have quite so much of worldly goods to leave them when you die.

Another old fashioned practice among many farmers is to give one son a college education with a view of fitting him for something "higher"(?) than agriculture, and giving the rest nothing more than a meagre knowledge of the primary branches. The injustice of such a course must be manifest to every intelligent mind. It generally happens that the favored one is the drone of the family, too lazy to work. (By the way, perhaps this accounts for non-producing professional men being so often called the drones of society.) Thus indolence is rewarded while the industrious and deserving are denied the privilege of fitting themselves to become honored and useful members of society.

May the time soon come when the millions who till the soil shall rise to their proper level, when the beams of intelligence shall penetrate every nook and glen of the land, when the light of knowledge shall gleam from valley to mountain top, from lake to ocean, when the mists of ignorance and prejudice and bigotry shall be swept away before the rising sun of science, when the forest and the hill-side shall reecho to the choral songs of an enlightened, virtuous and *free* people.

A. D.

LANE Co., July 4th 1856.

Editor of the Argus—DEAR SIR: I am a Missourian, and an old Jeffersonian Democrat. I have been a subscriber to the *Statesman*, but have stopped it because I consider it a very dirty sheet, besides belonging to the Douglas or black democracy school. Although I was raised in Missouri among the "border ruffians," I am a free State man, and opposed to the villainies being perpetrated by Atchison, Stringfellow, and their slavery-extension brethren of the black democracy, or nigger-driving school. As I have read of the "Airgoose" often in the *Statesman*, I have concluded to forward the money for your paper and try it.—So put my name on your book and send it along—but if I ever hear that the *Statesman* has spoken a word in your favor, I want you to stop my paper, and pay me my money back. Yours, &c. H***.

JACKSONVILLE, July 7th 1856.

Friend Adams—I am just in from Yreka and hasten to give you a line. On the 4th of July a row was kicked up by a lot of drunken rowdies. Sheriff White, who formerly lived with you I believe, attempted to arrest them. The chaps thought it was a "free day," and declined being forcibly taken away from the enjoyment of their liberties, and made such violent demonstrations that in the melee White shot three of them, killing one and crippling two others. The Indians attacked two men yesterday on the Siskiou mountains, in charge of a pack train of fifteen mules. The Indians killed Ogle, and got the whole train, mules, packs, and all. Quiet seems to have been restored in this valley, and times are getting better. The people breath freer since the removal of John's, George's and Limpy's bands. Great luck to Palmer with his Siwash family. Rogue River is now bound to come out of the kinks. Yours in haste,

A. H.

For the Argus.

ALBANY, July 12, 1856.

The Linn County Agricultural Society met pursuant to adjournment—was called to order by the President—minutes read and approved. The constitution was then read, and a number of persons came forward and subscribed to it. The committee appointed to superintend the printing of the constitution reported that they had performed the duties assigned them. On motion a vote of thanks was tendered to the editor of the *Statesman* for gratuitous printing, and also to all other Editors who have, or may publish the proceedings of this Society. On motion of L. D. Haley the Treasurer was required to give bonds in the sum of five hundred dollars. On motion of Joseph Hamilton the Society proceeded to the election of an executive committee, which resulted in the choice of the following persons:

Joel Kechum,	Wm. McBride,
Anderson Cox,	Zillie Donnell,
H. A. McCartney,	Ashby Pearce.

L. D. Haley moved that when this society adjourn, it adjourn to meet at Albany on the Saturday previous to the third Wednesday in October, at 1 o'clock P. M. On motion of D. H. Bodine the executive committee was requested to prepare and report at the next meeting a code of by-laws for the government of the Society. On motion the Society requested the editors of the various papers in the Territory to publish the proceedings of the meeting. On motion adjourned.

DELAZON SMITH, Pres.

D. H. BODINE, Sec'y.

☞ The following we received per last steamer from a lady who is not wholly unknown to fame in the States. If the Kansas outrages have nerved the arms of even the women for fighting, what must be the state of feeling among the men! Perhaps the men are not so spunky, and this is the reason Miss T—— thinks the Kansas difficulties will end in smoke. Well, we shall see, by and by.

