LATE FROM EUROPE.

Sebastopol Not Yet Taken!

Capture of the Mamelon and Quarry Batteries by the Allies---Further Successes of the Allies in the Sea of Azoff, &c.

The United States mail steamer Baltic from Liverpool arrived at new York on the 28th July, bringing news from Europe to the 16th.

By this arrival we have some information respecting the allied success before Sebastopol, but as letters lag ten days behind the telegraphic despatches, we know nothing beyond the few words published by government. From these it would appear that the fight for the Mamelon was obstinate—not fewer than 5,000 men being put *hors du combat*—and the success was complete, sixty-two guns having fallen into the hands of the French. An important element in the victory is that the French from their new position can reach the ships in the harbor of Sebastopol. Copious details are to hand of the attack on Kertsch; also telegraphic announcements of further successes in the Sea of Azoff, where the fleets attacked and destroyed the stores at Taganrog, Marioupol and Genitsch. Accounts of these last exploits are rather meagre. A boat expedition, to be conveyed in steamers to the shallow water, is fitting out in all haste at Portsmouth; destination supposed to be Perekop. On the Tchernaya and in the Baltic we have no new movements.

Telegraphic accounts state that the Russians have already abandoned Anapa, and are supposed to have crossed the Kouban. This requires confirmation.

The Russians are stated (but doubtful) to have evacuated the whole of their Circassian territory.

Duke Constantine is appointed Regent of Russia in the event of Alexander's decease.

The Russians are about to build a railroad through the Isthmus of Perekop.

Miss Nightingale is on her way to England on board the Cunard steamer Jura. She is convalescent from her attack of fever, but it is recommended to recruit her strength at home for a season.

We have *interesting* news of the Empress of France. Mr. Fillmore is quite a lion at the English court.

Capture of the Mamelon Tower.

The battery known as the Mamelon, (and called by the Russians the Kamschatka,) is about 500 yards in front of the Malahkoff Tower, on the crest of a hill about 100 feet in hight. It consists mainly of earthworks thrown up by the Russians last March at the time they evinced a determination to besiege the Allies in their works, and the boldness with which the battery was constructed was characteristic of the energy and courage shown by the Russians during the entire siege. The following are Gen Pelissier's despatches conveying the intelligence of the capture. They partake somewhat of the dramatic:

JUNE 6, 10 P. M.—To-day, with our Allies, opened fire against the external works, and to-morrow, please God, we will take them.

JUNE 7, 11 P. M.—At half-past six our signals for assault were given, and one hour afterwards our eagles floated over the Mamelon Vert and over the two redoubts of Careening Bay. The artillery of the enemy fell into our hands. We have taken 400 prisoners. Our legions occupy the conquered works. On their side, our Allies with their usual resolution carried the works in the quarries, and established themselves there. All the troops showed the most admirable devotion and intrepidity.

JUNE 8.—Last evening we took possession of sixty-two guns in the captured redoubts. Thirteen officers were made prisoners. Our loss, which has not been accurately ascertained, is considerable, as might have been expected from so great a result.

JUNE 9.—The situation is the same as yesterday. All the demonstrations of the enemy against the captured works have been fruitless. They have abandoned the so-called battery of the 2d of May; they have also completely abandoned the right shore of Careening Bay. The vessels in port have sought refuge in Artillery Bay, where our large mortars can reach them.—We are watching them attentively.

Lord Raglan's despatch is as follows:

BEFORE SEBASTOPOL, June 7.—The formidable fire of yesterday was kept up to-day with the greatest spirit, and soon after six o'clock this evening, the French attacked and carried the White Work and Mamelon. The whole operation was most brilliant.—Great gallantry was displayed on all sides. Casualties not yet known.

The next despatch was the following:

JUNE 8.—The success of last night was very complete, and the gallantry and steadiness of troops cannot be too highly spoken of. The French succeeded in securing the works of the Mamelon, and those on its right, called the "Ouvrages Blancs," and in those they took sixty-two guns, including eight cohorns and four hundred prisoners. Nothing could be more brilliant than the advance of our Allies. We have lost 400 men in killed and wounded.

Later accounts state that the British loss was 11 officers killed, 150 private men killed, 510 wounded, and 15 missing. It is singular that Lord Raglan omits to mention how the British were engaged, or if they were engaged at all. General Pelissier's despatch informs us that his English Allies carried the rifle works in the quarry.

