

# THE NEW AGE.

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## FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.  
President, H. W. Corbett; cashier, E. G. Withington; assistant cashier, J. W. Newkirk; second assistant cashier, W. C. Alford.

Letters of credit issued, available in Europe and the Eastern states. Sight exchange and telegraphic transfers sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, Omaha, St. Paul, San Francisco and the principal points in the Northwest. Sight and time bills drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfurt-on-the-Main, Hong Kong.  
Collections made on favorable terms at all accessible points.

## LADD & TILTON, BANKERS PORTLAND OREGON.

Established in 1859.  
TRANSACTION A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.  
Interest allowed on time deposits.  
Collections made at all points on favorable terms. Letters of credit issued available in Europe and the Eastern states.  
Sight exchange and Telegraphic Transfers sold on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, Omaha, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia.  
Exchange sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfurt and Hong Kong.

## COFFMAN, DOBSON & CO., BANKERS.

CHEHALIS, WASHINGTON.  
Founded 1884. Oldest and Largest Bank in Southwest Washington

## BANK OF COMMERCE, LIMITED.

BOISE, IDAHO.  
OFFICERS: B. F. OLDEN, President; M. ALEXANDER, Vice President; H. N. COFFIN, Cashier; J. M. HAINES, Assistant Cashier.  
DIRECTORS: Robt. Noble, Thos. Davis, B. F. Olden, J. M. Haines, J. E. Yates, J. B. Morrow, T. Rogan, M. Alexander, F. R. Coffin.  
Accounts of Banks, Firms, Corporations and Individuals Received on the Most Liberal Terms Consistent With Sound Banking.

## LACK & SCHMITZ, GOLD MINES AND INVESTMENTS

Brokers. BAKER CITY, OREGON.  
TEN YEARS EXPERIENCE IN THE EASTERN OREGON GOLD FIELDS.  
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS A SPECIALTY.  
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Walla Walla, Washington. (First National Bank in the State.)  
Transacts a General Banking Business.  
CAPITAL \$100,000. SURPLUS \$100,000.  
LEVIANKENY, President. A. H. REYNOLDS, Vice President. A. R. BURFORD, Cashier

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

Pendleton, Oregon.  
Capital, \$70,000.00. Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$60,000.00.  
RESERVE AGENTS—First National Bank, Chicago, Ill.; First National Bank, Portland, Oregon; Chemical National Bank, New York, N. Y.  
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—Levi Ankeny, President; W. F. Matlock, Vice President; C. B. Wade, Cashier; H. C. Guereny, Assistant Cashier; J. B. McLeod, W. S. Byers, W. F. Matlock, H. F. Johnson.

## THE PENDLETON SAVINGS BANK

PENDLETON, OREGON.  
Organized March 1, 1889. Capital, \$50,000. Surplus, \$55,000.  
Interest allowed on time deposits. Exchange bought and sold on all principal points. Special attention given to collections.  
W. J. Furnish, President; J. N. Teal, Vice-President; T. J. Morris, Cashier.

## OUR OPTICAL DEPARTMENT HAS PROVEN TO BE A BIG SUCCESS

Five Reasons for it—  
5-Count 'Em. 1. No charge for testing.  
2. Thorough examinations with modern scientific instruments.  
3. Courteous treatment. We don't hurry patients.  
4. Our Glasses improve the looks.  
5-Count 'Em. 5. Very Reasonable prices.

Remember the Place. JAEGER BROS., Jewelers and Opticians.  
290 Morrison St., bet. Fourth and Fifth

## Willamette Iron and Steel Works.

Founders, Machinists and Boiler Makers, PORTLAND, OREGON.  
DESIGNERS AND BUILDERS OF...  
Marine and Stationary Engines and Boilers, Saw Mill, Logging and Mining Machinery, Roll Grinding and Corrugating Machinery, Power Transmission Machinery.  
We are constantly developing Modern Machinery for special purposes, which our up-to-date plant enables us to build accurately and economically.  
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

## NEW LIFE TO OLD FENCES!

Long Life to New Ones. How? By Using Our Anchor Clamps and Uprights.



Great Combination of Strength and Beauty. "THEY'RE THAT BUILT."

See Our Anchor Clamp  
You would be surprised if you knew how little it would cost you to fix up that old fence. Either send for some Anchor Clamps and Uprights, and a pair of our pliers, and make your old wire fence look like a new one.  
ANCHOR FENCE looks so nice and is so strong that farmers sometimes think that it must be high priced. It isn't, though.  
Cattle, Sheep and Hog Tight. IS NEVER SLIPS after closing

## FARM, RAILROAD AND LAWN FENCE.

Write for Prices and Catalogue. The Portland Anchor Fence Co.  
Agents Wanted in Every Town. 743 Nicolai St., PORTLAND, Oregon.

