

# The Oregon Argus.

W. L. ADAMS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

## OREGON CITY:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1858.

The late Indiana war of Oregon and Washington proves to be a canker upon the public Treasury. The Secretary reports that upwards of six thousand dollars were paid to J. Ross Browne alone, for salary and travel, during the year 1857, while examining into these "War debts." This is only one item.—N. Y. Times.

That is the way the money goes. The papers are full of the enormous expenditures of this Administration, which has made out to swamp nearly a hundred millions of money in a year. Mr. Sherman of Ohio stated in a speech in Congress that no less than 500 extra clerks are employed in the custom houses in order to reward party whippers-in. Buchanan is constantly besieged by a swarm of hungry fellows whose beseechings and importunities for a pull at the public pap are truly irresistible. The poor old man feels under such obligations to these loafers for dirty work done in the Presidential canvass of 1856, that he is constantly on the look-out for some nice corner that he can stow these Union-savers into that will pan out some two or three thousand dollars a year each.

J. Ross Browne receives some six thousand dollars and upwards for coming out here as a "spy" to watch the locofoco rascals in Oregon, and now the Department at Washington has sent out C. H. Mott of Mississippi to report on the Indian Department. He will probably draw some six or seven thousand more for his services. This policy of appointing men to office for services done to the dirt-eating party, without regard to honesty or acquired ability, and then sending party wire-workers and Union-savers to overhaul their books, and peep through knot-holes to detect them in distributing Indian blankets to the "wrong Indians," is becoming quite popular with this Administration. Millions of the people's money is thus squandered every year. It is an outrage that would make even a dirt-eater wince if it wasn't necessary to save the Union.

The Times says that Mott, who has been sent out here to look into the accounts of the Indian Department, is now rusticated in San Francisco, and tells him to hasten on. Didn't Hibben get "nary blanket," when the poor untutored savages "Tiddy Jap" and "Chickopee" signed the "receipts" and packed off their? If not, a second-hand one will be amply sufficient to seal his mouth.

John Nugent, editor of the San Francisco Herald, has beset poor Buchanan for an office to some purpose. He has long been using around the White House waiting for something to turn up in the way of a place. The Tribune says that Buchanan has sent him to Frazier's river to tell our citizens that they must behave themselves and not get into a muss with the British authorities. Where Buchanan gets his authority for thus swamping some eight or ten thousand dollars of the people's money by creating an unheard-of office, we are of course unable to see. It has become so customary to reward partisans in this way that we presume if the editor of the organ at Salem should go to Washington and urge as a reward for services done "our party" that he should be set to watching Delazon's hen-roost while he went to the Senate, he would receive his commission with a salary of seven or eight hundred a year. The sound and reliable democracy would think it a statesman-like act in old Buck, if they were only told that it was absolutely necessary to employ him to keep the pole-cats out of Smith's hennery in order to save the Union.

An abolition convention was held at Syracuse Aug. 4, which nominated Gerrit Smith for Governor of York State.—There was only about 100 in attendance, and the resolution nominating Smith received just seven votes. Fred Douglas was the leading spirit in the convention, and seemed about as officious as his kinsman of the Times did in the Salem caucuses which fixed the ratio of representation.

The N. Y. Tribune has published the whole secret of horse-tanning as practiced by Raley. The article is copyrighted in order to prevent speculators from publishing it in pamphlet form. The Tribune thinks it is worth a vast sum to every man who raises horses.

We shall begin the publication of it before long, and continue it for several weeks till it is completed. Those who are not taking the Argus, will do well to subscribe soon, so as to get the whole to file away.—It is worth ten times the subscription price.

The Advocate gives notice that after next January no paper will be sent to subscribers who have not paid in advance. In view of the consequences, it exhorts all the preachers to try to get "every family" to subscribe and pay down. We will very politely invite the "brethren" to feel the pulse of such as "don't want the Advocate," about taking the Argus. If you know the "family" to be good for its debts, never mind about collecting the money yourselves, but just order the money sent to us by some safe conveyance when it is convenient. The advance pay system is the best we know for the publisher, but then we want every good man to have the paper now, if he is not able to pay till by and by.