Editor of the Argus—Central American news, and American and English diplomacy have occupied the press of the States East of the mountains for the past few weeks, and while all over the South the Americanization of Central America has been advocated, and that by whatever means, the administration has been wisely conservative: but when the proper time came when a native resident of Nicaragua is called to be Minister near our own Government, he is received. Secretary Marcy could not have taken such a step earlier. But Crampton ought to have been sent home sooner. Central America with General Walker at the head of the war department will prosper I am sure, both in Nicaragua and the neighboring republics, which will unite with it in a confederate union.—But you get the news from there. Tell the Oregonians who are tired of the cold to go to Central America, or come over to Kansas. There is war all around for the frontiersman, and it will matter little where he fights if he only gets a happy location in a land of progressive people at the close. But I think the Kansas difficulty which has been culminating to a focus will all end in smoke. The South has dared to send men to the Territory for no other purpose than to fight. The North has not dared to take such a step. I only wish it would. I will tell it so by and by if it will hear me. It is not an advance in the style of civilization to be obliged to recanct lynch-law and mob violence, but there is no way to oppose a mob but by a counter mob. I believe in fighting. Old Massachusetts seems to be pretty well aroused, yet in both cases she said *the next time* a Senator of ours is whipped we will go down armed to protect him! And the South chuckles at the cowardice of the people of the old Bay State. South Carolina from sea to mountains is getting up meetings and sending presents to Mr. Brooks for his fearless defense of Southern rights. The Governor—Adams, a scandal on that oldest name—led in the subscription in the State capitol. You will have a fair story of the cowardly attack on a Senator in his desk writing, struck senseless to the floor and the blows continued even then. The Democratic Convention at Cincinnati will go for this and for the Kansas slaughter. Will Americans respect the lives of Americans? Which side is the aggressor? And all this is for the protection of the Southern institution. All this is truly necessary if the institution is to live; for the old lands worn out, there must be new land in abundence on which to let it spread—where to find a market for the slaves grown in South Carolina and Georgia. Then the Pacific coast is to be smelled if the war in Kansas is successful. You know that is the plan do you not? The planners this side say so, and think a failure there is defeat all through the West, and it makes them earnest, and ready for whatever will help them. I only fear that these endeavors that ought to arouse the white men of the North—to arouse themselves to resist the extension of the institution that will make worse than slaves of the poor white men in its territory—a most pitiable condition the poor white man of the south endures; with less real freedom than the negro in some respects, certainly despised by the slave—and yet I fear Kansas will be made a slave State. This is the point to argue. Slavery degrades the white laborer, and so should be by every means resisted.

H. T.

MASSACHUSETTS, June 3d 1856

THE FRIENDS.—This respectable body of Christians is said to have in the United States 715 meeting houses, with an aggregate membership of 283,023. In Maryland they have 26 meeting houses, and 7,760 members; in the District of Columbia 1 meeting house and 200 members; in Virginia 14 meeting houses and 6,300 members; and in Pennsylvania 141 meeting houses and 60,974 members.

☞ Are the passions strongest in youth? To this question Bulwer replies: "What a mistake to suppose that passions are strongest in youth; the passions are not stronger, but the command over them is weaker. They are more easly excited, they are more violent, but they have less energy, less durability, less intense and concentrated power than in maturer life. In youth passion succeeds passion, and one breaks up the other, like waves upon a rock till the heart frets itself to repose.—In manhood, the great deep flows on more calm, but more profound; its serenity the proof of the might and terror of its course were the wind to blow and the storm to rise."

A CONSIDERATE HUSBAND.—A gay fellow who had taken lodgings at a public house, and got considerably in debt, absented himself on a look for new quarters. This so enraged the landlord that he commissioned his wife to go and dun him: which the debtor having heard of he publicly declared that if she came he would kiss her.—"Will he?" said the lady, "will he? Give me my bonnet, Molly, I will see whether any fellow on earth has such impudence." "My dear," said the cooing husband, "pray do not be too rash; you do not know what a man may do when he is in a passion."

SCRAP OF HISTORY.—During the revolutionary war, General Lafayette being in Baltimore, was invited to a ball. He went, as requested, but instead of joining the amusement, as might be expected of a young Frenchman of twenty-two, he addressed the ladies thus:

"Ladies, you are very handsome, you dance very prettily, your ball is very fine—but my soldiers have no shirts."

The appeal was irresistible. The ball ceased; the ladies went home and went to work, and the next day a large number of shirts were prepared by the fairest hands of Baltimore, for the gallant defenders of their country.

☞ Mr. Elihu Burritt writes to the New York Herald from New Britain, Connecticut in, relation to his project for a line of electric telegraph between San Francisco and St. Petersburg, across Behring's Straits. It is said that Russia has already six thousand miles in operation. Some of her lines, doubtless, are reaching eastward, towards the Ural Mountains. At the conclusion of the war, she will be sure to extend them eastward into her Arctic provinces. She will have the best that American genius can supply, to assist her in these enterprises; and she will undoubtedly be ready to meet the United States half way and perhaps more than half way, in connecting New York and St. Petersburg.

☞ Hugh Miller, the distinguished Scotch geologist—one of the first scientific men of the age, and one of the finest specimens of the self-made men—is about to visit America on a lecturing tour. He will be received everywhere with cordiality and attention.

