LATE FROM EUROPE.

PEACE TREATY SIGNED!

Dates from Europe are to the 5th of April. PEACE WAS SIGNED AT PARIS ON SUNDAY, THE 30TH OF MARCH. The event was announced in Paris and London by salvos of artillery. Paris was illuminated, and in England the church bells were pealed.—Three or four weeks must elapse ere ratifications of the treaty can be exchanged. Details of adjustment are referred to a Commission. The great event of Peace has swallowed up all minor subjects of news.

The British Admiralty have sent two steamers in search of the *Pacific*. The Allies have commenced the demolition of the inclosure around Sebastopol. Ishmael Pasha is increasing the army of Anatolia. Gen. Mouravieff has received reinforcements by way of the Caspian Sea and Tiflis. The city of Parma and the surrounding country has been laid under a state of siege on account of the number of assassinations. Mr. Buchanan was to leave for New York on the 9th April, after first visiting Paris and the Hague. Walter Savage Landor has addressed an appeal to *The London Times* in behalf of Louis Kossuth, who he declares to be in the utmost want. Kossuth has declared himself greatly mortified at its publication. There is no excitement whatever in England with regard to the difficulties with this country. A review of 100,000 men is to be held at Paris on the signing of the Treaty. It is rumored that the Emperors of Russia and Austria have respectively promised to visit Paris soon after the conclusion of peace. Napoleon is going to send an expedition to colonize Madagascar. Very bad feeling is exhibited by Russia and Prussia towards Austria. The Queen of Spain has performed the annual ceremony of washing the feet of the poor. So also has the Emperor of Austria.

The Paris correspondent of the *London Post* writes:

"If we make up accounts, perhaps the contract is in favor of Russia, to whom more has been given up than she has renounced. Such a result is naturally the case, because it was never the intention of England and France to punish Muscovite aggression with conquest involving loss of territory, or permanent occupation."

Accounts from Cronstadt assert that a squadron was ordered to be got ready for the middle of May, but for what purpose was not publicly known. It was rumored that its object was to convey the Emperor of Russia and one of his brothers on a visit to France and England. This report was strengthened by the fact that orders had been given to engage pilots well acquainted with the coasts of both those countries.

A Brussels journal says that the coronation of the Czar will take place about the 31st of August, and with great pomp.

Advices from the Crimea state that the weather had become so intensely cold that the troops found it absolutely necessary to shut themselves up in their tents and huts.

It may be confidently expected that the year 1857 will be far advanced before the last man and the last cargo of shells can pass the Dardanelles on their way homeward.—Nor is any haste necessary in completing the evacuation. The allies have accumulated large stores, and assembled a great army for the defense of Turkey, and there is no reason that they should incur the expense of new transports and a greater employment of labor, in order to hurry back with such speed as may gratify the desire of those whom they saved to be quickly rid of them. The presence of the Western forces in the East is only a question of months.

The details connected with the Danubian Principalities and the liberties of the Christian subjects of the Porte, are the points to be arranged in the renewed Conferences. The Porte objects to any occupation of Turkey by the allied forces, and it is possible that the point will be waived, if the Powers are satisfied as to the safety and privileges of the Christians. If the return home of the allied armies is performed leisurely, the feeling in official quarters is that a sufficient force will remain for many months to keep fanaticism in check. It grows confirmed that the situation of Italy will form a subject of deliberation before the Conference dissolves.

The Emperor of Russia, in an imperial manifesto, proclaims peace, "the object of the war having been gained by the security acquired for the privileges of Christians in the East." To avoid future collision, it is added, a fresh frontier line for Bessarabia has been conceded.

Advices from Berlin, of March 31, says: Our Berlin papers begin to talk openly of the marriage of Prince Frederick William with the Princess Royal of England. The Prince will visit England at the conclusion of the spring reviews, and will return, it is hoped, an accepted suitor.

Accounts have, at Trieste, March 30, been received of the death of Sir Charles Hotham, Governor of Victoria.

Trieste advices, same date, say: Many of the Japanese nobles perished in the late earthquake at Jeddo. The Emperor was saved.

The plenipotentiaries, in signing the treaty of peace, made use of a silver-gilt inkstand specially ordered for the occasion. The inkstand is decorated in the style of the first empire, and cost not less than 11,000f.

