

Great Paper.

We notice a flaming prospectus in this city, printed in mammoth type, full of sound and fury, signifying a good deal. It is the prospectus of a Buchanan campaign paper called the New York Day Book.

So let the black democracy, who worship "niggers" because they will probably be worth \$5,000, and strive to degrade free white laborers to the level of "niggers," understand that the issue is fairly made up between us, and while it is the sole province of modern democracy, to raise the price of niggers, and degrade free white laborers, we shall continue in the old fashioned democratic sort of way to plead the cause of the hard-handed yeomanry of the country, who make their bread by their own honest toil.

From the North.

We learn from passengers from the Dalles that Gov. Stevens was still in the Walla Walla country. The prospect seemed to be that none but the Nez Percés would take part in the council.

From the South.

Since the Indians have been removed from Rogue River, the citizens, many of them, have gone to "prospecting" in the mines, in order to retrieve in a measure their lost fortunes.

Correction.

An article appeared in our paper last week over the signature of H. K. Hines, which would have received some attention from us if we had been at home.

As to the apology of Mr. H. for the Advocate in putting the present Administration, through the New England correspondent, by saying that the correspondence might have been published on our oft-boasted principle of "giving both sides," it looks to us rather lame, when the fact is known that the article was paraded before the public as from "our correspondent," without a word of dissent from the sentiments of the article, and that the paper has always happened, so far as we and others have noticed, to contain one-sided articles puffing black democracy, when the "other side" has been carefully excluded.

Congress.

No appropriations have been made yet toward paying the war debt. The "Mary Ann of the Mexican war," our efficient (I) delegate, has got his nose finally sewed to the coat tail of the chivalrous Brooks, and by packing another challenge from Brooks to Burlingame of Mass., he has become so identified with the disgraceful conduct of Brooks that he has little or no influence in Congress.

Sancho Panza of Brooks, has committed an act which in Oregon would consign him to the Penitentiary. Brooks backed out of the fight because Campbell, the second of Burlingame, selected Canada as the arena of conflict.

A Short Chapter of Accidents.

During our recent visit to Polk county, with our better half and three little ones, we were blessed with about enough of what is commonly called bad luck to satisfy one poor editor for several months at least; but perhaps no more than enough to make an offset for the satisfaction we enjoyed in seeing so many of our old friends.

On last Tuesday night the house in Canemah owned by S. K. Barlow, Esq., and occupied by Capt. L. White, was accidentally fired and burnt to the ground.

Still another fire.

While we were writing in our sanctum last Thursday afternoon, some children who were at play in a log house in rear of the blacksmith shop near our office, ignited a match and threw it into a bunch of straw on the floor, and ran into the street crying fire.

Electoral Vote.

The following table gives the electoral vote of each State, the number of electors to which each State is entitled being equal to the number of Senators and Representatives in Congress:

Table with 2 columns: State and Electoral Vote. Lists states from Maine to California with their respective electoral votes.

From this it will appear that if Fremont loses Penn., he must carry every other free State to secure an election.

"I called upon Mr. Adams of the Oregon Argus he said he had advocated war through a misapprehension of facts."—Mr. Beeson's letter in the N.Y. Tribune.

The old gentleman is entirely mistaken. We never told him so; but told him that we had always had abundant evidence to satisfy us that the war was unavoidable, and just in the main, while we were willing to concede what he contended for, that "the whites were the aggressors" in the first place, as they always have been in every Indian war on record.

tenor of his article goes strongly to implicate our people in the prosecution of an unjust and wicked war. We believe him to be honest at heart, and filled with nothing but the kindest Christian feelings toward all men, friends and foes; but in his overweening Indian philanthropy he has become so warped in his judgment and feelings, that he would hardly be qualified to become an impartial historian of events connected with the past history of our country.

A Man with a Soul.

Last Thursday, one of our delinquent subscribers, a poor man who works hard for a living, came into our office and paid for Vols. 1 and 2 of The Argus, remarking that he "shouldn't have paid us yet awhile, as he was very hard run, if he hadn't heard of our bad luck, but now he knew we needed all our dues."

This man is no professor of Christianity, but we think him much nearer the kingdom of heaven than many men who cry Lord! Lord! and withhold from a poor printer his honest dues.

