

Proceedings in the Senate on the Reception of the President's Message.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Dec. 31. A message from the President was received.

After the reading of the message, Mr. Clayton made some remarks relative to the treaty of April 19, 1850, in order to show the people of the United States the strength of the position assumed by this Government relative to Central American affairs, and the injustice of the position taken by Great Britain with regard to the construction of that treaty.

Mr. Seward inquired whether the ground taken by the President has allowed the British Government to take regarding the construction of that treaty, namely: that it was merely prospective in its operation and had no reference to the actual occupation by that country of the territory in question was the understanding of the Government of the United States when the treaty was made, Mr. Clayton then being Secretary of State.

Mr. Clayton replied that it was an entirely new construction—something of which he had never before heard. He never dreamed of such a construction being given to the language of the treaty.

Does any man suppose (Clayton said) that I, in the possession of my senses, entered into a treaty with Britain to allow her to remain in possession of the whole of this Isthmus, merely because she had been in possession of it, and then signed a treaty to prohibit my own countrymen from taking possession, leaving her to remain undisturbed? What motive could an American Senate have had in voting for it? Is it possible that any man can believe for a single moment such a view is in contemplation by the negotiation, when it was agreed that "neither will occupy, colonize, fortify or exercise dominion" in Central America? Occupy means, first, to take possession, and secondly, to keep possession. Great Britain agreed to do neither—also agreeing that they would not exercise dominion there.

He concluded by offering a resolution, that the usual number of copies of the Message and documents be printed, and that fifteen thousand copies of the same, in addition, be printed for the use of the Senate.

Mr. Cass expressed his entire concurrence with what had fallen from Mr. Clayton, and his gratification at the course taken by the President, and the views enunciated in the Message. In the whole history of diplomacy, there was nothing to be found at all comparable with the course of Britain, regarding the construction of the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty, and Central American affairs.

Mr. Weller commended the Message. He believed this country could never abandon the position she had assumed relative to Central America. However the people of the United States might be divided on questions of domestic policy, whenever war menaced them, they would be found acting in harmony and unanimity. The Message might be denounced by pseudo-philanthropists, but it would meet with a cordial response from every friend of liberty and lover of the Constitution and Union.

Mr. Seward announced he was prepared to stand up and support the Bulwer-Clayton treaty, and if need be, if the British Government could not be held to that treaty, he was ready to go further. He was ready for the assertion and practical maintenance of the Monroe doctrine.

Mr. Tombs heartily concurred in the Message—both regarding its foreign and domestic policy.

Thursday, Jan. 3. Mr. Hale remarked that he was not in his seat when the President's Annual Message came in, also he should have objected to its reception as irregularly sent. He would not pretend to state reasons why the President took such an extraordinary and unprecedented course; but Yankees are allowed to guess, and he would by no means presume to assert that the President has taken this opportunity to go down on his knees to the South because several Southern States are to hold Democratic Conventions about the 8th of January. [Laughter.] If such is the true version of the case, he was sorry the President had taken so much trouble for nothing, for there is just as much chance for one of the Senate's pages to be nominated for the Presidency as for Mr. Pierce. [Laughter.] The President takes up much of the Message in talking about Central American affairs, but he (Hale) thought there is a place in the central part of the United States, on which the eyes of the people are turned with vastly more attention—namely, Kansas. Mr. Hale stated, on the authority of Calhoun, that the Monroe Doctrine, so much talked about, was originally suggested by the British Cabinet. It is true, as the Pres-

ident says, that acts have occurred in Kansas contrary to good order, but they had taken place by instigation of the President. It is not the first time the President has delivered a lecture on Slavery. It was insulting to the majority of this nation for the President to say, in effect, that the men who disagree with him on that subject are enemies to the Constitution. Mr. Hale sternly rebuked such imputation. The Supreme Ruler, for the punishment of our national sins, or humiliation of our national pride, has permitted Pierce to occupy the Presidential Chair, and he comes down into the arena of the demagogue, stripped of everything which should clothe him with executive dignity. [Laughter.]