Pelissier's latest despatches are:

JUNE 10, 11:30 P. M.—The combat of the 7th was more advantageous for us than I at first announced. It placed in our hands 502 prisoners (of whom 20 are officers), and 73 pieces of cannon.

JUNE 11, 11 P. M.—We are consolidating ourselves to the new works. We have been able to fire with the Russian mortars on their ships, which have gone still farther up. We are preparing new batteries.

(Signed:) PELISSIER.

Prince Gortchakoff's Account.

JUNE 8—Evening.—Prince Gortchakoff telegraphs to St. Petersburg, evening of 8th June: "After two days of heavy bombardment, three French divisons attacked redoubt No. 7, at six o'clock last evening, and occupied the redoubts Kamtschatska, Selengshink and Volhynia, and a battery between Selengshink and bastion No. 1. Our troops retook the Kamtschatska redoubt; but the French poured in fresh reserves, and took it once more. We finally remained master of that battery—the French holding a lodgement near—whence we hope to drive them. Our soldiers fought admirably, in proof of which I may state that the enemy's loss exceeds ours. He has lost 2500 men, and we have taken 275 men and seven officers prisoners, as well as two French cannon."

Rights of the Tchernaya.

The French lines are now so far advanced that the Allied cavalry water their horses in the Tchernaya without molestation. The Russians do not show in force. They have constructed two batteries, one towards the bridge, and the other on one of the spurs running out from the ridge of Inkermann. On the Allied side a work has been constructed for the defence of the bridge. Access to the river certainly secures water, but the position is described in correspondence from the camp as "more advantageous in a moral than strategical point of view."

Seven Days Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE AMERICA AT HALIFAX.

Attempt to Storm Sebastopol!!

DEFEAT OF THE ALLIES!

The Mamelon Tower Re-captured by the Russians!

Immense Slaughter on both Sides!

The subjoined news was telegraphed from Halifax to New York for the San Francisco HERALD on the day that the California steamers sailed. The America arrived at Halifax on the afternoon of July 4th, bringing dates from Liverpool to the 23d of June, one week later than those brought by the Baltic.

The Siege of Sebastopol.

The Allies made an unsuccessful attempt on the 18th of June to storm Sebastopol.—The most contradictory reports prevail with regard to the transaction. By some accounts the English loss is set down at four thousand men, but this is believed to be an exaggeration. The following are the only official notifications of the event:

"Lord Panmure regrets to have to announce that he has received information that the English troops attacked the Redan, and the French the Malahkoff, Towers, at daylight on the morning of the 18th, without the success which has hitherto attended our efforts. Both the French and ourselves have suffered considerably. The names of the officers who have fallen will be forwarded immediately, but it will be impossible to receive complete returns of all the casualties before the 30th inst., (June,) at the earliest."

The Moniteur announces that the Government has received two despatches from Gen. Pelissier. The first, dated the 17th, informs us of the operations concerted between himself and his allies, and that the Turks and Chasseurs had made a a reconnoissance towards Atodar, Gen. Bosquet accompanying the Chasseurs to the Tchernaya. The next day at day-break, the French and English were to attack the Malahkoff Tower. The second despatch, dated the 18th, announces that the attack had failed, and that although the troops had shown the greatest ardor and had gained a footing in the Malahkoff Tower, Gen. Pelissier was obliged to order the retreat into the parallel. This was effected with order, and without molestation by the enemy.

Private accounts published in the London *Standard*, say the loss of the British officers in killed and wounded amounts to no less than seventy. Among the killed are Gen. Sir J. Colin Campbell, Col. Yea, and Col. Chadforth. From the obstinacy and courage with which the combat was maintained by the British at the Redan, and the necessity of eventually retiring from the attack, the slaughter on all sides has been immense, and if the information be correct, the loss in killed and wounded of the British alone amounts to very little short of four thousand. The greatest portion of the loss was experienced in a ravine where a powerful and unexpected battery was opened on the troops. There is reason to fear that the loss has been very great; but Lord Palmerston said, last night, that no additional information had been received. The Allies lost terribly by the springing of a mine, and during the confusion, the Russians recaptured the Mamelon Tower.

Previous advices were to the 17th, stating that there had been smart firing on both sides, but without any result of importance.

