dependants to provide for-no old fogy notions to hamper him this way or that way. this democratic conspiracy at Washington to lay Mr. Buchanan upon the shelf, and to the unpledged, uncliqued and wholly Southern Mr. Breckiuridge, of Kentucky.

This startling movement upon the demcoratic chess board opens before us a new feld of discoveries. To Col. Fremont it will be like a lookout from some high mountain top over the variegated face of some new country, enabling him to see at a glance "the lay of the land" over a suricial area of thousands of square miles. The fact is, that as Fremont is pre-eminently a nomination from the people, he must be elected by the people, or he will be de-feated by the Southern Know Nothing and democratic politicians if they get him into the House, at Washington. They have all their plans arranged for setting Fremont, make room for Mr. Breckinridge. Let the people see to it, and they may save these politicians the trouble. Fremont—we re-Know Nothing; and if the conventions of these parties have adopted him, they have but fallen in behind the movement of the press. Considering Fremont as holding this independent position before the coun-try, we shall keep the whip over both Know Nothings and nigger worshipers, as rigorously as Gov. Wise holds it over Mr. Buchanan in reference to the increased cash value of good healthy niggers, from one thousand to five thousand dollars apiece. The democracy are pretty thoroughly

frightened. The ferocious war they are snaking upon Fremont-the terrible flounderings of Mr. Douglas and Company with their Kansas bills-and, lastly, this Washington conspiracy in anticipation of having the election carried up to Congress-all show that the usually "unterrified democracy" are badly scared. And well may they be; for all the old party landmarks are done away with, the masses of the penple have liberated themselves from the shackles of party regencies and party organs, and are free, and it is very evident they are going their own way.

In this connection the rapidly extending popularity of Fremont is the most romantic feature of his somentic life. We have never seen anything like it before. Like the Niagara river, this fur re for Fremont scens to be carrying everything with it, and we shouldn't wonder if all the old political backs of the day, and old party platforms and party machinery, were to turn up among the ruins of the Presidential election like the remains of the old barrels, boxes, logs and boards that have been carried over Niagara Falls, and through the Whirlpool down into Lake Ontario-all broken up into kindling wood.

Truly this is the age of revolutions; but the end is not yet. We must stand by the people.

BANSAS. The Dispersion of the Kansas Free-State Legislature-How it was done.

From the Chicago Democratic Press. Topena, K. T., July 5, 1856. Yesterday was marked by one of the most outrageous occurrences that mark our national annals. Franklin Pierce, not con-Federal troops rode into town in battle ar-ray and dispersed the Legislature. his papers;" he exhibited his commission, and the doorkeeper let him pass.

A great Mass Convention had been called to assemble at Topeka. Owing to the political troubles and insecurity in the Territory it was not so generally attended as had been expected, but there were about 1,000 persons, men and women, there. Col. Summer had been collecting a large

military force in the neighborhood of Topeka, and as it was reported that he intended to drive out the Legislature and disperse the people assembled, with his troops, considerable excitement prevailed. At a'clock in the forenoon of yesterday, United States Marshal Donaldson came into Topeka, accompanied by Judge Elmore. He stated that he had a communication to make. The President of the Convention, Mr. Currier, of Leavenworth, invited them both to the stand, when Donaldson said he had a proclamation to make, and got Judge Elmore to read first a copy of the President's last February proclamation, then Shannon's June proclamation, which he read from a little piece of scissoring from a newspaper, and lastly the proclamation by the Acting Governor of Kanses, from Acting Governor Woodson and Col. Sum-

Having read this to the Convention, the Marshal asked if they had any message to carry back to Col. Sumner. The President of the Convention told him that this was not the Legislature, but a public Convention, and that they had no reply to make. The Marshal and Judge Elmore departed.

