

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. The Argus will be furnished at Three Dollars per annum, if paid in advance.

The Oregon Argus.

-A Weekly Newspaper, devoted to the Interests of the Laboring Classes, and advocating the side of Truth in every issue.-

VOL. VII.

OREGON CITY, OREGON, MAY 18, 1861.

No. 6.

RATES OF ADVERTISING. One square (twelve lines, or less, by vertical measure) one insertion...

The number of insertions should be noted on the margin of an advertisement, otherwise it will be published till forbidden, and charged accordingly.

Late from the East. GREAT EXCITEMENT AT THE NORTH!

New York to call out 300,000 Volunteers! DOUGLAS URGING DEFENSE OF THE UNION.

Wm. B. Astor gives the Government \$4,000,000, and loans it \$10,000,000!!!

THE NORTH UNITED IN SUPPORT OF THE GOVERNMENT!

St. Louis, April 23.—The message of Mayor Wood of New York, last night, recommends the appropriation of \$1,000,000 by the city to aid the war.

A lot of uniforms for the Southern army have been seized at a store in Dey street, New York.

It appears that a diabolical attempt was made to poison the Massachusetts volunteers aboard the State of Maine, while at New York on Friday evening last.

A regiment of riflemen is forming in New York city of Italians, Swiss and Hungarians, to be called the Garibaldi Guards.

The British residents are also forming a regiment of light infantry; one company is complete, and the second is forming.

The Hon. Daniel E. Sickles contemplates raising a regiment to serve during the war.

Commodore Vanderbilt is said to have informed the Government they can have his whole fleet of steamers, full manned and equipped, without the charge of a penny.

Several Massachusetts soldiers wounded at Baltimore, arrived at Boston yesterday.

It is reported that Gen. Houston is about to speak at Galveston, announcing his determination to oppose Lincoln.

A large and enthusiastic meeting was held at Warsaw, Mo., yesterday.

In Maine, the Legislature has voted to pledge the entire resources of the State to support the Federal Government.

The Union feeling in Delaware continues unabated.

Reports from the North show no abatement of enthusiasm in raising men and money for the war.

The Baltimore American of the 23d confirms the report of the settling of the Pennsylvania, Columbus, Delaware, Raritan, and Merrimac, at Norfolk.

The Mayor of Norfolk and Portsmouth sent a flag of truce to Capt. Pendergrast to ask if he intended to fire on the towns.

The excitement at Norfolk and Portsmouth was intense—women and children fleeing, and men rallying to arms.

Private information from Baltimore says the mob is powerless to act with system.

It is said Gov. Hicks protested to Gen. Butler of the Massachusetts Regiment against landing troops at Annapolis.

were subsequently landed at the Naval Academy, which is exclusively the property of the Government.

The Baltimore American says: "Mayor Brown went to Washington on Sunday, at the request of the President, and had a long interview in the presence of the Cabinet and Gen. Scott."

The house of Henry Winter Davis [Baltimore] was entered by a mob, but he having left, his family was not molested.

Citizens of Cockeysville were holding a Union meeting, when two omnibus loads of Baltimore police soldiers came up to burn the bridges to the Pennsylvania line.

Fears of an extended uprising among the negroes existed in St. Mary's county, Md., and the roads were constantly paraded by mounted men.

Caleb Cushing reached Harrisburg, Pa., on Monday. He left for Washington on Sunday.

Lieut. Jenifer is reported as having deserted from the Carlisle Barracks.

Thirty-five students in the Episcopal Theological Seminary, Fairfield, Va., having received intimation that they would be waited upon by a vigilance committee, resolved to flee to the Free States.

A great Union meeting was held at Lexington, Mo., on the 22d.

St. Louis, April 24.—The N. Y. Post says that a messenger passed through Coxsackville last Sunday, with orders from Gen. Scott to Gov. Curtin to throw troops into camp as rapidly as possible.

Martial law was declared in Baltimore on Monday. All places of amusement and taverns are shut up.

The steam-tug Yankee from Norfolk, Va., brings details of the destruction of the Navy Yard.

The secession feeling is strong at Alexandria, Va. All business was suspended, especially trade on the river.

Col. May has resigned his commission in the Army, with other Marylanders.

Maj. Anderson's reception took place yesterday. In reply to an address from Mayor Wood, he said: "Mr. Mayor, I cannot be expected of me, a soldier, to talk as I would like, and as I feel and desire to talk."

The city of Wheeling (Western Virginia) is in a great state of excitement.—The Union sentiment is buoyant.

A large meeting was held in Clarksburg, Va., on Monday. Resolutions were adopted severely censuring the course being pursued by Gov. Letcher.

The Governor of Louisiana has received information that 10,000 Tennesseeans are on the way to join the Confederate army.

A company of secessionists, 115 in number, left Coahoma, Ky., on Monday to join the Confederate Army.

ordered to show their flag, when they displayed a secession flag from the window.

Several stones were thrown at it, when the Lieutenant of the company fired into the crowd.

Senator Douglas spoke at Indianapolis last night from the balcony of his hotel, to an immense audience in the streets.

At Concord, N. H., this morning, ex-President Pierce made a speech, conjuring the people to uphold the flag, and be true to their country.

Application has been made by the Gov. of Kentucky to the Gov. of Ohio, that the Governors of the Border States opposed to the U. S. Government, become arbitrators between the contending parties in the present difficulties.