Mr. Mahlon Brock has our thanks for a fine lot of apples.

"The gulf that separates [national] democracy from Black Republicanism at this day is as broad as that which divided democracy and federalism in the early days of the Republic."—Portland Standard.

We acknowledge that the 'gulf' which separates national democracy in Oregon from Republicanism, is broader than that which separates Douglas democracy from Republicanism east, and just as broad as that which separates the Republican party there from the Administration dirt-eating 'nationals' at Washington. But what puzzles us is that this same gulf which the Standard's vision now yawns and gapes so terribly, was thought to be so very narrow that 'black republicans' could step over it into the 'national' camp just as easy as not. Friend Dryer, who either stepped or flew over at the tail of Leland's coat, thought the passage was quite easy, and echoed the Standard's snarl at us because we stood

"shivering on the brink,  
And feared to launch away."

What object the Standard now has in representing the gulf to be so terribly 'broad' and impassable, we are not able to see, unless it wishes to prevent friend Dryer and the few weak-kneed Republicans who jumped it last spring from trying to jump back. It's too late, however, as they all took the leap back long ago, except perhaps 'bro. Dryer' and some half-dozen other office-seekers, who now wish they had, as they feel in their present company a good deal like crows among jackdaws.

Rev. Mr. Deihl, of California, who is now on a visit to this Territory in behalf of the Temperance cause, lectured to an audience in this city last Thursday night, and speaks again to-morrow evening, at the Methodist church. He takes hold of his subject like a man in good earnest, and handles it in a way that ought to convince anybody of the imperative necessity of prohibition.

STIRRED THEM UP AT LAST.—Dr. Wilcox informs us that one patent has issued from Washington at last. It was for land taken under a land warrant, however, and not under the donation act.

In justice to the Administration we record the fact, although we have serious fears whether it will survive the shock of such a herculean effort.

The threshers of grain in Yamhill assured us last week that there was more than double the grain in the county this year than last year. The grain 'turns out' remarkably well, and we timed one of Dement's two-horse power machines, finding it threshed eight bushels of wheat in seven minutes and three quarters, and ten bushels of oats in five minutes. Farmers are finding that these two-horse power machines are much better than the six and eight-horse power ones, as the expense of running them is much less and they thresh about as fast as any one man can measure up. We measured and sacked the wheat at the spot of one of them for half a day last week, and then 'bushed.'

The triangular fight in the St. Louis district, Missouri, has resulted in the election of the pro-slavery candidate for Congress. The returns, which are incomplete, foot up for Barrett, dem., 6,718; Blair, Repub., 6,122; and Breckenridge, Amer., 5,289.

The news of the re-appointment of Guthrie as Receiver in the Land Office in this city, is said to have lengthened friend Lovejoy's face till it favors that of one of the Illinois 'prairie pointers,' which are able to reach their noses through the fence cracks and root up the fourth row of potatoes.

J. W. Ladd of Montrose Farm has our thanks for a box of fruit from his orchard, consisting of the Green Gage, Coe's Golden Drop, Cruzen's Scarlet, Cloth of Gold, and Imperial Gage plums, with Spice Sweet apples, and a lot of the finest peaches, supposed to be the Early Crawford. As a specimen lot, it would be hard to beat outside of Mr. Ladd's celebrated orchard.

John Campbell, who was committed to jail last week for stealing a gold watch and revolver, left a few days ago. While the jailor and several other men were in feeding the prisoners, he by some witchcraft so blinded their eyes as to step out without being seen, although one man is said to have been sitting in the door all the time.

The closing examination of the McMinnville institution under charge of Rev. Mr. Chandler takes place on the 20th and 21st of this month. We have accepted an invitation to be present at the time and make a speech upon the political issues of the day, at a convenient time during intermission of the school exercises.

We are indebted to T. Cartwright, Esq., of Centerville, for the rear half of an excellent deer. The game will continue to "rise" around Centerville, in spite of the encroaching improvements. By the way, we consider Centerville the seat of the most intelligence of any town of its size in Oregon, as every citizen takes the Argus. The ladies there are of course all intelligent, good house-keepers, and good-looking.