☞ Grant graciously what you cannot refuse safely, and conciliate those you cannot conquer.

U. S. Mail.

We see the Washington *Union* advertises the following mail routes, to be opened, if bids are accepted, by July, 8th, 1856. The contracts are to terminate June 30, 1858:

OREGON TERRITORY.

12735 From Starr's Point, by Grand Prairie, to Eugene City, 22 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Starr's Point every Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Eugene City same day by 4 p m;
Leave Eugene City every Saturday at 7a m
Arrive at Starr's Point same day 4 p m.

12736 From Port Orford, by Randolph and Coos Bay, to Gardiner City, 85 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Port Orford every Monday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Gardiner City next Wednesday by 3 p m;
Leave Gardiner City every Thursday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Port Orford next Saturday by 3 p m.

12737 From Scottsburg to Winchester, 54 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Scottsburg every Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Winchester next day by 3 p m;
Leave Winchester every Monday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Scottsburg next day by 3 p m.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

12741 From Pacific City to Chenook, 12 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Pacific City every Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Chenook same day by 5 p m;
Leave Chenook every Monday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Pacific City same day by 11 a m.
Bids to run by a different schedule will be considered.

12742 From Vancover to Stellacoom City, and back, once a week.
Bidders to state distance and schedule of arrivals and departures.

Miss Pellett on Nicaragua.

Miss Pellett, a lady who from travel in, and acquaintance with the leaders of the present regenerating movements in Nicaragua, is well qualified for the labor, delivered an address at Lyceum Hall, last evening, concerning that country, which was very respectably attended.

After giving a rapid but succinct sketch of the history of that country since 1823, stating that hardly any two years had passed without a revolution, the lady described Gen. Walker's movements somewhat in detail: agreeing fully with our published accounts, and showing that instead of an invasion, the whole affair was but the acceptance of an offer from the more wealthy and intelligent class of people, residents there. The advance of the army; its reception at various points; the character of the people, and their friendly feelings towards the existing order of things, were clearly limned. Alluding to the political state of affairs, the lady observed that Gen. Walker's government had been acknowledged by the Catholic clergy and was a fixed fact. The country is quiet and old feuds have been healed. As fifty-six men initiated the movement in that country, it is probable the thousands now there and tending thither, will be able to maintain it.—President Pierce's message had no unfavorable effect nor will have.

The chief object of popular interest is the arrival of steamships which usually bring reinforcements of strong, stalwart men, suited to a country's regeneration. Alluding to the complications with other Central American States, and Costa Rica especially, they were not considered at all dangerous. Walker needs American assistance to develop the country, but its government is established. Some speculations as to what the land will be when its Jacksons and Clays mount the stage, and a greater civilization is attained, closed the very agreeable and instructive discourse, which was warmly applauded.—*New Orleans Crescent.*

News From Fort Pierre.

MOVEMENTS OF COL. VAUGHN AND GEN. HARNEY—THE INDIAN TRADERS.

[Correspondence (Feb. 26, of The Nebraskian.]

Thinking that a few notes from Camp Desolation would not be unacceptable to the benighted denizens of the lower regions, I take advantage of the outgoing mail to communicate them, although I have not much of news to write. In fact, we are too far away from nowhere (close by where little empties into nothing, you know,) to get any news. We did get the President's Message by last mail, and also the *Nebraskian*, for which we are duly thankful.

Col. Vaughn, Indian Agent, arrived here on the 3d inst., from Ft. Clark. He left there about the 28th Dec., and came down in the coldest time, thermometer 36 deg. below zero. He said he left at that time because he was afraid to remain longer, and says that he is prepared to hear of the Fort being burnt up at any time. This does not look like *peace* very much. In fact, some more of those devils must be *whipped*. Meanwhile, about ten of the several bands who have got a "big scare" on them, are now waiting for the grand Council of *Peace* or *War*, to come off on the 1st of March proximo. The Platte, Brules, Winneconges and Ogelales, and one other fragment, the ones who so grossly insulted the agent, Vaughn, last Summer and Fall are not here, nor will they be present.—Of course, therefore, they will be fit subjects for another Summer's operations.

