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City Hall

THE NEW AGE.

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND, OREGON.
Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States
President, H. W. Corbett; cashier, E. G. Withington; assistant cashier, J. W. Newkirk; second assistant cashier, W. C. Alford.
Letters of credit issued, available in Europe and the Eastern states. Sight exchange and telegraphic transfers sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, Omaha, St. Paul, San Francisco and the principal points in the Northwest. Sight and time bills drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfurt-on-the-Main, Hong Kong.
Collections made on favorable terms at all accessible points.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS PORTLAND OREGON
Established in 1859.
TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Interest allowed on time deposits.
Collections made at all points on favorable terms. Letters of credit issued available in Europe and the Eastern states.
Sight exchange and Telegraphic Transfers sold on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, Omaha, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia.
Exchange sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfurt and Hong Kong.

THE UNITED STATES NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND, OREGON.
Transacts a General Bank Business. Drafts Issued Available in all cities of the United States and Europe.
President, JACOB KAMM
Vice-President, TYLER WOODWARD
Cashier, F. C. MILLER

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
Pendleton, Oregon.
Capital, \$70,000.00. Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$60,000.00.
RESERVE AGENTS—First National Bank, Chicago, Ill.; First National Bank, Portland, Oregon; Chemical National Bank, New York, N. Y.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—L. V. Ankeny, President; W. F. Matlock, Vice President; C. B. Wade, Cashier; H. C. Crenney, Assistant Cashier; J. S. McLeod, W. S. Byers, W. F. Matlock, H. F. Johnson.

THE PENDLETON SAVINGS BANK
PENDLETON, OREGON.
Organized March 1, 1890. Capital, \$50,000; Surplus, \$53,500.
Interest allowed on time deposits. Exchange bought and sold on all principal points. Special attention given to collections.
W. J. Furnish, President; J. N. Teal, Vice-President; T. J. Morris, Cashier.

FRENCH & COMPANY, BANKERS
THE DALLES, OREGON.
TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Letters of Credit issued available in the Eastern States. Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers sold on New York, Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco, Portland, Ore., Seattle, Wash. and various points in Oregon and Washington. Collections made at all points on favorable terms.

Loewenberg & Going Company
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN
Stove Ranges, Hollowware and Household... Specialties...
Handled by All First-Class Dealers...
Royal Steel Ranges Are the Best and Cheapest in the Market.
229 to 235 Taylor Street
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PORTLAND, OREGON
Lead and Immigration Agents
Loan and Insurance Agents
M. L. CAUSEY, General Manager.

The Causey Real Estate Co.
Farm, Fruit and Timber Lands, Stock Ranches, Mining Properties.
Office: Foley-Roche Building. LA GRANDE, OR.

WM. MILLER, LA GRANDE, OR.
DEALS IN GRAIN, BEET AND FRUIT LANDS IN THE BEAUTIFUL
GRAND RONDE VALLEY IN EASTERN OREGON
After a continuous residence of over 10 years in this Famous Valley, and a close study of the past accomplishments and future possibilities of its soil, and a personal knowledge of its climate, I feel that no one, seeking a home, will make any mistake in locating here.
Your Correspondence is Solicited, and All Questions... Cheerfully Answered...

Willamette Iron and Steel Works.
Founders, Machinists and Boiler Makers, PORTLAND, OREGON.
DESIGNERS AND BUILDERS OF...
Marine and Stationary Engines and Boilers, Saw Mill, Logging and Mining Machinery, Roll Grinding and Corrugating Machinery, Power Transmission Machinery.
We are constantly developing Modern Machinery for special purposes, which our up-to-date plant enables us to build accurately and economically.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.
OF INTEREST TO OUR MANY READERS
Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week in a Condensed Form.

The British met with severe losses at Murraysburg.
Reinforcements will be sent to Kitchener at once.
Two hundred mill hands at Florence, Colo., have struck.
Fred T. Dubois was elected United States senator from Idaho.
The sentencing of Alford, the embassier, has been postponed.

Columbian rebels were defeated by the government troops near Panama.
The president has appointed Vada Moore postmaster at Ironside, Oregon.
Fred Alexander, the Negro murderer, was burned at the stake at Leavenworth, Kan.
A sawmill for Astoria, with a daily capacity of 200,000 feet, has been finished in New York.
The O. R. & N. Co.'s wharf at Salem was carried away by high water. Loss about \$1,000.
Two carloads of Portuguese laborers bound for the sugar plantations of Hawaii passed through Chicago en route for San Francisco.
Chicago detectives raised a counterfeiter's den, captured J. P. McGarry, the supposed leader of the band and secured three bags of spurious coin.