☞ Emigration from Europe to this country is rapidly on the increase, and Castle Garden presents an unusually busy appearance. It is said that vessels enough cannot be obtained to meet the requirements of the passengers from Bremen, Liverpool and other of the largest ports. The ship Emigrant, from London, brought on her last trip 659 emigrants.

MEXICO.—The decree of President Alvarez of last November, abolishing the privilege of the Church and military has been ratified almost unanimously by the Congress of Mexico. It takes away all civil and criminal jurisdiction from military tribunals, and all civil jurisdiction from ecclesiastical courts, leaving only to the clergy cognizance of criminal cases against priests or other *religious*.

☞ The productive tendencies of railroads are strikingly shown in Massachusetts. In 1840, the valuation of that State was but $300,000,000; in 1850, it had risen to $590,000,000, and it is safe now to assume that it amounts to $800,000,000. It was not until they had railway communication with the West that this increase began to show itself.

THE VATICAN.—The word is often used, but there are many who do not understand its import. The term refers to a collection of buildings on one of the seven hills of Rome, which covers a space of 1,200 feet in length, and 1,000 feet in breadth. It is built on the spot once occupied by the garden of the cruel Nero. It owes its origin to the Bishop of Rome, who, in the early part of the sixth century erected an humble residence on its side. About the year 1160, Pope Eugenius rebuilt it on a magnificent scale. Innocent II., a few years afterwards, gave it up as a lodging to Peter II., King of Aragon. In 1605, Clement V., at the instigation of the King of France, removed the Papal See from Rome to Avignon, when the Vatican remained in a condition of obscurity and neglect for more than seventy years.

☞ The people of St. Joseph, Mo., in a recent meeting for the purpose of raising funds to contribute to the support of Col. Buford's company in Kansas, expressed a willingness to give of their abundance, cheerfully, to the *bona fide* residents of the Territory, and added; "but not one cent will we give to encourage or countenance illegal voting or illegal movements in the Territory of Kansas."

☞ The most profound metaphysician of the age, Sir William Hamilton, died in Edinburgh on the 6th inst. He was one of the professors of the Edinburgh University, who, though he had been for many years in delicate health, yet had the most enthusiastic class in the whole University.

☞ Tuesday, the 4th day of November next, being the Tuesday after the first Monday of that month, is the day on which the people throughout the entire country will cast their votes for electors of President and Vice President of the United States.

☞ Audubon states that grouse, although abounding in southern Kentucky, were not eaten by the inhabitants of that region, previous to his sojourn amongst them, in 1825. Before this time, when they became troublesome about the fields, large numbers were killed and thrown aside as valueless! He, however, discovered their excellence as a table luxury.

☞ The London *Athenæum* thus mercilessly cuts up a new novel. It is a "first rate notice," and a sample of keen criticism:

"If novels were habitable, they would make capital lunatic asylums, for nobody is expected to act rationally and reasonably within their pages. 'Life's Chances' is an entertaining book, because they are chances that by no possibility could happen upon any planet where the laws of gravitation were in force—or the laws of grammar either—for the book is written in the wildest defiance of all the rules of syntax and prosody, and the parts of speech have an arduous time of it"

Song of the Camp.

[Founded upon an actual incident in the Crimea.]

"Give us a song," the soldiers cried,
The outer trenches guarding,
When the heated guns of the camp allied
Grew weary of bombarding.

The dark Redan, in silent scoff,
Lay, grim and threatening, under,
And the tawny mound of the Malakoff
No longer belched its thunder.

They lay along the battery's side,
Below the smoking cannon—
Brave hearts, from Severn and from Clyde,
And from the banks of Shannon.

They sang of love, and not of fame;
Forgot was Britain's glory;
Each heart recalled a different name,
But all sang 'Annie Laurie.'

Dear girl, her name he dared not speak,
Yet, as the song grew louder,
Something on the soldier's cheek
Washed off the stains of powder.

Beyond the darkening ocean burned
The bloody sunset's embers,
While the Crimean valleys learned
How English love remembers.

And once again a fire of hell
Rained on the Russian quarters,
With scream of shot and burst of shell,
And bellowing of the mortars.

And Irish Nora's eyes are dim
For a singer, dumb and gory:
And English Mary mourns for him
Who sang of 'Annie Laurie.'

Ah, soldiers! to your honored rest,
Your truth and valor bearing;
The bravest are the tenderest—
The loving are the daring.

[BAYARD TAYLOR.

Religious Notice.

Rev. GEO. C. CHANDLER, D. D., will preach in the Baptist Church in this city on the first, second, and fourth Lord's Days in each month, and the Rev. H. JOHNSON on the third. Service at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at 3 P. M.

Grand Division.