It was nearly noon. The Convention was still busily at work. The hour for the companies of Topeka, which had been on drill, were drawn up in front of the legisplace echo with martial strains, when upwards of two hundred dragoons, under Col. in three squadrons, with drawn sabres and martial array, dashed up toward the legis- strous perversion of the office he disgraced. lative building, where the two companies were drawn up. The two companies nobly kept their ground, and the musicians were playing in the finest style, as the dragoons dashed upon them. The shrill voice of Col. Summer was heard crying, "First squadron form into line," and as the troops under that and other orders formed into buttle array around the ball, and along the street facing it, the crowds in the street, and those at the Convention, saw a couple of cannon posted up the street on a rise about one hundred vards off, where they had just been planted, with their muzzles pointing the whole, which was assented to. down the street, the gunners at their stations, and the slow matches lighted and

Colonel Sumner was evidently much agitated, but stern, and his soldiers all look-He is young and fresh, and walks without ed as if they expected terrible doings.—
crutches. Hence, doubtless, the origin of Having got his force disposed as he wanted, Col. Sumner, seeing there was no appearance of either flight or resistance, dismountcarry over his head into the White House, ed from his horse. He was at once informed that the companies drawn up in front of the Hall-were there merely to receive a benner from the ladies. He said that he did not wish to interfere with their assembling on the Fourth of July. Three cheers were given for Col. Sunner; Mr. Redpath shouted, "Three cheers for Gov. Robinson," which were given with a will; and some one else cried, "Three cheers for liberty," which was also heartily cheered,-Col. Sumper entered the hall of the Legis. lature, and the crowd rushed in behind him and soon filled it. The Speaker was absent, and Mr. S. F. Tappan, first Clerk, rose and called order by striking with the gavel on the desk. It was scarcely 12 o'clock, and the Legislature had not yet Buchanan and Fillmore aside, in order to convened when Sumner entered. He went up to the platform and they offered kim a chair, which he pulled to one side, saying, "Do you want to make a Speaker of me?" peat it—is a candidate from the people.— [Great laughter and shouts from the crowd.]
He is neither a nigger worshiper nor a Mr. Tappan, in a strong, sonorous voice, Mr. Tappan, in a strong, sonorous voice, proceeded to call the roll, and as there was not a quorum, he called the Sergeant-at-Arms to bring in absentees. He again independent people and the independent called the roll, and Mr. Pratt, Recording Clerk, then called it and marked absentees. Only seventeen answered to the call, although there were some thirty-three, more than a quorum, in or about the house .-Sumner who is doubtless better versed in

> Several ladies were present. Col. Sumner rose and said :

GENTLEMEN: I am called upon to-day to perform the most painful duty of my whole life. Under the authority of the President's proclamation, I am here to disperse this Legislature, and therefore inform you that you cannot meet. I, therefore, order you to disperse. God knows that I have no party feeling in this matter, and will have none so long as I hold my present position in Kansas.

military than parliamentary tactics, thus permitted the Legislature to be convened

under his nose, while Donaldson, who had

squeezed into the crowded hall, looked on.

I have just returned from the borders. where I have been sending home companies of Missourians, and now I am ordered here to disperse you. Such are my orders, and you must disperse. I repeat that this is the most painful duty of my whole life." Judge Schuyler, who was in the hall,

asked the following question : "Col. Sumner, are we to understand that the Legislature are to be driven out at the

point of the bayonet?" Col. Sumper said : "I shall use all the force in my command to carry out my orders.

The Legislature was thus dispersed, and the Colonel left the half and got on his horse, but dismounted and returned, proceeded up stairs to the Senate Chamber, on learning that it was a distinct body.

Col, Sumper entered the Senate Chamber. There was a quorum present; the hour for convening had arrived, but the President of the Senate had not convened it when Sumner entered the hall. Orders had been issued the evening before to the doorkeeper to admit no visitors. The doorkeeper allowed Col. Sumner to enter, but told Marshal Donaldson he could not let him Hartford District; N. Morgan, Esq.; Hon. tent with all his previous infamy on Kan- in. Donaldson said he was United States sas affairs, consummated it by a crowning Marshal, and had official business. The New Haven, by the Democrats and many act of outrage on free institutions. The doorkeeper, Mr. Fuller, told him to "show others,

> Col. Sumner did not pause to inquire whether the Senate was or was not in session, but proceeded to tell them that by virtue of the orders of the President he was there to disperse them, and ordered them to disperse. Having said so, Col. Sumner looked at them to see how they took his announcement. The members of the Senate were standing in a circle, looking at him respectfully, but they did not move .-There was a long and disagreeable pause, which Sumner broke by asking :

"Well, gentlemen, do you consider yourselves dispersed !"
Mr. Thornton, President of the Senate,

replied thus: Col. Sumner, the Senate is not in session and cannot make any reply to you; neith-

er can any member of it. Mr. Thornton then asked if Col. Sumner.