"We charged him [Mr. Beeson] \$12, which sum he promised to pay, but he went off without doing it."—Statesman.

The money is in the hands of your agent, F. S. Holland, and has been ever since Mr. Beeson left.

The Logic of Judas Revived.

"A man will have to be a better disciple than we are, or any we know of, not to disregard the Scripture injunction to 'look not upon the wine when it is red.'"—Statesman.

Just so thought that other "disciple" Judas when he looked upon the thirty pieces of silver. Your "not knowing any other disciple" who would refuse to "take a dram behind the door," is quite a left-handed compliment to those friends of yours over the way, who have long occupied "high grounds" on temperance.

Walnuts.

Although Oregon has the fewest nut-bearing trees of any country we ever lived in, we see that some of our enterprising nurserymen are about to supply the lack of some of them.

He Caves In.

Several weeks have now elapsed since we denied the truth of a statement Mattoon said he got from "Bro. Boyakin," and called on him to get Boyakin to substantiate it.

Mistake Corrected.

We stated several weeks since that the Kansas Investigating committee had discovered from the poll books that Mr. Oliver, member of Congress from Missouri, had gone over with the invaders in the spring of 1855, and voted at the election then held in Kansas.

By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Wm. Holmes & Co. have determined, at last, to "do business up brown." We have found from experience, that clothing can be bought there cheaper, than at any jew store in the city.

Retired.

The Standard says that our old friend S. T. McKean at Astoria, has gone to raising peas with remarkable success. He got one vine (he doesn't state whether there were any peas on it or not) over eight feet long. We think he would succeed well with "Kinderhook Kabbage."

Congress adjourned on the 18th of last month, according to a resolution of both Houses. The next mail will bring the closing proceedings.

G. W. Lambert at Lebanon, and Milton Tuttle at Forest Grove, are authorized to receipt for The Argus.

Family Matter Gone.

We notice that the Statesman has misunderstood our meaning, and taken that "family matter" out of its columns. Dr. Canpkay will be mortified at this; and in consequence of it the patrons of that sheet will probably think the price of the paper ought to be again reduced.

The seventeen extra weeks the advertisement was printed, have we hear entitled the editor to "draw" on the Dr. for that many extra bottles of medicine, which will soon be distributed among its patrons at the various "Points."

WASHINGTON, July 29, 1856.

The young man, Jarboe, tried to day in the Criminal Court for the murder of Nalley by shooting him for the seduction of his sister, has been acquitted. The Jury were only out about fifteen minutes, and on the announcement of the verdict the crowd expressed their joy by excessive applause, and eagerly pressed forward to congratulate the avenger of his sister's wrongs.

The above which we clip from the N. Y. Tribune furnishes another instance in proof of the need of laws to punish debauchees, and thereby obviate the necessity of injured parties taking the law into their own hands.

We repeat we want more stringent legislation to protect unsuspecting innocence, unguarded by proper training, conscience, and good hard sense.

The new boat built at Canemah by Cochran, Cassady & Co. for the Yamhill trade is being rapidly pushed towards completion, and will be ready for the trade before long.

Patrons of the Press.

Dr. Davis and his excellent lady, of Independence, Polk county, must be the greatest readers in that section. The Dr. is a regular subscriber to nine different papers and pamphlets, besides paying for six copies of the Argus, five of which he sends to his friends in the States.

The Jennie Clark has undergone thorough repairs and is again running between Portland and the Clackamas rapids. The river is too low to allow of boats coming to this city.

State Elections.

The following States hold elections previous to the Presidential election in November. We shall hear from seven of these States by the next Steamer:

Table with 3 columns: State, Date, and Election Type. Lists states like Kentucky, Alabama, Texas, etc. with their election dates.

Annual Meeting of Disciples.

The annual meeting of delegates from the congregations of Disciples in the Willamette valley, met at Monmouth, Polk county, O. T., Sept. 5th, 1856.

A committee of arrangements was appointed, consisting of W. Dawson, G. O. Burnett, Hiram Johnson, McWaller and J. E. Murphy.

Twenty-six churches only were represented by delegates, leaving several small congregations not reported. The whole number of communicants in regular standing among the churches heard from, was 1,110.