Gen. Harney returned here from L'eau qui Court on the 15th inst., having been absent sixty days. He walked all the way down and back—went down on snow two feet deep, and back on ice—total distance about 490 miles! This, in the dead of Winter, with mercury 34 deg. below zero, is no trifle. It is said that Gen. Harney found the squadron down at L'eau qui Court in such a "used-up" state that it could not go on down to Sioux river this Winter, as was contemplated, but it will go on ice breaking up.

The Indian traders have not done a very heavy business this year so far—in fact, little or nothing, and God knows it is time they should cease to exist. Millions on millions of dollars have been made by traders amongst these Indians, which is the cause of all their present troubles, poverty and crime. For two pints of common sugar they purchase a buffalo robe! and other skins and peltries at like rates, either in sugar, coffee, tobacco, powder and ball, &c., thus holding out inducements to the Indians to kill hundreds of thousonds of buffaloes every year, merely for the robes, casting away the meat, or else selling it, too, to these same traders for a trifle, who cure it, and sell it back to the Indians at one thousand per cent. advance. In this way the buffalo which would have lasted for centuries are fast becoming extinct, and, ergo, the Indians must *starve*.

Such are some of the evils of permitting traders to carry on traffic amongst Indians. Other evils exist full as great, and worse in a political aspect, by filling up the frontiers with a band of half breeds, Canadian French, renegade "Native Americans," altogether making a kind of Salmagun hostile to peace, virtue, industry, or even anything honest or praiseworthy in the pursuits of life. And from such the poor Indian gets his instructions, his schooling and advice. Strange developemeets may yet be made in this respect in this region of the frontier.

☞ The second trial of Baker for the murder of Wm. Poole commenced in New York city on the 14th of April.

☞ If you would be pungent, be brief, for it is with words as with sunbeams—the more they are condensed the deeper they burn.

To the Voters or Clackamas County.

As I have been prevented, by other engagements, from visiting the different precincts, since my nomination as a Whig candidate for the Legislature, I must address you in this manner.

My political belief and qualifications are, I presume, well known to you. I am heartily opposed to the party in power in Oregon, because I believe its leaders are selfish and unprincipled, and its measures are a disgrace and a curse to any free people. Even a war for the protection of our firesides and families is denounced, if any one is allowed to shoulder a rifle, who will not fall down and worship the image set up by this faction. No man of their own faith can hold office unless he obeys them, but if he dares to be independent in doing his duty, he is declared to be no better than a Whig, and must be removed. The last Legislature was a libel on freedom; in defiance of law it made offices for its members, and gloried in putting knaves or fools in places that had been filled with faithful, honest, and capable men, because the last would not be its tools. The members from your own county suited the ruling spirits, one of whom said, "They were just the men for us; they never said a word, but always voted as we told them." All such democracy I am against, and if elected I shall do my utmost in behalf of the prosperity of the Territory and our county; no leader of the faction shall boast that Clackamas will sustain them in whatever they do. The question of a prohibitory liquor law I propose to leave to the people, because until public sentiment approves the principle, the passage of a law that cannot be enforced is worse than useless.

Of my opponents, I only remark that their greatest misfortune is that they bear the indorsement of office-holders in this city, whose praise ought to be a reproach, and whose influence without office would be as ridiculous as their self-conceit.

Fellow-citizens, if you trust me as your representative, you may be assured of my faithful and earnest efforts in your behalf; all the ability I have shall be exerted for the advancement of Oregon interests, without regard to party, and least of all for any party that does not "carry the flag and keep step to the music of the Union."

If you make a different choice I shall be content, though I cannot but believe that you will before many years be satisfied with the tyranny and abuse of those who claim to be your masters.

AMORY HOLBROOK.

OREGON CITY, May 28th, 1856.

Seat of Government. *Territorial Printer, in disguise.*

For Seat of Government,

STEAMER HOOSIER.

☞ Subject to the decision of the People. 51tf

For Seat of Government,

CANEMAH,

☞ Subject to a vote of the People. 50tf

Convention.

TERRITORY OF OREGON,
Secretary's Office, Salem, May 8, 1856.