In copying off our subscription list a few weeks ago we overlooked a number of names in different sections. We have rectified the mistakes so far as we have been apprised of the oversights.

The Standard says that Mr. Long who was employed in a saw-mill at Portland was accidentally drowned last Friday.

The Standard editor has had a taste of grouse at the Metropolis, and wonders why the 'delicious birds' are not offered for sale in that market. By riding out to Centerville, only sixteen miles from Portland beyond Taylor's ferry, he can at most any time during this fall enjoy a feast of such 'delicious birds' as grouse, quails, partridges, deer, and bear, with perhaps a wolfsteak to carry home for Hibben.

S. J. McCormick, of the Franklin Book Store in Portland, has beat himself this time in sending us exchanges by the last steamer. The Horticulturist, and Journal of Rural Art, and Mother's Magazine, which accompanied the package, are works that ought to be in every family.—All the most valuable of eastern publications can be had through McCormick.

A little son of Benj. Butler of Polk county, six or seven years old, fell out of a wagon and was run over by one of the wheels at McMinnville last Saturday, and so severely injured that his life was despaired of at last accounts.

The September number of the Oregon Farmer came to hand much improved. It has two very neat cuts representing Oregon fruit, besides the reading matter is quite interesting.

We have news from the Dalles that Maj. Garnett had again encountered the Indians. He fell in with them on the Okanogan and killed half a dozen of them without losing a man.

The news from Fraser River is of no great interest although quite a number are said to be doing very well since the fall of the water.

The rascal who stole a neck-yoke from our wagon near the parsonage, will please return it, unless he thinks he can do better by keeping it.

A revolution has taken place in the Society Islands, the King dethroned, and an offer made to Mr. Owner, the American Consul, to place the country under the protection of the United States, or for the admission of the Islands into the Union as a sovereign State, without asking anything for themselves, and without demanding anything like purchase-money, or making any stipulation. Mr. Owner accepted their letter, and promised to forward it to Washington.

Hon. D. L. Gregg, for the past four years the worthy U. S. Commissioner at the Sandwich Islands, has been made Minister of Finance by King Kamehameha IV. The King has granted Mr. Gregg letters of denization, giving him the privileges of a subject.

Charles F. M. Noland, long the editor of the Batesville (Ark.) Eagle, and whose writings over the signature of 'Pete Whetstone' are known throughout the Southwest, died lately at Little Rock, Arkansas, aged 46 years. His disease was consumption. 'Fent' was one of the noblest spirits that ever lived.

TUALATIN NAVIGATION.—By reference to advertisement, it will be seen that the Hoosier No. 3 will commence running on Monday week.

Senator Bright of Indiana has joined the Roman Catholic church.

The Spiritual Register in giving the number of spiritualists in the United States, puts Oregon down at 1,000.

Several communications are laid over till we get time to examine them.

From Walla-Walla, Walla-Walla, Aug. 9, 1858.

FRIEND ADAMS: I snatch a moment from the onerous duties of a miner en route to the "fountain head of gold" to communicate with you. I have but little leisure time for writing, as you, who are an old miner yourself, well know. What between the time spent in watching the "Durhams" in cooking, eating, smoking, telling yarns, and sleeping, I have of course few moments left for taking items. To please a hundred friends in the Willamette Valley who importuned me to write, I am now seated to address them all at once through a paper which everybody that is anybody reads.