A Philadelphia dispatch of the 23d, says Gen. Lamson states that the reply of President Lincoln to the Baltimore committee, asking for peace, concludes thus: "Gentlemen, now go home and tell your people if they don't attack us, we won't attack them; if they attack us, we will retaliate severely."

Gov. Hicks, of Maryland, has issued a proclamation convening the Legislature, in consequence of the Federal troops being at Annapolis.

A Wheeling (Va.) dispatch, of the 23d, says the Bell and Everett men in that Congressional district met in convention at Wheeling, and accepted the nominee of the Douglas Democrats, W. G. Brown, as their candidate for Congress.

In Boston, over \$12,000 have been raised for Fletcher Webster's Regiment.

The oath of allegiance to the United States was administered anew to the officers and crew of the Niagara, and all but four subscribed to it.

A full corps of Flying Artillery enlisted in Boston in two hours, on the 23d, under the Hon. Moses G. Cobb.

The steamer Massachusetts and South Carolina have gone to the Navy Yard to be razed and constructed into war vessels.

The citizens of New Hampshire, from the White Mountains to the Ocean, are ready for duty.

The Legislature of Vermont unanimously appropriated \$100,000 for military purposes; and throughout the State enrolling and organizing is going on.

Rumors from an authentic source have reached Brazos that the Mexicans are getting up another guerilla warfare against the citizens on the Rio Grande about Brownsville.

The Illinois Legislature had under consideration yesterday, a bill for the organization of six regiments, as called for by the President.

The Indiana Legislature convened yesterday. Gov. Morton delivered his message in the afternoon.

Maj. Albreger, of Buffalo, who has been several months at Baltimore, reports a frightful state of things—streets barricaded, shutters up, houses loopholed for musketry, and every gun employed.

A bearer of despatches from the President to Gen. Patterson of Philadelphia, arrived this morning.

One thousand barrels of powder were seized yesterday at New York, bound to New Orleans; also a lot of blank registers.

preacher. He says Baltimore was quiet on Sunday morning. There was a perfect reign of terror there, and the Union men were obliged to succumb to the mob.

Hon. Morris Lowry, special messenger from Washington, says he witnessed the scenes after the fight at Baltimore, and history will record that, although a hundred Massachusetts troops were assailed with missiles, and arms wrested from them, they did not fire until commanded by the Mayor of Baltimore.

The N. Y. Associated Press have sent three reporters to go as near Baltimore as possible, to send the earliest news.

Several steamers sailed yesterday from New York with troops from various points.

It is stated the secessionists have erected batteries two miles below Mount Vernon.

At Bridgeport, Conn., \$2,500 was subscribed to equip the three companies organizing for the Connecticut regiment, and \$60,000 for the support of the families of the soldiers who volunteer.

At Albany, N. Y., the banks of the city have tendered \$55,000 for war purposes.

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Advises from Washington state that the Government had planted cannon on all the points overlooking the city.

All vessels bound to sea are strictly watched.

Senator Wilson of Massachusetts, has enlisted as a private in the battalion of volunteers from Massachusetts.

An immense mass meeting was held in Van Buren, Ark., on the 20th of April.—The Union men all turned Secessionists.—The flag of the Confederate States was raised.

The U. S. troops at Ft. Smith, Ark., evacuated the Fort on the 23d, and left for the Indian country.

The Massachusetts regiment reached Annapolis on Sunday, and found the United States ship Constitution occupied by the secessionists and engaged in converting her into a battery.

The citizens of Baltimore were fleeing in all directions to escape the violence of the mob.

All the Northern States have responded to the call of the President to furnish troops, and will furnish double the quantity wanted.

President Buchanan is said to have fled to Canada for fear of the mob.

It is said that the U. S. ship Constitution was to sail to the mouth of the Patuxent to blockade Baltimore.

Large numbers of persons have reached York, Pa., from Baltimore, whence they had fled.

The State authorities of New York have decided to muster into immediate service the whole of 300,000 volunteers, as authorized by the Legislature.

The S. F. Bulletin of the 5th says: "It is now perfectly manifest that the Administration can call to its support as many men and as much money as may be deemed necessary to maintain the Government."

The people throughout the entire North are as unanimously determined to preserve the Union, with its 34 States, as the most ultra Secessionists are resolved on coercing a division.

The following is Maj. Anderson's dispatch to the Secretary of War.

"Sir:—Having defended Fort Sumter thirty-four hours, until quarters were entirely burned, main gates seriously injured by fire, the George wall seriously injured, magazine surrounded by flames, and its doors closed from the effects of heat, four barrels and three cartridges of powder only being available, and no provisions but pork remaining, I accepted terms of evacuation offered by Gen. Beauregard, being the same offered by him on the 11th inst. prior to the commencement of hostilities, and marched out of the fort Sunday afternoon, the 14th instant, with colors flying, drums beating, bringing away company and private property, saluting the flag with fifty guns."

The latest from Norfolk received at the Navy Department, April 18, is that when Capt. Pendergrast ascertained that the channel was obstructed, he placed his ships broadside to Norfolk and Portsmouth, and demanded that the obstructions in the river be removed else he would level both places. It is added the cities complied with his demand.

Jeff Davis has issued a proclamation, inviting privates to make war on Northern commerce with letters of marque.

A club for the benefit of traitors is formed in Brooklyn.