

The Oregon Argus.

W. L. Adams, Editor.

OREGON CITY:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1860.

Republican Nominations.

For President,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,
HANNIBAL HAMLIN,
OF MAINE.

For Presidential Electors,
T. J. DYER, H. J. PENNA, W. H. WATKINS.

Attack on the Methodist Conference.

The Portland News contains an attack upon the Oregon Conference recently held in that city—the object of which seems to be to get at Rev. Mr. Pearne, the editor of the Pacific Christian Advocate. This attack is based upon the publication in that paper of a pastoral address, in which the preachers at the Conference pledged themselves to their religious duties, and to know nothing among their flocks "save Jesus Christ and him crucified"—and in laboring in their profession to spread that glorious news of peace on earth and good-will to men, to war against sin, and to labor to extirpate that curse of our nation, Slavery. Such sentiments and declarations seem to have raised the ire of a gentleman who appears to have come to this coast clothed with the ministerial dress, whose principal object seems to be to hold up the heinousness of Slavery, as a moral, religious, and industrial institution—and, in doing so, to electioneer for Breckinridge and Jo Lane.

Strange as it may sound, there seems to be an admitted understanding between the Slavery missionary and the Southern Disunion party, that, under certain circumstances, this Union is to be divided, and that Oregon is to be hung on as a tail to the Southern confederacy—and this Slave-breeding preacher here is to bring about a state of feeling that will induce our people to adopt the patriarchal institution. The United States South are all to be Slave States, and Oregon as one of them must also be a Slave State. That is the programme of the Breckinridge Disunion leaders, and this revered slave-propagating missionary is one of them. Occasionally his articles, as in the case under consideration, appear in the News.

The position of the Methodists of Oregon on Slavery is generally this: with their illustrious leader, JOHN WESLEY, now in Heaven, they believe "Slavery the sum of all human villainies;" as such they are opposed to it; they are opposed to it in regard to themselves and their children; they are opposed to it as unjust to humanity, to Christianity; they regard all men as human beings, as redeemed by the same Saviour, and bound to the same ultimate destiny as themselves—and they desire for all the same privileges of learning their duty to themselves, their fellow men, and to their God, that they rejoice in enjoying. They do not want Slavery planted in Oregon;—and they are opposed to the insinuating way in which the slave-driving missionary is laboring. But they do not desire to interfere with other States or other communities in regard to Slavery. The citizens of the Slave States are responsible for their slave institutions. We are responsible for our free institutions, and for their continuance.

We do not believe that the attacks of the News upon the members of the Methodist Conference will result to the benefit of the Slavery party. Those men who enjoy the Bible, the Sabbath, the institutions of religion, who "can sit in security under their own vine and fig-tree," are willing that others, without distinction of shade, or color, or nation, shall enjoy the same glorious privileges.

The slave-breeding parson to whom we have alluded has probably mistaken his calling. "Follow me, and I will make you Fishers of men," uttered by the divine founder of the Christian religion, was hardly intended to license the traffic in the bodies and souls of human beings.

Delusion is defending Yancey, the Disunion scoundrel. This is natural, and was to be expected. Yancey wanted "to precipitate the cotton States into a revolution" and divide the Union about a year ago, but now, expecting to be whipped in the defeat of his candidates, Breckinridge and Lane, is crying *peccati*. Just in proportion as the Republican party whips out Breckinridge and Lane, just so much will Yancey, Keitt, Breckinridge, Lane & Co. shrink from the carrying out of their Disunion projects.

The Corvallis Union has letters from Washington as late as July 16th, informing the editor that Breckinridge and Lane were certain to be elected. Poor Slater gravely publishes the letter! Now he knows this is all gammon. There is not a sensible man in the nation who has an idea of the success of the Breckinridge Disunion ticket.

The Oregon Democrat copies an article from a California paper denouncing the Irish, because they are disposed to support Douglas. The Irish would be good fellows "intirely" if they would go for Breckinridge and Lane and the extension of slavery.

State Agricultural Society.