Communications were received and read from the following churches: Pleasant Hill, Lane Co.; Monmouth, Polk Co.; Antioch, Yamhill Co.; McMinnville, Yamhill Co.; Liberty, in Lane and Benton counties; Clear Creek, Lane Co.; Bethel, Polk Co.; Molalla, Clackamas Co.; French Prairie, Marion Co.; Silver Creek, Marion Co.; Amity, Yamhill Co.; Chehalam, Yamhill Co.; Liberty, Lane Co.; Mill Creek, Marion Co.; Clear Lake, Lane Co.; Pleasant Hill, Polk Co.; North Fork, Yamhill Co.; Eola, Polk Co.; South Fork of Santiam; Tualatin Washington Co.; Sand Ridge, Linn Co.; Antioch, Benton Co.; and Mohawk, Linn Co.

A committee of three, consisting of G. O. Burnett, W. L. Adams, and James R. Fisher, was appointed to report at the meeting to be held at Bethel, Polk County, on Saturday before the first Lord's day in October, 1856, upon the expediency of starting a religious paper.

In compliance with a call for help from Washington Territory, it was agreed to send A. V. McCarty and James R. Fisher as evangelists to labor in said Territory for three months, the delegates present pledging their churches to provide for the families of these evangelists during their absence from home, and to make up the balance of the compensation agreed upon as soon as they return, after deducting the amounts they shall report as having already received from all other sources, provided they labor for the time specified.

Upon motion, it was unanimously resolved to memorialize the A. B. Union to appoint some other agent in Oregon than C. H. Mattoon, Dr. McBride, and J. E. Murphy as an alternate, were appointed to correspond with the Bible Union, and lay before them the wishes of the delegates.

It was also resolved to recommend to the churches in Oregon to exercise great caution in receiving members from other congregations, who come without recom-

mendations from the churches to which they were formerly attached.

It was agreed to hold the next annual meeting at McMinnville, Yamhill county, beginning on Thursday before the second Lord's day in Sept. 1856.

It was also agreed to hold a meeting at Mill Creek, beginning on Thursday before the fourth Lord's day in June, 1857. Also a general meeting at Silver Creek, beginning on Thursday before the third Lord's day in June, 1857. Also one at Pleasant Hill, Lane county, to commence on Thursday before the fourth Lord's day in June, 1857; also one at McMinnville, commencing on Thursday before the second Lord's day in October next.

It was agreed to request the editor of the Oregon Argus to publish so much of an abstract of the proceedings of this meeting as he may deem advisable.

FALSE OATH.—The New York Evening Mirror, of the 26th June, says:

A meeting was held last evening, in the small chapel of the New York University, to take measures tending to check the crime of false swearing, which, it is feared, exists, and is fast increasing, in our civil and criminal courts.

[From the New York Herald.]

The New York Herald and the South.

Since we have taken an interest in the present political revolution which is sweeping like a tornado over the country, against all the old factions of the last twenty years, and favoring the development of new parties, new principles and new men, more suitable to the times in which we live, we have received a great many notices from our contemporaries throughout the Union some of them not very complimentary in many respects, but almost all of them ignorant, superficial and shallow.

[From the New York Day Book.]

Bennett's Herald is fast losing subscribers since the unaccountable whim that carried it over to the black republican cause.

Perhaps Mr. Bennett will see the day when he will repent that he turned traitor to all his former professions, and rue the time when he commenced abusing the South and the democratic party. He may find that niggerism, though good for the Tribune readers, will nauseate too many of the Herald's old subscribers to make it profitable for him to administer.

[From the South Carolina Times.]

The opinion of the "Day Book," as expressed above, will receive very little countenance in the South, and especially in South Carolina. The readers of the New York Herald will continue to patronize it, without any regard to the shifting or abolition sentiments which may appear in its columns against the institutions and people of the South.

We have very little, if any, confidence in Northern politicians, journalists or preachers. They are not to be trusted, and we doubt not that the New York Day Book would, if a sufficient sum were offered, soon take position and lead in the unholy war which is being waged against the South and her institutions, notwithstanding its efforts to impress upon her people that it runs with the hare.

There seems to be a good deal of sense in the view taken of the matter by our South Carolina contemporary. The idle stuff promulgated by the shallow politicians attached to the Buchanan staff, as to the Herald's losing subscribers in Philadelphia and the South in consequence of