Portraits of Washington by two Masters. We have two portraits of Washington drawn by Mr. Jefferson and Lord Brougham, which, like the Decalogue among the Israelites that was written on tablets of stone at Sinai, should be inaugurated as household words in every American family, and which should be read and pondered by every aspiring youth as incentives and guides to the attainment of an honest and enduring fame. We shall give that drawn by Lord Brougham next week.

Portrait by Mr. Jefferson. "I think I knew General Washington intimately and thoroughly; and were I called on to delineate his character, it should be in terms like these: "His mind was great and powerful, with out being of the very first order; his penetration strong, though not so acute as that of a Newton, Bacon, or Locke; and so far as he saw, no judgement was ever sounder. It was slow in operation, being little aided by invention or imagination, but sure in conclusion. Hence the common remark of his officers, of the advantage he derived from councils of war, where, hearing all suggestions, he selected whatever was best."

But if deranged during the course of the action—if any member of his plan was dislocated, he was slow in re-adjustment. The consequence was, that he often failed in the field, but rarely against an enemy in station, as at Boston and York. He was incapable of fear—meeting personal dangers with the calmest unconcern. Perhaps the strongest feature in his character was prudence—never acting until every circumstance, every consideration was maturely weighed—refraining when he saw a doubt, but when once decided, going through with his purpose, whatever obstacles opposed. His integrity was most pure; his justice the most inflexible I have ever known—no motives of interest or consanguinity, of friendship or hatred, being able to bias his decision. He was, indeed, in every sense of the word, a wise, a good, and a great man. His temper was naturally irritable and high-toned; but reflection and resolution had obtained a firm and habitual ascendancy over it. If ever, however, it broke its bounds, he was most tremendous in his wrath. In his expenses he was honorable but exact; liberal in contributions to whatever promised utility, but frowning and unyielding on all visionary projects, and all unworthy calls on his charity. His heart was not warm in its affections; but he exactly calculated every man's value, and gave him a solid esteem proportioned to it. His person was fine, his stature was exactly what one would wish, his deportment erect and noble—the best horseman of his age, and the most graceful figure that could be seen on horseback. Although in the circle of his friends, where he could be unreserved with safety, he took a free share in conversation, his colloquial talents were not above mediocrity, possessing neither copiousness of ideas nor fluency of words. In public, when called upon for a sudden opinion, he was unready, short and embarrassed. Yet he wrote readily, rather diffusely, in an easy and correct style. This he had acquired by conversation with the world; for his education was merely reading writing, and common arithmetic, to which he added surveying at a later day. His time was employed in action chiefly—reading little, and that only in agriculture and English history. His correspondence necessarily became extensive, and with journalising his agricultural proceedings occupied most of his leisure hours within doors. On the whole his character was in its mass, perfect—in nothing bad, in few points indifferent; and it may truly be said that never did nature and fortune combine more perfectly to make a man great, and to place him in the same constellation with whatever worthies have married from man an everlasting remembrance. For his was the singular destiny and merit of leading the armies of his country successfully through an arduous war for the establishment of its independence; of conducting its councils through the lilt of a government, new in its forms and principles, until it had settled down into a quiet and orderly train; and of scrupulously obeying the laws through the whole of his career, civil and military, of which the history of the world furnishes no other example."

Army and Navy Estimates.—The estimated Naval Expenditures for the fiscal year 1856-7 amount to \$13,524,506, and the estimates for the army to \$15,027,480. These figures show the great importance of these arms of the National defence.

Horace Mann has proved that throughout all England more than one half of the adult population cannot write their own names.

"Fellow Citizens," said a stump orator, "We have the best country in the world, and the best government. What people on the face of the earth enjoy more privileges than we do? Here we have the liberty to speak, and liberty of the press, without onerous despotism. What, fellow citizens, is more desirable than this? Do you want any more, my countrymen?" "Yes, sir—e!" sang out a red-faced laborer; "this is dry work. I want a sock out of that flask sticking out of your coat pocket."