Our wagon train reached here three days ago without the slightest accident. A great many packers had reached here in advance of us, and still they come. The whole crowd will probably leave here to-morrow, or as soon as Gen. Palmer returns from Col. Wright's camp. Thirteen companies of soldiers are to be sent out, a portion of which is said to be crossing Snake River now, near the mouth of Palouse River. They propose paying Col. Steptoe's old friends a visit, and it is expected they will meet with a warm reception. How and Skloom, with all of the Yakima braves, have all gone up by way of Priest's Rapids. They tried hard to get the Indians at Priest's Rapids to go with them, but the chief refused to go, when How's son killed him. A few others were also killed and about 200 horses driven off. Mashell, who lives at the Rapids, brings this news, and also says that the Yakimas are infesting the trail we shall travel, and will probably give us battle. We shall number not less than three hundred, many however badly armed; yet we shall not go much out of our way to avoid them. Dave McLoughlin has passed on to the mines safely, so far as is known. An Indian who went out as guide returned

after they reached Okanogan. This Indian thinks we will have difficulty now in passing through their country, as the Indians are near our trail. Capt. Robertson, who was driven from the Yakima some time since, passed on up the Columbia on the north side a few days since, keeping near the mountains. He must of course have found no paying diggings.

Kamaiaikin, or some other tier, has made a requisition for more beef cattle. They took thirty head of oxen. A company of dragoons went in pursuit, but their horses gave out and they returned to the Fort.

We leave here this morning, taking with us ten Indians as guides.

No gold news.

Yours, in haste,  
J. S. RINEARSON.

## Laying of the Atlantic Telegraph!

Three unsuccessful attempts were made to lay the Telegraph cable. On the first attempt about ten miles of cable were lost, on the second about 120 miles, and on the 28th of June the cable was again joined, and about 250 miles were paid out, when communication ceasing to be received on board the Niagara, the cable was parted. When the communication ceased, it was considered that the opportunity might as well be availed of to test the strength of the cable. Accordingly, this immense vessel, with all her stores, &c., was allowed to swing to the cable, and, in addition, a strain of four tons was placed upon the breaks, yet, although it was blowing fresh at the time, the cable held her as if she had been at anchor for over an hour, when a heavy pitch of the sea snapped the rope, and the Niagara bore away for Queens-town. On the arrival of the Agamemnon at that port, it was resolved to start again for a final attempt to lay the cable, on the 17th of July, there still being, on both ships, 2,500 miles of the cable left.

## The Atlantic Telegraph a Fixed Fact.

At one o'clock, p. m., of the 5th Aug., the N. Y. Herald issued an extra, announcing the arrival of the Niagara and Gorgon at Trinity Bay, Newfoundland. The cable was being landed, and the connection with the Agamemnon was perfect. The Herald says:

"The news from Newfoundland is almost too good to be true. The Atlantic cable is laid! The United States steam frigate Niagara, Capt. Hudson, and British war steamer Gorgon, Capt. Dayman, arrived at Trinity Bay, yesterday, and the Atlantic cable, the working of which is perfect, is being landed to-day."

"All we can hope for now is that the above important and exciting intelligence is true, that the Agamemnon and Valorous will succeed in landing their cable safely at Valentia Bay."

"This news will send an electric shock throughout the world."

The Agamemnon and Valorous were within one hundred miles of the Irish coast.

MR. BUCHANAN'S EXTRAVAGANCE.—The Richmond Whig thus tersely exhibits the gigantic extravagance of the present Administration. The picture is as accurate as it is strongly portrayed:

"Only think of it, fellow citizens! Mr. Buchanan has only been in office since 4th March, 1857—a period of sixteen months, and, in that time, he has spent all the current revenue of the country, and in addition thereto SEVENTEEN MILLIONS which General Pierce left in the Treasury—and TWENTY MILLIONS of treasury notes, and TWENTY MILLIONS of borrowed money, and is now borrowing a third sum of TWENTY MILLIONS—making the grand aggregate of SEVENTY-SEVEN MILLIONS of dollars over and above the current revenues, spent in less than two years! This is a fair beginning, certainly, for a party which is always vociferous in favor of economy! "If this thing is tolerated by the people, when and where will it end? Van Buren spent about forty millions a year, and the people rose up, almost as one man, and hurled him from office! If he deserved such a rebuke for his extravagance, what is to be the measure of reprobation due to the present administration whose expenditures are more than double?"

BURNING OF THE "LOG CABIN" OF "OLD TIPPECANOE."—The "old North Bend Mansion House," the "log cabin of Old Tip," rich with reminiscences, historic, almost classic, of world-wide celebrity, famous in song and story, was burned to the ground lately. It was occupied by the family of Col. Wm. H. H. Taylor, son-in-law of President Harrison, who barely escaped with their lives, saving only their night clothes.

