

# THE NEW AGE.

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## FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.  
President, E. W. Corbett; cashier, E. G. Withington; assistant cashier, J. W. Newkirk; second assistant cashier, W. C. Alvord.  
Letters of credit issued, available in Europe and the Eastern states. Sight exchange and telegraphic transfers sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, Omaha, St. Paul, San Francisco and the principal points in the Northwest. Sight and time bills drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfurt-on-the-Main, Hong Kong.  
Collections made on favorable terms at all accessible points.

## LADD & TILTON, BANKERS PORTLAND OREGON

Established in 1856.  
TRANSACTION A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.  
Interest allowed on time deposits.  
Collections made at all points on favorable terms. Letters of credit issued available in Europe and the Eastern states.  
Sight exchange and Telegraphic Transfers sold on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, Omaha, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia.  
Exchange sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfurt and Hong Kong.

## COFFMAN, DOBSON & CO., BANKERS.

CHEHALIS, WASHINGTON.  
Founded 1884. Oldest and Largest Bank in Southwest Washington

## BANK OF COMMERCE, LIMITED.

BOISE, IDAHO.  
OFFICERS: E. F. OLDEN, President; M. ALEXANDER, Vice President; H. N. COPPIN, Cashier; J. M. HAINES, Assistant Cashier.  
DIRECTORS: Robt. Noble, Thos. Davis, B. F. Olden, J. M. Haines, J. E. Yates, J. B. Morrow, T. Rogan, M. Alexander, F. K. Coffin.  
Accounts of Banks, Firms, Corporations and Individuals Received on the Most Liberal Terms Consistent With Sound Banking.

## LACK & SCHMITZ, BROKERS. GOLD MINES AND INVESTMENTS

BAKER CITY, OREGON.  
TEN YEARS EXPERIENCE IN THE EASTERN OREGON GOLD FIELDS.  
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS A SPECIALTY.  
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Walla Walla, Washington. (First National Bank in the State.)  
Transacts a General Banking Business.  
CAPITAL \$100,000. SURPLUS \$100,000.  
LEVIANKENY, President. A. H. REYNOLDS, Vice President. A. R. BURFORD, Cashier

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

Pendleton, Oregon.  
Capital, \$70,000.00. Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$60,000.00.  
RESERVE AGENTS—First National Bank, Chicago, Ill.; First National Bank, Portland, Oregon; Chemical National Bank, New York, N. Y.  
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—Levi Ankney, President; W. F. Matlock, Vice President; O. B. Wade, Cashier; H. C. Guereny, Assistant Cashier; J. B. McLeod, W. S. Byers, W. F. Matlock, H. F. Johnson.

## THE PENDLETON SAVINGS BANK

PENDELTON, OREGON.  
Organized March 1, 1899. Capital, \$50,000. Surplus, \$55,000.  
Interest allowed on time deposits. Exchange bought and sold on all principal points. Special attention given to collections.  
W. J. Furnish, President; J. N. Teal, Vice-President; T. J. Morris, Cashier.

## OUR OPTICAL DEPARTMENT HAS PROVEN TO BE A BIG SUCCESS

Five Reasons for it—  
5—Count 'Em. 1. No charge for testing.  
2. Thorough examinations with modern scientific instruments.  
3. Courteous treatment. We don't hurry patients.  
4. Our Glasses improve the looks.  
5—Count 'Em. 5. Very Reasonable prices.  
JAEGER BROS., Jewelers and Opticians.  
Remember the Place. 290 Morrison St., bet. Fourth and Fifth

## Willamette Iron and Steel Works.

Founders, Machinists and Boiler Makers, PORTLAND, OREGON.  
DESIGNERS AND BUILDERS OF...  
Marine and Stationary Engines and Boilers, Saw Mill, Logging and Mining Machinery, Roll Grinding and Corrugating Machinery, Power Transmission Machinery.  
We are constantly developing Modern Machinery for special purposes, which our up-to-date plant enables us to build accurately and economically.  
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

## NEW LIFE TO OLD FENCES!

Long Life to New Ones. How? By Using Our Anchor Clamps and Uprights.