ABSTRACT of votes for and against convention to form constitution for State government, cast at a special election held according to law in said Territory on the 7th day of April, 1856:

		For Convention.	*Against Conv.*
Benton county,		288	273
Yamhill	"	182	399
Wasco	"	9	76
Jackson	"	216	281
Clackamas	"	204	366
Columbia	"	18	66
Clatsop	"	42	52
Linn	"	705	356
Polk	"	309	235
Washington	"	109	349
Marion	"	592	492
Multnomah	"	150	165
Coos	"	28	16
Lane	"	495	333
Umpqua	"	96	114
Douglas	"	254	191
Southern Brigade Vols.,		234	301
Northern Regiment	"	254	170
Total for convention,		4186	
Total against convention,			4235
			4186
Majority against convention,			49

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct abstract of the votes cast at said election and returned to this office as required by law, and that the majority against convention is forty-nine. No returns have been received at this office from the counties of Curry, Josephine, or Tillamook, nor from company of volunteers lately commanded by Capt. A. J. Hembree, deceased, or the detachment of volunteers at Fort Leland.

B. F. HARDING,
Secretary of Oregon.

7-1t

New Firm and New Goods.

THE undersigned would respectfully say to their friends and the public generally that they are opening a *GROCERY & PROVISION STORE.* One and all are invited to give them a call before buying elsewhere. They will ever be ready to show their goods, and they flatter themselves that they can suit the public, both as to quality and price. BARSTOW & CO.

Canemah, May 31, 1856. 7

New Arrangement.

THE next term of our school will commence July 1, 1856.

The Primary Department, limited to 16, will be under the charge of J. ANDREW POST.

The Preparatory Department, limited to 25—18 day pupils and 7 boarders—will be under the care of the subscriber, who will have the supervision of both departments. By these arrangements we hope to offer superior advantages to our patrons.

N. B.—None invited to attend but such as will *cheerfully* comply with the rules of the school.—Neither do we want any one who will be *rough* in his plays with his companions, or use any *improper* language. J. D. POST.

Oregon City, May 24, 1856. 6

For Sale.

I WILL SELL my situation on the bluff at Oregon City at a very low rate. I have a good dwelling house, stable, and outbuildings, with about 100 choice fruit trees of the best varieties, in an enclosure of eight lots, all of which will be sold low, as I have purchased property in another part of the city.

May 24, 1856-6tf W. W. BUCK.

Main Street House.

I HAVE leased the MAIN STREET HOUSE, and am now prepared to accommodate the traveling public. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of man and beast.—Charges reasonable.

I shall always be found on hand by those who choose to patronize me. J. M BACON.

Oregon City, May 3, 1856. 3tf

Wm. C. Dement & Co.,

At their old stand, opposite the Land Office,

ARE now receiving per bark "Ork" and brig "Haleyon," the following goods:

150 boxes sperm and adamantine candles,
50 kegs dried apples and peaches,
100 bbls and hlf bbls crushed sugar,
50 cases pickles,
30 " fresh peaches,
50 " pie fruits,
10 tons G. A. salt,

CROCKERY & GLASS-WARE:

500 doz cups and saucers,
300 " plates,
200 " tumblers,
20 " water pitchers,
Sugar bowls, tea-pots, &c., &c.

OILS & PAINTS:

200 kegs pure lead,
200 gals linseed oil,
100 gals turpentine,
50 gals varnish,
300 gals lamp oil,
100 gals lard "

DRY GOODS:

6000 yds brown sheeting,
5000 " prints,

Bleached cottons, bed ticking, &c., &c., all of which will be sold as low as they can be purchased of any other house in Oregon City. may17

Educational.

A CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL for boys will be opened at OSWEGO, Clackamas county, O. T., on MONDAY, 19th inst.

The Institution will be under the direction and charge of Mr. BERNARD CORNELIUS, A. B., a ripe scholar and experienced teacher, in whose family boys coming from abroad will find a suitable *home.*

Those desiring information as to terms, &c., will please address Mr. Cornelius, at Oswego. Reference may be made to Rev. Dr. McCarty, Fort Vancouver, W. T., Rev. S. M. Fackler, Butteville, Gen. E. Hamilton, Portland, Dr. A. H. Steele, Oregon City, or to the undersigned at Portland.

THOMAS F. SCOTT, Visitor.

May 10, 1856. 4-3w

In Equity.

John McLoughlin, complainant,
vs.
Francis W. Pettygrove & Alfred Pettygrove.
Clackamas County District Court, Oregon Territory.