after his orders to disperse, would permit them to convene, so as to receive any communication he might have to make. The Colonel said-No: my orders are

that you must not be permitted to meet,

and I cannot allow you to do any business. Marshal Donaldson, beginning to think that some advantage was about to be taken of the "Law and Order Party," stepped up and spoke. He confronted the members of the Senate, and holding his hat in one hand, and raising the other, gesticulated with the point of his finger, as he said in a tremulous, squeaking voice: "Well, I want all of you members to promise me that you won't meet here again any more, and if you won't"-and here J. B. D. shook meeting of the Legislature approached, and his head—"Fil arrest every one of ye-several of the members of the Legislature every member." This was monstrously outrageous. It was bad enough for the troops to break in with their cannon and sabres on the representatives of a free peodrill, were drawn up in front of the legislative hall to receive a banner from the
ladies. A band of music was stationed at
the end of the line, and was making the
had some five hundred dragoons at his back,

August 30, 1856.

Sabres on the representatives of a free peoine the assessment roll to correct mistakes, if any.
All persons interested are requested to attend.

C. F. BEATIE, Assessor.
August 30, 1856. the end of the line, and was making the had some five hundred dragoons at his back, was monstrous. If he had a writ to serve against any man it was his business to serve Sumner, galloped up, and entered the city it, no matter what they did, and if he had no writ-and he had none-it was a mon-

> The Senate paid no attention to him. One of the members of the Senate exhibited a little of the feeling that such trying circumstances may awaken, and said :-When my country calls me to disperse, by her troops, I yield to that authority."
>
> Here Hon, Mr. Pillsbury said: "Cel.
> Sumner, we are in no condition to resist the United States troops, and if you order

us to disperse, of course we must disperse."

Col. Allen said that he would suggest to his brother Senators that Mr. Pillsbury's statement be considered the expression of

Col. Sumner then left the hall. went down stairs, and just before he met burning. An army surgeon also came with the crowd that was anxiously waiting out-them, his case of instruments op-n and side, Col. Phillips, who had left the Senate ready for use. Three other companies of chamber with him, said aloud, "Colonel, dragoons at the same time approached the you have robbed Oliver Cromwell of his town from the other side, and were only laurels." Col. Sumner paused and regardconcealed while the force that entered came | ed Phillips with astonishment, as if he had up, by the strip of timber along the valley for the first time realized the importance of of the Kansas.

When he got out on the street he assured many of those who gathered around him that he did not wish to interfere with the Convention as then assembled there ; that he had merely been sent to disperse the Legislature, and recognized their right to meet on the 4th of July. Three cheers were again proposed by some one, for Col. Sumner, and given. Three cheers for John C. Fremont were then given.

At this point the dragoons were filed off in marching order, when three cheers were given for "the Topeka Constitution and the State Legislature." Some of the Pro-Sta-very officers looked round rather flercely when this was given, but Sumner's sharp voice was heard giving the order, "Forward -march," and just as that military band who, under the American flag, which waved from the hall of the Legislature, had committed one of the most grievous out rages recorded in our history, spurred their horses to leave the streets of Topeka, three groans were given for Franklin Pierce, and so deep and loud that it startled the horses of the troopers, and made them break from line as they defiled past.

When they left, the Free-State Convention resumed business, and the volunteers paraded the streets.

Minority Report of the Ennsas Investiga-

ting Committee. House, July 11 .- Mr. Oliver, of Missouri, from HOUSE, July 11.—Mr. Oliver, of Missouri, from the minority of the Kansas Investigating Commit-tee, in which he says, the resolution on which the Committee was raised, was simply to collect evi-dence and report it to the House, said he had no expectation of anything beyond this being done. He arraigns the report of the majority of the Committee as altogether exparts, remarking that many of its statement are without feet and testimany of its statements are without fact and testi-mony to support them. He states that the evidonce taken duly shows that Mr Whitfield was the duly elected Delegate in November, 1854, and that while the testimony was conflicting and directly contradictory on some points relative to the elecion in March 1855, for members of the Legislature, yet from the whole it clearly appears that the Anti-Slavery Party was in the minority in 14 out of 18 election districts. The aggregate votes cast for their candidates throughout the Territory, as they appear on the poll books, was short 800, while by the census taken in the Territory before, there were 2,005 legal votes without allowance for the immigration of bona fide settlers after the census and before the election. He states that there is no evidence of any force or violence used to prevent any man from voting in the entire Territory— no evidence of a single assault and battery about no evidence of a single assault and battery about voting on that day—no evidence of assailing in the slightest degree the correctness of Gov. Reeder's judgment in awarding certificates of election to the members of the Legislature.—That Legislature was a proper law-making body, and therefore its laws were valid as far as they were consistent with the Constitution of the United States and the organic act, and Mr. Whitfield being duly elected in pursuance of a law thus passed, is entitled to his seat. Mr. Oliver reviews at great length the existing troubles in Kansas, saving, from the evidence they are prop-Kansas, saying, from the evidence they are properly chargeable to the revolutionary movements of those who got up the Topska Convention, and who have pledged themselves to resist the laws