An affecting appeal.—An unfortunate editor in Kentucky thus addresses his delinquent subscribers: "Friends, we are almost penniless—Job's turkey was a millionaire compared with our present depressed treasury. To-day, if the price of salt was two cents a barrelful, we couldn't buy enough to pickle a jay-bird."

War Against Hard Times! The Place to Get your Money Back. CHARMAN & WARNER are now carrying on in the BAKERY and CONFECTIONERY business at their old stand, where they are still determined to deal on terms to suit the times. Our motto is, "a wide exposure is better than a slow sale," and we are determined to sell, if we do sell upon a very small profit. We are keeping every variety, PROVISIONS, BREAD, CAKES, PIES, &c., &c., that were ever manufactured out of flour. We keep also all kinds of GROCERIES, such as Sugar, Coffee, Tobacco, Cigars, Raisins, Spices, besides many Drugs and Medicines. (We don't keep any "quick" medicines, however.) We have bought out the other bakery, and intend to fix up another establishment soon. The press of business is so great that we are compelled to "spread ourselves" over a larger platform. Let Country produce bought and sold. "No trouble to show tickets." Call and try us. Oregon City, October 13, 1855.

Santa Cruz Line. 50 BBLs for sale by W. C. DEMENT & CO. SALERATES, tobacco, but hale outside, at F. S. & A. HOLLAND'S.

PORK in barrels at F. S. & A. HOLLAND'S.

Villainousness on a Grand Scale.

The authorities at New York have come into possession of documents and affidavits which they deem irrefutable, showing that a wide spread movement has been commenced all along the Atlantic seaboard of the United States, to send men and arms to Nicaragua for the purpose of organizing an army in that State to descend upon Cuba and San Domingo and wrest them from the present possessors. After the consummation of this design, the parties interested in the movement propose to unite into one confederation, a State, Nicaragua and such other portions of Central America as may be acquired by conquest or otherwise, and either set up a separate Republic or apply for admission into the Union as Slave States.

It is alleged that a thousand of the most reckless adventurers in the Atlantic cities have been already enticed into this movement, and this number is being daily augmented by extensive accessions from the interior.

The Mother.—A writer beautifully remarks that a man's mother is the representative of his Maker. Misfortune, and even crime, set up no barriers between her and her son. While his mother lives he has one friend on earth who will not listen when he is slandered, who will soothe him in his sorrows, and speak to him of hope when he is ready to despair. Her affections know no ebbing tide. They flow on from a pure fountain, and speak happiness through this vale of tears, and cease only at the ocean of eternity.

Beautiful is the dying of the sun when the last song of the birds fades in the lap of silence—when the islands of the clouds are bathed in light, and the first stars spring up over the grave of day.

Look not mournfully into the past—it cannot return; wisely improve the present—it is thine; go forth to meet the shadowy future without fear, and with a manly heart.

To pronounce a man happy because he is rich, is just about as absurd as to call a man healthy because he has enough to eat. A very common mistake.

"All honor to those that labor in school rooms," says Richter; "although they may fall from notice like the spring blossoms, they fall that the fruit may be born."

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What is the difference between a butcher and a gay young lady? The former kills to dress, while the latter dresses to kill.

The Editor of the Rochester Democrat gives this receipt to kill fleas on dogs: Suck the dog for five minutes in campene, and then set fire to him. The effect is instantaneous.

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New Books!