The Christian Register states that the Catholic authorities in Italy being unable to prevent the faithful from reading Uncle Tom's Cabin, have so altered the plot in the last edition, as to represent the old negro dying a martyr to his firm belief in the Immaculate Conception.

The Charleston Mercury says that "if the recent meetings for the reception of Senator Crittenden in Kentucky, are a reflex of the feelings and opinions of the people of that State, she may as well be stricken from the roll of Southern States."

The Richmond South favors the reelection of James Buchanan to the Presidency. It says he is "the only candidate whom the Southern people could hope to elect in 1860."

A petition to the Postmaster General has been got up at Knoxville, Tenn., requesting him to discontinue the Sunday mail through East Tennessee. Similar petitions are said to be on foot between Richmond and New Orleans.

To get rid of the smell of oily paint, put a handful of hay in a pail of water, and let it stand in a room newly painted.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.—Late accounts from Mexico advise us of the rumored abdication of Zuloaga, who had left the city of Mexico, handing over the Government to Canto and two Bishops. San Luis Potosi had been captured, and a number of prisoners taken. The prospects of the Constitutionists were believed to be very flattering. The people in England begin to think that the fate of the Spanish race on the American continent is no longer doubtful—"as a ruling race, it is doomed to inevitable extinction." The Morning Herald (London) thinks Mexico must fall under the protectorate of the United States, and it adds:—"When the Republic of the Sierra Madre—should it be erected, comes to take its place alongside of its sister province, Texas, under the Star Spangled Banner of the great North American Union, who will venture to say, that its own interests, and the interests of humanity have not been benefited."

THE EXPEDITION AGAINST PARAGUAY.—The Administration has not yet decided who the man is to be, who is to earn the \$10,000 appropriated by Congress for the special Minister to Paraguay.—He must speak Spanish, and probably may have to walk Spanish also.

The Secretary of the Navy is diligently at work preparing the Expedition, which will consist of five or six ships, and are to be under the command of Capt. Page. The Dolphin, Bainbridge, Perry, Water Witch, or Fulton, and Harriet Lane will most probably be the fleet destined for the Paraná, and is considered powerful enough to enforce our demands upon the offending little Republic, should President Lopez remain stubborn.—When it is taken into consideration that our fleet will have to pass a fort of a hundred guns, handled by French officers, backed up by an army of twelve thousand men, our Jack Tars will have their hands full, but they will succeed if a conflict ensues, as these amalgamists cannot fight, neither have they Sharp's rifles or Yankee courage. It is however to be hoped that "the pen" will settle all amicably.

THE INDIAN WAR.—The War Department feels disinclined to call out volunteers from the Pacific, as urged by Messrs. Stevens and Lane. Colonel Clark's regiment of the Sixth Infantry, now with General Johnston in Utah, has been ordered to proceed by the overland route in Oregon. This, with recruits from New York, and the disposable force on the Pacific, will make an aggregate of over two thousand men.

The intelligence received at Washington authorizes the opinion that a general Indian outbreak may be anticipated in Washington and Oregon Territories, and preparations are making on that supposition.

THE U. S. TREASURY.—The Secretary of the Treasury is anticipating sufficient receipts from the ordinary sources of revenue to meet all the expenses of the Government. The receipts from customs at New York averaged nearly one hundred and fifty thousand dollars per day during the past week, and this week that amount will be overran. As New York furnishes about two-thirds of the whole revenue, the estimated receipts are now twelve hundred thousand dollars per week, or at the rate of \$62,000,000 per annum.—This being the case, it is probable that no portion of the authorized loan will be negotiated. It is a singular fact, under the present tariff, that while the amount of dutiable goods is much less, the amount of revenue received from them is greater. The enormous receipts at the New York Custom House (\$260,000) on July 31, and the previous gradual increase, satisfies Secretary Cobb that he will not have to negotiate the ten millions of the authorized loan not yet advertised. The ten millions for which proposals have been asked will be negotiated as advertised.

