# ADD & TILTON, BANKERS SEELINE PRESIDENT'S

TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made at all points on favorable terms. Letters of credit issued

Sight exchange and Telegraphic Transfers sold on New York, Washington, Ohicago, St. Louis, Denver, Omaha, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia. Exchange sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort and Hong Kong

### BANK OF COMMERCE, LIMITED. BOISE, IDAHO.

OFFICERS: B. F. OLDEN, President; M. ALEXANDER, Vice President; H. N. COF-FIN, Cashier; J. M. HAINES, Assistant Cashier. DIRECTORS: Robt. Noble, Thos. Davis, B. F. Olden, J. M. Haines, J. E. Yates, J. B. Morrow, T. Regan, M. Alexander, F. R. Coffin.

mts of Banks, Firms, Corporations and individuals Received on the Most Liberal Terms Consistent With Sound Banking.

# FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Walla Walla, Washington. (First National Bank in the State.) Transacts a General Banking Business. CAPITAL \$100,000. SURPLUS \$100,000.

LEVI ANKENY, President. A. H. REYNOLDS. Vice President. A. R. BURFORD, Cashler

### GEO. D. ELLIS, Proc. FAY D. YOUNG, And Unch's CAPITAL STATE BANK OF IDAHO

Limited Banking in all its branches. Your business solicited. - - - - - - - IDAHO

# THE PUGET SOUND NATIONAL BANK

JACOB FURTH, President. J. S. GOLDSMITH, Vice President. R. V. ANKENY, Cashier. Oapital Paid Up, \$300,000.

Correspondents in all the principal cities of the United States and Europe. Gold dust bought. Drafts issued on Alaska and Yukon Territory.

### UNITED STATES NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President. W. B. AYER, Vice-President. A. M. WRIGHT, Assistant Cashler. Transacts a general banking business. Brafts issued, available in all cities of the United States and Europe, Hong Kong and Manila. Collections made on favorable terms. MORTHWEST CORNER THIRD AND OAK STREETS.

### Fidelity Trust Company Bank

Paid Up Capital \$300,000. Does General Banking Business. Savings Department. Interest Credited Semi-Annually. A. G. PRICHARD, Cashier F. P. HASKELL, JR., Asst. Cashier GEORGE BROWNE, Secretary JOHN C. AINSWORTH, President JOHN S. BAKER, Vice President P. C. KAUFPMAN, 2d Vice President DIRECTORS—John C. Ainsworth, T. B. Wallace, John S. Baker, Henry Hewitt, P. C. Kauffman and George Browne.

# First National Bank of Seattle

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COLLECTIONS ON SEATTLE AND POINTS IN PACIFIC NORTHWEST

CHAS. P. MASTERSON, Cashier R. F. PARKHURST, Asst. Cashier LESTER TURNER, President M McMICKEN, Vice President DIRECTORS-Lester Turner, M. McMicken, S. G. Simpson, W. D. Hofius. J. H. McGraw,

### Ask Your Dealer for GOODYEAR'S RUBBER GOODS the best that can be made of rubber

Goodyear Rubber Company P. H. PEASE, President. 61 63 78 67 Fourth Street. PORTLAND, OREGON.

ESTABLISHED 1851.

INCORPORATED 1897.

### ALLEN & LEWIS. Shipping & Commission Merchants

WHOLESALE GROCERS. To save time address all communications to the company.

Nos. 46 to 54 From St. North, PORTLAND, OREGON

# The La Grande National Bank.

Leading Bank in Union County. Transacts a General Banking Business

Exchanges Made on All Parts of the World.

J. M. CHURON, Cashler, LA GRANDE, OREGON

### W. P. KETTENBACH, President J. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres. CHAS. H. KESTER, Cashie. LEWISTON NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus, \$135,000

LEWISTON, IDAHO

DIRECTORS-W. P. Kettenbach, Grace B. Pfafflin, R. C. Beach, J. Alexander, C. C. Bunnell, I. B. Morris, Geo. H. Kester.