The subscriber has just received a large assortment of BOOKS, direct from New York, among which are the following: Alison's Hist. of Europe; American Institutions, Stillman's do. Lives of the Signers, Democracy in America, Halyon and Nivensh, "Land and Sea," "Dick and Peri," "Sea and Sailor," "Ship and Shore," Three Years in California, House Cyclopaedia, Cyc. of Literature, Egypt and the Holy Land, Baynes's Fam. Phys'n., Landner on St'm Engin., Manual of Fine Arts, Anc'l Monasteries, Choice Biography, Peruvian Antiquity, Travels in Peru, Polar Regions, Choice Extracts, Malan's Philosophy, A variety of Poets. 500 copies of Sanders' Speller, 500 " Readers, 250 " McGuffey's do., 250 " Webster's Dictionaries. Davies' Algebra, (Newman's Rhetoric, " Geometry, (Day's do. " Bourdon, (Parley's Univ. History, " Surveying, (Goodrich's Piet. U. S., " Legendre, (Monteith's Geography, " Arithmetic, (" Little Speller," Thompson's do. (N. American Speaker.

A Fresh Supply of Stationery. Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Receipt Books, Memorandums, of all sizes, Diaries, &c. Note and Letter Paper, Envelopes, Pens, &c. &c.—Eraser Knives, Elastic Rubber, Gumm'd Labels, Falter's Pencils.—INK, in quart and ret bottles. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. CHARLES POPE, Jr. Oregon City, August 18, 1855.

GEO. ABERNETHY & CO., MERCHANTS, OREGON CITY, OREGON TERRITORY. aug. 1, 1855. 16ft

Abernethy, Clark & Co., COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, San Francisco, Cal.

Will attend to selling Oregon produce, and fill orders for Goods, Groceries, &c., at the lowest rates. The patronage of the people of Oregon is respectfully solicited. aug 1, 1855-16ft

F. S. & A. Holland, DEALERS in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Crockery, Books, Stationery, &c. Main Street, Oregon City. June 30, 1855-y.

Hallelujah! Hallelujah! THE Hallelujah, a new singing book, by Lowell Mason;—just the thing for singing schools, for sale at [j30] HOLLAND'S.

Progression, Progression, Progression! Ever onward—and they that do not make outward progression "are a little behind the times," and for the benefit of those that have a desire to keep up with this age we have just received direct from New York the following list of BOOKS, of which we offer at wholesale or retail, on terms to suit: Constitution of Man, by Geo. Combe; Combe's Law of Phrenology; Domestic Life—Thoughts on its conceal and discord; Familiar Lessons on Phrenology and Psychology; Love and Paragonage; applied to the improvement of offspring; Marriage; its history and philosophy, with directions for happy marriages; Memory, and Intellectual Improvement; Mental Science; Lectures on the Philosophy of Phrenology; Matrimony; or Phrenology and Physiology applied, &c.; Phrenology proved, illustrated, and applied; Phrenological guide, &c.; Religion, Natural and Revealed; Self-culture, and Perfecting of character; Self-instructor in Phrenology and Psychology; Temperance and Tight Lacing; Accidents and Emergencies; Hydrophobic Cook Books; Consumption; its causes, prevention, and cure; Corrosives of common water; Cholera; its causes, &c.; Domestic Practice of Hydrophobia; Errors of Physicians, &c.; Experience in Water-cure; Hydropathic Family Physician; Hydropathic Encyclopedia; Home treatment for sexual abuses; Hygiene and Hydropathy; Introduction to the Water-cure; Midwifery, and the Diseases of Women; Parents' Guide, and Childbirth Made Easy; Pregnancy and childbirth; Practice of Water-cure; Water-cure in Chronic Diseases; Water-cure in Every Known Disease; Water-cure Manual; Aneutisies; or, Evils and Remedies, &c.; Combe on Infancy; Combe's Physiology; Chronic Diseases; Fruits and Fermentation; The Proper Food of Man; Hereditary Disease; its Laws, &c.; Maternity; or the bearing and nursing of children, &c.; Natural Laws of Man; Physiology, Animal and Mental; Tobacco; its effect, &c.; Elements of Animal Magnetism; Fascination; or the philosophy of charming; Laboratory of Mesmerism and Psychology; Philosophy of Mesmerism; New Illustrated Encyclopedia, complete in one vol.; Spiritual Intercourse, Philosophy, &c.; Familiar Lessons on Astronomy; Future of Nations, by Kossuth; Hints towards Reforms, by Greeley; Hopes and Helps for the Young of both sexes; Human Rights; Home for all, &c.; Labor; its history and prospects, &c.; Power of Kindness; Woman; her education and influence, &c. — also — 8 vols. Revelations, by A. J. Davis, the Clairvoyant. 8 " Approaching Crisis, " " 8 " Harmonical Men, " " 8 " Special Providences, " " 8 " Present Age and " " Inner Life, " " 8 " 1st, Great Harmonia, " " 8 " 2d, " " " " 8 " 3d, " " " " 8 " 4th, " " " " June 30, 1855-y F. S. & A. HOLLAND.