THE Washington correspondent of the New York Times furnishes the official reply of Lord Malmesbury to Mr. Dallas, who had called the attention of the British government to the apprehended difficulties at Vancouver Island, touching the passage of our citizens into the gold regions. Lord Malmesbury assures Mr. Dallas that the British government are disposed to deal liberally with the citizens of the United States who may desire to proceed to that quarter of the British possessions. But it would be necessary, in the first place, to look into the legal claims of the Hudson Bay Company in connection with this question. Private advices have been sent to Governor Douglas, cautioning him to exercise the utmost discretion with regard to restrictive measures and urging upon him a liberal policy.

TROOPS FOR OREGON.—In army orders, issued by General Harney, from Headquarters of the troops for Utah, July 12th, the following occurs: The troops designed in general orders to continue the march to Utah and Oregon, viz: Brevel Major Reynolds's Company C, 3d Artillery; the 6th and 7th Regiments of Infantry, and all the recruits on duty, with any of the columns, whether attached or organized temporarily into companies, will proceed in the order of their present positions, and with similar organizations and the same designations as the columns to which they have hitherto belonged; and all officers and enlisted men belonging to troops in advance will report to the commanders of the columns with which they have previously been on duty, in order that they may accompany them, unless otherwise specially ordered.

THE PROPOSED NEW STATE.—We find in the Ontonagon Advocate a call for a Convention at Ontonagon on the 25th of August, to consider the propriety of forming a new Territorial Government with a view to the creation of a State, embracing the upper Peninsula of Michigan, the northern part of Wisconsin and the Lake counties of Minnesota.

Although Col. Benton died at the advanced age of 76, yet he lived long enough to witness the realization of the prediction which he made in the Senate thirty-two years ago, in a speech on his bill to graduate the price of Public Land: "The valley of the Mississippi will be filled up; the barriers of the Rocky Mountains will be passed; the boundary of the Pacific will be reached; the circumference of the Globe will be completed; the oldest and the youngest people will be brought together, and the emigration of the human race will stop where it began, on the borders and confines of the Celestial Empire."

THE CONDITION OF THE THAMES.—Such is the poisoned and filthy state of the Thames, at London, that the fish are sickened, and become so helpless that they can be taken out with the hands. On being placed in pure water they revive. An officer of health writes to the Times that the aspect and odor of an open sewer is not so offensive or unhealthy as the Thames, for the reason that there is a constant agitation and whipping up of its filthy contents by steamboats. He proposes that the traffic between the bridges by steamboats be stopped entirely, and their proprietors compensated.

Jean Paul certainly understood woman-kind remarkably well. He says that "female hearts are like Spanish houses; having more doors than windows, is much easier to get into, than to see into." Thou sayest well, O Jean Paul; it is even so.

Parson Brownlow has found an Anti-slavery champion who accepts his challenge to a discussion of Southern institutions. The "meeting" is to take place at Philadelphia on the 7th of September. Rev. Abraham Payne, a Congressional minister in New York, is the Parson's opponent.

The Free Lovers of New York city and vicinity, under the lead of an ex-Rev. Mr. Tyler, have organized the "Equitable Emigration Association," with a view to emigrating to some island of the Pacific.

A false friend is like a shadow on a dial; it appears in clear weather, but vanishes as soon as a cloud appears.

FOURTH OF JULY TOAST BY A BACHELOR.—The Ladies.—Our stars before marriage, our stripes after.

## MARRIED:

On Sunday, Aug. 29, 1858, by W. D. Woodcock, Esq., Mr. John Griffen to Miss Elizabeth Vance, both of this county.

On Wednesday evening, Sept. 8, 1858, by Rev. G. H. Atkinson, DANIEL O'NEILL, Esq., of Melbourne, Australia, to Miss MINNIE A. HOLMES, eldest daughter of Wm. Holmes, Esq., of this county.

