

# THE NEW AGE.

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## FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.  
President, H. W. Corbett; cashier, E. G. Withington; assistant cashier, J. W. Newkirk; second assistant cashier, W. C. Alvord.  
Letters of credit issued, available in Europe and the Eastern states. Sight exchange and telegraphic transfers sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, Omaha, St. Paul, San Francisco and the principal points in the Northwest. Sight and time bills drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfurt-on-the-Main, Hong Kong.  
Collections made on favorable terms at all accessible points.

## LADD & TILTON, BANKERS PORTLAND OREGON.

Established in 1859.  
**TRANSACTION A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.**  
Interest allowed on time deposits.  
Collections made at all points on favorable terms. Letters of credit issued available in Europe and the Eastern states.  
Sight exchange and Telegraphic Transfers sold on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, Omaha, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia.  
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## THE UNITED STATES NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

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President.....TYLER WOODWARD  
Vice-President.....JACOB KAMM  
Cashier.....F. C. MILLER

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

Pendleton, Oregon.  
Capital, \$70,000.00. Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$60,000.00.  
RESERVE AGENTS—First National Bank, Chicago, Ill.; First National Bank, Portland, Oregon; Chemical National Bank, New York, N. Y.  
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—L. V. Ankeny, President; W. F. Matlock, Vice President; C. B. Wade, Cashier; H. C. Guereny, Assistant Cashier; J. S. McLeod, W. S. Byers, W. F. Matlock, H. F. Johnson.

## THE PENDLETON SAVINGS BANK

PENDLETON, OREGON.  
Organized March 1, 1889. Capital, \$50,000; Surplus, \$53,500.  
Interest allowed on time deposits. Exchange bought and sold on all principal points. Special attention given to collections.  
W. J. Furnish, President; J. N. Teal, Vice-President; T. J. Morris, Cashier.

## FRENCH & COMPANY, BANKERS

THE DALLES, OREGON.  
**TRANSACTION A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.**  
Letters of Credit issued available in the Eastern States. Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers sold on New York, Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco, Portland, Ore., Seattle, Wash. and various points in Oregon and Washington. Collections made at all points on favorable terms.

## Loewenberg & Going Company

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN



Stove Ranges, Hollowware and Household... Specialties...  
Handled by All First-Class Dealers...  
Royal Steel Ranges Are the Best and Cheapest in the Market.

229 to 235 Taylor Street  
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PORTLAND, OREGON

## WM. MILLER, LA GRANDE, OR.

DEALS IN GRAIN, BEET AND FRUIT LANDS IN THE BEAUTIFUL GRAND RONDE VALLEY IN EASTERN OREGON

After a continuous residence of over 10 years in this Famous Valley, and a close study of the past accomplishments and future possibilities of its soil, and a personal knowledge of its climate, I feel that no one, seeking a home, will make any mistake in locating here.  
Your Correspondence is Solicited, and All Questions...Cheerfully Answered....

Land and Immigration Agents  
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## The Causey Real Estate Co.

Farm, Fruit and Timber Lands, Stock Ranches, Mining Properties.  
Office: Foley-Roche Building. LA GRANDE, OR.

## Willamette Iron and Steel Works.

Founders, Machinists and Boiler Makers, PORTLAND, OREGON.  
DESIGNERS AND BUILDERS OF...  
Marine and Stationary Engines and Boilers, Saw Mill, Logging and Mining Machinery, Roll Grinding and Corrugating Machinery, Power Transmission Machinery.  
We are constantly developing Modern Machinery for special purposes, which our up-to-date plant enables us to build accurately and economically.  
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

## NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR MANY READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week in a Condensed Form.

A Ladrone rendezvous was raided in Polilio island.

A Dutch laager at Willowmore was captured by the British.

Thorneycroft's column is closely following Dewet's retreat.

The envoys at Pekin have taken up the question of indemnity.

It is believed in London that the Boer war is nearing an end.

Several bodies were taken from the Diamondville, Wyo., mine.

The cruiser New York will sail from Hampton Roads for Manila.

Aguinaldo's uncle was appointed governor of Bulacan province.

Buffalo Bill will participate in the inaugural ceremonies at Washington.

Two men were killed by an explosion of firedamp in the Blue Canyon mine.

The Cuban convention approved the scheme of relations with the United States.

Marine engineers on the great lakes struck for additional help in engine rooms.