The annual meeting of the State Agricultural Society was held at Salem, commencing on the 10th and continuing till near noon of the 12th. We will briefly state what we understand has been done at the meeting. The constitution was so arranged that hereafter elections are to be held biennially after the present election, on the third Wednesday of September commencing in 1862; that the officers then and now to be elected are to enter upon their duties on the first Monday of January after they are elected, to hold their offices for two years and until other officers are elected and qualified. G. C. Robbins, Esq., was elected President—the Corresponding and Recording Secretaries were re-elected. Other officers were elected, a list of which we will give next week.

It will be recollected that the State Fair was to be held the present year in Linn county, but no preparations having been made there for the Fair, the meeting, by resolution, determined to hold the Fair in Clackamas county the present year. Subsequently, this resolution was re-considered, under the belief that there was not time the present season to get up a Fair creditable to the State and the Society, and the Society adopted a resolution expressing their opinion that the Fair should be held in Clackamas county next year, provided the citizens of said county would furnish convenient grounds, with the necessary fixtures, etc.

The new officers will go into office and hold a meeting in Salem on the first Monday of January next, and it will be necessary for our citizens to make arrangements for the accommodation of the Society, so that they can hold a Fair in this city, and present a guarantee to the President previous to the said January meeting.

We believe that the constitution as amended is in ample working order, and that a Fair will be got up next year near this city which will bring thousands of people here from California and every portion of the State, and which will do distinguished honor to Oregon. There will be on exhibition our best cattle, horses, hogs, sheep, farm products, textile fabrics, needlework, and other handiwork of the ladies, collections of minerals, machinery of all kinds, agricultural implements, and other articles of mechanism, etc., etc.

Efforts will be made to render the coming Fair a great success, and to secure for it the confidence and support of all the industrial interests of our State.

We congratulate our citizens that the first OREGON STATE FAIR is to be held in Clackamas county.

GEN. HARNEY TO BE TRIED!—A dispatch received at Yreka, and by mail at Salem, announces that Gen. Harney is to be tried by Court Martial for his conduct in relation to the San Juan Island occupation. The fear is expressed that President Buchanan and his Democratic cabinet may cede San Juan to the English, if not the whole of Washington Territory. Buchanan, it will be recollected was mainly instrumental in ceding the territory from lat. 49° to 54° 40' to the British.

It is understood that poor Slater of the Corvallis Union will, after the election, return to his first love. While in Illinois, and later, it is known that he was an ardent friend of the "nigger race."—And if he did not assist the negro, when running away from his master, as he had opportunity, we are greatly mistaken. Can you lay your right hand on your heart, and your left on "the book," and say that this is not so?

The Democrat denies that its editor ever contemplated voting for Lincoln. We are glad to see this denial. It will remove the misgivings of many honest Democrats who are disposed to vote for Lincoln, but who would not thus vote in company with Delusion Smith. Thank you, Mr. Smith, for relieving them from embarrassment.

We believe it was Humphrey Marshall who said that if a Republican were elected President, he would want no better office than that of tollgate keeper on the bridge across the Potomac, to receive toll from the Virginians who would come up to get office under the new administration.

Gen. Shields lately arrived in California, having made the trip overland. We should be glad to welcome the gallant General to Oregon, as he was our first Governor under the Territorial organization, having held the appointment three days.

SCHOOLS.—Attention is called to the advertisements of Pacific University and Bethel Collegiate Institute, in another column. These institutions are too well known in Oregon to require an extended notice at our hands.

Coon's Chronicle, under the sole 'conduction' of Coon, makes an apology for its 'wretched' condition last week.—What may we not expect next week on account of the state of its last issue?

The Corvallis Union has the candor to say that "Josephine county is largely Republican." We are looking for large accessions in that county.

Delusion has regularly read Judge Williams out of the Democratic party.—The Judge read Delusion out several months since.

From Salem.