The third quarterly meeting of the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance, for Oregon, will be held at Astoria, on the 23d of July, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Officers and members are requested to be prompt. We have warm friends in Astoria and anticipate an interesting meeting. Come, and let us advance the interest of the cause in that section of our young and flourishing Territory. An Address will be delivered by our G. W. P., Gen. Thompson Ward, unless detained on account of sickness in his family. All W. P's and P. W. P's are eligible to seats in the Grand Division, and will be welcomed to the order by presenting their credentials. Communications are expected from the National Division. The Temperance cause is advancing, and if we are allowed to judge the future by the past, the cause will soon have won the "cold water triumph." C. H. HALL,

July 5, 1856. G. S. of G. D. of O. T.

MARRIED:

On the 4th inst., at the house of John Perkins, by Rev. Joseph Robertson, Mr. ISAAC PERT to Mrs. ELIZA POWEL, both of Yamhill County, O. T.

"To crown all other gifts of Heaven,
And make man blest, was woman given."

WE are just receiving a quantity of *DRY GOODS, EARTHEN WARE*, and almost every thing else a man can mention. Farmers would do well to call and get their harvest supplies about now.

July 12. *CHARMAN & WARNER.*

Lost.

AN IRON GRAY MARE, five years old last spring. She belonged to the Clackamas company of volunteers under Capt. Cason, and was mounted by one Donaldson. On the return of the company she gave out, and was left at or near the foot of Laurel Hill. Any person sending me word of her whereabouts shall be suitably rewarded. 13w3 D. J. SCHNEBLY.

Telegraph Notice.

AT a called meeting of the Board of Directors of the Pacific Telegraph Company, held at Lafayette on Monday, the 23d of June, Clayton Richardson and A. R. Burbank were appointed Collectors to receive the moneys due on the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th installments of said Company.

The stockholders are hereby requested to pay to the said Collectors the several sums now due on said installments at the earliest possible period, as the money is now required to complete the line to Corvallis.

Per order of the Board of Directors.

J. S. McTEENY, President.

July 5, 1856. 12m1

OREGON HOUSE,

Cor. 3d & Waterst, opposite Ferryland'g,

OREGON CITY.

The traveling public are respectfully invited to give us a call.

The OREGON HOUSE is the most pleasantly located Hotel in the Territory, and has been so altered within the last few months as to make it one of the most commodious.

The table will always be supplied with the best that the market affords. Good accommodations for ladies and families.

Good stabling and feed for horses, with proper attendance. SPRENGER & SHUNK.

June 28, 1856. 6m

M. M. LUCAS. E. DALTON.

Lucas & Dalton,

HOUSE, SIGN, & ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, &c.,

HAVE received and offer for sale,
4000 lbs Atlantic white lead,
350 gallons boiled linseed oil,
300 " raw "
300 " turpentine,
200 " Tilden's No. 1 furniture varnish,
150 " " " coach "
200 " Japan "
1000 lbs of putty,
6 doz Adams 6-10 brushes,
6 doz sash tools assorted,
10 packs of leaf gold,
10 " " silver,
100 lbs of Small's assorted colors,
3 gross of camel and sable hair pencils,
5500 ft of glass, 8x10, 10x12, 10x14, 10x15.

Glazed sash, any quantity, of the following sizes and prices:

8x10, $3,25 per window,
10x12, 4,00 "
9x13, 4,00 "
10x14, 4,50 "
10x15, 5,00 "

Messrs. L. & D. would respectfully call the attention of the trade and the public generally to examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

LUCAS & DALTON,

June 28, 1856. Front st., Portland.

$4000 TO LOAN. Inquire at the 10tf ARGUS OFFICE.

By Bark Ocean Bird.

RECEIVED June 4th the following GOODS, and now selling rapidly at a small advance.

150 kegs syrup,
50 boxes candles,
50 hf bbls N O sugar,
10 bbls crushed "
13 doz brooms,
20 " buckets,
50 gro matches,
10 bbls cider vinegar,
15 cases tobacco,
35 " shoes, assorted,
25 grain cradles,
1 thresher and separator,
1 reaper and raker,
12 straw cutters.

June 7 GEO. ABERNETHY & CO.

To Farmers.

OUR REAPERS and THRASHERS have arrived. Call soon, if you wish to get one. We have 3 eight-horse thrashers and cleaners,—3 reapers and rakers.

July 5, 1856. G. ABERNETHY & CO.

E. Milwain,

Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

COOK AND PARLOR STOVES,

TIN & COPPER WARE, HARDWARE, &C.,

Main St., opposite Main Street Hotel,

OREGON CITY, O. T.

Steamboat and jobbing work attended to with dispatch.

Orders from the country promptly filled. je7

Harness and Saddlery.