Fire destroyed the warehouse of the Phillips Oil Company in Philadelphia. Loss, \$100,000.

The attic and a large portion of the roof of the Criminal Court building in New York was burned.

Rev. Charles Bliss, aged 73, formerly engaged in educational work in Utah, died at Long Meadow, Mass.

A case is before the courts of Baker county, Oregon, involving ownership of a quartz mill which was located on government property.

A bill was rushed through the Kansas legislature prohibiting prize fighting. A penalty of one year in the county jail is provided.

At Grice, Tex., 12 women with hatchets, axes and rocks went to the postoffice and store run by J. J. Grice, in which bitters are sold, and taking the bottles outside, broke them all.

The bodies of Louis Burch and Addie Taylor, both 18 years of age, were found in a deserted house in La Junta, Colo. A revolver lying between them told the story. Young Burch's father forbade their marriage, and this was the cause of the double suicide.

Two Chinese officials were publicly beheaded at Pe'rin.

Civil government was established in Bulacan province.

Thirty-two lives were lost in the Wyoming mine fire.

Gomez says the Cubans are not ready for self-government.

The Window block, Minneapolis, was burned. Loss, \$100,000.

The quartermaster steamer Newark was wrecked on Catawbanas island.

## A RAID AT MIDNIGHT.

Rum Destroyers of Topka's Participate in Riot—One of Their Number Shot.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 28.—J. W. Adams lies at a hospital, hovering between life and death. He was shot during a raid on a North Topeka wholesale liquor house.

At midnight a crowd of citizens, heavily armed with revolvers, sledgehammers, crowbars and a battering ram, broke into the wholesale liquor house of "Cash" Curtis, on West Curtis street, and smashed the beer casks found there. Three policemen drove the crowd back. Both the policemen and the citizens fired their revolvers, and J. W. Adams, a carpenter, was shot twice in the breast. He was taken in a hack to Riverside hospital, where he lies in a precarious condition.

Dr. M. R. Mitchell and Rev. F. W. Emerson were arrested. Rev. Mr. Emerson was taken to the police station, where he was booked under the charge of resisting an officer. His left hand was cut and bleeding. He was allowed to go upon his own recognizance. Dr. Mitchell took the injured man to the hospital and was allowed to stay and administer to him without giving bond.

The three policemen, Patrolmen Downey and Boyes and Private Watchman Conners, claim that Adams was shot by his own crowd while he was retreating from the place where the liquors were smashed, and Adams says he was shot by a policeman.

Officer Downey says he did not arrive at the scene of the trouble till it was about over. Officer Boyes, who carries a Colt's 44-caliber revolver, claims that the two shots he fired were in the air, and that he did not aim at anyone.

Dr. Mitchell and Dr. Charles W. Hammond, who cared for Adams at the hospital, say that he was shot with a 32 or 38-caliber revolver.

CLASH OF AUTHORITY.

Commander of Transport Refused to Allow Custom-House Men Aboard.

Vallejo, Cal., Feb. 28.—The naval transport Solace, direct from Manila and Honolulu, came to the navy yard Sunday and the same evening she was followed by four customs inspectors from San Francisco.

When the officers attempted to board the vessel for the purpose of making a search, a mob of sailors they were met with a protest by Commander Winslow, who refused them permission and denied their right to make a search.

Under the law, the commander of a man-of-war is recognized as an officer of the customs service, and, therefore, is bound to prevent smuggling. Consequently his ship is exempt from visits of customs officers. Commander Winslow holds that the Solace is also entitled to such exemption under this clause, and that is where he differs from the customs inspectors, who have already seized several articles that have been landed from the vessel. Commander Winslow has appealed to the collector of the port.

On the last trip of the Solace a large quantity of bric-a-brac and other goods, brought from China, was confiscated by the customs officials.

AN ARMISTICE DECLARED.

Kitchener and Botha Meet to Arrange for the Boers' Surrender.

London, Feb. 28.—The Daily Chronicle this morning publishes under reserve a rumor that Lord Kitchener has met General Botha to arrange terms of surrender of the Boers, and that an armistice of 24 hours was granted the Boer commandant general to enable him to consult with the other commandants. According to the Daily Chronicle, the cabinet council yesterday considered this new turn of affairs.