Our city has this week been the theater of unusual interest. The session of the Legislature for the purpose of electing two U. S. Senators and transacting other business pertaining to the varied and pressing necessities of the State, has brought us a large crowd of visitors. Besides members elect to the Legislature, government officials, editors, reporters, lobby members, and interested spectators of transpiring events, we have rather an unusual force comprised in the list of "candidates for the U. S. Senate." The 'candidates' are all marshaled under either the Yanceyite, the Douglas, or the Lincoln banner. I have not been able to ascertain the precise number belonging to each class, but, from the best count I am able to make of this dodging, drumming, and very patriotic host, there must be about twenty-seven of them, about equally divided between the three great parties. I notice that the great majority of them are "Old Oregonians," and offer this as a reason among sundry secondary ones why they should be sacrificed on the Senatorial altar. But I have noticed that while these aspirants are, professedly, decidedly, and positively for an "Old Oregonian," the qualification loses all its force so soon as it is proposed to unite upon a particular man. Each candidate is quite sound upon the "old" qualification as long as the thing is used in a general sense, with a fair prospect of a particular personal application—but the moment an effective union is proposed upon the "old" basis, and the particular "Old Oregonian" is proposed as the person to be offered up upon the altar of his country, it becomes apparent that the qualification has no particular charm unless it designates *me*. The fact is that among a majority of the aspirants of all parties, I have thought I discovered a stronger desire to promote self than to advance the interests of the country. There may be a magnanimous exception or two to this rule, but I think as a general thing, that the aspirants for high positions here, have in their late brief resumé been unfortunate in trying to set themselves up before our people as patriots to be promoted hereafter for qualifications of a high order of any kind. We have heretofore been cursed enough with demagogues, and I should hope that with a change of administration we should have a purer and healthier political atmosphere.

What is in the future, I know not, but I do know that the only radical cure for the evils suggested, is in setting the people right upon the true relations that exist between this and that man's advancement, and the interests of the country.

The House organized last Monday with no difficulty. The fusion of Republicans and Douglas men was complete—the vote standing 15 Yanceyites to 21 Republicans and Douglas Democrats. The following officers were elected—Speaker, B. F. Harding (Dem.); Chief Clerk, T. Mc F. Patton (Rep.); Ass't Chief Clerk, H. W. Allen (Dem.); Enrolling Clerk, J. B. Tichenor (Dem.); Ser'g't-at-arms W. K. Leverage (Dem.); Door keeper J. H. Brown (Dem.)

The Senate met on Monday with 14 members present. A resolution was passed to go into an election for permanent officers, with Mr. Elkins in the chair. The Douglas men nominated Capt. Tichenor for President, and the Lane men nominated Mr. Elkins who is a Douglas Democrat, but as it was the best they could do to use him. The Senate balloted some time with the same result—for Tichenor 7, Elkins 7—when they adjourned till Tuesday morning. In the meantime, the Lane men seeing that the Senate would probably organize, held a caucus and concluded to break up the Senate by leaving it and destroying the quorum. The following men are said to have gone home Tuesday night, but the supposition is that they are lurking around Santiam City waiting for runners to inform them of what may occur: Brown of Linn, Fitzhugh of Douglas, Florence and Monroe of Lane, and McHenry of Benton. Besides these, Berry of Jackson is said to be in the city, but he hides himself and cannot be found. On Tuesday, the Senate met with nine members—less than a quorum—and proceeded to a permanent organization by electing the following officers: President, Luther Elkins (Dem.); Chief Clerk, Peables (Dem.); A. C. Clerk, W. B. Daniels (Rep.); Enrolling Clerk, J. S. Rynearson, (Rep.); Ser'g't-at-arms, Richard Barker, (Dem.); Door Keeper, J. Brown (Dem.) This morning Kelly, of your county, appeared and claimed his seat, which was granted him. J. R. McBride offered a memorial from Wm. Logan who contests, which was tabled. As matters now stand, it is very doubtful who gets the seat—in fact, everything is in doubt. The Douglas men have just informed the Republicans that it is no longer in their power to do anything for them, and that the Republicans are at liberty to look out for any new alliance, if they choose. The fact is, neither the Republicans nor Douglas men seem to harmonize on a Senator. Nesmith and Williams both urge their claims on their party—both are stubborn, and no compromise seems likely to be effected. I think a clear majority of the Republicans are for Baker, but present indications are that, while Baker may be defeated on the ground of his being a new Oregonian, no old Oregonian can combine strength enough to elect him in caucus. If he or even Col. Ba-

ker should get it in caucus, he has a gauntlet to run on joint ballot, the result of which is very uncertain, considering the mixed complexion of our Legislators. The Lane men may come back, and both branches of the Legislature may go to work. But I am certain they never will come back till they see their way clear to either prevent any election of Senators, or to elect at least one of the Lane Society. Difficulties are in the way of their doing this, yet they may be overcome. Some here pretend to say the Lane men are willing to give the Republicans both Senators—but this is merely a gull-trap to catch softs and defeat an election.