## PAINTING.

BEING permanently located in Oregon City, I take this method of informing the citizens of this vicinity and the adjoining country that I am always prepared to do

HOUSE, ORNAMENTAL, AND SIGN PAINTING,

on the most favorable terms. Having followed the business for many years, I am confident that I can give entire satisfaction to my customers.

Shop one door above the Oregon City Drug Store.

C. MURRAY.

Sept. 11, 1858.

## TUALATIN NAVIGATION.

### NOTICE TO SHIPPERS!

THE LIGHT-DRAUGHT STEAMER HOOSIER No. 3

will positively commence running on the Tualatin ON MONDAY, SEPT. 20, 1858, and will run during the season as far as the river is navigable.

Sept. 11/58

## LETTER PAPER—\$3 per year, at CITY BOOK STORE.

ANY one having Prince's MELODEONS with broken reeds, can have them replaced by sending to CITY BOOK STORE.

## Disolution.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned and JAMES L. BROWN, dissolved on the 14th day of August last, by the death of the latter.

The entire interest of said BROWN's estate has been purchased by the undersigned, and the business will be continued by him at their old stand, the United States Hotel, in Oregon City.

WM. MAYES.

Oregon City, Sept. 3, 1858.

J. C. KINCHLEY. E. T. REED.

## KINGSLEY & REED,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF

CALIFORNIA, AMERICAN & ENGLISH

SADDLERS,

Buggy, Carriage, and Team Harness, Bridles,

Whips, Saddles, Horse-Covers, Blankets, Carriage-Combs, Fly-Nets,

Brushes, and Crockery.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

California Saddle-Trees, Stirrups, and all kinds of Goods kept at a first-class establishment.

Work made to order, and repairing done with care and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Front street, between Washington & Alder.

sep. 4, '58.

## Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Clatsop county, O. T., on the estate of R. E. Ransom, deceased, late of said county. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are required to present them to me, sworn to as the law directs, within one year from the date.

NOAH LAMBERT.

Sept. 4, 1858-21w3 Adm'r.

## For Sale.

A LIGHT WAGON, on steel springs, for one horse or two.

W. L. ADAMS.

## For Sale.

THIRTY-THREE acres of LAND adjoining Oregon City, on Wm. Holmes's claim.—It is a beautiful location, and considerable clearing has been done on it. I will sell low. In my absence, apply to A. Holbrook.

THEO. WYGANT.

Oregon City, Aug. 28, 1858.

## GREAT INDUCEMENTS!

I HAVE now at my old stand in this city a pretty heavy assortment of DRY GOODS, consisting of

## Ready-made Clothing.

Ladies' Dress Goods, such as French merinos, delaines, alpaca, &c., &c. I keep all kinds of goods that may be called for in my line, which will be sold very low for cash.

Before you make a final purchase, be sure to call and examine my stock, and save money for I am determined to beat the Jews selling goods, and no mistake. The times are such as to require economy in all business, and if you can economize by making your purchases of such as sell the most and best goods for the money paid, why not do it? Don't make a mistake and get into a few shins (that don't advertise), but inquire for

EUGENE LA FOREST.

P. S.—Those indebted to me are earnestly solicited to pay up, as I am still human, and cannot well get along without money.

Oregon City, Aug. 28, 1858.

E. L. F.

## McMinnville Property for Sale.

I WISH to sell a house and lot with barn and outbuildings in McMinnville, Yamhill county. The location is a desirable one for any person wishing to stop in this beautiful village, which is fast rising into importance on account of its superior educational advantages.

Terms easy.

Aug. 28, 1858.

O. H. ADAMS.

## JOHN A. POST,

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

OREGON CITY, O. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a

general assortment of

MISCELLANEOUS and

SCHOOL BOOKS;

also, a fine assortment of

STATIONERY, & EVERYTHING ELSE

generally kept in his line of business.

CALL AT THE DOOR OF THE

CITY BOOK-STORE.

Aug. 21, 1858.

25w

CARPETS, Oil cloth, and Chinese matting at T. JOHNSON'S.

A SPRING CARRIAGE, for one or two horses, for sale by T. JOHNSON.

Printed Works, FINE assortment, just received by J. A. POST.