THE OLD LINE WHIGS OF CONNECTICUT. -The amalgamation of the Know Nothings with the Republicans in Connecticut has left the old line Whigs no alternative, says the Journal of Commerce, but either to abstain from taking any part in the presidential election, or uniting with the Democrats in the choice of Buchanan and Breckenridge. A large number of them will adopt the latter course. Among those who have publicly taken this position are Col. Hazard, late Chairman of the Whig Central Committee; Hon. Chas. Chapman, late Whig member of Congress from he Philip S. Galpin, recently elected Mayor of

Alex. Campbell, Esq., left on the las steamer for his residence in San Francisco.-Standard.

We observe now and then a man leaving the Territory in a fit of discouragement as to the future prospects of Oregon. * Leave us that class of population which retain some degree of elasticity. * * The other classes may leave us. They are but an incubus upon our prosperity at all events. They are generally remarkably good consumers of the wealth of a country, but they seldom produce its capital.—Standard.

Notice.

The regular annual meeting of the Oregon Association of Congregational and Presbyterian Churches will be held in the Congregational church in Oregon City, commencing at 10 a. m. of Thursday, Sept. 4th, 1853. THOMAS CONDON.

Albany, August8th, 1856.

Auction Sale.

ON MONDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER, P. M., WILL be sold at the office of JOHN EV-ANS, next door to Allan, McKinlay & Co., he following articles of HOUSEHOLD & OFFICE FURNITURE.

One French bedstead, hair mattress, belster, pilrobe, bed cover, earpeting, looking glass, hearth rug, brass fender, andirons, tongs, one cot bedstead, wash-stand, basin and ewer, one mahogany center table and cover, two small foilet tables, arm chair, rocking chair, wooden chairs, traveling trunks book case with drawers, cooking stove, etc.

Also, THREE HORSES, one a very gentle riding horse, suitable for ladies, the other two pack and farming horses, with pack saddles, riding sad-

dies, saddie bags, &c. Terms of sale—CASH. Oregon City, August 30, 1856.

Notice TS HEREBY GIVEN, that I will be at the office of the Auditor of Clackamas county, regon Territory, on the 13th of September next, from 9 o'clock a. s. till 4 o'clock P. s. of said day, nd with the assistance of said Auditor will exam

SONS OF TEMPERANCE - "Oregon Division No. 8 Sons of Temperance" meets every Friday evening at 7½ o'clock, at their new
Hall over the Drug Store.

17 Members of other Divisions are invited to attend.

R. S. BROUGHTON D R. S. BROUGHTON, R. S.

Aug. 23, 1556. Just Received,

A NEW and general assortment of DRY-GOODS, consisting of De Laines, Jaconet, Book Maslin, cross-barred Muslin, Edging, Inser-tion, Bablein Ladies' hose, collars, &c., &c. Also, BOOKS and STATIONERY.

CHARLES POPE, Jr.

Something New. W E, in addition to our Grocery and Baking business, have just received a good and well selected stock of DRY GOODS, such as well selected sock of DRY colors, wend, calicoes, muslins, mous de laines, satinctis, twend. Kentucky jeans, &c. &c. —also a good assortment of flannels, bed ticking, and drills, pecket hand-kerchiefs, neckerchiefs, &c. all of which we warrant to be of the best quality, and will sell as less can be bought at any other house in the city.—We say to the farmers, we can fill your bills completely, which we etely, which =" save you so much trouble in anning around elsewhere. Call and see. Aug. 16. CHARMAN & WARNER

GOOD grain sucks for sale chesp. by
CHARMAN 4 WARNER

TTO pick fancy shoes, either ladies' or gentlemen's, call at CHARMAN 4 WARNER'S.