THE undersigned having opened anew in BUTTEVILLE, Marion county, O. T., in the Post Office building, are ready to manufacture and furnish at short notice, and in the best and most substantial style of the craft, all kinds of *HARNESS and SADDLERY WORK, Trunk and Carriage Trimming, &c.*

June 21, 1856.-y ROOP & COOK.

Those who Sell the Cheapest Sell the Most.

CHARMAN & WARNER, *Oregon City*, have the best selection of *GROCERIES, Boots and Shoes*, also Oils, Paints, Glass, to sell wholesale and retail, cheap for cash or produce.—Our stock in part consists of

6000 lbs coffee,
2000 lbs No 1 China sugar,
2000 " No 1 Batavia "
1000 " Sandwich Island sugar,
1500 " crushed sugar,
2500 " assorted candy,
50 kegs E. Boston syrup,
50 kegs nails,
10 cases pickles,
" " pie fruits,
12 doz assorted can fruits,
6 " tomato catsup,
5 " pepper sauce,
4000 lbs salt, different kinds,
8 doz brooms,

Large assortment of Queensware, Glassware, &c., 10,000 cigars, by the thousand, 40 boxes tobacco, China rice, Carolina do., 300 lbs tea, 2000 lbs dried apples, spice of all kinds, &c., &c. je7

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of two certain executions issued out of the District Court for the county of Clackamas, and to me directed, one in favor of Eber L. Bradley against Williston D. Woodcock, for the sum of eight hundred dollars and sixty-two cents, with 18 55-100 dollars cost upon the same, for which amount judgment was docketed in said Court on the 8th day of April, 1856, one in favor of Robert Caufield for the sum of forty-eight dollars and eighty-seven cents, with 15 82-100 dollars cost upon the same, which judgment was docketed in said Court on the 21st day of December, 1855, and for want of personal property whereat to make the above named amounts I have levied said executions upon all the right, title, and interest of the above named Williston D. Woodcock, that he now has or had at the time said judgments were docketed as aforesaid, in and to the following described land claim situated in Clackamas county, described in Notification No. 977, now on file in the Land Office at Oregon City, as follows,

being a part of Sec's 4 & 5, T. 5 S. R. 2 E.
" " " " 32 & 33, T. 4 S. R. 2 E.,

bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point 0.28 chains east of a point 27.00 chs. north of S. W. corner of N. W ¼ of Sec. 4 in T 5 S R 2 E, thence N 42 deg. 30 min. E, 35.00 chains,

" N 52 deg. 30 min. W, 82.50 "
" S 9 deg. 30 min. W, 110.50 "
" S 82 deg. E, 80.00 "
" N 8 deg. E, 29.90 "
" N 45 deg. W, 32.75 " to the

place of beginning. I shall proceed to sell all the right, title, and interest as aforesaid, or so much thereof as will satisfy the above named amounts, with interest and accruing cost upon the same, to the highest bidder for cash at public auction on TUESDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JULY, 1856, at one o'clock, P. M., of said day. Sale to take place on the premises. South half set apart to the wife. SEP HUELAT, *Sheriff*

June 28, 1856-11w5 *Clackamas County.*

New Firm and New Goods.

THE undersigned would respectfully say to their friends and the public generally that they are opening a *GROCERY & PROVISION STORE*. One and all are invited to give them a call before buying elsewhere. They will ever be ready to show their goods, and they flatter themselves that they can suit the public, both as to quality and price. BARSTOW & CO.

Canemah, May 31, 1856. 7

New Arrangement.

THE next term of our school will commence July 1, 1856.

The Primary Department, limited to 16, will be under the charge of J. ANDREW POST.

The Preparatory Department, limited to 25—18 day pupils and 7 boarders—will be under the care of the subscriber, who will have the supervision of both departments. By these arrangements we hope to offer superior advantages to our patrons.

N. B.—None invited to attend but such as will *cheerfully* comply with the rules of the school.—Neither do we want any one who will be *rough* in his plays with his companions, or use any *improper* language. J. D. POST.

Oregon City, May 24, 1856. 6

For Sale.

I WILL SELL my situation on the bluff at Oregon City at a very low rate. I have a good dwelling house, stable, and outbuildings, with about 100 choice fruit trees of the best varieties, in an enclosure of eight lots, all of which will be sold low, as I have purchased property in another part of the city.

May 24, 1856-6tf W. W. BUCK.

Wm. C. Dement & Co.,

At their old stand, opposite the Land Office,

ARE now receiving per bark "Ork" and brig "Haleyon," the following goods:

150 boxes sperm and adamantine candles,
50 kegs dried apples and peaches,
100 bbls and hlf bbls crushed sugar,
50 cases pickles,
30 " fresh peaches,
50 " pie fruits,
10 tons G. A. salt,

CROCKERY & GLASS-WARE:

500 doz cups and saucers,
300 " plates,
200 " tumblers,
20 " water pitchers,
Sugar bowls, tea-pots, &c., &c.

