

BY D. W. CRAIG.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. The Argus will be furnished at Three Dollars per annum, if paid in advance.

The Oregon Argus.

A Weekly Newspaper, devoted to the Interests of the Laboring Classes, and advocating the side of Truth in every issue.

Vol. VII.

OREGON CITY, OREGON, MARCH 15, 1862.

No. 43.

RATES OF ADVERTISING. One square (twelve lines, or less, breviter mesuro), one insertion..... \$3 00

The number of insertions should be noted on the margin of an advertisement, otherwise it will be published till forbidden, and charged accordingly.

To Admit. Accompanying a sunny wreath in her Album! Maiden with the mossy hair, And the cheerful eye,

The War. In quiet ease, all danger seeming, The North awake on peaceful morning, Bowed by the cannon's sudden warning.

A Noble Boy. A Noble Boy—We have had the pleasure, says the Louisville Journal, of receiving a blanket from Mr. George S. Savage, of Millersburg, under circumstances of peculiar interest.

Military Drill. A New York correspondent of the Sacramento Union writes: "They say that all the larger boys in the public schools of this State are, henceforth, to be drilled as soldiers every day, by way of exercise."

The Battle of Fredericksburg. We have the official report of this battle, fought in Missouri on the 21st of Oct., 1861, before us. The 24th Indiana, Col. Hovey, and the 1st Indiana cavalry, Col. Baker, figured in the engagement.

The Mint. By the report of James Pollack, the Director of the Mint, to the Secretary of the Treasury, we learn that the amount of bullion received and coined at the Mint and its branches, for the fiscal year ending the 30th of June last, has largely exceeded that of any former year.

Close. The New Orleans blockade seems to be a tolerably close affair. It is nearly six months since a vessel from a foreign country entered that port.

Gen. McClellan says the poorest regiments in the army of the Potomac are superior to any of the volunteer regiments in the Mexican war.

John Slidell owns 25,000 acres of land in Minnesota, which will probably be confiscated.

Almost a Prophecy. When the late Gen. E. D. Baker was in Congress, in debate in Committee of the Whole, he was assailed as a foreigner by Mr. Venable, of North Carolina, a furious Democratic partisan.

I beg leave to trouble the committee once more, since the course of the debate seems to be somewhat personal, although not altogether so; but whatever of a personal nature there may be, I trust I shall not be frightened from my temper or propriety.

Nobly and honestly he has fulfilled his prophecy—given to his country the free gift of a patriot's life! Let the true American turn and look upon the traitor Venable, who dared to impugn the loyalty of our gallant Baker.

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A new mode of rilling cannon has been invented in New York, whereby guns of the largest calibre may be rifled in sixty-six minutes—the power used being hydrostatic pressure.

Miscalculation of the Secession Leaders. Probably no set of men were ever engaged in originating a rebellion who miscalculated so woefully the course of events, as the advocates and leaders of this secessionist insurrection.

It is proper for us to say, in explanation, that the article in question was written in the editorial style, and handed to us for publication by an occasional writer.

The Gibraltar of America. The Government is taking energetic steps to fortify and defend the great lakes and rivers, and that in a manner which will render them impregnable.

Emancipation and Confiscation. The Standard says: The loudest, most unrelenting, and influential advocates in the United States, at this time, of emancipation, are to be found in that class of old line Democrats, who in the late Presidential campaign supported Breckinridge.

Shingles. There is a barn near our farm with a shingle roof fifty years old, and the shingles appear quite as bright, and in as good order, as most shingle roofs at the end of the first year.

Good News for Consumptives. If the following statement clipped from the N. Y. Evening Post be true, consumption may be made a less terrible scourge of humanity than it has been in past times.

Modesty is a guard to virtue.

Mon. Law. The Argus copies a paragraph from an article which appeared as editorial in the Oregonian, some days since, in which reference was made to the treasonable papers published at Corvallis, Portland and Jacksonville, in which it was suggested that "it would be honorable to the patriotism of the people of those places if they would stay the workings of those life-destroying causers in their midst."

We disapprove entirely of the position taken in the quotation. We are against mob law at all times. It is the proper duty of the government to refuse the use of the mails to treasonable papers, and this it will do where there is any apprehension that they may be injurious to the public peace.

