale Agents, 416 and 418 Front st.,
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