Rear-Admiral George W. Melville, engineer-in-chief of the United States navy yard, says that English made warships are not near as stable as those of our own build.
The Venezuelan government has seized two steamers flying the British flag. The company owning the vessels has an American president and several of the principal stockholders are Americans.

Scott Wilke, no served in the lower house of congress two terms, beginning with 1896, and who was assistant controller of currency during President Cleveland's last term, is dying at his home near Barry, Pike county, Ill.
Cognard, the man who defied the Paris police, has committed suicide. He was pursued by the police to his house where he barred the doors, and from an upstairs window, warned all to keep away or he would shoot them. Later an army officer with a detachment of troops forced the door and found Cognard hanging in the garret with a bullet hole through his chin.
Dewet is no longer a lion with the British.
Another ocean-to-ocean railroad is projected.
Russia turned over the Tien Tsin railroad to Germany.
Admiral Dewey is confined to his home by an attack of the grip.
T. M. Patterson was nominated for senator by Colorado fusionists.

The supreme court decided that Neely must be extradited to Cuba.
Oregon will send three messengers to carry the presidential vote to Washington.
Much damage has been done by snow and landslides and high water in Oregon and Washington.
There is a famine in the province of Shan Si, China, and it is said 5,000,000 people are facing starvation.
A county superintendent at Seattle and a county treasurer at Spokane refuse to give up their respective offices to successors.
Ten persons were killed and many were injured as the result of an explosion in a hat factory at Denton, near Manchester, England.

The steamer Tillamook, carrying United States mail between Juneau and Dutch Harbor, Alaska, was wrecked on Wood Island reef and is a total loss.
A special from Ashcroft, B. C., says that three cases of smallpox are reported to have broken out among the Indians on the reservation near Quebec. The place has been quarantined.
Word just received from Dawson reports a fire on January 7. Three large buildings were entirely destroyed. But little of the contents were saved. The origin of the fire is unknown. Loss \$50,000.
The most serious accident that has resulted from the combination of heavy snowfall and high winds occurred today, says a special from Vancouver, B. C., when almost the entire northern end of the new brick drill hall of the Duke of Connaught's rifles collapsed. The wall was built to 45 feet in height, and was six feet wide. The scattered bricks represent a loss said to approximate \$4,000.

SAXONY SOLICITS A LOAN.

Announcement Made in New York—Amount \$20,000,000.
New York, Jan. 15.—Announcement was made in Wall street of the authorization by the kingdom of Saxony of a new 3 per cent loan for 80,000,000 marks, equivalent to about \$20,000,000. It is expected that subscriptions toward this loan will be received in this city in much the same manner as in the case of the Bavarian loan offered last week.
It is the opinion of foreign bankers that the imperial German government has decided to withhold its own national loan, stated to be for 800,000,000 marks, or \$150,000,000, until the various states of the government have made their negotiations.
In quick succession have been offered loans of the free city of Hamburg, the kingdom of Bavaria, and now the kingdom of Saxony. It is definitely known in banking circles that both Germany and Great Britain have the issuance of heavy loans in contemplation. Which will be the first announced, however, cannot be learned. It is doubtful if satisfactory arrangements can be made to finance any considerable portion of these loans here. At least, the arrangements that can be made, it is reported, are not as favorable as those made when the £10,000,000 British exchequer loan and the 80,000,000 marks imperial German treasury loan were organized. The German government, it is understood, has sounded American financiers through their Berlin correspondents on the prospects of placing a portion of the contemplated loan here, but has found that conditions were not highly favorable. The German loan could be placed in that country on better terms than here.

UNDER-SEA TELEPHONE.
Link Between Florida and Cuba to Be Constructed for the United States.
New York, Jan. 17.—The first under sea telephone built, according to the invention of Dr. Michael Pupin, is to be put down between Florida and Cuba by the United States government, by the buyer of the patent, the Bell Telephone Company. Last July Dr. Pupin, having secured his patents here and abroad, offered his discovery to the Atlantic Telephone & Telegraph Company, which was then in the process of erecting to January 1, 1901. Then, under Dr. Pupin's direction, the company equipped a line from Bedford station on the Harlem railroad, which ran partly under water to New Bedford, Mass., thence to Albany and on to Pittsburgh. There the wire ran over land. The coils were placed at intervals of about two miles, and were inclosed on glass insulators on the poles. The test was so satisfactory that about two weeks before the option expired the company paid the money and closed the contract with Dr. Pupin.
According to the statements of Professor Pupin, the American Bell Telephone & Telegraph Company has paid him, instead of the \$900,000 as originally stated, nearly \$500,000 for his recent invention of a system by which ocean telephone is made possible. This is in addition to the annual royalty of \$15,000 a year during the life of the patents.