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A Specimen of Rebel Chivalry. By letter from George Town, a brother-in-law of A. C. Gibbs Esq., and an officer in the N. Y. Regiment, stationed near Washington, we learn that a well worn pistol by rebel spies, and that within two hours from the time of the use of the water two hundred soldiers died and many more were not expecting to recover.

One year afterwards to a day, the U. S. fleet began to throw shells, at the rate of "2000 per hour," into the forts at Port Royal, and the first landing of the Government forces was made on the soil of South Carolina—a pleasant way of celebrating the anniversary of South Carolina's independence.

Baltimore, Feb. 24.—Col. Wood was present at the inauguration of Jeff. Davis on Saturday, and states no enthusiasm was manifested in Richmond, hardly a cheer raised.

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Upright walking is sure walking.



Details of Eastern News. CAPTURE OF NASHVILLE!

Washington, Feb. 21.—Government has released a large number of political prisoners from Ft. Lafayette and Warren, on their parole that they will not give aid and comfort to the enemy.

St. Louis, Feb. 22.—A Charleston dispatch says that Savannah, Georgia, which has lately been placed in a position that was thought to be impregnable, has just surrendered.

The permanent opening of Hatteras Inlet to one of the richest portions of North Carolina, is to be followed by the creation of a new and better channel than from Charleston.

At Savannah the same result is to ensue. The shores of Hilton Head, Bay Point and Beaufort, are occupied by some 30,000 troops and seamen, with the necessary concomitants and ships of war.

An expedition composed of four gun boats and two mortar boats from Cairo, went down to Columbus yesterday, and was met by a rebel flag of truce.

Dispatches from almost all the cities and prominent towns of the North indicate that the anniversary of Washington's Birthday was very generally observed.

Baltimore, Feb. 24.—Col. Wood was present at the inauguration of Jeff. Davis on Saturday, and states no enthusiasm was manifested in Richmond, hardly a cheer raised.

The steamer George Washington arrived this evening at Ft. Monroe from James River, with 300 released prisoners, the largest number of them belonging to the Tammany and First California Regiments, a large proportion of them captured at Ball's Bluff.

Gen. Nelson's brigade reached Ft. Donelson on Sunday. It was immediately sent forward to Nashville. Gen. Buell's timely arrival there undoubtedly saved the city from utter destruction.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The United States Treasury Notes, are at 30 per cent. premium at Richmond, Virginia.

or the war, and threatens to resort to drafting if not filled by that time.

Fortress Monroe, Feb. 24.—The greater portion of Burnside's expedition was still at Roanoke Island. Gen. Williams' brigade, at Hatteras, had received orders to proceed there.

TERRIBLE HAUTE, Feb. 25.—There are 6,000 prisoners here—among them Gen. Buckner.

Cairo, Feb. 25.—Nashville was occupied yesterday by 10,000 troops under Gen. Buell, and the Federal flag was flying over the State House.

When he left Columbus, there were 30,000 Confederate troops there.

When Gen. Harris fled with the remnants to Memphis, he burned the State Library and distributed a large amount of commissary stores and provisions among the citizens.

New York, Feb. 26.—The Pacific railroad and telegraph bill was reported today in the Senate.

Boston, Feb. 26.—The fire of Tuesday night was the most destructive which has ever occurred here. Losses, \$7,500,000.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The telegraph lines in the United States were taken possession of by the Government today.

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At Nashville, Feb. 26.—Gen. Buell left here several days ago and proceeded in the direction of Nashville. His staff leave tomorrow morning for the place of his destination.

It is asserted that many of the negroes taken some time since from Green River country by the rebels to aid in fortifying Nashville, took advantage of the panic there by the taking of Ft. Henry and Donelson, and are making their way back to their homes.

St. Louis, Feb. 25.—Dispatches say that Price and McCullough have been routed at Ash Hollow, Ark. They burned their camp and ran.

New York, Feb. 26.—By the Constitution we learn that the British steamer Lebanon was taken a prize on the Rio Grande by the sloop-of-war Portsmouth.

Washington, Feb. 26.—A bill will be reported to audit the claims of losses of loyal citizens in the war.

The Mexican treaty resolutions, etc., were defeated in executive session of the Senate—yes, 8; noes, 28. This carries the rejection of Gen. Scott as an additional Minister to Mexico.

Cairo, Feb. 25.—Col. Webster arrived today from Clarksville, Tenn. He says that Gen. Pillow fled from Ft. Donelson to Clarksville, destroyed what property he could, and went up the Cumberland river.

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