THE OLD FENCE. THE ANCHOR FENCE.

Great Combination of Strength and Beauty.  
"THE TIE THAT BINDS."

See Our Anchor Clamp  
You would be surprised if you knew how little it would cost you to fix up that old fence. Better send for some Anchor Clamps and Uprights and a pair of our pinners, and make your old wire fence look like a new one.  
ANCHOR FENCE looks so nice and is so strong that farmers sometimes think that it must be high priced. It isn't, though.  
Cattle, Sheep and Hog Tight. IT NEVER SLIPS after closing.

FARM, RAILROAD AND LAWN FENCE.  
Write for Prices and Catalogue. The Portland Anchor Fence Co.  
Agents Wanted in Every Town. 743 Nicolai St., PORTLAND, Oregon.

## EVENTS OF THE DAY

### FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in a Condensed Form. Which is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers

Nine men were killed at Wilmington, Del., by a pulp mill explosion.

The anthracite coal mine operators declare they will not give in or make any concessions.

Five non-union workmen were shot from ambush at Scranton, Pa. No one was fatally hurt.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, in a speech at Morrisville, Vt., alleged that he was not opposed to tariff revision in moderation.

Judge Jackson of Parkersburg, W. Va., has released John I. Gehr of Colorado, the last of the miners serving sentences for contempt of court.

Japan will not claim the Midway islands, but will turn them over to the United States. She disclaims any interest further than the protection of Japanese inhabitants.

Vancouver, B. C., is having a sugar war, the beet sugar people of Germany having put sugar on the market in competition with the local refinery, and cut the price nearly half a cent.

Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria has just celebrated his 72d birthday.

Patrick Sharp, a striking miner, was shot and killed at Nesquehoning, Pa.

R. Remington, a prominent society man, suicided at Newport, taking the pistol route.

Cholera continues to spread in Manchuria, China, and isolated cases have been reported in Siberia.

Large numbers of Chinese are arriving in Mexico, and the majority will probably find their way into this country.

The New York Ship Building company has placed an order abroad for 80,000 tons of manufactured iron and steel.

Reports from Victoria, B. C., show that the total salmon catch of the northern canneries for the season was only 145,300 cases.

Two hundred carmen, including carpenters, painters, etc., employees at the Union Pacific shops at Omaha, have gone out on a strike.

W. H. Dillard, wanted by United States authorities at San Francisco for issuing 43 fraudulent Chinese certificates, has been caught in Seattle and will be sent below.

An examination is being made into the affairs of the defunct Griffin Liquid Air company of New York, in an effort to locate several hundred thousand dollars worth of stock.

T. S. Sharretts, the treasury expert commissioned to negotiate a tariff treaty with China, reports the same signed.

The run of fall salmon has begun and is very good. The fish caught in Bakers Bay are mostly silversides of exceptionally fine quality.

Baron von Walterhausen, of Berlin, advocates the erection of a common tariff barrier against the United States by all of Europe.

Arrangements are being made for establishing banks in the Philippines to loan money to farmers, the government to guarantee 3 per cent interest.

Prince Chen Tuen, who has been in this country for several days, arrived in Vancouver, B. C., Sunday and sailed for home Monday on the steamship Empress of Japan.

The body of Mrs. Jessie Tuman was found near Muscatine, Iowa, the head split open with an ax. Her husband was mortally wounded and unconscious. They were killed for their money.

Grand Master Fitzpatrick of the Brotherhood of Trainmen has completed his tour of the anthracite coal regions and has addressed the brotherhood on their duties should the roads attempt to haul non-union coal.

Colonel Hemphill, founder of the Atlanta Constitution, is dead.

The New York Republican state convention will be held at Saratoga Sept. 23.