Proprietary Tax Decision.
Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 17.—Judge Howe, in the United States district court here to-day, rendered an important decision in the case of the Rochester Brewing Company vs. the United States, involving the taxing of a proprietary medicinal preparation. The court sustained the complainant's contention that the article was not subject to taxation, and rendered a decision against the government for \$3,350, the amount paid by the brewing company under protest. The complainant company had sold what they termed a "tonic" put up in bottles, on which had already been paid the regular \$3 per barrel. The revenue department at Washington held that it was taxable as a proprietary medicinal article, while the company contended that it was a mild beer.

Woman Fatally Burned.
San Francisco, Jan. 16.—Mrs. M. A. Millican, wife of the editor of the New York Medical Journal, was badly burned in a fire which partially destroyed the house in this city in which she resided, and no hopes of her recovery are entertained. She was rescued from the flames in an unconscious condition.

To Test Washington Fir.
Washington, Jan. 17.—The navy department has notified Senator Foster and Representative Jones that it will be pleased to receive samples of yellow fir for examination and test and if found to meet requirements, will use this lumber in the construction of ships for the navy.
Senators Elected.
Senators have been elected in the following states: M. S. Quay, Pennsylvania; George F. Hoar, Massachusetts; H. E. Burnham, New Hampshire; James McMillan, Michigan; T. M. Patterson, Colorado; W. F. Frye, Maine.

TORTURE IN KANSAS

A Negro Murderer Burned at the Stake.
HORRIBLE FATE OF FRED ALEXANDER
Suspected Slayer of Pearl Forbes Was Taken From Jail by a Leavenworth Mob, Chained to a Rail and Cremated.

Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 17.—Fred Alexander, the murderer of Pearl Forbes and the fiend who attempted to criminally assault Miss Eva Roth last Saturday night, surrounded by a yelling mob, his clothes torn, his face bloody with his own blood, was dragged from his cell in the court house, pleading for his life, and, after being dragged around the court house yard for 15 minutes, was loaded into a wagon with his captors and taken to the place where Miss Forbes' body was found, to be burned to death.
"Burn him; hang him; no, burn him," re-echoed through the air, and each moment the uncontrolled passions of the mob became wilder.
The negro was taken from his cell at the state penitentiary at 4 this afternoon and loaded into a hack and brought to town, 50 deputy marshals surrounding him. Deputy Sheriffs Vance Myers and Tom Brown sat in the hack on either side of him. There were 50 buggies and wagons in the procession which followed the hack, and it was an awful march indeed for Fred Alexander. The trip to town was made quickly, and there was no attempt to create a disturbance.
When Fourth and Olive streets were reached the police, who were in the hack following the one in which Alexander was concealed, jumped out and chased several negroes. This created a diversion, which attracted the attention of every one, and in the excitement, the hack in which Alexander was concealed, was frantically driven to the county jail, and just as the mob reached the doors, he was locked in the first cell on the east side of the court house.
In the meantime the crowd had rushed down the side gate of the stock pen in a moment there was a yelling mob in the jail yard. The side door, which was made of heavy iron, was the next object of attack. Several of the thoughtful ones of the mob had provided themselves with sledge hammers and cold chisels, and it was the work of only a few moments before the hinges were out from this and, with the help from inside, it was off its hinges in a moment. More men pushed inside, and the iron bar was again called into play, and the doors of the cell room broken down. A man with sharp eyes spied a shapless, cringing man crouched down in one corner of the dark cell. The mob issued in a moment, dragging the fiend by the coat collar.
At a quarter past 5 o'clock Alexander was brought to the scene of the murder of Pearl Forbes. The exact spot where the murdered girl was found was located by the leaders of the crowd. Alexander was brought up in a wagon with a dozen men.
The first thing done was to plant a railroad iron upright in the mud. This was made fast to cross irons firmly bound to the upright iron with wires. To this the man was dragged and chained to the upright railroad iron. Chains and irons were wrapped about him, with his hands still shackled fast to the post. Coal oil was then poured over him and the match touched to him.
While it was being done, Alexander called to friends of his in the crowd and bade them goodbye. He did not seem to realize that he was to be burned at the stake. Alexander was asked to make a confession, but declared himself innocent. As the flames leaped about him Alexander turned ghastly pale, and then for the first time realized that his death was near. In less than five minutes he was hanging limp and lifeless by the chains that bound him.
As soon as the crowd saw that life was extinct, it began to slowly disperse. There were hundreds however, of the more morbid, who stayed to the last. Men kept piling on wood all the time until about 7 o'clock, when the flames were allowed to die down. As soon as the flames had died down sufficiently to allow the crowd to approach there was a wild scramble to obtain relics.