Direct From Honolulu, PER Brig L. B. Lunt, 10 tons S. L. Salt, 127 ma's No. 2 Sugar, 50 kegs " No. 1 " 25 Bbls. " Syrup, 25 " " Molasses, 330 Gallons Pickle Oil, G. ABERNETHY & CO. Sep. 28, 55.

Just Received per C. Devens, 100 REGS Boston Syrup, 5 gals., 75 boxes Valencia; 50 do. sup.; 5000 lbs. China No. 1 Sugar; 25 boxes candles; 10 do. imperial and young hyson teas; 10 cases fine salt; 10 doz. 3 hoop pails; 20 hf bbl crushed sugar. sep8 G. ABERNETHY & CO.

Oranges RECEIVED upon the arrival of every steamer. Don't fail to call on CHARMAN & WARNER.

New Orleans sugar & Molasses. 50 Barrels of New Orleans sugar per clipper ship "Havay," 50 do. of New Orleans molasses per clipper "Herald of the Morning." The above articles I shall receive about the 15th of May, direct from New York, and will close them out at low prices. JAMES O'NEILL. ap21ft

10 tons Salt, imported direct from Sandwich Islands, for sale in lots to suit purchasers, [ap21ft] THOS. JOHNSON.

25,000 feet Boards for sale in lots in want, by T. JOHNSON.

500 lbs. Feathers for sale by T. JOHNSON.

Egyptian Wheat. A FEW bushels for sale by W. C. DEMENT & CO.

Allan, McKinlay & Co.,

HAVE just received A STOCK OF NEW GOODS, and would invite all those who wish to procure GOOD articles at reasonable prices, to call and see them. They consist in part of the following: grindstones, fancy brooms, canal & wheel barrows, fancy brooms, plain do, assorted colored pails, painted tins, zinc wash boards, brass smith's bellows, cross cut saws 7 ft do 6 ft mill saws 7 ft hair mattresses double do single churns do do hair botlers do do window glass 8 by 10 do 10 by 12 do 7 by 9 sperm candles window shades 8 by 10 do 10 by 12 do 10 by 12 or blue and yokes lube tobacco SALTSMAS, Pepper & Allspice, East Boston Syrup. Sewing—Cast and German steel, mill and cross-cut, hand, panel, and whip-saws. Files and Rasps—Mill saw files from 10 to 16 inches; flat bastard files from 10 to 14 inches; taperfiles from 3 to 7 inches; half round files from 7 to 14 inches; round do. from 5 to 7 inches; horse rasps from 11 to 14 inches. Carpenters' Tools—Finner chisels and gouges in sets or single; locket chisels; bench planes; iron and steel squares; try squares; scratch awls and saw drivers; plain and flatted marking gauges and levels; common and conure augurs; hand-awls; hammers and hatchets. Builders' Hardware—Rim, flat, pad and mortice locks and latches; brass, mineral and white knobs; complete round, town and flat spring bolts; cast butts of all sizes, and screws; also, round and flat bar iron; nail rods, &c.; horse shoe bar, do., and plow steel. ap21ft JAMES O'NEILL.