"It is reported that General Lewis Botha is now between Ermelo and Middelburg," says a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Pietermaritzburg, "and that two peace delegates from Belfast, Messrs. De Kock and Meyer, have been shot."

End of the War Seems Near.

New York, Feb. 28.—There are few additional details of the route of the Dutch forces in South Africa, says the Tribune's London correspondent; but there is a buoyant feeling in military circles, and the end of the war seems near. There may be unforeseen accidents, but no military expert in London expects that the war will be prolonged beyond the 1st of July. It is reported that there were wagers in Johannesburg at the opening of the year that the mines would be operated by the first week in July.

Chinese Loss at Kueng Chang.

Berlin, Feb. 28.—A dispatch from Gunn Von Walderssee says over 300 Chinese were killed when they attacked the Germans at Kueng Chang recently. Hoffmeister's column, which started thence, will return to Pao Ting Fu.

Cause of the Conflict

The conflict between the Haytiens and Dominicans, on the northern frontier of Hayti, was caused by the occupation by Haytian troops of some territory in dispute.

## INDIANA LYNCHING

Negro Murderer Hanged and then Burned at Terre Haute.

JAIL DOORS BATTERED IN BY A MOB

Confessed to Shooting and Stabbing Miss Ida Finklestein, a Schoolteacher, Yesterday She Died From Her Wounds.

Terre Haute, Ind., Feb. 28.—At 12:45 o'clock today, George Ward, a negro employe of the car works, was taken from jail, hanged and then burned for the murder of Miss Ida Finklestein, late yesterday afternoon.

Miss Finklestein was a teacher in a school near the outskirts of the city, and was on her way home from school when a negro sprang out from a clump of bushes and gave chase. After running a short distance the negro overtook his victim and shot her. Then he cut her throat, robbed her of her pocket book, containing \$3, and fled.

More dead than alive, the school mistress staggered to her home, half a mile distant. She told her story and then relapsed into unconsciousness. At midnight she died.

Public indignation was tremendous and poses were at once organized and scoured the country in all directions, searching for the negro. Early today Ward was arrested on suspicion. At first he denied any knowledge of the crime, but later confessed, saying the girl had taunted him about his color, and had slapped him in the face, and in a fit of anger he had shot her and then cut her throat.

Ward was placed in jail, and as soon as the fact became known, a crowd began assembling before the structure.

By noon hundreds of people surged in the street in front of the jail demanding that Ward be delivered to them. Suddenly the crowd rushed at the jail door, and in a moment had battered it down. They were driven back, however, by Jailer O'Donnell, who fired a shotgun several times over their heads. Three deputy sheriffs received slight injuries from the charges of shot, but none of the mob was hurt.

Arrangements were at once made to take the prisoner before the court at 3 o'clock to be sentenced. This was announced to the mob, but did not appease it. At 12:36 the mob again rushed at the battered front door of the jail and swept all resistance aside. Ward was found crouching in a cell, and was dragged out. A rope was placed around his neck and he was dragged to the wagon bridge across the Wabash river three blocks away, and hanged to a bridge stringer.

On the way to the bridge the victim was beaten with sticks and shot at by members of the mob and he was unconscious when hanged and in all probability dead. When the body was dropped from the bridge one strand of the rope broke and the leaders of the mob, thinking that their victim might drop into the river, hauled the body up again and it was dragged to the west side of the river and burned.

There was no attempt at disguise on the part of any member of the mob. In all the crowd not one word of sympathy for the wretch was to be heard, though many deprecated the final act of burning.

It is estimated that 2,500 people formed the mob.

A Remarkable Escape.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 28.—John Yocum, Tim Stevens and John Regan, employed in the Rose mine, had the most remarkable escape from death today in the history of mining accidents in this camp. They entered the bucket to descend the shaft, 450 feet. The bucket was swung clear and the brakes on the hoisting apparatus refused to work. The men descended at lightning speed to the bottom. There it struck the bulkhead and crashed through, landing with its human freight in the sump. One of Yocum's legs was broken and the other men were cut and bruised. How they escaped death is a miracle.

Washington Postal Orders.

Washington, Feb. 28.—A postoffice has been established at Phoenix, Spokane county, Washington, to be supplied by special service from Spokane bridge. Willis J. Koeniger has been appointed postmaster. The postoffice at Lapush, Clallam county, Washington, will be discontinued after February 28, mail going to Boston.