IN this cause it appearing by an affidavit of complainant filed with his bill that both of the defendants are non-residents of the Territory, it was ordered by the Court that the Clerk make an order, and have the same published, directed to said defendants; this is therefore directed to the said Francis W. Pettygrove and Alfred Pettygrove, and they are hereby notified that this suit was commenced against them on the 6th day of September, 1855; that the object of the bill is to quiet the title to lot No. 6 in block No. 28 in Oregon City in favor of the complainant, and for a decree that a certain bond, touching the same made by the complainant to Alfred Pettygrove on the 13th day of September, 1843, be canceled.—The said defendants are required to appear at said Court, to be holden at Oregon City, in said county, on the first Monday of September next, and answer the bill, or that the same will be taken as confessed.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my hand and affixed my official seal, this 15th day of May, A. D. 1856.

[L. S.] F. S. HOLLAND, Clerk.

May 17, 1856. 5-5w

To Merchants and Shippers.

THE OREGON MILLING & TRANSPORTATION CO. have adopted the following tariff of charges, which will be adhered to till further notice:

Transportation of merchandise or produce from boat to boat at works,	per ton, $1 00
Storage of same less than five days,	no charge.
" " " over 5 & less than 15 days,	25
" " " " 15 & " " 30 "	50
Each additional half month or less will be charged, per ton,	25

R. PENTLAND, Ag't.

Linn City, May 10, 1856.

Lumber, Lumber.

THE Oregon Milling and Transportation Co. have established a LUMBER YARD on the river bank in rear of the store of Allan, McKinlay & Co.

Lumber in large or small quantities, including dressed siding and flooring, can always be had by application at the store of

F. S. & A. HOLLAND.

Oregon City, May 10, 1856.

Logs, Logs.

CASH will be paid on delivery for fir and cedar LOGS at works of Oregon Milling & Transportation Co. R. PENTLAND, Ag't.

Linn City, May 10, 1856.

Administrator's Notice.

I HAVE taken out letters of administration on the estate of James M. Wair, deceased, late of Clackamas county. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment. All claims against said estate must be presented to me at my residence in Clackamas county within one year from date of this notice.

PHILIP FOSTER.

Oregon City, May 7, 1856. 4-4w

Taken Up,

BY the subscriber, residing about twelve miles east of Eugene City, Lane county, O. T., a COW, about five years old, color deep red, long, clear, sharp horns, with a white streak along the belly; no mark or brand. Said cow came and took up with my cattle about the first of June, 1854, having with her a sucking calf.

Also, a STEER, about two years old, (the calf that came with the cow above described,) of a light cream color. NELSON DAVIS.

I do hereby certify that I have this day appraised the above described animals, and valued the cow at thirty-five dollars, and the steer at twenty-five dollars. S. D. GAGE, J. P.

May 10, 1856. 4-3w

Sacks! Sacks!

THE undersigned has constantly on hand at his sack manufactory in Oregon City, SACKS of all qualities and sizes, which will be sold as low as they can be bought in the Territory. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

WM. WHITLOOK.

Oregon City, May 3, 1856-3y.

Oregon Territory, } ss.
Yamhill county,

TO HENRY ROYCE: In the name of the United States of America, you are hereby commanded to be and appear before the District Court of the United States in and for the county and Territory aforesaid on the first day of the next regular term thereof, to answer the complaint of Horace L. Harrison, Boughton Everett, and Matthew Everett, or that judgment by default will be taken against you by said plaintiffs for the sum of three thousand dollars, with lawful interest thereon from the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, and costs of suit, if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint.

Witness, George H. Steward, Clerk, and the seal of said Court, at Lafayette, in said [L. S.] county, affixed this 21st day of April, A.D. 1856.

GEORGE H. STEWARD,
Clerk.