Send Your Washington, Idaho and Montana Business to the

OLD NATIONAL BANK Washington Spokane

WALLAGE E. CHASE. Vice President J. S. ALMAS, Peginent ROBERT T. F. SMITH, Cashler THE SECURITY STATE BANK

Of Havre, Montana

# FIRST NATIONAL BANK

BIRMARK, MORTH DAKOTA stablished in 1879. Capital, \$100,000. Interest Paid on Time Deposits C. B. LITTLE, President. F. D. KENDRICK, Vice President. S. M. PYE, Cashier. J. L. BELL, Asst. Cashier. GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

# Red River Valley National Bank

FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA.

R. S. LEWIS, President. JOHN S. WATSON Vice President.
J. W. VON NIEDA, Cashier FRED A IRISH, Assistant Cashier.

Capital and Surplus

# THE JAMES RIVER NATIONAL BANK

Of JAMESTOWN, NORTH DAKOTA. The Oldest and Largest Banking House in Central North Dakota Collections made on all points in North Dakota. Foreign and domestic exchange bought and sold. Telegraph transfers to all parts of America.

# THE CONRAD NATIONAL BANK O' MALES ELL

VapKal and Scourties, \$250,000.00

W. G. CONRAD

- ALSO -

KALISPELL TOWNSITE COMPANY Obolog Lots In Kalispell, the County Seat of the Famous

taken to guard against unnecessary increase of the ordinary expenses of overmment. The cost of doing Government business should be recovered to the results of the content of coling of the content business should be recovered to the recovered to done by unruly persons who shield themselves behind the name of labor. If there is resistance to the Federal courta, interference with the mails, or interestate commerce, or molestation of Federal property, or if the state authorities in some crisss which they are unable to face call for help, then the Federal Government may interfere; but though such interference may be caused by a condition of things arising out of trouble connected with some question of labor, the interference itself simply takes the form of restoring order without regard to the questions which have caused the breach of orrder—for to keep order is a primary duty and in a time of disorder and violence all other questions sink into abeyance until order has been restored.

order has been restored.

When we come to deal with great corporations, the need for the Government to act directly is far greater than in the case of labor, because great corporations can become such only by engaging in interstate com

such only by engaging in interstate commerce, and interstate
merce, and interstate
commerce is peculiarly the field of the
General Government. It is an absurdity to
expect to eliminate the abuses in great corporations by state action. It is difficult to
be patient with an argument that such matters should be left to the states, because
more than one state pursues the policy of
creating on easy terms corporations which
are never operated within that state at all,
but in other states whose laws they ignore.
The National Government alone can deal adequately with these great corporations. To
try to deal with them in an intemperate,
destructive, or demagogic spirit would, in all equately with these great corporations. To try to deal with them in an intemperate, destructive, or demagogic spirit would, in all probability, mean that nothing whatever would be accomplished, and, with absolute certainty, that if anything were accomplished it would be of a harmful nature. The American people need to continue to show the very qualities that they have shown—that is, moderation, good sense, the earnest desire to avoid doing any damage, and yet the quiet determination to proceed, step by step, without halt and without hurry, in eliminating or at least in minimizing whatever of mischief or of evil there is to interstate commerce in the conduct of great corporations. They are acting in no spirit of hostility to wealth, either individual or corporate. They are not against the rich man any more than against the poor man. On the contrary, they are friendly alike toward rich man and toward poor man, provided only that each acts in a spirit of justice and decency toward his fellows. Great corporations are necesacts in a spirit of justice and decency toward his fellows. Great corporations are neces-sary, and only men of great and singular mental power can manage such corporations successfully, and such men must have great rewards. But these corporations should be managed with due regard to the interest of the public as a whole. Where this can be done under the present laws it must be done. Where these laws come short, others should be enacted to supplement them. be enacted to supplement them.

BANK

BANK

BANK

BANK

Dakota

appropriates, directly and indirectly, \$6,000.000 annually to carry on this work. It reaches every state of the sea lately come under our flag. Cooperation is had with the state experiment stations, and with many other institutions and individuals. The world is carefully searched for new varieties of grains, fruits, grasses, regetables, frees and shrubs, suitable to various localities in our country; and marked benefit to our producers has resuited.

able to various localities in our country; and marked benefit to our producers has resulted.