OILS & PAINTS:

200 kegs pure lead,
200 gals linseed oil,
100 gals turpentine,
50 gals varnish,
300 gals lamp oil,
100 gals lard "

DRY GOODS:

6000 yds brown sheeting,
5000 " prints,

Bleached cottons, bed ticking, &c., &c., all of which will be sold as low as they can be purchased of any other house in Oregon City. may17

Lumber, Lumber.

THE Oregon Milling and Transportation Co. have established a LUMBER YARD on the river bank in rear of the store of Allen, McKinley & Co.

Lumber in large or small quantities, including dressed siding and flooring, can always be had by application at the store of

F. S. & A. HOLLAND.

Oregon City, May 10, 1856.

Logs, Logs.

CASH will be paid on delivery for fir and cedar LOGS at works of Oregon Milling & Transportation Co. R. PENTLAND, Ag't.

Linn City, May 10, 1856.

Sacks! Sacks!

THE undersigned has constantly on hand at his sack manufactory in Oregon City, SACKS of all qualities and sizes, which will be sold as low as they can be bought in the Territory. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

WM. WHITLOCK

Oregon City, May 3, 1856-3y

Main Street House.

I HAVE leased the MAIN STREET HOUSE, and am now prepared to accommodate the traveling public. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of man and beast.—Charges reasonable.

I shall always be found on hand by those who choose to patronize me. J. M BACON.

Oregon City, May 3, 1856. 3tf

To Merchants and Shippers.

THE OREGON MILLING & TRANSPORTATION CO. have adopted the following tariff of charges, which will be adhered to till further notice:

Transportation of merchandise or produce from boat to boat at works, per ton, $1 00
Storage of same less than five days, no charge.
" " " over 5 & less than 15 days, 25
" " " " 15 & " " 30 " 50
Each additional half month or less will be charged, per ton, 25

R. PENTLAND, Ag't.

Linn City, May 10, 1856.

Oregon Territory, }
Yamhill county, } ss.

TO HENRY ROYCE: In the name of the United States of America, you are hereby commanded to be and appear before the District Court of the United States in and for the county and Territory aforesaid on the first day of the next regular term thereof, to answer the complaint of Horace L. Harrison, Boughton Everett, and Matthew Everett, or that judgment by default will be taken against you by said plaintiffs for the sum of three thousand dollars, with lawful interest thereon from the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, and costs of suit, if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint.

Witness, George H. Steward, Clerk, and the seal of said Court, at Lafayette, in said [L. S.] county, affixed this 21st day of April, A.D. 1856.

GEORGE H. STEWARD,

Clerk.

S. Ellsworth, Plff's Attorney, Eugene City, O.T.

April 26, 1856. 2-3m

JUST RECEIVED,

70 bbls and hlf bbls N O sugar,
30 " " " crushed "
4000 lbs No 1 China "
10 hlf bbls Carolina rice,
15 " " dried apples,
15 kegs " "
10 hlf bbls " peaches,
10000 lbs Liverpool salt,
10 cases table salt,
50 bbls Santa Cruz lime,
5000 lbs manilla rope, ass'd sizes,
100 kegs nails, " "
5000 qr flour sacks,
6 bales drillings,
12 cases ass'd pie fruits,
12 " " pickles,
20 bundles window sash, ass'd sizes,
24 pannel doors, " "
2 doz pol grains scoops,
100 sacks Rio coffee,
10 mats black pepper,
10 bales oakum,
100 single and double blocks, ass'd sizes,
6 gross P & M yeast powders,
10 doz zinc wash boards,
500 gals S. I. syrup,
4000 lbs white lead, pure,
500 " red " "
40 gals copal varnish,
15 doz paint brushes, ass'd sizes,
15 " 3 hooped buckets,
200 gals boiled linseed oil,
100 " raw " "

Together with a good assortment of *HARDWARE and CARPENTERS' TOOLS*. All of which we propose selling at prices to suit the times. Call and see for yourselves.

W. C. DEMENT & CO.,

Main st., opposite the Land Office.

Oregon City, April 19, 1856.

Charman & Warner.

MR. EDITOR—You will please tell all our fellow-citizens of Oregon that we are still doing business under the old firm, and under the old adage that a nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling. We want to sell goods, and will do so as cheap as any other house in Oregon City.

We have enlarged our business materially, and now have on hand, as usual, all kinds of *GROCERIES*, such as will suit city and country trade, which we hope all who have favored us with their liberal patronage know full well. Call again—we will do our best. CHARMAN & WARNER.

April 19, 1856.