The threatened strike of miners at San Juan, Colo., has been averted by compromise.

Senator Burrows of Michigan announces that he will fight reciprocity with Cuba on constitutional grounds.

The president has ordered that the list of soldiers dying in the Philippines be telegraphed home every two weeks.

The government of Venezuela has forcibly detained three American vessels for government use in the present rebellion.

## MUST KEEP OFFICE HOURS.

A Land Decision of Importance Rendered by Secretary of Interior.

Lewiston, Idaho, Aug. 22.—Word has been received from Washington that the secretary of the interior has reversed the commissioner's decision in the case of Robert J. Little vs. John W. Bradbury.

This is the case in which it was alleged that Mr. Bradbury made and filed a timber and stone entry in the local land office after the hour of closing on the 18th day of last January, which was Saturday. Monday morning S. J. McFarland offered scrip application for the same land embraced in Bradbury's entry; the register of the local land office rejected the scrip application as being in conflict with the entry made by Bradbury. From this action McFarland took an appeal to the commissioner, and filed affidavits that Bradbury's application was received after office hours.

The commissioner sustained the action of the register.

Commissioner is Reversed.

An appeal was taken to the secretary of the interior, who now reverses the commissioner and holds that the "general circular of July 11, 1899 (page 238) under the head of registers and receivers, directs that: 'They will be in attendance at their offices, keeping the same open for the transaction of business from 9 a. m. till 4 p. m.' 'Applications for entry cannot be received by the register or receiver out of office hours nor elsewhere than at their office.'

"While there is no statute forbidding them so acting, there is no statute authorizing them to act. The regulations for their conduct not in contravention of statute have all the force of law. If it is optional with local officers to receive or decline applications, there is given opportunity for them to exercise favoritism and partiality, which might lead to grave mischiefs, the injury of many, and give occasion for grave scandals against the integrity of the land department."

The decision is an important one, in that it finally establishes the rule that applications for entry of land cannot be made out of office hours.

## SOUTH AFRICAN BLACKS.

Upon Their Attitude Depends in Great Measure That Country's Future.

London, Aug. 22.—Mail advices received from Johannesburg indicate that the negro problem is growing more acute and is causing the authorities infinite worry. To quote the words of one of the foremost African authorities:

"On the question of the natives depends the whole future of the new colonies—whether the Boers will loyally accept British rule or continue in a state of sullen resentment. Among the immediate dangers native attacks on Boers returning to their farms and attempts of the natives to assault white women are threatening serious conflicts between Boers and blacks. Under the old regime the crude but simple retribution for assaults on women was shooting on sight. Now, however, there is no legislation on the subject and the English authorities are hesitating to enact laws until all parties concerned can voice their opinions. The hesitancy to deal summarily with the natives is causing both Boers and Africans intense irritation and encourages the blacks to truculent effrontery."

"Another phase of the problem is the unwillingness of the blacks to forego their lazy existence in the concentration camps, where thousands were gathered during the war, and far more serious is the fact that a great number of blacks in the country have managed to secure arms. There is, therefore, the anomalous situation of unarmed whites and armed blacks living in proximity on outlying farms. Experienced British colonials strongly favor universal disarmament of the natives and prompt legislation making assaults on women a capital offense."

## BOER LEADERS AT UTRECHT.

Kruger Said to Have Upheld Generals for Giving Up the War.

Utrecht, Holland, Aug. 22.—The Boer generals, Botha, Dewet and Delarey, accompanied by Dr. Leyds and Messrs. Fischer, Weessels, Wolmarans and Reitz and others, have arrived here from The Hague to visit ex-President Kruger and consult with him on the South African situation. Large crowds warmly applauded the Boers. The spectators at the station sang the Boer national anthem.