POCKET and table cutlery of first quality, for

DO you want hate, good and cheap? Call at CHARMAN & WARNER'S. BRUSHES, scrub, hand, and tooth; do hair; paint brushes, &c., for sale at the store of CHARMAN 4 WARNER.

Probate Motice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mrs. Mary Jane Fauthner, administratrix of the estate of rew Jackson Cutting, late of Clackamas cour ty, deceased, has rendered her accounts for final settlement to the Probate court of said county, and said court has appointed the first Tuesday in adjustment of the same at October next for the Oregon City in said county.

ROBERT CAUFIELD,

August 16, 1856-18 Judge of Probate.

What's the Use of Going Barefoot? TilE subscriber has opened a boot and shoe shop in this city, where making and mending will be done to order on smart notice. I also keep constantly on hand ready made boots and shoes, which I will sell on reasonable terms. Thankful for past favors, I still solicit a reasonable share o patronage. Call and try us anyhow.

Oregon City, Aug. 9, 1856.—17m6

Sheriff's Sale. BY VIRTUE of a certain writ of execution now in my bands, issued out of the District Court for Clackamas county, and to me directed, in favor of A. E. Wait against David Burnsides, in pursuance of a judgment obtained in said Court which was docketed on the 8th day of April, 1856, for the sum of \$342,50, and for want of personal property whereof to satisfy said execution I have levied the same upon all the right, title, and interest of the aforesaid David Burnsides in and to the following described real estate, to wit, Lots 11 and 12 and a part of lot 10 in block 5 in Linn City, said L'and a part of for 10 in block 5 in Line City, Clackamas county, O. T., according to the plat of said Linn City, also lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, in block 101, and lots 5 and 6 in block 110, in Oregon City, Clackamas county, O. T., according to the plat of said Oregon City. I shall proceed to sell the same or so much thereof as will satisfy the above named amount, with interest and accruing cost upon the same, to the highest bidder for cash, on MONDAY, THE 15th DAY OF SEP-TEMBER, 1856, between the hours of nine o'clock a. M. and sunset, commencing at 2 o'clock r. M., in Linn City. The property in Linn City and the block 101 in Oregon City will be sold on the premises; lots 5 and 6 in block 110 in Oregon

City will be sold at the Court House door. SEP HUELAT, Sheriff August 16, 1856-18w5 Clackamas County. CLOTHING WAREHOUSE.

Wm. G. Badger,

109 DATTERY ST., CORNER OF MERCHANTS, SAN FRANCISCO, IMPORTER of every variety of Clothing and Furnishing Goods; also of Ducks, Drills, Sheetings, Blankets, Hats, Boots and Brogans, by recent arrivals has received very large invoices of the most desirable styles of CLOTH-ING, and it is the LARGEST STOCK ever offered in this market. The Goods are manufactured under my own supervision, and of the best material, well cut, large sizes, and made in the most durable

Traders from the country are invited to examine this heavy stock, and they will find the prices tower than they can be found elsewhere in the

Purchasers may rely on receiving the best and most saleable goods, as each article is guarantied.
ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY prompty and carefully attended to.
10,000 pairs assorted fancy cassimere pants,

" amorted fancy and plain satinet do. 10,000 " also red lancy and pants,
7,000 " " linen pants,
2,000 " " Goodyear's rubber pants,
1,000 Goodyear's white rubber coats,
200 cases Goodyear's long and short rubber

260 " miners' boots, 1,000 dozen super flannel overshirts,

fancy cassimere overshirts, white shirts, heavy hickory shirts, heavy check shirts, 500 " Merrimack shirts, lambs' wool undershirts, regatta undershirts,

grey flannel undershirts, lambs' wool drawers, bleached drill drawers, 250 1,500 overalls. Denim frocks. country-knit wool socks,

heavy white and mixed cotton do., 1,000 pieces super silk pocket handkerchiefs, 100 dozen super black silk neckerchiefs,

300 " rubber belts; 250 " buck gloves, 400 " bucksin gold bags, 1,000 docakin business coats, 400 black cloth freek coats,

2,000 amorted overconts, 500 " pen coats, 3,000 silk, cloth, and velvet vests, 20 bales blue and white blankets, 50 " A sheeting, 50 " drills, 30 " assorted duck,

50 cases fine felt hats, 50 " straw hats. For sale by WM. G. BADGER,

Whelesale Clothing Warehouse, No. 109 Battery, cor. Merchant st., San Francisc N. B.—No goods sold at retail. 18m3

GEO. ABERNETHY & Co., MERCHANTS,

OREGON CITY, O. T.