S. Ellsworth, Plif's Attorney, Eugene City, O.T.

April 26, 1856. 2-3m

JUST RECEIVED,

70 bbls and hlf bbls N O sugar,
36 " " " crushed "
4000 lbs No 1 China "
10 hlf bbls Carolina rice,
15 " " dried apples,
15 kegs " "
10 hlf bbls " peaches,
10000 lbs Liverpool salt,
10 cases table salt,
50 bbls Santa Cruz lime,
5000 lbs manilla rope, ass'd sizes,
100 kegs nails, " "
5000 qr flour sacks,
6 bales drillings,
12 cases ass'd pie fruits,
12 " " pickles,
20 bundles window sash, ass'd sizes,
24 pannel doors, " "
2 doz pol. grains scoops,
100 sacks Rio coffee,
10 mats black pepper,
10 bales oakum,
100 single and double blocks, ass'd sizes,
6 gross P & M yeast powders,
10 doz zinc wash boards,
500 gals S. I. syrup,
4000 lbs white lead, pure,
500 " red " "
40 gals copal varnish,
15 doz paint brushes, ass'd sizes,
15 " 3 hooped buckets,
200 gals boiled linseed oil,
100 " raw " "

Together with a good assortment of *HARDWARE and CARPENTERS' TOOLS.* All of which we propose selling at prices to suit the times. Call and see for yourselves.

W. C. DEMENT & CO.,
Main st., opposite the Land Office.

Oregon City, April 19, 1856.

Charman & Warner.

MR. EDITOR—You will please tell all our fellow-citizens of Oregon that we are still doing business under the old firm, and under the old adage that a nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling. We want to sell goods, and will do so as cheap as any other house in Oregon City.

We have enlarged our business materially, and now have on hand, as usual, all kinds of *GROCERIES*, such as will suit city and country trade, which we hope all who have favored us with their liberal patronage know full well. Call again—we will do our best. CHARMAN & WARNER.

April 19, 1856.

GLASS, Queensware, and Crockery, at ap19 *CHARMAN & WARNER'S.*

WE have a full assortment of BOOTS & SHOES, also Ladies' Gaiters and Buskins, in fact all kinds of ladies' shoes. ap19 *CHARMAN & WARNER.*

OREGON HAMS and SHOULDERS for sale by a19 *CHARMAN & WARNER.*

In our Bakery

WE keep a full assortment of BREAD, PIES, CAKES, and CANDY, at wholesale and retail. ap19 *CHARMAN & WARNER.*

Wedding Cakes

MADE to order, parties furnished with ices on shortest notice, &c., by ap19 *CHARMAN & WARNER.*

KELLY'S
Private Boarding House,
Opposite Holmes & Co.'s Fire-proof building,
OREGON CITY, O. T.

☞ Charges reasonable. Nov. 3-6m.

Daguerreotypes--Look Here!

JOE BUCHTEL is again on hand at his rooms over Milwain's store, and warrants a good picture to every one who will favor him with a call. Come on and try him. Get a correct likeness of yourself and give it to your wife, your husband, children, brother, sister, or lover. The time will come when they will prize it more highly than any gift you could bestow upon them.

Pictures taken in all weather, and all the various styles of cases. Satisfaction warranted. Entrance to rooms on Third Street.

JOSEPH BUCHTEL.

Oregon City, April 5, 1856. 1y

Splendid Jewelry.

G. COLLIER ROBBINS has now on hand the finest assortment of JEWELRY ever brought to Oregon. The assortment consists in part of the following articles:

Diamond brooches,
Diamond rings,
Gold railway time-keepers,
Ladies' watches, in enameled cases,
Ladies chatelaners,
Mosaic ear-rings,
Gold thimbles, gold and silver pens,
Card cases, mantel ornaments,
Card baskets, pearl caskets,
Gold guard, vest, and fob chains,
Sleeve buttons, shirt studs,
Ladies brooches,

and a variety of other goods too numerous to mention.

Call and see the most magnificent display of Jewelry ever seen in Oregon.

G. COLLIER ROBBINS,
March 22. Front street, Portland.

Furniture.

THE subscriber has just received a large supply of FURNITURE of all descriptions, consisting in part as follows—

Sofas, mahogany and black walnut;
Chamber sets;
Bureaus, with or without marble tops;
Office desks;
Rocking chairs, stuffed in hair, carpet, and with cane and wood seats;
Dining chairs, cane and wood seats;
Office chairs, do do do
Children's do, high dining and rocking;
Bedsteads, various kinds;
Tables, center, card, and dining;
Writing desks;
Sideboards;
Parlor chairs;
Settees;
Reading, toilet, and work tables;
Looking-glasses;
Mattresses, hair, moss, and wool;
Window shades;
Feathers;
Paper hangings, of every style;
Oilcloth; Chinese matting; fluid lamps, and burning fluid; with a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

Persons wishing to purchase will please call and examine for themselves.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods. THOS. JOHNSON.