GLASS, Queensware, and Crockery, at

ap19 *CHARMAN & WARNER'S.*

WE have a full assortment of BOOTS & SHOES, also Ladies' Gaiters and Buskins, in fact all kinds of ladies' shoes.

ap19 *CHARMAN & WARNER.*

OREGON HAMS and SHOULDERS for sale by ap19 *CHARMAN & WARNER.*

In our Bakery

WE keep a full assortment of BREAD, PIES, CAKES, and CANDY, at wholesale and retail. ap19 *CHARMAN & WARNER.*

Wedding Cakes

MADE to order, parties furnished with ictas on shortest notice, &c., by

ap19 *CHARMAN & WARNER.*

KELLY'S

Private Boarding House,

Opposite Holmes & Co.'s Fire-proof building,

OREGON CITY, O. T.

☞ Charges reasonable. Nov. 3-6m.

Splendid Jewelry.

G. COLLIER ROBBINS has now on hand the finest assortment of JEWELRY ever brought to Oregon. The assortment consists in part of the following articles:

Diamond broaches,
Diamond rings,
Gold railway time-keepers,
Ladies' watches, in enameled cases,
Ladies chatelaners,
Mosaic ear-rings,
Gold thimbles, gold and silver pens,
Card cases, mantel ornaments,
Card baskets, pearl caskets,
Gold guard, vest, and fob chains,
Sleeve buttons, shirt studs,
Ladies brooches,

and a variety of other goods too numerous to mention.

Call and see the most magnificent display of Jewelry ever seen in Oregon.

G. COLLIER ROBBINS,

March 22. Front street, Portland.

Furniture.

THE subscriber has just received a large supply of FURNITURE of all descriptions, consisting in part as follows—

Sofas, mahogany and black walnut;
Chamber sets;
Bureaus, with or without marble tops;
Office desks;
Rocking chairs, stuffed in hair, carpet, and with cane and wood seats;
Dining chairs, cane and wood seats;
Office chairs, do do do
Children's do, high dining and rocking;
Bedsteads, various kinds;
Tables, center, card, and dining;
Writing desks;
Sideboards;
Parlor chairs;
Settees;
Reading, toilet, and work tables;
Looking-glasses;
Mattresses, hair, moss, and wool;
Window shades;
Feathers;
Paper hangings, of every style;
Oilcloth; Chinese matting; fluid lamps, and burning fluid; with a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

Persons wishing to purchase will please call and examine for themselves.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods. THOS. JOHNSON.

March 22, 1856. 49tf

DR. Osgood's India Cholagogue, and Dr. Jones' American Cholagogue, at the

OREGON CITY DRUG STORE

OREGON CITY

Wholesale Prices Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

DRY GOODS.		DRUGS & MEDICINES.	
Sheeting, 4-4	11a12½	100 pr. et over N. Y. cost.	
Drilling	12½	PRODUCE.	
Bleached drilling	13	Wheat, pr. bu	$1,00
" shirting,	11a16	Oats do	75
Striped do	19½	Potatoes do	75
Ticking	14a16	Onions do	$1½
Denims	15	Flour	$4
Blue drilling	14	Corn Meal, fresh	6
Plaid linsey	16a24	FRUIT.	
Satinet	70a90	" dried do	12½a15
Kentucky jeans	25a45	Peaches, dried do	16
Tweeds	55a70	" do pealed	
PRINTS.		" Chili, dried	20a25
Blue and white	12	PROVISIONS.	
Blue and orange	12	Pork, clear	bone.
Fancy	8a12	" mess	$25a30
Furniture do	10a14	Hams	15
" do. wide	12½	Bacon	12
M. de laines	14a25	POWDER.	
Ginghams	15a22	Hazard, pr ca	$14
Alpaca	25a60	" pr keg	$10
Table damask	50a75	SHOT.	
" cloths	65a$1	Small sizes	$2½a3
Irish linens	40a$1	Buck	$3a3½
CLOTHING.		LEAD.	
Sheep gray pants	$2½a3	Bar	20
Satinet do.	$2½a3	White lead, in oil	12½
Fancy cass. do.	$4a5	CORDAGE.	
Black cass. do.	$5a7	Manilla, small	25
Red flan'l shirts	$14a18	" large	25
Blue do. do.	$15a18	Hemp	10a15
Hickory shirts	5a7	CANDLES.	
Calico do.	$9a12	Adamantine	37a40
BOOTS & SHOES.		Sperm	60a65
Men's kip boots	$2½a4½	CIGARS.	
" super do. do	$4	Havana	$40a80
" fine sewed	6½	German	$10a25
Boys' kip boots	$2	American	$20a50
" he'vy w'x do	$1½a2	TOBACCO.	
Mens' brg's pr. doz	$17	Pride of the Union	40a45
" kip brg's pr doz	$20	Son	30a35
" calf sewed do	$21	Luke's	37
Women's h'vy sh's	$13	HARDWARE.	
" fine do	$15	Shovels	$9a14
GROCERIES.		Spades	$14a16
Coffee	14a16	Axes	$12a20
Tea	50a65	Mill saws	90a$1½
Sugar, no. 1 Chi'a	11	Cut saws	75a$1,25
" crushed	16	Table cutlery, 10 per ct	
Saleratus	10a16	advance on N. Y. cost	
Starch	14	Pocket cutlery, 25 pr ct	
Syrup E Boston	$1	advance.	
do. S Island	90	Other articles of hard-	
N O Molasses		ware from 20 to 50 pr	
Liv. Salt	2a3½	ct advance.	
Table Salt	3½a4	Nails, ass'd sizes, pr kg	$3
Sandwich I. Salt	2a2½	" horseshoe	25a35
Pepper	30	OILS.	
Allspice	40	Lamp	$1½a$2
Cinnamon	60a80	Linseed boil	$2 25
Soap	10a11	Turpentine pr gall	$2