A despatch from Bucharest *via* Vienna, confirms the report that an expedition has been undertaken against Perekop.

The Black Sea.

The Russian account of the successes of the Allies in the Sea of Azoff is published. Gortschakoff confirms the successes claimed by the Allies, but says that operations against the Sea of Azoff were expected—that not having means to oppose the hostile fleets, the garrisons had orders to blow up the batteries and retire—that the grain stores burned by the Allies were mostly private property, and do not materially affect the supply of the army, inasmuch as, anticipating such an attack, supplies were mostly conveyed by land, notwithstanding the facility offered by sea.

The correspondence relates to the horrible atrocities perpetrated by the French and Turks at the capture of Kertsch.

A boat Expedition, it is rumored, is preparing to enter the river Don, but the Russians have the entrance defended by twenty-seven gun-boats.

General Adujanow, *vice* Hetman of the Cossacks of the Don, has issued an address for their general enrolment as militia.

Asia.

The Russian forces have advanced and encamped near Redout Kale. The Turks have evacuated Batoum and Chouvouk Su. Nassif Pacha has advanced with his staff to Kars.

A despatch from Varna, dated June 17th, which was retarded on the way, says the Russians had made an unsuccessful attack on Kars, and it was reported they had retaken Anapa.

The Baltic.

Admiral Baines, with a squadron of seventeen steamers, has left Kiel for the Baltic. The balance of the fleet lay off Slaker Island.

An infernal machine exploded under the English steamers Merlin, and Firefly, off Cronstadt on the 9th, but did not damage them seriously.

Prince Gortschikoff is appointed Resident Russian minister at Vienna, M. Titoff to Wurtemburg, and M. Fousten to Hanover. Russian influence is very active even in the smallest German Courts.

The *Journal of St. Petersburg* semi officially says that peace is possible if France and England are willing, inasmuch as the fourth point is morally, although not formally, settled, and the other points, namely, the navigation of the Danube and the evacuation of the Principalities, are also settled—leaving only the Vienna third point to be arranged.

All the camps are healthy, except that at Balaklava, where cholera prevails. The Sardinians are suffering, and General Marniova, the younger, is dead.

Startling News from the Plains.

On the arrival of the last steamer, we received by telegraph, news of the fact that the Indians were in possession of Fort Laramie. The following additional particulars are gleaned from the correspondence of the St. Louis Republican, dated Whitehead, K. T., June 9:—"Henry Smith has just informed us that a man stopped at his house this morning, who told him that he slept at the Great Nemeha Mission last night, with an express rider, who brought starling news from the plains—It was to the effect that Fort Laramie was in the hands of the Indians, and that Messrs. Nave and McCord of Andrew county, Mo., had been robbed at Ash Hollow of four hundred and twenty head of cattle, several wagons, twenty-three mules, and all their stores and provisions, and were left entirely destitute. The particulars of the capture of Laramie were not given. The express merely stated that the Indians had gathered there in great force, and had taken the Fort, and that as he came by Ash Hollow on his way into the States, he saw Messrs. Nave and McCord and their teamsters and drivers, who were without horses or food, and stated to him the fact of the robbery, and that no lives were lost. This news has occasioned great excitement here and at St. Joseph. If it is true, the small force of Infantry that has just started out will only afford the Indians so many scalps.—They can offer no more resistance to two thousand warriors upon the Plains than an infant could to a giant."—*San. Fran. Herald.*

☞ A despatch from Washington says:—The Russian Minister laughs heartily with his friends over what he regards the exaggerated accounts from the seat of war, saying that the people of England and France required the manufacture of victories to satisfy their clamors. As to the reported number of vessels destroyed in the Sea of Azoff, he remarks it far surpasses all the Russians ever had there.

Religious Notice.

The Annual Meeting of the Christian Church, (Reformers) of Willamette valley, will be held at Newsom's mill in Marion county, embracing the 1st Lord's day in Sept., 1855. The meeting will begin on Thursday previous. A large attendance is expected and desired. Accommodations around the place of meeting will be ample for all who will attend.

D. N.

August 8, 1855.

Money to Loan.

$250 or $300 to loan upon approved security—Apply to

aug. 11. W. L. ADAMS, Argus Office.

Colville Mines.