The conference lasted for three hours. According to some reports it was rather stormy. At the end of an hour and a half the delegates withdrew, leaving generals Botha, Dewet and Delarey, together with Mr. Kruger. Little is publicly known as to what took place, but it is understood that the generals found the ex-president of the Transvaal in no way inclined to acquiesce in British dominion in South Africa and still clinging to the idea of a united South Africa under the Boer flag. Mr. Kruger is even said to have bitterly upbraided the generals for giving up Boer independence. Later in the day the generals returned to the Hague.

## NEWS OF THE STATE

### ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

Hillsboro is to have a public fruit drying plant.

A \$25,000 hotel and bathhouses are to be erected at once at Hot Lake.

Fire at Pendleton, which started in William Hickey's paint shop, did damage to the amount of \$3,000.

Officers made a raid on an opium joint at Salem and captured two men and the proprietor. All were fined.

Fred Reese, an 18 year old boy, has been arrested at Salem. He is charged with stealing some clothing in Umatilla county.

The Willamette Valley Land Co. has shipped a large box of grasses, grains and fruits to be exhibited at the Nebraska state fair.

The federal authorities promise to lend all assistance possible to break up the practice of "crimping," which has become such an evil all along the coast.

Rural free delivery service has been ordered established, to begin Oct. 1, at Harrisburg, Linn county. There will be two routes, which will serve a population of 910.

Charles Barclay of Oregon City, who went out last year as fourth officer of the transport Lawton, has been assigned to the command of the transport Trenton, running between Philippine forts.

A decision of considerable interest has been received at the United States land office at Oregon City in the case of George L. Derrick against Arthur T. Merwin, involving a tract in section 3, township 9 south, range 8 west. The decision knocks out both parties on the ground that the entry conflicts with the Corvallis & Yaquina Bay wagon road grant.

The Rev. J. J. Walter, formerly Methodist bishop of Alaska and recently in the service of the leading Methodist church at Spokane, has been appointed colonization agent of the Great Central railroad, projected between Coos Bay and Salt Lake City. He will at once enter upon his duties, which are to arrange the settlement of colonies along the projected line.

Dallas is considering the question of waterworks.

The Salem fruit cannery has closed for the season.

Albany and Linn county will spend \$1,000 in Eastern advertising.

The Third Presbyterian church of Portland was dedicated Sunday.

Grasshoppers in the vicinity of Woodburn have attacked the hop vines.

La Grande is constructing \$25,000 to \$30,000 worth of business buildings.

Miss Maybelle Douglas has been chosen queen of the Portland Elks' carnival.

Clay Gordon of Milton was arrested at Huntington for drawing a check on himself at his home bank and having it cashed at Pendleton.

## PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 60@61c; blue-stem, 62@63c; valley, 63@64c.

Barley—Feed, \$19.00 per ton.

Flour—Best grades, \$3.05@3.60 per barrel; graham, \$2.95@3.20.

Milletstuffs—Bran, \$16@17 per ton; middlings, \$21.50; shorts, \$18; chop, \$17.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.00@1.05; gray, 95c@1.00.

Hay—Timothy, \$11@12; clover, \$7.50@10; Oregon wild hay, \$5@6 per ton.

Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 60@70c per cental; ordinary, 50@75c per cental; growers prices; sweets, \$2.00 per cental; new potatoes, 50@60c for Oregon; \$1.00 for California.

Butter—Creamery, 22½@25c; dairy 16@18½c; cream, 12½@15c.

Eggs—19@20c for Oregon.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 12½@13c; Young America, 13½@14½c; factory prices, 1@1½c less.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@4.50; hens, \$4.00@5.50 per dozen, 11@11½c per pound; springs, 11@11½c per pound, \$2.50@4.00 per dozen; ducks, \$2.50@3.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 13@14c, dressed, 15@16c per pound; geese, \$4.00@6.00 per dozen.

Mutton—Gross, 2½@3c per pound; dressed, 6c per pound.

Hogs—Gross, 6½c; dressed, 7@7½c per pound.

Veal—7@8c per pound.