Some incendiary tried to fire this city Tuesday night last. A quantity of dry rubbish was placed in an old paint shop in the southern part of the city, and fired. The flames were discovered at daylight Tuesday morning, and extinguished after they had burnt through the roof. A few moments later and the whole block on the east side of Main Street would have probably been consumed.

The State Agricultural Fair has been meeting in this city. Some important amendments have been made to the constitution, one of which is a reduction of the initiation fee to one dollar. Mr. Robbins of Portland was elected President, with a vice president from each county. The only ones I remember are Wm. Dawson of Yamhill, Amos Harvey of Polk, and Judge Thornton of Benton. No State Fair will be held this year, it being thought to be too late in the season. The Society recommended the board of managers to hold the fair next year at Oregon City. You will no doubt get it, unless some other place should make a stronger bid.

Yours in haste, "JAW."

The Legislature.

SALEM, Sept. 18, 1860.

HOUSE.—According to the usages of Legislative bodies, Mr. C. N. Terry, Chief Clerk of the last session, called the house to order, and on motion of Mr. Gazy, of Douglas, Mr. A. C. Gibbs was chosen Speaker pro-tem.

On motion of Mr. Parker of Marion, Mr. C. N. Terry was chosen Chief Clerk pro-tem.

On motion, the temporary speaker appointed Messrs. Parker, Gazy, Harding, Mays, and Trechard committee on credentials. The House then adjourned until 2 o'clock P. M., at which time the committee was requested to report names of members entitled to seats. The report was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Butler moved that the house proceed to a permanent organization.

Mr. Cochran moved that the oath of office should be administered previous to proceeding to business. The Secretary of State being called in, the oath of office was accordingly administered to the members.

Mr. Butler's motion, providing for a permanent organization, was then called up and passed.

Mr. Cochran nominated Mr. Benjamin Stark of Multnomah, for Speaker. Mr. Butler nominated Mr. B. F. Harding, of Marion, for the same office. Mr. Stark received 15 votes—Mr. Harding received 21 votes. Mr. Harding was then declared duly elected, and at once assumed the responsible position of Speaker of the House of Representatives of the State of Oregon. Chief Clerk, T. Mc F. Patton; Ass't Chief Clerk, H. W. Allen; Enrolling Clerk, J. B. Tichenor; Ser'g't-at-arms, W. Leverage; Door Keeper, Henry Brown.

SENATE.—The Senate failed to complete an organization.

Messrs. Luther Elkins, and William Tichenor were the candidates for the Presidency of the Senate. The vote was a tie.—Adjourned.

The standing committees in the House are as follows:

Judiciary—Gibbs, Holbrook, Crandall, Huntington, Gazy.

Ways and Means—Stark, Cochran, Starkweather.

Claims—Butler, Tate, Bailey.

Education—Starkweather, Morton, Vining.

Military Affairs—Keeler, Crawford, Carl.

Roads and Highways—Parker, Walker, Butler.

Engrossed Bills—Bowlby, Cowles, Worth.

Enrolled Bills—Trechard, Mays, Conyers.

Indian Affairs—Newell, Hill, Conyers.

Printing—Mays, White, Crum.

Corporations—Cowles, McCully, Miller.

Commerce—Morton, Stark, Trechard.

Counties—Eddy, Carl, Crum.

Elections—Gilmore, Tate, Butler.

Evening Mirror.—This is the title of a new daily paper lately started in San Francisco by Dagget, Rutherford, & Foard, late of the Golden Era. The Mirror is issued in octavo form, and is well filled with entertaining reading matter. The daily is 25 cents a week, and the weekly \$3 a year. Charles Barrett, of the News Depot, Portland, is agent for the Mirror.