A Philippine Judge.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—A special to the News from Washington, says: L. J. Carlock, a prominent attorney of Peoria, has been appointed judge of the court of first instance in the Philippines. The salary is \$4,500 to \$5,500, according to assignment, which is directed by Chairman Taft of the Philippine commission. Mr. Carlock is only 38 years of age.

Copenhagen to Float a Loan.

The Copenhagen municipality has given notice of the issue of a municipal loan of 20,000,000 kroner.

## OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

Philippine Ex-Rebels Swearing by the Flag—American Sentiment Spreads.

Manila, March 1.—Pro-American sentiment is spreading in insurgent strongholds. Six hundred and sixty-five persons voluntarily took the oath of allegiance at Camaling, province of Albay, at one time reported as the worst insurgent center, and 584 took the oath at Calamba.

Captain Chase, with a detachment of the Twenty-first regiment, in a three days' scouting expedition, dispersed 300 insurgents and destroyed their main camp, that of Pedro Babellos. Lieutenant James, with a detachment of the Eighth infantry, raided a ladrone rendezvous at Macquilung, island of Polilio, killing two men, securing 175 prisoners and destroying 20 tons of rice and other insurgents' supplies.

The armored cruiser Brooklyn has returned here from Hong Kong.

Additional evidence against Carrman and Carranza, the merchants accused of dealing with the insurgents, has developed. The investigation into the charges against them is being vigorously prosecuted.

Aguinaldo's Uncle.

Guguinto, Province of Bulacan, March 1.—Jose Serapio, an uncle of Aguinaldo, and formerly an insurgent colonel, has been appointed governor of Bulacan province. There were several candidates, including two army officers, but the United States commission was unanimously in favor of Serapio, who surrendered during General Lawton's progress northward and who has since been such a consistent friend of the United States that Aguinaldo published an order degrading his uncle. There were considerable protests against Serapio's appointment, chiefly from a delegation which represented the interests of the friars. The commission announced that it had investigated the allegations made against Serapio and found them to be untrue. Captain Greenough, of the Forty-first regiment, was appointed treasurer, and Lieutenant Wells, of the Thirty-second regiment, was appointed supervisor. The other officials appointed were natives. All the appointments practically were made on General Grant's recommendation.

Although the reputation of Bulacan is not the making province to govern, all the local leaders and most of the inhabitants are now friendly to the United States. The question of the selection of a capital for the province was submitted to the vote of the delegations. Malolos, the former seat of the insurgent congress, is the best town, but Bulacan has always been the seat of the government and was easily first. The ballot was the first free voting in the Philippines, excepting at the town elections held under military orders. The delegates enjoyed it immensely. Judge Taft, in admonishing the delegates, said that since they had the reputation of being gamblers, they must abide by the result and show their capability of abiding by the suffrage.

During the course of his speech announcing his appointments, Judge Taft said nowhere had a military commander shown such benevolent consideration for the interests of the people as had General Grant. The appointment of a native governor indicated the commission's confidence in the Tagalos.

The concluding scene of the commission's visit to the province was most dramatic. General Grant presented to Serapio a flag which once belonged to General Grant's father. The Filipinos received the flag enthusiastically, and cheered General Grant and the commissioners.

Two Miners Killed.

New Whatcom, Wash., March 1.—An explosion in the Blue Canyon mine a few minutes after 6 o'clock tonight killed Ed Mulligan and Dick Daley, two of the day gang. The night shift had not yet gone in. Daley left a wife and four children. The cause of the explosion is not yet known. The bodies have been recovered.

Washout in Baker County.

Blaine, Idaho, March 1.—By the washing out of a bridge on the O. R. & N. at Barnet river, traffic on the line is interrupted. The conditions are such that they cannot transfer, and there will be no through train until tomorrow evening. All trains were stopped today, but the Oregon Short Line is running specials east from Huntington.

Washington Volunteer Pensioned.

Washington, March 1.—Through the efforts of Senator Turner, a pension of \$8 a month, from October 6, 1899, has been allowed Henry K. Harrison, of Spokane, Wash. This is one of the first pensions granted to members of the First Washington volunteers. Harrison served as a corporal in company L of that regiment.

Postoffices Discontinued.

Washington, March 1.—The following Washington postoffices will be discontinued March 1: Cooper, Garfield county; Haynie, Whatcom county; Mosher, Snohomish county, and Step-ton, Whitman county.