Beef—Gross, cows, 3@3½c; steers, 3½@4½c; dressed, 7@8c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 12½@15; Eastern Oregon, 8@14½c; mohair, 25@26c pound.

## TRANS-MISSISSIPPI CONGRESS.

Convention Whose Object is to Help the West Assembles at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Aug. 21.—The Trans-Mississippi Commercial congress is now in session here. President John Henry Smith of Salt Lake City, called the convention to order. There are representatives present from the entire Western section of the country. In outlining the work of the congress for the present session President Smith said:

"The object of the Trans-Mississippi Congress is to crystallize the opinions of the Western country in regard to the matters of national legislation and to bring them before congress in such a way as to effect the greatest good. So far as I know there is no particular topic for discussion, other than what may be brought up in individual delegations."

"An effort will be made to bring about at this session a consideration of the difficulties of the West. There is now a mining congress, a livestock congress, an irrigation congress, a good roads congress, all operating in harmony, but separately. The idea that better results could be obtained from a concentration of these, is becoming more and more widespread, and it will receive careful consideration at the present session."

Addressees of welcome were made by Mayor Smith and Governor Van Sant, and the convention then took up the work of organization.

## JAILED FOR CONTEMPT.

Peter Power, of Northern Pacific Merger Fame. Locked Up in Ludlow Street

New York, Aug. 21.—Peter Power, who is complainant in the case against the Northern Pacific, and who fled to Canada to escape a 30-day sentence for contempt of court, has returned to New York, accompanied by his counsel. He immediately repaired to the United States marshal's office, where he was taken into custody and later on confined in the Ludlow street jail. His counsel attempted to prevent the commitment of his client by producing an order from the referee of the Northern Pacific case to attend the hearing today, but the marshal refused to disobey Judge Lacombe's order to confine him for contempt.

## SUBSTITUTE FOR COAL.

New Yorkers Experimenting with Peat from the Lowlands of New Jersey.

New York, Aug. 21.—Successful tests have just been made of the turf or bog of the New Jersey townlands around West New York to ascertain whether it can be used as a substitute for coal as fuel for the winter season. Some large samples were dug up and taken to a blacksmith shop. It was found to burn readily on the forge after it had once become dry. It turned to a ruddy glow and seemed to hold its fire well.

There is an almost unlimited supply of this turf, or "Jersey peat," as they are beginning to call it in the vicinity of West New York.

## GOOD ROADS CONVENTION.

Arrangements Being Made to Hold One Next October in Portland.

Portland, Aug. 21.—At a meeting of the chamber of commerce arrangements were made with James W. Abbott, special representative of the department of agriculture, to hold a good roads convention in this city sometime during the week ending Oct. 18. If possible, the good roads train will be brought to Portland, so that a practical as well as a theoretical demonstration of the best methods of roadmaking can be illustrated to those interested.

## AN IOWA COLLEGE BURNED.

Parsons College, a Presbyterian Institution at Fairfield, Victim of the Flames.

Ottumwa, Iowa, Aug. 21.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed Parsons College at Fairfield, a Presbyterian institution founded in 1875. The loss is \$50,000; insurance half.

## COAL FOR NOME.

Boston Company Secures an Immense Vein at Cape Lisbon.

Tacoma, Aug. 21.—A company of Boston men have secured control of a 45-foot vein of coal at Cape Lisbon, which will supply Nome and Behring sea coast with fuel.

## Rose Coghlan Badly Burned.

Helena, Mont., Aug. 21.—Rose Coghlan, the actress, was severely injured here because she mistook a bottle of carbolic acid for a face lotion. She applied the acid to her face in a dark room, and barely escaped destroying her eyesight. Her face was badly burned before she discovered her error.

## Y. M. C. A. World's Congress.

Christians, Aug. 21.—About 1,000 foreign delegates, representing 31 nations, are here to attend the Y. M. C. A. world's congress which opened today and will last until August 24. The United States sent 38 official representatives.