The Stages have been running daily the past week between here and Eugene City, and from here to Portland. To-day they commence carrying the mail under the late act of Congress establishing a daily mail from Sacramento to Puget Sound.

We learn that Prof. Newell has established a musical school in Portland for the purpose of teaching classes vocal and instrumental music. Prof. Newell is well known in Oregon as a successful teacher, and we hope he will be amply patronized by the citizens of Portland.

SEED SOWER.—Our farmers who want a labor-saving machine, will certainly read the advertisement of a seed-sower, in another column. From what we have seen of its operations, we feel inclined to recommend its use.

The mail steamer reached Portland Thursday morning, with dates to the 28th of Aug. from the East. We are indebted to Tracy & Co., and Charles Barrett, Portland, for late papers.

Capt. N. B. Ingalls, the active and obliging agent of Tracy & Co.'s Express in this city, keeps us under continual obligations for favors.

News from the East.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION OF NEW YORK.—SYRACUSE, August 23.—The Republican State Convention met in this city yesterday at noon, and organized, with James Cook for President. The Hon. E. D. Morgan and Robert Campbell, the present incumbents, were by acclamation nominated for Governor and Lieutenant Governor.

J. H. Barnes was nominated for Canal Commissioner, and James R. Bates for State Prison Inspector. William Cullen Bryant and James O. Putnam were appointed Electors at large. The resolutions endorse the platform of the Chicago Convention, and ratify its nomination for President and Vice President; eulogize the Administration of Gov. Morgan, and repel the charge of corruption against the Legislature—asserting that not a measure which has been characterized as unjust and corrupt could have passed the Legislature, without the unanimous vote of Democratic members. The resolutions relate almost entirely to local affairs.

The New York Herald having quit Breckinridge last week, and gone back to Bell, is now getting sweet upon Lincoln. It will probably soon give him a touch of its support.

The National Intelligencer has come out in one of those long, ponderous four-column articles for which it is celebrated, in which, by extensive extracts from the speeches of Breckinridge orators, and the files of Breckinridge papers, it fastens the charge of Disunionism on the supporters of that gentleman.

Senator Bright has returned from a visit to Indiana, and reports Breckinridge gaining strength in that State, but that its electoral vote will undoubtedly be given for Lincoln. On the other hand, Gen. Cass reports Ohio and Michigan all on fire with enthusiasm for Douglas.

Quite a number of Postmasters, throughout the Union, are understood to be behindhand with their accounts. The Department has resolved, if they fail to pay on demand, to institute criminal proceedings against them.

A despatch from Arkansas says that Rector, the independent candidate for Governor, was elected by 3,000 majority.

Depeyster Ogden (American) declines being a candidate on the Douglas electoral ticket of New York, unless with the distinct understanding that he may vote for Bell and Everett.

The Fillisters in Honduras!—New Orleans, August 20.—The schooner Aramis, from Ruanan the 9th of August, brings the crew of the schooner Clifton, recently captured from Walker by the British. Gen. Walker landed at Truxillo on the 30th, and took possession of the town. Only one man was found by the troops, by which two of Walker's men were wounded. Great excitement prevailed.

A Washington despatch says that the Government is determined to concentrate a strong naval force at some point on the Gulf of Mexico.—A frigate from Savannah sails to-day. The Fort-hamilton will leave Philadelphia next and special orders have been sent the frigate Sabine at Aspinwall, and the St. Louis at Pensacola, to meet at a rendezvous.

The destination of the Susquehanna had been fixed for the Mediterranean, but has been suddenly changed for Gulf of Mexico. Walker and filibusterism are supposed to be the moving cause of all this mustering in the Gulf.

NEW GOODS!—Dannenbaum & Ackerman, of this city, have just received a large stock of Dry Goods, of all kinds, and also a lot of Groceries, all of which they propose to sell at Portland prices. They particularly desire the ladies to call on them, and see their new stock of fine dress goods.

We learn that a man by the name of Linn was arrested in Portland the other evening on a charge of horse stealing brought against him by some one in the neighborhood of the Dalles.

J. W. Sullivan, the celebrated News Agent at San Francisco, is on hand again with a large supply of the best and latest magazines, pictorials, papers, &c.