THE subscriber will leave for the Colville mines about the 22d inst., or upon the arrival of the Mail Steamer, with an Express for the mines.—Persons wishing to send letters to their friends there, can leave them at the following places:

Corvallis,	Barnard & Matteson, & Statesman Office.
Albany,	Wakefield & Co.
Salem,	Geo. H. Jones & Co.
Champoeg,	J. W. Graham.
Butteville,	J. W. Case.
Oregon City,	J. N. Banker, office of W. F. & co.
Portland,	Office of Wells, Fargo & co.

aug. 11, 1712 JAMES O'NEILL, Agent.

Divorce Notice.

ELISHA Randal, formerly known by the name of John Walker, is hereby notified that his wife, Frances L. Randal has applied to the District Court of the county of Clackamas, in the territory of Oregon, for a divorce; and that her petition will be heard at the term which will commence on the the th rd Monday of September, A. D. 1855.

WAIT & KELLEY, Pl'f's Attys.

August 8, 1855. 17-14

Probate Notice.

Territory of Oregon, County of Yamhill. } ss.

AT a Probate Court, holden at Lafayette, in said county, on Tuesday, the 7th day of Aug. in the year of our Lord 1855, present, Martin Olds, Judge of Probate:

In the matter of the estate of Daniel S. Minkler, deceased, wherein John H. Blacker, Administrator of said estate, presented his last account, praying for a final settlement of said estate.

This is therefore to the end that all persons interested may appear at the next session of said Court of Probate, to be holden at the Court House in the town of Lafayette, in said county, on Tuesday, the 4th day of Sept. next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to show cause, if any, why the said account shall not be allowed and a final settlement had.

And it is further ordered that this notice be printed in THE OREGON ARGUS, a weekly paper, published at Oregon City, for three successive weeks.

MARTIN OLDS, Judge of Probate.

August 11, 1855. 17t3.

Notice.

THE undersigned is calculating to leave the Territory in a few weeks. All persons having unsettled business, will please call immediately and settle

J. R. ROBB.

August 11, 1855 17-tf

The Steamer Portland,

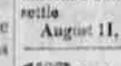
CAPT. A. S. MURRAY,

Will run daily between Portland and Oregon City. Leaves Portland at eight o'clock, A. M. Returning, leaves Oregon City at four o'clock, P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board. ap21-1tf

U. S. MAIL LINE.

Oregon City and Portland Daily Packet,



Jennie Clark,

J. C. AINSWORTH, MASTER,

Will run daily, (Sundays excepted,) in the above-named trade, leaving Oregon City every day at 8 o'clock, A. M. Returning, will leave Portland at 2 P. M., touching at all intermediate points.

For freight or passage apply on board. ap21-tf

Notice.

Territory of Oregon, County of Clackamas } ss.

District Court of Clackamas County.

Betsey A. Barnes vs. Asa Barnes. } Petition for Divorce.

TO ASA BARNES, Defendant in the above entitled suit:—You are hereby notified that Betsey A. Barnes, Complainant in said suit, has filed a complaint against you in the District Court of Clackamas county, Oregon Territory, on the 4th day of August, A. D. 1855, charging you with habitual gross drunkenness, and the commission towards her of personal indignities, rendering her life burdensome, and praying a divorce from you of the bonds of matrimony, and that alimony may be allowed her out of your estate.

You are hereby notified, therefore, to appear at said Court, to be holden in Oregon City, in said county, on the third Monday of September next, and answer said complaint, or the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment had against you by default.

WITNESS, F. S. Holland, Clerk of said [L. S.] Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 4th day of August, A. D. 1855.

Aug. 4-16-4t F. S. HOLLAND, Clerk.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership existing between Geo. Abernethy, Thos. Pope, Hiram Clark, and Jas. R. Robb, under the name of GEO. ABERNETHY & Co., expires this day by limitation. Persons indebted to us will please call and settle their accounts immediately, as we wish our books closed. Thos. Pope is authorized by us to close the business of the late firm.

GEO. ABERNETHY,
THOS. POPE,
HIRAM CLARK,
JAS. R. ROBB.

Oregon City, August 1, 1855.–163

Partnership.

GEO. ABERNETHY and HIRAM CLARK will continue business under the name of GEO. ABERNETHY & CO., at Oregon City. Thos. Pope will attend to the business, and is authorized to sign the name of the firm.

GEO. ABERNETHY.
HIRAM CLARK.