Abernethy, Clark & Co.,

OMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS San Francisco, Cal.,

Will attend to selling Oregon produce, and fill or ders for Goods, Grocerics, &c., at the lowest rates.

The patronage of the people of Oregon is respectfully solicited.

Aug. 2.

To Merchants. WE are now receiving the following articles

50 bbls Santa Cruz lime, 15 "hydraulic cement, 5 "plaster of paris, 32 kegs nails, 8 " spikes, 5 & 6 in., 100 " Boston syrup, 5 gala.,

25 bags Rio coffee, 25 mats China No 1 sugar, 25 half bbls N O sugar,

5 bbls vinegar.
G. ABERNETHY & CO.

To Blacksmiths and Manufactu-WE are now receiving ten tons of iron of the

following sizes:
Round iron from 1 to 1 inch, Square " " 1 to 2 "
Bar " " 1 1x to 3x 1. Nail rods. Horse shoe iron, Band iron, 3x1.

For sale at lowest market rates. G. ABERNETHY & CO. Motice

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a petition has been duly filed in the District Court of Clackamas county. Oregon Territory, by William Singer, praying a divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between him and his wife Sarah Singer.

Sarah Singer, defendant, shall ever and make defense to said petition, at the next term of said Court, commenting on the first day of September next, ine prayer of said petition may be then Witness my hand and the seal of said Court
[La] this let day of August, A. D. 1856.
F. S. HOLLAND,

DO you want stocking yarn ! We have it units CHARMAN & WARNER.

WE are just receiving a quantity of DRY GOODS, EARTHEN WARE, and al. Wholesale Frices Current. most every thing else a man can mention. Farm-ers would do well to call and get their harvest sup-

plies about now.

July 12. CHARMAN & WARNER. OREGON HOUSE,

Cor.3d & Watersts, opposite Ferry land'g, OREGON CITY.

The traveling public are respectfully invited to

for ladies and families.

Good stabling and feed for horses, with proper attendance.

SPRENGER & SHUNK.

June 28, 1856.

6m

To Farmers.

OUR REAPERS and THRASHERS have Our READERS and if you wish to get one.
We have 3 eight-horse thrushers and cleaners,— July 5, 1856. G. ABERNETHY & CO.

Lucas & Dalton,

HOUSE, SIGN, & ORNAMENTAL PAIN-TERS, &c., HAVE received and offer for sale, 350 gallons boiled linesed oil,

" Tilden's No.1 furniture varnish, 150 " coach " Japan 1000 lbs of putty, 6 dox Adams 6-10 broshes,

6 doz sash tools assorted, 10 packs of leaf gold. 10 " silver,
100 lbs of Small's assorted colors,
3 gross of camel and sable hair pencils,
5500 it of glass, 8x10, 10x12, 10x14, 10x15. Glazed sash, any quantity, of the following sizes

es: 8x10, \$3,25 per window, 10x12, 4,00 9x13, 4,00 10x14, 4,50

Messrs. L. & D. would respectfully call the at-tention of the trade and the public generally to ex-amine their stock before purchasing elsewhere. June 28, 1856. Front st., Portland

By Bark Ocean Bird.

RECEIVED June 4th the following GOODS, and now selling rapidly at a small advance. 150 kegs syrup, 50 boxes candles, 50 hf bbls N O sugar, 10 bbls crushed

13 doz brooms, 20 " buckets 50 gro matches, 19 bbls eider vinegar, 15 cases tobacco, 35 " shoes, assorted, 25 grain cradles,

reaper and raker, June 7 GEO. ABERNETHY & CO.

thresher and separator,

Harness and Saddlery. THE undersigned having opened anew in BUTTEVILLE, Marion county, O. T., in the Post Office building, are ready to manufacture and furnish at short notice, and in the best and most substantial style of the craft, all kinds of HARNESS and SADDLERY WORK, Trunk and Carriage Trimming, 4e June 21, 1856.-y ROOP & COOK. June 21, 1856.-y

Those who Sell the Cheapest Sell the Most.

