

BY D. W. CRAIG.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. The Argus will be furnished at Three Dollars per annum, if paid in advance.

The Oregon Argus.

A Weekly Newspaper, devoted to the Interests of the Laboring Classes, and advocating the side of Truth in every issue.

VOL. VII. OREGON CITY, OREGON, NOVEMBER 16, 1861. No. 32.

RATES OF ADVERTISING: One square (twelve lines, or less, breviter measure) one insertion..... \$ 3 00

The Tories of '76 and '61. Losing, the historian, contributes an article to the N. Y. Post, showing the severity that was meted out to tory traitors by our Revolutionary fathers.

Long before the Revolution broke out, and during its progress, the people, without due process of law, silenced or banished many traitors and sympathizers.

That the patriots of the Revolution were clearly right in their treatment of the traitors in their midst, no well-informed man will deny. They were the most dangerous foes to liberty.

Upon precisely the same principles of action, it seems to me, our government is justified in using vigorous measures against the abettors of this unprovoked and monstrous rebellion.

The loyal men of the North are in the old engaged in the conflict for the nation's life; the loyal men of the South, numbering thousands upon thousands, are praying for personal deliverance and the freedom of their land from a despotism milder and more relentless than the world has ever seen.

GEN. FREMONT.—The Missouri Republican, the great organ of the Missouri Democracy, says: We are not among those who think that success is the only merit, or that failure is conclusive evidence of incapacity.

A REBUKE TO THOSE WHO TALK OF THE COST OF THE WAR.—Now that the booming of the cannon of treason, and the cry of men stricken unto death, for fidelity to our flag are borne to us on almost every breeze it is harrowing to the soul, to be dragged into the companionship of those who still vacillate, who are still balancing chances, and coldly calculating losses and gains.

CHARGES AGAINST FREMONT.—Col. Blair has preferred a long list of charges and specifications against Gen. Fremont—enough, apparently, to occupy the attention of the Administration for weeks.

NEW YORK.—The late census shows that the State of New York contains an effective arm-bearing population of 766,334, about half of that of all the States south of Mason and Dixon's line.

THE REBELS UNCOMPROMISING.—Henry May's visit to Richmond, caused considerable speculation last winter. The general opinion on the subject has been confirmed by the Hon. John A. Logan of Illinois, formerly a pro-slavery Democrat, but now a fighting Union man.

Mr. Logan, antecedent to this affair of the visit of May to Richmond, was so much a pro-slavery man and a friend of the South that it was with difficulty people in some parts of Illinois, were kept from mobbing him.

OUR NATIONAL FLAG.—A writer in the Boston Journal makes the following patriotic suggestions, which are worthy of special consideration: It is now to be hoped that the Government will order that from this time forth, the National Flag shall float from sunrise to sunset, daily, from all public buildings, and public places in all parts of the land.

LOVE AND INDIFFERENCE.—The most lasting kind of love is said to be that between two persons who commenced their acquaintance by disliking each other. In sober truth, it is difficult to inspire love in any bosom which regards you with indifference.

LIBERAL YANKEES.—Bridgeport and Stamford, Connecticut, have subscribed \$200,000 for the national loan. The banks of Fall River, Massachusetts, have taken \$100,000, and the citizens of that place half as much.

THE COAL MINE ON CARSON RIVER, Nevada Territory, is now believed to extend many miles from southwest to northwest, if not the whole length of the Territory, and a number of old coal miners are engaged in tracing it up.

CHARGES AGAINST FREMONT.—Col. Blair has preferred a long list of charges and specifications against Gen. Fremont—enough, apparently, to occupy the attention of the Administration for weeks.

NEW YORK.—The late census shows that the State of New York contains an effective arm-bearing population of 766,334, about half of that of all the States south of Mason and Dixon's line.

STEEP.—One dollar a word is the charge for telegraphing from San Francisco to New York, and the operators have their hands full at that.

He Fell at His Post.

The first general dispatch which flashed over the electric wires, after the connection was completed between the Atlantic and Pacific, announced the painful intelligence that Col. Baker, the Orator, Statesman and Soldier, fell in battle on the 21st inst, whilst gallantly cheering on his command.