GROCERIES FOR SALE BY CHARLES POPE, JR. SUGAR, Salt, Coffee, Tea, Syrup, Chocolate, Starb. Saleratus, Cream Tartar, Salt Soda, Carb. Soda, Pepper, Spice, Alum, Borax, Coppper, etc. April 21, 1855-16ft

Late Arrival. IN addition to our present stock we are now receiving direct from New York, "ex clipper ship Phoenix," 50 bbls. and half bbls. N. O. Sugar; 20 bbls. crushed sugar; 10,000 lbs. Rio coffee; 20 bbls. N. O. molasses; for sale low by W. C. DEMENT & CO. June 30-y Opposite the Land Office.

Just Received. A splendid assortment of Family Groceries, such as tea, syrup, sugar, &c.; also fine and coarse salt, cream tartar, apples, chili peaches, sardines, oysters, clams, yeast powder, also a large quantity of superior electroc cigars, and tobacco of every brand—and almost every thing else in our line of business—all of which will be sold as low as at any other place in town, for CASH or produce. CHARMAN & WARNER.

Notice. ALL those indebted to Preston, O'Neill & Co., are requested to call and settle the same immediately, by Cash or Produce. All debts remaining unpaid 1st of June, will be left for collection. [ap21ft] JAMES O'NEILL.

50 BBLs. Santa Cruz Lime just received and for sale by W. C. DEMENT & CO. [ap21ft]

40 LBS of Oregan Orange seed for sale by JAMES O'NEILL.

Selling off at Cost. THE stock of Dry Goods and Hardware of Preston, O'Neill & Co. will be closed out at cost price. Persons desirous of buying cheap, will do well to call on the subscriber. ap21ft JAMES O'NEILL.

Oregon Bacon. 1000 LBS. for sale by W. C. DEMENT & CO.

Central Produce Depot. CANEMAH. CONSTANTLY receiving, fresh from ranch, wheat, oats, bacon, lard, butter and potatoes. Dec. 1, 55. JOHN P. BROOKS.

Just Received. At the Old Stand, Canemah, April 21, '55. 4,000 Lbs. Light Brown Sugar, 1,000 lbs. China No. 1, do., 1,000 lbs. Rio Coffee, 15 Tons coarse salt; 500 lbs. fine do., 3,000 lbs. Oregon Bacon; 1,000 bushels oats, for sale wholesale or retail, by JOHN P. BROOKS.

IN our bakery we keep constantly on hand bread, crackers, cakes, pies, &c. CHARMAN & WARNER.

COARSE & FINE SALT—I have in store 25 tons coarse and fine salt, to be sold very cheap. [ap21ft] JAMES O'NEILL.

CANDIES, nuts, raisins, of an excellent quality just received and for sale low by CHARMAN & WARNER.

OL and syrup in barrels for sale by THOS. JOHNSON. ap21ft

A LARGE assortment of household furniture for sale by [ap21ft] THOS. JOHNSON.

COCONUTS, Bananas, and other tropical fruits, just received from Sandwich Islands. ap21 CHARMAN & WARNER.

N. O. SUGAR, coffee, tea, syrup, salt, at F. S. & A. HOLLAND'S.

POWDER, lead, shot and caps at F. S. & A. HOLLAND'S.

PAFEL Hangings, a new lot, for sale by T. JOHNSON. ap21ft

BOOKS—by the cord, at F. S. & A. HOLLAND'S.

JUST RECEIVED, 100 boxes candles, 20 lbs. pork, by W. C. DEMENT & CO. oct 25

30 LBS of ATLE seed for sale cheap by JAMES O'NEILL.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c., &c. Oregon City, May 5. George T. Allan, Archibald McKinlay, Thomas Lowe.

ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO., Lower Scottsburg, Unquias, Oregon. ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO., Champong, Oregon Territory. May 5.

JAMES O'NEILL, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN Provisions & Hardware, No. 1, Main Street.

CHARLES POPE, JR., DEALER in Hardware, Groceries, Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots & Shoes, Medicines, Books and Stationery. Main-st., Oregon City, April 21, 1855-16ft

Wm. C. Dement & Co., WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Paints, Oils, Boots and Shoes, Crockery, &c. Opposite the Land Office, Main St. Oregon City. June 1, 1855.