CHARMAN & WARNER, Oregon City, have the best selection of GROCERIES. Boots and Shoes, also Oils, Paints, Glass, to sell wholesale and retail, cheap for cash or produce.—Our stock in part consists of

6000 lbs coffee, 2000 lbs No 1 China sugar, 2000 " No 1 Batavia " 1000 " Sandwich Island sugar, 1500 " crushed sugar, 2500 " assorted caudy,

50 kegs E. Boston syrup, 50 kegs nails, 10 cases pickles, pie fruits. 12 doz assorted can fruits, tomato entsup.

5 " pepper sauce, 4000 lbs salt, different kinds, 8 doz brooms, Large assortment of Queensware, Glassware, &c. 10,000 cigars, by the thousand, 40 boxes tobacco. China rice, Carolina do., 300 lbs ten, 2000 lbs dried apples, spice of all kinds, &c., &c. je7

New Firm and New Goods.

THE undersigned would respectfully say to their friends and the public generally that they are opening a GROCERY & PROVISION STORE. One and all are invited to give them a call before buying elsewhere. They will ever the ready to show their goods, and they flatter themselves that they can suit the public, both as to quality and price.

BARSTOW & CO.
Canemah, May 31, 1856.

I WILL SELL my situation on the binff at Oregon City at a very low rate. I have a good dwelling house, stable, and outbuildings, with about 100 choice fruit trees of the best varieties, in an enclosure of eight lots, all of which will be sold low, as I have purchased propulation. erty in another part of the city. May 24, 1856-6tf W. W. BUCK.

Main Street House.
I HAVE leased the MAIN STREET
HOUSE, and am now prepared to accommodate the traveling public. Every attention
will be paid to the comfort of man and beast.— Charges reasonable.

I shall always be found on hand by those who

Thoose to patronize me.

J. M. BACON.

Oregon City, May 3, 1856.

J U S T R E C E I V E D,
70 bbls and bif bbls NO augar,
30 " " crushed "
4000 lbs No 1 China " 10 hif bble Carolina rice, 15 " " dried apples, 15 kegs " 15 kegs "
10 hif bbis " peaches,
10000 lhs Liverpool sait,
10 cases table sait,
50 bbis Santa Cruz lime,

lbs manilla rope, ass'd sizes, 100 kegs nails, "
5000 qr flour sacks,
6 bales drillings,
12 cases used pic fruits,
12 " nickles.

12 "pickles, 20 bundles window sash, ass'd sizes, 24 pannel doors, 2 doz pol. grains accope, 100 sacks Rio coffee, 10 mats black pepper, 10 bales cakum, 100 single and double blocks, as d sizes,

6 gross P & M yeast powders,
10 doz zine wash boards,
500 gals S. I. syrup,
4000 lbs white lead, pure,
500 "red " 40 gale copt. varnish,
15 dez paint irrushes, ass'd sizes,
15 "5 hooped buckets,
200 gals boiled lineed oil,
100 raw

Together with a good assortment of HARD-WARE and CARPENTERS' TOOLS. All which we propose selling at prices to suit the W. C. DEMENT & CO.,

Main st., opposite the Land Office. Oregon City, April 19, 1856.

CONSUCTED WELLIN, man and a second Sheeting, 4-4....11u121 100 pr. of.over N. Y. cost The OREGON HOUSE is the most pleasantly located Hotel in the Territory, and has been so altered within the last few months as to make it one of the most commoditions.

The table will always be supplied with the best that the market affords. Good accommodations for ladies and families.

Good stabiling and feed for horses, with proper attendance.

SPRENGER & SHUNK.

June 28, 1876.

SPRENGER & SHUNK. Blue and white 12 PROVISIONS.
Blue and orange 12 Ports, clear.
Fancy. 8a12 mee. 8
Furniture do. 10u14 Harms. " do. wide. 124 Bacon.... M. de laines...... 14a95; r BEST " clothe. 53aS1 Small sizes. 523a3 Irish lizens. 40aS1 Buck. 53a3 CLOTHING. LUA? Red flan'l shirts \$14a18 "Blue do. do. \$15a18 Hemp.... lazgo.... Hickory shirts5a7 CANDLES. Calleo do ... 89a19 Admantine Boors & stress Sperm. 60a65
Men's kip boots \$25a42 Cloare.
" super do do S4 Havana \$40a80
" fine sewed 64 German \$10a25 Boys' kip boots \$2 American
 Pepper
 30
 orts.