The activities of our age in lines of research have reached the tillers of the soil and inspired them with ambilion to know more of the principles that govern the force of Nature with which they have to deal. Nearly half of the people of this country devote their energies to growing things from the soil. Until a recent date little has been done to prepare these millions for their life work. In most lines of human activity college-trained men are the leaders. The farmer had no opportunity for special training until the Congess made provision for it do years ago. During these years progress has been made and teachers have been prepared. Over 5000 students are in attendance at our State Agricultural colleges. The Federal Government expends \$10,000,000 annually toward this education and for research has given facilities for post-graduate work to 500 young men during the last seven years, preparing them for advanced lines of work in the department and in the state.

\*\*Corp. of Immediately preceding that.

Alaska, like all our territorial acquisitions, has proved resourceful begond the expents considerate the survey of these work of the many hardy in the absence of the principles that no chosenge the public servants considerate the work of the properties of the work in the servers of the principles that nequisitions, has proved resourceful begond the expents consideration and the many through a previous, and thrifty of the men choses of the min chosenge of the work in the servers of Agriculture while great, is probably not in great, is probably not of the Executive and of the Concomprehended yet in any just measure by our people. We do now, however, that from large-trained men are the leaders. The farmer had no opportunity for special training until the Congess made provision for it do years ago. During these years progress has been made and teachers have been built in eleanning the principle well of the min constitution to

tiers under the reclamation act and other acts, for whom a cheap and accessible supply of timber for domestic uses is absolutely necessary; miners and prospectors, who are in serious danger of losing their timber supply by fire or through export by lumber companies when timber lands adjacent to their mines pass into private ownership; lumbermen, transportation companies, builders, and commercial interests in general.

The creation of a forest service in the De-

The creation of a forest service in the De-partment of Agriculture will have for its important results:

First-A better handling of all forest work. because it will be under a single head, and because the vast and indispensable experi-ence of the Department in all matters per-taining to the forest reserves, to forestry in general, and to other forms of production from the soil, will be easily and rapidly ac-

Second—The reserves themselves, being handled from the point of view of the man in the field, instead of the man in the office, will be more easily and more widely useful to the people of the West than has been the case hitherto.

the reserves will become self-supporting. This is important, because continually and rapidis important, because continually and rapidly increasing appropriations will be necessary for the proper care of this exceedingly
important interest of the Nation, and they
can and should be offset by returns from the
National forests. Under similar circumstances the forest passessions of other great
nations form an important source of revenue
to their governments.

Every administrative officer concerned is Every administrative officer concerned is convinced of the necessity for the proposed consolidation of forest work in the Depart-ment of Agriculture, and I myself have urged it more than once in former messages. Again I commend it to the early and favorable con-sideration of the Congress. The interests of the Nation at large and of the West in par-ticular have suffered greatly because of the delay.

I call the attention of the Congress again to the report and recommendation of the Commission on the Public Public Lands. Lands, forwarded by me to the second session of the present congress. The Commission has prosecuted its investigations actively dur-ing the past season, and a second report is now in an advanced stage of preparation. In the Postoffice Department the service has increased in efficiency, and conditions as to revenue and expenditure continue sat-

Institutions.

The insect friends and enmies of the farmer are getting attention. The enemy of the San Jose scale was found near the Great Wail of China, and is now cleaning up all our orchards. The fig-fertilizing insect imported from Turkey has helped to establish an industry in California that amounts to from 50 to 100 tons of dried figs annually, and is extending over the Pacific Coast. A parasitic fly from Bouth Africa is keeping in subjection the black scale, the worst pest of the orange and lemon industry in California.

The some respects it has entgrown its present laws, while in others those laws have been found to be inadequate. In order to obtain information upon which I could rely actually nearly the past Summer for the purpose of ascertaining how government is administered there and what legislation is actually needed at present. A statement of the conditions found to exist, together with some recommendations and the country with some recommendations and the conditions found to be inadequate. In order to obtain information upon which I could rely actually actually an official of the Department of Justice, in whose judgment I have confidence, to visit Alaska during the past Summer for the purpose of ascertaining how government is administered there and what legislation is actually needed at present. A statement of the conditions found to exist.