## EVENTS OF THE DAY

### GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TWO HEMISPHERES.

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting to Our Many Readers.

Complete order has been restored in Havana.

Internal revenue receipts have been reduced \$100,000,000 by the removal of the war tax.

The Yukon gold district is greatly excited over its first election of a member of parliament.

Dr. Enos, a well known Oakland, Cal., physician, is at the point of death from eating poisoned candy.

Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, of England, has started on a tour of inspection of the South African colonies belonging to his country.

The report of the interstate commerce commission shows that the net earnings of the railways was \$51,395,421 greater this year than last.

Two Negro women and one Negro man have been sold in Kentucky for three months, two and three years respectively. They were convicted of vagrancy in the circuit court.

The big dredge working at Pearl harbor, the Honolulu port, sank during a storm, adding one more to the list of troubles encountered by the contractors since this work was commenced.

Signs for a better government for Ireland have appeared.

President Roosevelt has his message all ready for the senate.

Three hundred Negro colonists will go to Liberia from Georgia in January.

Rumor has it that the czar may abdicate the throne to his uncle, Grand Duke Vladimir.

Gould and Harriman have fallen out over the control of the Colorado fuel and iron company.

The government survey for the Pacific cable has been turned over to the Commercial cable company.

A message received from Dr. Hunter, from Guatemala, states that the killing of Fitzgerald was in self defense.

The navy department has decided on a distinctive garb for marines and enlisted men serving time in prison. Heretofore they have worn their old uniforms.

Coal miners and operators held their first conference towards a peaceful settlement of their troubles in Washington. Only the preliminary arrangements were discussed.

John L. Mitchell, judge of the superior court of Pennsylvania, will be retired on half pay until the expiration of his term in 1910, on account of inability to perform the duties of his office through sickness.

Wheat has reached the highest point at San Francisco since 1898.

Great Britain and Germany are co-operating in serious measures to bring Venezuela to time.

The American Federation of Labor re-elected all its officers, and voted to meet in Boston next November.

Herr Krupp, the great German gun maker, and the wealthiest man in Germany, is dead from apoplexy.

Oil is to be used as fuel on the steamers of the Furness line, one of the largest English steamship companies.

The robbers who held up the Rock Island express, near Davenport, Iowa, secured in the neighborhood of \$20,000.

The report of Consul General McNally on the Hunter-Fitzgerald affair in Guatemala puts it in the aspect of a cold blooded murder.

Matters are proceeding favorably for an agreement between the coal miners and operators. An increase of 10 per cent in wages is assured.

The body of J. W. Fuller, who disappeared from his home in Portland October 27, has been found. There was a bullet hole in his right temple and a revolver with one empty chamber lay alongside the body.

Thirty people were drowned by the sinking of a steamer in the Danube river.

Reports from the district in Guatemala devastated by the volcano place the loss of life at 10,000.

The famous eating house at Meacham, on the O. R. & N., which burned a few days ago, will be rebuilt.

Prominent citizens of Denver have started a movement for the establishment of a sanitarium for actors.

Augustin Chacon, one of the most desperate outlaws in Arizona, has been hanged. During his career he had taken at least a score of lives.

A serious financial problem is confronting Germany. The government expense deficit is larger than ever before and the people can hardly afford to pay more taxes.

## WAS A BAD NIGHT.

Robbers Secure Only 300 Stamps Among Three Towns—Better in Texas.

Warren, Mich., Nov. 28.—Clint E. Osborne, assistant proprietor of a general store in this village, was shot dead early today by one of a gang of robbers that had entered the Warren bank and blown open the safe. The explosion aroused Osborne, who telephoned to one of his neighbors that he thought burglars were at work in either the bank or postoffice. All the telephones in the village are connected at night, and it is thought the crackmen heard the bell on the bank telephone ring and listened to Osborne.

Osborne then started down the street, and had gone but a short distance when one of the robbers, acting as an outside guard, shot him in the face with a charge of buckshot, killing him instantly. Then, without securing anything from the safe, the burglars rushed from the bank and drove rapidly away. No trace of them has since been discovered.

## An Indiana Attempt.

Akron, O., Nov. 28.—Early today a desperate attempt was made to rob the Exchange bank at this place. The robbers captured and bound the two night telephone operators and cut all telephone wires leading out of the local exchange. They also bound and gagged a physician whose office is in the same block with the Exchange bank. The first explosion of dynamite at the bank aroused the citizens, who hastened to the scene with fire arms. Many shots were exchanged, but the robbers escaped without any booty. The bank building was badly wrecked.

## Got 300 Stamps.

Coffax, Ind., Nov. 28.—The postoffice at Clark's Hill was entered early today and the safe dynamited. About 300 stamps were taken. The mail pouches were also looted. No clew to the robbers.