LOYALTY IN NORTH CAROLINA.—A Secession paper in North Carolina recently intimated that a scene occurred in the Legislature of that State on receiving the news of the capture of the Hatteras forts which was not creditable, but did not mention its character.

EVERY AMERICAN CITIZEN, instead of crying peace, peace, when there is no peace should, as the veteran Dickinson says, rally upon the ramparts until secession is silenced—until the roar of rebel artillery has ceased.

THE ELECTIONS held lately in the various States of Ohio, Indiana, Pennsylvania, Iowa and Minnesota, have all resulted in the triumph of the war-to-the-knife candidates, though the elections in Indiana and Pennsylvania were only for county officers.

THE NEW YORK NEWS, a treasonable paper, was discontinued, because its mail facilities were taken away, but the editor, likening himself to Lazarus, says, "I am not dead but sleeping."

HERE IS A spicy paragraph from the speech delivered by Daniel S. Dickinson in Courtland, N. Y. the other day: I say that the Administration—any Administration, I don't care whether it is of my own choice, or one of my opposition—has the right to do everything by implication, according to the laws of war, for the maintenance of our Government, and if they do not do it, I will be one for dealing with them, and calling them traitors themselves.

COL. CORCORAN.—The Republican party of New York are about to show their gratitude to the man who fought for them. It is stated they are to run Col. Corcoran for Clerk of New York—a very lucrative office which may be filled by deputies, and which therefore, would yield the Colonel's family a living, during his imprisonment.

The Retirement of Gen. Scott.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1st.—The following letter from Gen. Scott was received by the President on Thursday afternoon:

HEAD QUARTERS, Nov. 1st. To HON. SIMON CAMERON—Dear Sir:—For more than three years I have been unable, from a hurt, to mount a horse or to walk more than a few paces at a time, and that with pain.

A special Cabinet council was convened to take the subject into consideration. It was decided that Scott's request under the circumstances of his advanced age and infirmities, could not be declined.

On the 1st of November, 1861, upon his own application to the President of the United States, Brevet Lieut. Gen. Winfield Scott is ordered to be placed, and hereby is placed upon the list of retired officers of the army of the United States without reduction in his current pay, subsistence or allowance.

GEN. SCOTT then arose and addressed the President and Cabinet, who had also arisen, as follows: Mr. President, this honor overwhelms me. It overpays all services I have attempted to render my country.

THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC TELEGRAPH COMPLETED.—The telegraphic connection is now complete between San Francisco and New York; and we can hold daily converse with our Atlantic brethren.

THE PRESIDENT then took leave of Gen. Scott, giving him his hand, saying he hoped soon to write him a private letter, expressive of his gratitude and affection.

AN EXCHANGE says the Pony was killed by lightning. True, isn't it? Knowledge is power, if you know how to use it.

Details of Eastern News.

FORTRESS MONROE, Nov. 4.—At about 3 o'clock this afternoon, the steamer Monticello arrived from the blockading fleet, which on Saturday night was within thirty miles of Bull Bay.

SIXTY "contrabands" came into the Fortress on the 4th inst. They report that many of the troops have been withdrawn from Great Bethel, Yorktown and the vicinity of Norfolk, but don't know where they have gone.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—An official telegraph received to-day states Floyd's forces at 1,000 and that Benham and Schenck's brigades were following him on the new road.

MAJ.-GEN. HALLOCK, of California, has reached Washington. He was introduced to the President by Gen. McClellan.

NOV. 6.—Late advices from Springfield say that Price and McCullough are fortifying themselves on Cow-Skin Prairie; while others state that they design to fight our army after the guerilla fashion, harassing, annoying and assassinating our troops wherever they can.

THE REPUBLICAN'S special dispatch of Nov. 2d, says: Reliable information has been received here from different sources that Gen. Price was at Cassville on Thursday, with 25,000 men, and McCullough 100 miles on this side of that place, with 10,000 more.

GEN. FREMONT has been nearly the whole of the past five nights making the most perfect arrangements for a battle and the confidence of the army in him was never so great as at present.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo. Nov. 3.—Yesterday small bodies of the enemy were within 13 miles of us, and news was received of the approach of their advance—2,800 strong.

SOLDIERS! I regret to leave you. Most sincerely I thank you for the regard and confidence you have invariably shown to me. I deeply regret that I shall not have