Text of Paper Delivered to 58th Congress.

CAUTIONS AGAINST EXTRAVAGANCE IT is the condition of the conditions of the co

We are in every way endeavoring to hely on, with cordial good will, every movemen which will tend to Arbitration Treaties, bring us into more friendly relations with

the rest of mankind. In pursuance of this policy I shall shortly lay before the Senate treaties of arbitration with all powers which are willing to enter into these treaties with us. It is not possible at this period of the world's development to agree to arbitrate all matters, but there are many matters of possible difference between us and other nations which can be thus arbitrated. Furthermore, at the request of the Interparliamentary Union, an eminent body composed of practical statemen from all countries. I have asked the powers to

countries, asked the Conference. join with this Govern-ment in a second Hague conference, at which t is hoped that the work already so happily begun at The Hague may be carried some steps further toward completion, This car-ries out the desire expressed by the first Hague Conference itself.

In the Philippine Islands there has been during the past year a continuation of the steady progress which has obtained ever since our troops definitely got the upper hand of the insurgents. The Philippine peo-

hand of the insurgents. The Philippine people, or, to speak more ple, or, to speak more the Philippines, accurately, the many tribes, and even races, sundered from one another more or less sharply, who go to make up the people of the Philippine Islands, contain many elements of good, and some elements which we have a right to hope stand for progress. At present they are utterly insapable of existing in independence at all or of building up a civilization of their own. I firmly believe that we can help them to rise higher and higher in the scale of civilization and of capacity for self-government, and I most and higher in the scale of civilizaton and of capacity for self-government, and I most carnestly hope that in the end they will be able to stand, if not entirely alone, yet in some such relation to the United States as Cuba now stands. This end is not yet in sight, and it may be indefinitely postponed if our people are foolish enough to turn the attention of the Filipinos away from the problems of achieving moral and material prosperity, of working for a stable, orderly, and just government, and toward foolish and dangerous intrigues for a complete independence for which they are as yet totally unfit.

On the other hand, our people must keep steadily before their minds the fact that the as to revenue and expenditure continue satisfactory. The increase of revenue during
the year was \$9.558.18.10, or 6.9 per cent,
the total receipts amounting to \$143.382.624.34. The expenditures were \$152.362.116.70, an increase of about 9 per cent over
the previous year, being thus \$8,972.492.36
in excess of the current revenue. Included
in these expenditures was a total appropriation of \$12.955.537.55 for the continuation
and extension of the rural free-delivery
service, which was an increase of \$4.992.237.33 over the amount expended for
this purpose in the
Postal Service.

Postal Service.

Large as this expenditure has been the beneficent results attained

steadily before their minds the fact that the
justification for our stay in the Philippines
and authority rest chiefly upon the good
we are able to do in the islands. I do not
overtook the fact that in the development of
overtook the fact that in the development of
overtook the fact that the
justification for our stay in the Philippines
we are able to do in the islands. I do not
overtook the fact that the
pacification for our stay in the Philippines
we are able to do in the islands. I do not
overtook the fact that the
pacification for our stay in the Philippines
we are able to do in the islands. I do not
overtook the fact that the
pacification for our stay in the Philippines
to de in the good
we are able to do in the islands. I do not
overtook the fact that the
pacification for our stay in the Philippines
to de in the development of
overtook the fact that the
pacification for our stay in the Philippines
to de in the development of
overtook the fact that in the development of
overtook the fact where these laws come short, others should be enacted to supplement them.