Where is W. L. Harper? The P. M. at McMinville writes us that he has left that vicinity. Mr. Harper owes us \$7 for subscription.

The census marshal of Douglas county estimates the population of that county to be 3,200.

Oregon City this week suffers a loss of one of its fairest jewels.

Coon's Express at Roseburg has 'winked out.'

FROM VICTORIA.—We are under obligations to Capt. James Strang for a copy of the British Colonist of Sept. 5, from which we take the following:

—Capt. Jamison, well known throughout Oregon as a successful steamboatman, has just laid the keel for a new side-wheel steamer, to run between Victoria and Port Douglas. The vessel will be 120 feet long, 20 feet beam, and 5½ feet hold. She is being built in the neighborhood of the Songish village, and is the fourth steamer in process of construction in our harbor.

The Pacific left for San Francisco yesterday with about 40 passengers. Wells, Fargo & Co. shipped by her \$34,803 in treasure.

The steamer Wilson G. Hunt left for the river at eight o'clock last evening, having on board about forty passengers—one of whom were bound for the Rock Creek mines.

The steamer Caledonia is to be placed on the route between this point and New Westminster.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—We learn from the Vancouver Chronicle that a shocking accident occurred in that vicinity on the 29th ult. It appears that a Mrs. Grey had set fire to a large tree in close proximity to the house in the morning, and during the coming night, after she had retired with her child, she was startled by the cracking of the tree, when seizing the child she attempted to escape. The tree fell upon the house, crushing it to atoms, killing the child, and severely injuring the woman. The neighbors kindly rendered all necessary assistance.

INCREASING CONSUMPTION OF COTTON.—It is estimated that the additional number of cotton spindles which will be put in operation in England and the United States, in 1861, compared with the present year, will consume \$60,000 bales of cotton.

DOUGLAS IN GEORGIA.—The Atlanta Confederacy is the leading Douglas organ in Georgia. It labors with great zeal to advance his interests and to secure him the vote of that State. Nevertheless, the editor is doubtful of the result. He fears the election of Lincoln is inevitable; and in that event he is for disunion. Hear him:

But if the worst does come; if Lincoln is elected, let us with one heart and mind forget the past, and go out of the union TOGETHER. If we permit the blacks to come into power, and allow them to govern us, they will, in four short years, inflict a mortal sting upon Slavery from which it will never recover. We must not permit it.

UNION CITY.—This is the name of an embryo city at the head of Hood's Canal, recently laid out and mapped. It already boasts a well stocked store and several dwellings, with others in contemplation.—The principal advantage claimed for the new town is the extreme fertility of the soil on all sides adjacent to it, said to be large in extent and easily cultivated. Another advantage is its accessibility from Steilacoom, Olympia, Grey's Harbor, etc.; being from eighteen to thirty miles from the points named, with good roads.—Pugget Sound Herald.

MARRIED:

On Wednesday evening, Sept. 13, 1860, at the residence of the bride's father, Charles Pope, Esq., by Rev. D. Rutledge, Dr. Richard H. Lonsdale, of Sitouka, W. T., to Miss Mary S. Ford of this city.

Compliments of the parties received.

Republican National Committee.

The following are the names of the Republican National Committee for the next four years, with the post-office address of each member:

- E. D. Morgan, Albany, N. Y.
- C. J. Gilman, Brunswick, Me.
- Geo. G. Fogg, Concord, N. H.
- L. Brinard, St. Albans, Vt.
- J. Z. Goodrich, Stockbridge, Mass.
- Gideon Wells, Hartford, Conn.
- Edw'd McPherson, Chambersburg, Penn.
- N. B. Smithers, Dover, Del.
- Alfred Caldwell, Wheeling, Va.
- S. Merrihew, Centerville, Ind.
- Austin Blair, Jackson, Mich.
- A. J. Stevens, Des Moines, Iowa.
- A. S. Jones, St. Louis, Mo.
- D. W. Claassen, Oroville, Cal.
- Thos. G. Turner, Providence, R. I.
- Douglas Duer, New Jersey, N. Y. City.
- J. F. Wagoner, Baltimore, Md.
- Thos. Spooner, Reading, Ilron co; Ohio.
- N. B. Judd, Chicago, Ill.
- Carl Shurz, Milwaukee, Wis.
- John McCluskey, Stillwater, Minn.
- C. M. Gray, Whitesall, Madison co, Ky.
- W. C. Johnson, Oregon City, Oregon.
- Wm. A. Phillips, Lawrence, Kansas.
- O. H. Irish, Nebraska City, Nebraska.
- J. Gerjardie, Washington, D. C.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE:

- H. W. CORBETT, Chairman.....Portland.
- E. D. SHAW, Secy.....
- W. C. JOHNSON.....Oregon City.