## Better Luck in Texas.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 28.—The First national bank at Morgan, Bosque county, was dynamited by robbers early today and \$5,000 in gold, silver and currency was secured by the burglars. Before the citizens, who were aroused by the explosion, could reach the bank, the bandits had secured the money and made their escape.

## ANARCHISTS ARRESTED.

Street Fight Believed to Have Revealed Secret Meeting Place.

New York, Nov. 26.—As the outcome of the arrest of two Italians fighting fiercely in the street, the police of the Oak street station, in this city, believe they have discovered an anarchist meeting place within a stone's throw of the station. The prisoners gave their names as Dominic Santo and Tony Menz. Santo had a big revolver, with which he was trying to shoot Menz. The latter carried a dangerous looking knife. When searched, 15 cartridges were found in Santo's pockets. Besides, there was an unopened letter from Cannalelli, Italy. Menz had a rough map of Paris and the department of the Seine, with a dozen of the largest building numbers. He also had a bill head from the Carlton hotel, London, and admitted that he came to this country three weeks ago.

According to the police the fight started in a hall in Roosevelt street, where a meeting was in session. Santo was charged with having revealed secrets, and the fight in the street followed, resulting in their arrest. Menz is said to have admitted that he is an anarchist.

## Havana Strike Under Control.

Washington, Nov. 28.—A cablegram received at the state department today from Minister Squiers at Havana reports that the government is taking a firm stand and that the strike situation is better. Senor Quesada, the Cuban minister, talked over the situation with Secretary Hay today. The conditions are being watched with the closest interest, as it is believed that the ability of the Cuban government to maintain law and order and adequately safeguard the heavy investments of foreign capital at Havana is about to be subjected to a severe test.

## Death of a Coin Expert.

New York, Nov. 28.—The death of Francis G. Meyers, chief of the coin division of the sub-treasury, was announced today. He was considered one of the best coin experts in the country. He was 57 years of age.

## French Coal Strike Is Ended.

Clermont, Ferrand, France, Nov. 27.—The strike of the coal miners in this region is terminated. The men have resumed work at all the pits, and troops who were guarding the properties have been withdrawn.

## NEWS OF OREGON

### ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF THE STATE.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of the Past Week—Brief Review of the Growth and Development of Various Industries Throughout Our Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

The postoffice at Pokesama, Klamath county, has been discontinued.

The building boom, which has been in progress at Weston for several weeks, shows no signs of abatement.

The citizens of Helix will hold an election December 10 to vote on the proposition of incorporating the town.

But very little of the 1903 wheat crop in the big Umatilla belt will be fall wheat, the rain proving so heavy that all seeding has been stopped.

Dr. Leckenby, of Union, has discovered a process whereby he can take photographs in which all natural colors are reproduced. He will not keep the discovery a secret, but will give it to the world.

The soldier who was arrested at Fort Stevens for setting the numerous recent fires has escaped from the officers and no trace of him can be found. He confessed to having started the fires as accused.

The second term at the state normal school at Monmouth shows a marked increase in interest and attendance. One noticeable feature is the unusually large number of young men, some 190 being enrolled at present.

The sugar beet crop this year in the neighborhood of La Grande was exceptionally good and more beets were turned into the factory than ever before. The amount received is 17,500 tons, which yielded 4,600,000 pounds of refined sugar.

A great many people in the east are writing to the state agricultural college for information regarding this state. There are many people in the Middle Western states who would come to Oregon if they knew of its advantages. The Portland chamber of commerce is devising plans to advertise Oregon in such states as Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Iowa. A number of the boards of trade throughout the state are also issuing literature, and early in the spring a great influx of people with moderate means is expected.

Eugene has secured an additional mail carrier for city delivery.

Burglars entered a Salem residence and ransacked the place, securing a small amount of cash and some jewelry.

A number of cities throughout the state will hold municipal elections December 1. Considerable local interest is being taken on account of factional fights, prohibition measures, etc.

The Baker City lodge of Elks has purchased a site and will erect a two story stone and brick building 50x100 feet. When complete the structure will cost about \$25,000.

Three prisoners under detention at the county jail at Union, made their escape by sawing through the bars of their cells. The prisoners were awaiting a hearing before the grand jury, two charged with assault and one with mayhem.

## PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 71@72c; blue stem 77@79c; valley, 74@75c.

Barley—Feed, \$23.50 per ton; brewing, \$24.00.

Flour—Best grade, 3.60@3.75; graham, \$3.20@3.60.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$19.00 per ton; middlings, \$23.50; shorts, \$19.50; chop, \$18.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.15@1.17 1/2; gray, \$1.12 1/2@1.15 per cental.

Hay—Timothy, \$10@11; clover, \$9.00; cheat, \$8@9 per ton.

Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 60@80c per sack; ordinary, 50@55c per cental; growers' prices; Merced sweets, \$1.75@ \$2 per cental.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.50@ 4.25; per pound, 10c; hens, \$4@4.50 per dozen; per pound, 11c; springs, \$3.00 @3.50 per dozen; fryers, \$2.50@3.00; broilers, \$2.00@2.50; ducks, \$4.50@ 6.00 per dozen; turkeys, young, 12 1/2 @18c; geese, \$6.00@6.50 per dozen.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2; Young America, 16 1/2@17 1/2 factory prices, 1@1 1/2c less.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 30@32 1/2c per pound; extra, 30c; dairy, 20 @22 1/2c; store, 15@18.

Eggs—25@30c per dozen.

Hops—New crop, 23@26c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 12 1/2@15c; Eastern Oregon, 8@14 1/2c; mohair, 26@28c.

Beef—Gross, cows, 3@3 1/2c per pound; steers, 4c; dressed, 6@7c.

Veal—7 1/2@8 1/2c.

Mutton—Gross, 3c per pound; dressed, 6c.

Lamb—Gross, 3 1/2c per pound; dressed, 6 1/2c.

Hogs—Gross, 10 1/2@10 3/4c per pound; dressed, 7@7 1/2c.

## BLOCKS THE CANAL.

United States May Not Take Up Nicaragua Route Again.

Washington, Nov. 27.—The cabinet meeting yesterday was devoted almost exclusively to the consideration of the status of the reciprocity treaty with Cuba and the canal treaty with Colombia. The hitches that have occurred in the negotiations were discussed, as were also the prospects of settlement.

Secretary Hay, while presenting them subject of the canal negotiations, was not able to report that any progress had been made during the past week. In fact, it appears that the negotiations have come to a dead stop, and while no such thing as an ultimatum has passed, the precise situation may be described in the statement that the Colombian minister here, Concha, has distinctly informed the state department that he cannot, in behalf of his government, accept the last proposition of the United States as a basis for a canal treaty. The state department has already let it be known that it has come to the end of its concessions, so the chances of a renewal of the negotiations in the near future are not very bright.

This state of affairs will stimulate the negotiations with Nicaragua and Costa Rica for the alternate route, but it now appears that the diplomatic representatives of those countries are not disposed to allow themselves to be used to coerce Colombia, and therefore are desirous of remaining in the background until it shall be clearly established that no treaty can be made between Colombia and the United States.

One of the statements of fact in connection with the Panama route which has been brought to the attention of the state department is that the original canal concession will expire in 1904, and it has been suggested that the Colombian government has that fact in mind, and is disposed to refrain from making a treaty now, in expectation that the franchise will lapse, and it thus may be in a position to build the canal itself, or to sell a new concession. Such a course would raise a very serious question between the Colombian government, the Panama canal company, the French government and the government of the United States as to whether or not a supplementary decree extending the concession 10 years from 1904 was valid.

## SPANISH WAR CLAIMS.

United States Took the Place of Spain in Cuba.

Washington, Nov. 27.—The Spanish claims commission has enunciated the principles by which it will be governed in passing upon the various demurrers which have been submitted to it in connection with the claims now under consideration on account of the war between Spain and Cuba. The general basis is laid down that in assuming the responsibility which would have otherwise been Spain's the United States is bound to pay all claims for which Spain could have been held. It is further held that the insurrection in Cuba had gone beyond the control of the Spanish government and that it was not responsible for damages done to foreigners by the insurgents. If, however, it be shown that the Spanish authorities might have prevented the damage done in any particular case by the exercise of due diligence the commission announces that it will hold that Spain is liable.

The commission announces further that it will take judicial notice that the Cuban insurrection passed from first beyond the control of Spain, and so continued until the intervention of the United States. It is further held that Spain was entitled to adopt such war measures for the recovery of her authority as are sanctioned by the rules and usages of international warfare. If, however, it be alleged and proved in any particular case that the acts of the Spanish authorities or soldiers were contrary to such rules and usages, Spain will be held liable in that case.

This decision does not, however, go to the extent of saying that the reconcentration orders were legitimate acts of war. There is to be a further argument on that subject.

Ex-Senator Chandler, chairman of the committee, and Commissioner Maury dissent from the rules adopted.

## Called to Washington.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 27.—General Luke E. Wright, vice governor of the Philippines, left last night for Washington, where it is understood he has been summoned by the president for a conference on the proposed Philippine legislation. It is expected that general Wright will assist in the preparation of the bills which will be presented to congress at the forthcoming session, among which will be one for the establishment of a stable currency and an extension of the civil service laws in the archipelago will be recommended.

## Fatal Locomotive Boiler Explosion.

Pittsburg, Nov. 27.—A trainman was killed and seven others seriously injured by the explosion of a locomotive boiler at Thompson, on the Monongahela division of the Pennsylvania road today. Of the injured all are railroad employes and none is expected to die.