August 1, 1855. *16-t3

GEO. ABERNETHY & CO.,

MERCHANTS,

OREGON CITY, OREGON TERRITORY.

aug. 1, 1855. 16tf

Abernethy, Clark & Co.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

San Francisco, Cal.

WILL attend to selling Oregon produce, and fill orders for Goods, Groceries, &c. at the lowest rates. The patronage of the people of Oregon is respectfully solicited. aug 1, 1855-16tf

Notice.

COUNCIL GROUND,
WALLA-WALLA VALLEY, W. T.,
June 12, 1855.

AT A TREATY concluded with the Yakima Nation of Indians at the Council Ground in the Walla-walla Valley the 9th day of June, 1855, the land included within the following boundaries was ceded to the United States, to wit:

Commencing at Mt. Ranier, thence northerly along the main ridge of the Cascade mountains to the point where the northern tributary of the lake Chelan and the southern tributaries of the Methew river have their rise; thence south-easterly on the divide between the waters of lake Chelan and the Methew river to the Columbia river; thence crossing the Columbia, on a true east course, to a point whose longitude is one hundred and nineteen degrees and ten minutes—which two latter lines separate the above confederated tribes and bands of Indians from the Okanakane tribe of Indians; thence in a true south course to the forty-seventh parallel of latitude; thence east on the said parallel to the main Pelouse river—which two latter lines of boundary seperate the above confederated tribes and bands from the Spokans; thence down the Palouse river to its junction with the Moh-ha-ne-she or southern tributary of the same; thence in a south-easterly direction to the Snake river at the mouth of the Tucannon river, seperating the above confederated tribes from the Nez Perce tribe of Indians; thence down the Snake river to its junction with the Columbia river; thence up the Columbia river to the 'White Banks' below Priest's Rapids; thence westerly to a lake called "La Lac;" thence southerly to a point on the Yakima river called "Toh-mah-luke;" thence in a south-westerly direction to the Columbia river at the western extremity of the "Big Island," between the mouth of the Umatilla river and Butter creek—all which latter boundaries separate the above confederated tribes and bands from the Walla-walla, Cayuse and Umatilla tribes and bands of Indians—thence down the Columbia river to midway between the mouths of White Salmon and Wind rivers; thence along the divide between said rivers to the main ridge of the Cascade Mountains; and thence along said ridge to the place of beginning.

There is, however, reserved from the land above ceded, for the exclusive use and occupation of said confederated tribes and bands of Indians, the tract of land included within the following boundaries, to wit:

Commencing on the Yakima river at the mouth of the Attahnam river, thence westerly along said Attahnam river to the forks; thence along the southern tributary to the Cascade mountains; thence southerly along the main ridge of said mountains, passing south and east of Mt. Adams to the Spur whence flow the waters of the Kilkatat and Pisco rivers; thence along said divide to the divide separating the waters of the Satass river from those flowing into the Columbia river; thence along said divide to the main Yakima, eight miles below the mouth of the Satass river; and thence up the Yakima river to the place of beginning.

Also a tract of land not exceeding in quantity one township of six miles square, situated at the forks of the Pisquouse or Wenatshapam river, and known as the "Wenatshapam Fishery;" which said tract shall be surveyed and marked out whenever the President may direct.

By an express provision of the treaty, the country embraced in the cession and not included in the reservation, is open to settlement, excepting that the Indians are secured in the possession of their buildings and improvements until removed to the reservation.

This notice is published for the information of the public, and the attention of citizens proposing to locate claims upon the ceded territory, is especially called to the above provision, and for further information they are requested to apply to sub-agent, A. J. Bolon.

ISAAC I. STEVENS,
Gov., and Supt. Ind. Aff., W.T.

June 29, 1855. 13-3m

$ Pre Trad. $

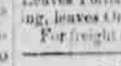
THIS nu and fit draft barj has pruvd beyond dout that the Wilamet is kapabl ov being navigated from Kanema tu Korvalis during the lost stajes ov the river.

She will be in redines at of timz tu do frating to or from eni point on the Uper Wilamet, at the most rezonabl prisez imajinabl.

N. B.—Partikular atenshun pid tu the handling ov frate.

Jun 23, 1855.-5y LENARD HWIT.

Buildings for Rent.