JOHN R. MBRIDE, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, Lafayette, Yamhill County, O. T. W. L. L. faithfully attend to all business entrusted to his professional care. April 21, 1855-16ft

JOHN P. BROOKS, Wholesale & Retail Dealer in Groceries, Produce, Provisions, &c., Main Street. A General Assortment kept up of Selected Goods. Canemah, December 1, 1855.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, Between Oregon, California, the Atlantic States and Europe. HAVING made advantageous arrangements with the United States and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies for transportation, we are now prepared to forward Gold Dust, Bullion, Specie, Packages, Parcels, and Freight, to and from New York, N. Orleans, San Francisco, Portland, and principal towns of California and Oregon. Our regular Semi-monthly Express between Portland and San Francisco, is dispatched by the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s steamship Columbia, connecting at San Francisco with our semi-monthly Express to New York and New Orleans, which is dispatched regularly on the 1st and 15th of each month, by the mail steamer and in charge of our own messengers, through to destination. Our Express from New York leaves regularly on the 5th and 20th of each month, also in charge of messengers. Treasure insured in the best New York companies, or at Lloyd's in London, at the option of shippers. Offices—New York, No. 16, Wall st.; New Orleans, No. 11, Exchange place; San Francisco, No. 114, Montgomery street. J. N. BANKER, Agent. Oregon City, April 21, 1855-16ft

The Steamer Portland, CAPT. A. S. MURRAY, Will run daily between Portland and Oregon City. Leaves Portland at eight o'clock, a. m. Returning leaves Oregon City at four o'clock, p. m. For freight or passage apply on board. ap21-16ft

U. S. MAIL LINE. Oregon City and Portland Daily Packet, Jennie Clark, J. C. AINSWORTH, MASTER, Will run daily (Sundays excepted) to the above-named ports, leaving Oregon City every day at 8 o'clock, a. m. Returning, will leave Portland at 2 p. m., touching at all intermediate points. For freight or passage apply on board. ap21-16ft

New Volumes of the Four Reviews and Blackwood. COMMENCE with North British for May, 1855, and the other Reviews and Blackwood for June, 1855. Terms of Subscription.—Any one Review or Blackwood, \$3 a year. Blackwood and one Review—or any two Reviews, \$5. The four Reviews and Blackwood, \$10. Four copies to our address, \$20. Postage on the four Reviews and Blackwood to any Post office in the United States, only 50 cents a year on each Review and 24 cents a year on Blackwood. Address, L. Scott & Co., Publishers, 54 Gold street, corner Fulton, New York. sep8

Reading for the Million. S. J. M'CORMICK HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND at the FRANKLIN BOOK STORE, FRONT-ST., PORTLAND, OREGON, A Choice selection of Popular Books, Newspapers, Magazines and Fancy Stationery. Among the books on hand will be found works on Temperance, Agriculture, Horticulture, History, Poetry, Biography, Medicines, Religion, Science, School Books, Romances, &c., &c., &c. If Subscriptions are returned for Harper, Graham, Goodley, Leslie, or Putnam, at \$4 a year, postage free. If Subscriptions received for any newspaper published in any part of the Union. Remember the Franklin Book Store and Newspaper Agency, Front street, Portland Oregon. A priced catalogue will be published early in April, and will be sent to any part of the territory free on application.

Ladies! YOU will find an excellent assortment of Dress and Bonnet Silks, Satins and Velvets; also Bonnet Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves, Laces and Ribbons, Table Cloths, Counterpanes, &c., at the store of CHARLES POPE, JR., (Main-st., opposite Abernethy's store,) where may be found almost everything in the line of Dry Goods: Such as Prints, Gingham, Plain Linseys, Madras, Saris, pieces, Merinos, necks, Sleeves, Bed Ties, musins, Jeans, Flannel, Cotton, Bating, etc. chking, Hickory Stripe, Oregon City. April 21, 1855-16ft

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