Yet we must never forget the determining factor in every kind of work, of head or hand, must be the man's own good sense; courage and kindliness. More important than any legislation is the gradual growth of any legislation is the gradual growth of a feeling of responsibility and forestance among capitalists and wascowoferer alker, and of others; a feeling of broad community of interest, hot merely of capitalists among themselves, and of wageworkers and community of interest, hot merely of capitalists among themselves, but of capitalists and wageworkers in their relations to each other, and of both in their relations to each other, and of both in their relations to each other, and of both in their relations to force of the current revenue, lacunded in these expenditures was a total appropriation of the continual of the latenship of the continuation of the seal and the lands of the gradual growth of a feeling of tread of the current revenue, lacunded in these expenditures was a total appropriation of the continuation of the cape and the preceditive of the continual and that our interests of the current revenue. Included in these expenditures was a total appropriation in the sector of the continuation of the seal and the proposed of the current revenue and the proposed of the continuation of the seal and the lands of the seal of the proposed of the seal of the pro

# DOINGS IN CONGRESS.

Monday, December 5.

The short session of the 58th congress met at 12 o'clock. No business was transacted in either house excepting the usual routine work of opening day Both houses adopted resolutions of respect to the late Senators Hoar, of Massachusetts, and Quay, of Pennsylvania. and their adjournment was a further mark of respect.

### Tuesday, December 6.

President's message read. A number of resolutions have been introduced in the house looking to a

change in the tariff laws. The president sent a large number of senate.

### Wednesday, December 7.

The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, carrying \$28,-

current appropriation. Platt, of New York, caused a stir in the senate by introdeucing a bill pro-viding for a reduction of the congressional representation of the southern states, on the ground that many of the the right to vote.

for use of the Panama canal commis-

clares he will oppose to his utmost the proposed change in the Panama canal from a lock to a sea level canal. He says it is a scheme of the transcontinental railways to delay the construction of an isthmian waterway.

### Thursday, December 8. The senate held only a short session

Tillman brought the case of William D. Crum, the colored man nominated sion. for collector at Charleston, S. C., into the committee on judic ary as to the

In the house the civil service

000 to \$3,000 per annum.

of the secretary of the civil service commission was defeated.

### NO OFFENDER TO BE SPARED. Hitchcock Will Go to the Bottom of

the Land Frauds. Washington, Dec. 10. - An official etatement was given out by the Interior department today announcing the government's purpose to prosecute every guilty man in the public land trauds to the full extent of the law and regardless of position in life. The statement follows:

"The conviction in Portland, Oregon, will be followed next week by the trial of several others indicted for the same offense, is but another step toward the it became known nearly three years ago that frauds were being perpetrated in connection with the public lands, to run down and prosecute the guilty ones regard to their position in life. The department has encountered many obstacles while engaged in this work, but has moved steadily onward and has had the hearty assistance and co-operation of the department of justice in bringing the land criminals to justice.

"These frauds have been more far reaching than the country has suspected, and the task of unearthing them and securing the necessary proofs has been a difficult one, but there has been no abatement of the intention to secure the conviction of all land thieves.

# Sensation in Panama Matters.

Washington, Dec. 10 .- Representative Shackleford, of Missouri, who has a resolution in the house calling for an investigation of the Panama railroad company acquired by the United States government, is determined to force through an investigation, if it can be done. Friends say he is collecting evidence to show that a member of the railroad company It is understood that some sensational charges will be made in demanding a reorganization of the pres ent canal commission.

# Good Roads Bill is Reported.

Washington, Dec. 10 .- Senator Latimer, from the committee on agriculture on the bill known as the Latimer good roads bill. It carries an appropriation

# Will Prevent Running Blockade.

Berlin, Dec. 10 .- According to a dis-

Washington Is To Be Represented at 1905 Pair

FINE BUILDING TO BE ERECTED

Efforts WIII Be Made to Expend At Least \$75,000 on Exhibit of Oregon's Sister State.

Portland, Dec. 9 .- The Washington state commission for the Lewis and Clark exposition will ask the Washingappointments and nominations for pro- ton legislature for an appropriation of motion in the army and navy to the \$75,000 to carry out Washir gton's par-

A bill has been introduced in the senate providing a pension of \$15 a mission last evening after a day senate providing a pension of \$15 a in inquiring into the scope of the exposition and inspecting the exposition a ticipation in the Portland world's fair.

The commission agreed that not a dollar less than \$75,000 will be sufficient to make a suitable Washington 838,709, was reported to the house to- exhibit, and immediately upon their day This is \$846,498 less than the es- return to their state the commissioners timate and \$235,881 more than the will commence their campaign for the appropriation, which they anticipate no great difficulty in securing.