March 22, 1856. 49tf

DR. Osgood's India Cholagogue, and Dr. Jones' American Cholagogue, at the
OREGON CITY DRUG STORE.

For Sale.

A GOOD HOUSE AND LOT in Oregon City. There is a good spring and a good stable on the premises. For further particulars enquire of F. S. HOLLAND.

April 26. 2-3w

DO you want Hay Forks, Spades and Shovels? Call at *CHARMAN & WARNER'S.*

OREGON CITY

Wholesale Prices Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

DRY GOODS.		DRUGS & MEDICINES	
Sheeting, 4-4	12½	100 pr. cl over N. Y. cost.	
Drilling	12½	PRODUCE.	
Bleached drilling	13	Wheat, pr. bu	$1,25
" shirting,	11a16	Oats do	81
Striped do	12½	Potatoes do	75
Ticking	14a16	Onions do	$1½
Denims	15	Flour	$4
Blue drilling	14	Corn Meal, fresh	6
Plaid linsey	16a24	FRUIT.	
Satinet	70a90	Potatoes, dried do	15
Kentucky jeans	25a45	Peaches, dried do	10
Tweeds	55a70	" do pealed	
PRINTS.		" Chili, dried	20a25
Blue and white	12	PROVISIONS.	
Blue and orange	12	Pork, clear	none.
Fancy	8a12	" mess	$28a30
Furniture do	10a14	Hams	15
" do. wide	12½	Bacon	12
M. de laines	14a25	POWDER.	
Ginghams	15a22	Hazard, pr ca	$15
Alpaca	25a60	" pr keg	$10
Table damask	50a75	SHOT.	
" cloths	65a$1	Small sizes	$2½a3
Irish linens	40a$1	Buck	$3a3½
CLOTHING.		LEAD.	
Sheep gray pants	$2½a3	Bar	20
Satinet do.	$2½a3	White lead, in oil	12½
Fancy cass. do.	$4a5	CORDAGE.	
Black cass. do.	$5a7	Manilla, small	37½
Red flan'l shirts	$14a18	" large	25
Blue do. do.	$15a18	Hemp	10a15
Hickory shirts	5a7	CANDLES.	
Calico do.	$9a12	Adamantine	45
BOOTS & SHOES.		Sperm	65
Men's kip boots	$2½a4½	CIGARS.	
" super do do	$4	Havana	$40a80
" fine sewed	6½	German	$10a25
Boys' kip boots	$2	American	$20a50
" he'vy w'x do	$1½a2	TOBACCO.	
Mens' brg's pr. doz	$17	Pride of the Union	40a45
" kip brg's pr doz	$20	Sun	30a35
" calf sewed do	$21	Luke's	37
Women's h'vy sh's	$13	HARDWARE.	
" fine do	$15	Shovels	$8a14
GROCERIES.		Spades	$14a16
Coffee	14a16	Axes	$12a20
Tea	65a70	Mill saws	90a$1½
Sugar, no. 1 Chi'a	11½	X cut saws	75a$1,25
" crushed	16	Table cutlery, 10 per ct	
Saleratus	10a16	advance on N. Y. cost	
Starch	14	Pocket cutlery, 25 pr ct	
Syrup E Boston	$1	advance.	
do. S Island	90	Other articles of hardware from 20 to 50 pr ct advance.	
N O Molasses	70		
Liv. Salt	3a3½		
Table Salt	3½a4	Nails, ass'd sizes, pr kg	$9
Sandwich I. Salt	2a2½	" horseshoe	25a35
Pepper	30	OILS.	
Allspice	40	Lamp	$1½a$2
Cinnamon	60a80	Linseed boil	$2 25
Soap	10a11	Turpentine pr gall	$2a$2½

U. S. MAIL LINE.

Portland and Astoria.