 Alispice
 40 Lamp
 \$1½a\$9

 Cinnamon
 60a80 Linsed boil
 \$2.25

 Soap
 10a11 Turpentine prigal
 \$2

PERSONAL SERVICE SERVICE SELECTION PROSPRIES

U. S. MAIL LINE. Portland and Astoria.

The Splendid Steamer
Multnomah WILL continue to run regularly between Port-V land and Astoria, via Vancouver, Twice A WEEK, leaving Portland on Monday and Thursday mornings of each week for Astoria; and Astoria for Portland on Tuesday and Friday mornings, touching Vancouver, St. Helens, Raister, Cath-LAMET, &c., each way. For freight or passage, apply to R. HOYT, Master, apply to R. HOYT, Master, jel6 Or at Hoyt's Wharf-boat, Portland.

Citizens' Line of Steamers. PORTLAND, Capt Merray, ENTERPRISE, Capt JAMESON, Will run in commetion, the Portland leaving PORTLAND daily (Sundays excepted) for Oregon City at 10 o'clock, a. s., - the Enterprise ma-king semi-weekly trips to CORVALLIS, leaving

CANEMAH on Mondays at 6 o'clock a. M., and Thursdays at 2 F.M.

LT All freight for the above line will be receipted for at Hoyt's Wharf Boat, Portland.

ALEXANDER S. MURRAY,

ARCHIBALD JAMIESON. Thursdays at 2 r. M.

Feb. 16, 1856.

Yamhill Trade. COCHRAN, CASSADY & Co., under the mine and style of the Yamkill Company, are now building a steamer of about 30 tons burilees at Canomals, expressly for the Yambill trade. She will be ready to run some time in June.

COCHRAN, CASSADY & CO. Oregon City, April 5. B. Milwain,

Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in COOK AND PARLOR STOVES, TIN & COPPER WARE, BARDWARE, &C.,

Main St., opposite Main Street Hotel, OREGON CITY, O. T. Steambeat and jobbing work attended to with

Orders from the country promptly filled, je7 Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, and Dyc-stuffs, at the OREGON CITY DRUG STORE.

Main Street, Oregon City, O. T. WESTERN HOTEL,

Morrison st., between Front and First str., S. D. SMITH, Charges reasonable. March 15, 1856-48

W. P. Burns, WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKER. OREGON CITY, O.T.

AT Strict attention paid to repairing, and satis-action to patrons warranted. feb9-43 Morris Thomas,

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER, Main at , nearly opposite Holmes & Co.'s. TERMS OF SHAVING, &C.
Shaving twice a week, one shampoo, hair trimmed ouce, per month, once a week, one shampoo, hair

trimmed once, per month, Hair trimmed, Hair cut and dressed. Shaving, and hair dressed, 25 Oregon City, April 5, 1856-51 Time.

W. F. HIGHFIELD.

WATCH-MAKER.

Persons desirous of getting good work done will do well to give me a call, as my whole time is devoted to the repairing of Chronometer, Lever, Duplex, and Honzontal watches. An amortment of Jewelry on hand Jewelry made to order, and repaired

Prices to suit the times. I am thankful for past favors, and hope to give satisfaction in future. BT Located at the old stand, opposite the Telegraph Office, OREGON CITY. Feb. 2. To Merchants and Shippers.

THE OREGON MILLING & TRANS-PORTATION CO. have adopted the following tariff of charges, which will be adhered to till arther notice : Transportation of merchandise or produce Storage of same less than five days, no charge. Each additional half mouth or less will be charged, per tou, R. PENTLAND, Ag't. Linn City, May 10, 1856.

Canemab, Nov. 25, 1855. O'N hand and for sair, low, for each or produces white lend, red do in ail, blk. do " priming blue chrome yellow, blue paint, litharge.

Common and permanent green—putty, glass, JNO. P. BROOKS. Wedding Cakes

PRESTON'S Sectional and County MAP of OREGON and WASHINGTON TERM RITORIES—for sale by OHARLES POPE, Jr. April CHARMAN & WARNER.