Farmers of Linn County.

The annual Fair will be held at Albany on Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 18 and 19. The address will be by Mr. H. N. George, on the 18th.

J. BARNOR, Sec'y.

Notice.

Rev. C. L. FISHER, late across the plains from Minnesota, will preach in the Baptist meeting house in this place to-morrow, at half past ten o'clock, a. m.

Saturday, Sept. 15, 1860.

Oregon Division, No. 9, of T.

Meets at Harmony Hall every Friday evening, at half past 7 o'clock. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

R. GAMMILL, W.P.

Geo. A. SHEPARD, R.S.

I. O. O. F.

OREGON LODGE No. 3 meets at Harmony Hall on Monday evening of each week. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

F. A. COLLARD, N.G.

A. J. CHAPMAN, Rec. Sec'y.

Multnomah Lodge No. 1.

F. & A. M., holds its stated communications in the new Masonic Hall, on the Saturday preceding the Full Moon in each month. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

A. L. LOVEJOY, W. M.

D. W. CRAIG, Sec'y.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.—This purely vegetable remedy combines in itself the properties of an Astringent, a mild cathartic, and a tonic. It quickly removes from the blood, and other fluids of the body, the impurities of unhealthy secretions which engender and feed disease, thus striking at the root of the malady. Although proving so efficacious it may be taken at all times with perfect safety, as it contains no powerful drastic drugs; debilitate the system, or mislead people into the constitution.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, 100 Fulton st., New York. Price \$1 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5.

Read the advertisement in another column.

Sold by Dr. STEELE, Oregon City, and by Druggists generally.

Dr. Moffat's Life Pills.—The high and varied celebrity which this pre-eminent medicine has so quickly for its invariable efficacy in all the diseases which it professes to cure, has rendered the usual practice of ostentatious puffing not only unnecessary but unworthy of them. They are known by their fruits; their good works testify for them, and they thrive not by the faith of the credulous. In all cases of constiveness, dyspepsia, bilious and liver affections, piles, rheumatism, fevers and agues, obstinate head-aches, and all general derangements of health, these Pills have invariably passed a certain and speedy remedy. A single trial will place the Life Pills beyond the reach of competition in the estimation of every patient.

Dr. Moffat's Pleasant Bitters will be found equally efficacious in all cases of nervous debility, depression, headache, the sickness incident to female delicate health, and every kind of weakness of the digestive organs. For sale by Dr. W. B. MOFFAT, 335 Broadway, New York, and by Medicine Dealers and Druggists generally throughout the country.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.—The only pure and genuine Balsam is, and was the last twenty years has been, prepared by Wm. W. Wistar & Co., of Boston; and their prepared Balsam, as well as the written signatures of L. B. Wistar, appear on the outer wrapper. As you would avoid the spurious and lose the genuine, take no other!

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.—This invaluable remedy is the best one extant for the safe, sure, speedy, and permanent cure of coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, asthma, pleurisy, croup, whooping cough, hoarseness, inflammation of the lungs, pain in the breast or side, and in fact every form of throat, chest, and lung complaint, as well as Consumption itself.

This household remedy should be in the hands of every family and individual, as a timely application of it to a slight cold will cause immediate relief; while cases of long standing, obstinate, and apparently incurable character, will surely yield to its wonderful curative powers and its great adaptation to the wants of man when afflicted.

For sale in California by Redding & Co., Henry Johnson & Co., Charles Merrill, San Francisco; R. H. McDonald & Co., Sacramento; Rice, Coffin & Co., Marysville; Smith & Davis, Portland, Oregon.