The Splendid Steamer
Multnomah

WILL continue to run regularly between Portland and Astoria, *via* Vancouver, TWICE A WEEK, leaving Portland on Monday and Thursday mornings of each week for Astoria; and Astoria for Portland on Tuesday and Friday mornings, touching VANCOUVER, ST. HELENS, RAINIER, CATHLAMET, &c., each way. For freight or passage, apply to R. HOYT, Master,

je16 Or at Hoyt's Wharf-boat, Portland.

Citizens' Line of Steamers.

PORTLAND, Capt. MURRAY,
ENTERPRISE, Capt. JAMIESON,

Will run in connection, the Portland leaving PORTLAND daily (Sundays excepted) for Oregon City at 10 o'clock, A. M.,—the Enterprise making semi-weekly trips to CORVALLIS, leaving CANEMAH on Mondays at 6 o'clock A. M., and Thursdays at 2 P. M.

☞ All freight for the above line will be receipted for at Hoyt's Wharf Boat, Portland.

ALEXANDER S. MURRAY,
ARCHIBALD JAMIESON.

Feb. 16, 1856. 44tf

Yamhill Trade.

COCHRAN, CASSADY & Co., under the name and style of the *Yamhill Company*, are now building a steamer of about 30 tons burthen at Canemah, expressly for the Yamhill trade. She will be ready to run some time in June.

COCHRAN, CASSADY & CO.

Oregon City, April 5. 51tf

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, and Dye-stuffs,
at the OREGON CITY DRUG STORE,
sep15 Main Street, Oregon City, O. T.

WESTERN HOTEL,

Morrison st., between Front and First sts.,
PORTLAND, O. T.

Charges reasonable. S. D. SMITH,
March 15, 1856-48 Proprietor.

W. P. Burns,

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKER,
OREGON CITY, O. T.

☞ Strict attention paid to repairing, and satisfaction to patrons warranted. feb9-43

Morris Thomas,

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,
Main st., nearly opposite Holmes & Co.'s.

TERMS OF SHAVING, &C.

Shaving twice a week, one shampoo, hair trimmed once, per month,	$2 00
" once a week, one shampoo, hair trimmed once, per month,	1 25
Hair trimmed,	25
Hair cut and dressed,	50
Shaving, and hair dressed,	25
Shampooing,	50

Oregon City, April 5, 1856-51

Time.

W. F. HIGHFIELD,
WATCH-MAKER.

Persons desirous of getting good work done will do well to give me a call, as my whole time is devoted to the repairing of Chronometer, Lever, Duplex, and Horizontal watches.

An assortment of Jewelry on hand.

Jewelry made to order, and repaired.

Prices to suit the times. I am thankful for past favors, and hope to give satisfaction in future.

☞ Located at the old stand, opposite the Telegraph Office, *OREGON CITY.* Feb. 2.

To all whom it may concern.

TAKE NOTICE, that I claim for myself and wife, and shall insist upon holding, all of the following described land, as our land claim taken and held by me under and in compliance with the act of Congress entitled "An Act to create the office of Surveyor General of Oregon," &c., approved Sept. 27th, 1850, and the amendments thereto, all pretensions of Wm. R. B. Cotton to the contrary notwithstanding, to wit: Commencing at a stake on the Willamette river 19 chains and 25 links south and 27 chains and 50 links west of the south-east corner of section 35 in township one south of range one east, thence running east 103 chains, thence north 66 chains and 60 links, thence west 80 chains, thence south 54 chains and 10 links, thence west 80 chains to said Willamette river, and thence up said river with its meanderings to the place of beginning.

JOSEPH KELLOGG.

March 22, 1856. 49

To all whom it may concern.

TAKE NOTICE, that I claim, and shall insist upon holding, all of the following described land, as my land claim taken and held by me under and in compliance with the act of Congress entitled "An Act to create the office of Surveyor General of Oregon," &c., &c., approved Sept. 27th, 1850, and the amendments thereto, all pretensions of Wm. R. B. Cotton to the contrary notwithstanding, to wit: Commencing at a stake 16 chains south of the south-east corner of section 31 in township one south of range two east, thence running south with section line 40 chains, thence west 113 chains, thence north 30 chains and 75 links, thence east 91 chains and 50 links, thence north 6 chains and 25 links, and thence east 21 chains 50 links to the beginning corner.

ELISHA KELLOGG.

March 22, 1856. 45