THE one now occupied by Wm. Myers & Co., and known as the "French Store," will be for rent from the 1st of August next. Also the building immediately in the rear, fronting on 3d street. Apply to

July 18, 1855. WM. C. DEMENT & co.

MINERS' TENTS for sale CHEAP by WM. C. DEMENT & co.

MINERS' SHOVELS. 50 doz. just received by WM. C. DEMENT & co.

Probate Court.

Territory of Oregon, County of Yamhill. } ss.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted to the undersigned by the Hon. Probate Court of Yamhill Co., Oregon Territory, on the estate of Labin S. Morine, deceased, late of said county, bearing date May 1, 1855. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having demands against said estate are requested to present the same to the undersigned at his residence near Dayton, within one year from this date, or they will be forever barred.

WM. LOGAN, Administrator.

July 3, 1855.–14t4.

Sheriff's Sale.

E. T. Stone vs. F. C. Cason. }

BY virtue of a certain writ of Execution, issued out of the District Court for Clackamas county, and to me directed, against E. T. Stone, plaintiff in the above entitled cause, for the sum of two hundred and sixty-two dollars and eighty cents, ($262.80) together with interest and accruing cost, and for want of personal property whereof to make the same, I have levied upon and shall proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the Court House door in Oregon City, county of Clackamas, Oregon Territory, on Tuesday the 4th day of Sept., next, at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, all the right, title and interest of the above named E. T. Stone in the following described real estate, (or the right, title and interest that he had therein on the 7th day of March, 1855, being the day on which this judgment was docketed against the said Stone in Clackamas county,) to wit;—A certain tract of land situated and lying in Clackamas county, and bounded as follows:

Commencing at a cottonwood stump on the south bank of the Clackamas river, thence running southerly till it strikes the corner of the late Newton Wheeler's land; thence along the course of said Wheeler's line until it strikes the land of Nineveh Ford; thence in a north-westerly direction along the line of said Ford's land until it strikes the Clackamas river; thence down said river with the meandering thereof, to the place of beginning:—containing about 10 acres, and being included within the boundaries of the land claim of Hiram Straight and Susan his wife, as filed in the Land Office of Oregon Territory, and numbered 681, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereon or thereto belonging.

SEP. HUELAT,
Sheriff Clackamas co.

Oregon City, Clackamas co., July 29, 1855.–14tds

Daguerreotypes.

HAVING concluded to remain in Oregon City and establish myself permanently in the Daguerreotyping business, I would request those wishing daguerreotypes to give me a call, as I have a full supply on hand of everything necessary to the business, and will warrant perfect satisfaction in all pictures taken. Prices, varying from three to fifteen dollars. A variety of lockets on hand.

☞ Rooms over the French Store.

June 30, 1855.–11tf JOSEPH BUCHTEL.

F. S. HOLLAND. A. HOLLAND

F. S. & A. Holland,

DEALERS in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Crockery, Books, Stationery, &c., Main Street, *Oregon City.* June 30, 1855.-y.

Hallelujah! Hallelujah!

THE Hallelujah, a new singing book, by Lowell Mason—just the thing for singing schools; for sale at [je30] HOLLAND'S.

Progression, Progression, Progression

IS ever onward—and they that do not make onward progression "are a little behind the times," and for the benefit of those that have a desire to keep up with this age we have just received direct from New York the following list of BOOKS, of which we offer at wholesale or retail, on terms to suit:

Constitution of Man, by Geo. Combe; Combe's Lee, on Phrenology; Domestic Life—Thoughts on its concord and discord; Familiar Lessons on Phrenology and Psychology; Love and Parentage: applied to the improvement of offspring; Marriage: its history and philosophy, with directions for happy marriages; Memory, and Intellectual Improvement; Mental Science; Lectures on the Philosophy of Phrenology; Matrimony: or Phrenology and Physiology applied, &c.; Phrenology proved, illustrated, and applied; Phrenological guide, &c.; Religion, Natural and Revealed; Self-culture, and Perfection of character; Self-instructor in Phrenology and Physiology; Temperance and Tight Lacing; Accidents and Emergencies; Hydropathic Cook Books; Consumption: its causes, prevention, and cure; Curiosities of common water; Cholera: its causes, &c.; Domestic Practice of Hydropathy; Errors of Physicians, &c.; Experience in Water-cure; Hydropathic Family Physician; Hydropathic Encyclopedia; Home treatment for sexual abuses; Hygiene and Hydropathy; Introduction to the Water-cure; Midwifery, and the Diseases of Women; Parents' Guide, and Childbirth Made Easy; Pregnancy and childbirth; Practice of Water-cure; Water-cure in Chronic Diseases; Water-cure in Every Known Disease; Water-cure Manual; Amativeness: or, Evils and Remedies, &c.; Combe on Infancy; Combe's Physology; Chronic Diseases; Fruits and Farinacea the Proper Food of Man; Hereditary Descent: its Laws, &c.; Maternity: or the bearing and nursing of children, &c.; Natural Laws of Man; Physiology, Animal and Mental; Tobacco: its effect, &c.; Elements of Animal Magnetism; Fascination: or the philosophy of charming; Library of Mesmerism and Psychology; Philosophy of Mesmerism; New illustrated Encyclopedia, complete in one vol.; Spiritual Intercourse, Philosophy of, &c.; Familiar Lessons on Astronomy; Future of Nations, by Kossuth; Hints towards Reforms, by Greely; Hopes and Helps for the Young of both sexes; Human Rights; Home for all, &c.; Labor: its history and prospects, &c.; Power of Kindness; Woman: her education and influence, &c.

—ALSO—

8 vols.	Revelations, by A. J. Davis, the Clairvoyant.		
8 "	Approaching Crisis,	"	"
8 "	Harmonial Man,	"	"
8 "	Special Providences,	"	"
8 "	Present Age and Inner Life,	"	"
8 "	1st, Great Harmonia,	"	"
8 "	2d, "	"	"
8 "	3d, "	"	"

June 30, 1855.–y F. S. & A. HOLLAND.

COCOANUTS, Bananas, and other tropical fruits, just received from Sandwich Islands.

ap21 CHARMAN & WARNER.

OREGON CITY

Wholesale Prices Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

DRY GOODS.		DRUGS & MEDICINES.	
Sheeting, 4-4	11½	100 pr. clover N. Y. cost.	
Drilling	11	PRODUCE.	
Bleached drilling	12	Wheat, pr. bu	$1
" shirting,	11a16	Oats do	40a50
Striped do	14	Potatoes do ..new	$1
Ticking	14a16	Onions do	$1½
Denims	45	Flour	$3½
Blue drilling	14	Corn Meal, fresh	6
Plaid linsey	16a24	FRUIT.	
Satinet	70a90	" dried do	18
Kentucky jeans	25a45	Peaches, dried do	16
Tweeds	55a70	" do pealed	
PRINTS.		" Chili, dried	20a25
Blue and white	12	PROVISIONS.	
Blue and orange	12	Pork, clear	none.
Fancy	8a12	" mess	$25
Furniture do	10a14	Hams	25
" do. wide	12½	Bacon	25to30
M. de laines	14a25	POWDER.	
Ginghams	15a22	Hazard, pr ca	$15
Alpaca	25a60	" pr keg	$10
Table damask	50a75	SHOT.	
" cloths	65a$1½	Small sizes	$2½a3
Irish linens	40a$1	Buck	$3a3½
CLOTHING.		LEAD.	
Sheep gray pants	$2½a3	Bar	20
Satinet do.	$2½a3	White lead, in oil	14a15
Fancy cass. do.	$4a5	CORDAGE.	
Black cass. do.	$5a7	Manilla, small	40
Red flan'l shirts	$14a18	" large	25
Blue do. do.	$15a18	Hemp	10a15
Hickory shirts	5a7	CANDLES.	
Calico do.	$9a12	Adamantine	40
BOOTS & SHOES.		Sperm	55
Men's kip boots	$3½a4½	CIGARS.	
" super do. do	$4	Havana	$40a80
" fine sewed	6½	German	$10a25
Boys' kip boots	$2	American	$20a50
" he'vy w'x do	$1½a2	TOBACCO.	
Mens' brg's pr. doz.	$17	Pride of the Union	40a45
" kip brg's pr doz.	$20	Sun	30a35
" calf sewed do.	$24	Luke's	37
Women's h'vy sh's.	$13	HARDWARE.	
" fine do	$15	Shovels	$8a14
GROCERIES.		Spades	$14a16
Coffee	15a20	Axes	$12a20
Tea	55a70	Mill saws	90a$1½
Sugar, no. 1 Chi'a	11½	X cut saws	75a$1
" crushed	10	Table cutlery, 10 per ct advance on N. Y. cost	
Saleratus	10a.15	Pocket cutlery, 25 pr ct advance.	
Starch	14	Other articles of hardware from 20 to 50 pr ct advance.	
Syrup E Boston	90a$1		
do. S Island	75		
N O Molasses	60		
Liv. Salt	3a3½	Nails, ass'd sizes, pr kg	$8
Table Salt	3a3½	" horseshoe	25a35
Sandwich I. Salt	2a2½	OILS.	
Pepper	30		
Alspice	40	Lamp	$1½a$2
Cinnamon	60a80	Linseed boil	$2 00
Soap	10a11	Turpentine pr gall	$.2