U. S. MAIL LINE.

Portland and Astoria.

The Splendid Steamer

Multnomah

WILL continue to run regularly between Portland and Astoria, via Vancouver, TWICE A WEEK, leaving Portland on Monday and Thursday mornings of each week for Astoria; and Astoria for Portland on Tuesday and Friday mornings, touching VANCOUVER, ST. HELENS, RAINIER, CATHLAMET, &c., each way. For freight or passage, apply to R. HOYT, Master,

je16 Or at Hoyt's Wharf-boat, Portland.

Citizens' Line of Steamers.

PORTLAND, Capt. MURRAY,
ENTERPRISE, Capt. JAMIESON,

Will run in connection, the Portland leaving PORTLAND daily (Sundays excepted) for Oregon City at 10 o'clock, A. M.,—the Enterprise making semi-weekly trips to CORVALLIS, leaving CANEMAH on Mondays at 6 o'clock A. M., and Thursdays at 2 P. M.

☞ All freight for the above line will be receipted for at Hoyt's Wharf Boat, Portland.

ALEXANDER S. MURRAY,
ARCHIBALD JAMIESON.

Feb. 16, 1856. 44tf

Yamhill Trade.

COCHRAN, CASSADY & Co., under the name and style of the *Yamhill Company*, are now building a steamer of about 30 tons burthen at Canemah, expressly for the Yamhill trade. She will be ready to run some time in June.

COCHRAN, CASSADY & CO.

Oregon City, April 5. 51tf

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, and Dye-stuffs,

at the OREGON CITY DRUG STORE,

sep15 Main Street, Oregon City, O. T.

WESTERN HOTEL.

Morrison st., between Front and First sts.,

PORTLAND, O. T.

Charges reasonable. S. D. SMITH,

March 15, 1856-48 Proprietor.

W. P. Burns,

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKER,

OREGON CITY, O. T.

☞ Strict attention paid to repairing, and satisfaction to patrons warranted. feb9-13

Morris Thomas,

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,

Main st., nearly opposite Holmes & Co.'s.

TERMS OF SHAVING, &C.

Shaving twice a week, one shampoo, hair trimmed once, per month,	$2 00
" once a week, one shampoo, hair trimmed once, per month,	1 25
Hair trimmed,	25
Hair cut and dressed,	50
Shaving, and hair dressed,	25
Shampooing,	50

Oregon City, April 5, 1856-51

Time.

W. F. HIGHFIELD,

WATCH-MAKER.

Persons desirous of getting good work done will do well to give me a call, as my whole time is devoted to the repairing of Chronometer, Lever, Duplex, and Horizontal watches.

An assortment of Jewelry on hand.

Jewelry made to order, and repaired.

Prices to suit the times. I am thankful for past favors, and hope to give satisfaction in future.

☞ Located at the old stand, opposite the Telegraph Office, *OREGON CITY.* Feb. 2.

To all whom it may concern.

TAKE NOTICE, that I claim for myself and wife, and shall insist upon holding, all of the following described land, as our land claim taken and held by me under and in compliance with the act of Congress entitled "An Act to create the office of Surveyor General of Oregon," &c., approved Sept. 27th, 1850, and the amendments thereto, all pretensions of Wm. R. B. Cotton to the contrary notwithstanding, to wit: Commencing at a stake on the Willamette river 19 chains and 25 links south and 27 chains and 50 links west of the south-east corner of section 35 in township one south of range one east, thence running east 160 chains, thence north 60 chains and 60 links, thence west 80 chains, thence south 54 chains and 10 links, thence west 80 chains to said Willamette river, and thence