The commission, four strong, reached Portland yesterday morning for the purpose of making an official investigation. A meeting was held at exposicitizens of theses states are deprived of tion headquarters during the forenoon, at which H. E. Reed and D. C. Free-Senator Hale introduced a bill to re- man, representing the exposition, exquire the employment of vessels of the plained existing conditions. Upon United States in the transportation by learning that the exhaustive drains sea of all supplies of every description upon exhibit space have left no great for use of the Panama canal commis-sion or the contractors in the construc-tion of the Panama canal.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, de-slaves he will construct the construction of the Panama canal.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, de-slaves he will construct the construction of the Panama canal.

hibits. President Peaslee stated that the low railroad rates and other conditions tending to induce travel to the West are such that there will undoubtedly be a tremendous attendance at the fair. In consideration of this fact he felt that Washington's interests demanded a full representation of the state's resources. An adequate exhibit cannot be made An attempt to secure consideration without a fine state building in which of the pure food law by Senator Heyembodied in a resolution which was unanimously adopted by the commis-

After deciding that a separate exhibit prominence by asking for a report from building was a necessity, the commission adjourned to the expositon grounds for the purpose of securing a suitable com- site. In company with Mr. Freeman mission was attacked because of a proposed increase of 28 employes to constitute the rural examining board.

The pay of stenographers to the house committees has been reduced from \$5,see, fronting on Lewis and Clark be A proposition to increase the salary vard, was finally decided upon.

# PROGRAM IN THE SENATE.

Steering Committee Decides Legislation is to Come First.

Washington, Dec. 9,—The steering the program of the senate until the holiday recess. Four matters will be given attention during this period. They are the Philippine bill. on which the senate today agreed to vote December 16; statehood legislation, the nomination of William Crum to be collector of the port of Charleston, S. C., and of five persons for land frauds, which the queston of filling vacancies on senate committees. No effort was made to outline a program for the session, nor to hasten action on urgent bills consummation of the policy entered up-on by the secretary of the interior when which failed in the last session of condent in his message to congress have been discussed at informal meetings of senators, and the understanding reached that some of them should be kept to the full extent of the law without in the background until late in the seesion. Notably this is true in the spectal legislation granting the interstate commerce commission supervision over railroad rates. It is said several bills will be sent over from the house before long, and as is usual in short sessions of congress, nothing of a disputed character will be allowed to stand in the way. It is believed by senate leaders that there will be no substantial opposition to the statehood bill in its present form admitting Oklahoma and Indian territory as one state and Arizona and New Mexico as one state.

# Will Send Third Squadron.

London, Dec. 9. - According to a St. Petersburg dispatch to the Daily Mail, the emperor on Wednesday decreed the dispatch to the Far East of a third squadron, comprising the battle-ships Paul I and Slava, which will be completed as speedily as possible; five older battleships, five cruisers and 40 torpedo boat destroyers. The whole canal commission was a member of the squadron, the dispatch adds, it is hoped will be fitted out in two months. Probably it will be comanded by either Vice Admiral Daubasoff or Vice Admiral Chouknin.

# To Reclaim Great Tract.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Dec. 9 .- The Interior department at Washington has filed and forestry, today reported favorably application with the engineer of Wyoming for water rights for lands lying along the North Platte river in this of \$24,000,000 to be available in three state, aggregating 545,595 acres, to be annual installments of \$8,000,000 each reclaimed under the national irrigation for road building in the states. Under act and called the Pathfinder project. the provisions of the bill states are to The state engineer estimates that about do the work and pay one-half of the 300,000 acres will make profitable cost, the national government paying farming lands which will be reclaimed under five canal systems.

# Killed in Mine.

Tacoma, Dec. 9 .- Meager details of patch from Tokio to the Lokal Anzeig- an explosion in a coal mine at Burnett, er. the placing of heavy cannon on 203-Meter hill will enable the Japanese to fire on and sink junks and other craft taken out at midnight, and it is posibringing supplies for Port Arthur from tively known that five workmen are