Notice.

District Court—Clackamas County—Territory of Oregon.

A. J. Pope vs. J. S. Higgins. } Summons.

To J. S. Higgins—

YOU are hereby required, in the name of the United States of America, to appear before the District Court of Clackamas county to be held in Oregon City on the 17th day of Sept. next (being the third Monday of said month) to answer the complaint of A. J. Pope. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, the plaintiff will take judgment against you for four hundred and twenty-four dollars, and interest from the 12th day of January, 1855, together with costs of suit.

L. S. Witness F. S. Holland, Clerk, and the Seal of said Court, this 31st day of May, 1855.

7mo3 F. S. HOLLAND, Clerk.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

Portland and Astoria.

The Splendid Steamer

MULTNOMAH,

WILL continue to run regularly between Portland and Astoria, *via* Vancouver, TWICE A WEEK, leaving Portland on Monday and Thursday mornings of each week for Astoria; and Astoria for Portland on Tuesday and Friday mornings, touching VANCOUVER, ST. HELENS, RAINIER, CATHLAMET, &c., each way. For freight or passage, apply to R. HOYT, Master,

je16 Or at Hoyt's Wharf-boat, Portland.

Just Received.

A Splendid assortment of Family Groceries, such as tea, syrup, sugar, &c.; also fine and coarse salt, cream tartar, apples, chili peaches, sardines, oysters, clams, yeast powder, also a large quantity of superior cheroot cigars, and tobacco of every brand—and almost every thing else in our line of business—all of which will be sold as low as at any other place in town, for cash or produce.

CHARMAN & WARNER.

Wm. C. Dement & Co.,

WHOLESALE and retail Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Paints, Oils, Boots and Shoes, Crockery, &c. Opposite the Land Office, Main St. Oregon City. June 1, 1855–7t3

The Summer Trade.

WE are now receiving from New York and San Francisco, the following goods:

10,000 lbs No 1 china sugar,
60 bbls & half bbls N. O. sugar,
100 chests Imperial, gunpowder and young hyson teas,
150 sacks Rio coffee,
100 boxes Saleratus,
100 boxes sperm and adamantine candles,
250 kegs E. B. syrup,
25 bbls crushed sugar,
30 cases pickles,
200 boxes soap,
200 half-boxes raisins,
100 gross matches, (in wood)
25 cases table salt,
100 kegs white lead, (pure)
250 gals. Linseed Oil.
250 " lamp "
60 " spirits Turpentine,
50 boxes glass, assorted sizes,
30 doz brooms,
5000 lbs tobacco,
200 kegs nails,
6000 yds brown sheeting.

Also, rope, tubs, buckets, window-sash, crockery, wall paper, brushes, &c., &c.; all of which will be sold at the lowest market prices.

W. C. DEMENT & CO.

Opposite the Land Office,
Oregon City, June 1, 1855.–7t3

Washing without Labor.

3000 BOXES Babbit's Soap Powder, for sale by WM. C. DEMENT & CO.

Wanted!

A WOMAN—to do housework in a private family. Address the Argus Office.

COARSE & FINE SALT.—I have in store 25 tons coarse and fine salt, to be sold *very cheap.* [ap21tf] JAMES O'NEILL.

CANDIES, nuts, raisins, of an excellent quality just received and for sale low by

CHARMAN & WARNER

DR. Jayne's medicines for sale by

ap21tf C. POPE, Jr.

50 BBLS. Santa Cruz Lime just received and for sale by

je23-10 WM. C. DEMENT & CO.