FILIPINO CHIEF SURRENDERS.

Delgado and His Command Lay Down Their Arms in Panay.
Washington, Jan. 16.—General MacArthur reports the surrender of Delgado, commander-in-chief of Ilo Ilo province, Panay. He also reports that other important surrenders are expected during the next few days. General MacArthur's telegram to the war department is as follows:
"Delgado, commandant in Ilo Ilo province, Panay, surrendered January 11 to Brigadier-General Hughes, with four officers, 21 men and 41 rifles. His command was scattered. Other surrenders are expected during the next few days. Important signs of the end of 'organized armed resistance in Ilo Ilo province, Panay."
The dispatch gives much satisfaction to the war department, although the command surrendered is not a large one. It also was noted by the officials that the assurances were for the end of "organized armed resistance," indicating that there was considerable unorganized marauding still in progress.

A Brighter Outlook.
Manila, Jan. 16.—Optimism is taking the place of conservatism among the military men here, the cause being the numerous surrenders, captures and destruction of insurgent camps, coupled with the increasing understanding of the Americans' intentions among the natives. The propagation of the principles of the Federal party and the knowledge that they are approved by the United States Philippine commission and the military authorities and the carrying out of the terms of General MacArthur's proclamation, which classes all who commit acts inimical to the interests of the army as rebels and traitors, are having pointed effect. The cutting of communications and supplies has destroyed the remnants of the insurgents' organization. The inhabitants of the towns are disinclined any longer to contribute to a hopeless cause, and it is generally believed that the pacification of the necessary number of provinces to inaugurate the scheme of provincial government will be accomplished before many more weeks have elapsed. The most pronounced resistance at present is in remote southern Luzon, northern Mindanao, Cebu and Bohol.

The first batch of 80 landing companies who were ordered departed for the island of Guam will sail on the transport Rosecrans tomorrow.
General Wheaton reports that 53 armed bolones have surrendered as Benguet.
Sixteen of Geronimo's band were captured Sunday night and brought to Montalban.

SALT LAKE CONVENTION.

Everything in Readiness for the Livestock Meeting.
Salt Lake, Utah, Jan. 16.—Everything is in readiness for the fourth annual convention of the National Livestock Association. The hall has been gorgeously decorated and every convenience provided for the delegates and members of the press. The indications are that it will be the most successful convention in the history of the association. The headquarters of the association and the principal hotels are thronged with visitors tonight. A large number of delegates arrived during the day. It is safe to say that nearly every prominent stockman west of the Missouri river will be present. A large delegation is present from Chicago, and a fair attendance from other points east of the Missouri river. The famous Pueblo Cowboy Band arrived this afternoon and was met at the depot by the local committee and escorted through the principal streets of the city. The executive committee of the association held a meeting this afternoon and discussed, in a general way, the subjects to be taken up by the convention.

From Spokane to the Mines.
Spokane, Wash., Jan. 16.—A new railroad line is being planned to run from Spokane to Republic, with branches to the Methow and Okanogan mining districts in Eastern Washington, about 250 miles of road in all. The estimated cost is about \$4,000,000. H. W. Mangold, the promoter, claims he has the necessary capital in sight. He promises to cut the present freight rates from those districts squarely in two when the line is completed. He proposes the building of a big smelter in Spokane to handle the ore of these districts to be brought in by the new railway.

Assaulted by Highwaymen.
Chicago, Jan. 16.—Edward Kelly, a prominent race horse man, is at home in a dangerous condition as the result of a desperate battle with two highwaymen. Kelly was on his way home and in an effort to save his money and valuables resisted when the footpads presented revolvers at his head and ordered him to hold up his hands. In consequence he was knocked down and then brutally beaten and robbed of money and valuables to the amount of \$500.