SUMMER **SCENES**

On a hot July evening, at left, swimmers enjoy the Hood River Waterfront Park (the Coolumbia?) under what looks like moonlight, but look again: it's the setting sun striking a White Salmon home's large plate glass window and reflecting south back across the river. Above: burned area on the hike to Bird Creek Meadows, south side of Mt. Adams.

> Photo by Kirby Neumann-Rea Photo by Diana Beterbide





JONATHAN

Continued from Page B1

squirrely warren of one way, narrow streets. Apparently, we took someone else's taxi. No problem. "One way" is a relative term. Our driver expertly navigates us in reverse, to the disdain and honking of other cars, back to our front door. Truly door to door service. Our taxi shows up two minutes later. I don't want to think about what would have happened if I hadn't mentioned our train to the driver. Yes Johnny, use your words.

Nothing but time:

It happens on Day 3. Day one on the Trans-Siberian is about settling in. You greet your new neighbors, exchange pleasantries, make yourself a comfortable perch to watch the world go by. On Day 2, you find yourself in the dining car, choosing the table next to your new friends. Now everyone knows each other's brief bio. But on Day 3, IT happens. The reason you left behind hot showers, WiFi and comfy beds. No, not just to watch the Russian countryside roll by. In the afternoon of Day 3, you find yourself in the neighbor's cabin, a crowd of five or six has gathered. The vodka is flowing and stories are being shared. More vodka flows and the stories get better. As you stagger

back to your cabin, of course only due to the lurching of the train, you know that you've just shared something unique and precious.

Countryside calling:

Stop calling them yurts. They're gers. Though my traveling companion seems to favor gerts. The drive into the Mongolian countryside containes swiftly changing vistas. Some are like Eastern Oregon's high desert, others with gers dotting winding rivers under rocky cliffs. Our destination is a ger campground run by a hardworking, gracious family. My son knows the family through an English club in Ulaanbaatar (Mongolia's capitol). We are settling down for bed on our first night there when we are visited by the owner's daughter, her nine month old baby girl and her friend. They come bearing an assortment of Mongolian beer. So fun to find oneself in a foreign





Photos by Jonathan Maletz WRITER JONATHAN MALETZ expressed relief they traveled on Chinese sleeper cars, — "much more comfortable than the Russian version". The camaraderie of the train journey culminated in the hospitality of their stay

at a ger encamp-

ment in Mongolia.



- Facebook

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Bugs That

Ladybugs love aphids. Aphids

are among the most common

Aphids damage plants by

carrying diseases from plant

to plant. One farmer's field

can host millions of aphids.

Draw the other half of this

feeding on them and by

Eat Bugs

plant pests.



Ladybugs sometimes roll over and play

will not eat an insect that doesn't move.

Find the ladybug that is different.

Standards Link: Life Science: Understand that animals have

Praying Mantis

The **praying mantis** is the only

head and look over its shoulder.

move twice as fast as a housefly.

aphids, leafhoppers, mosquitoes,

caterpillars and other soft-bodied

insects. Later they eat larger insects,

beetles, grasshoppers, crickets and

When young, praying mantises eat

known insect that can turn its

It waits for an insect to stray close, and then snaps it

up with a lightning grab of its strong forelegs. It can

other pest insects.



Ah, bonjour! Welcome to Café des Insectes. My name is Claude, and I will be your waiter today.

ladybug.

Have a seat and use the code in this menu to discover some delightful facts about insect eating habits. Bon appetit!

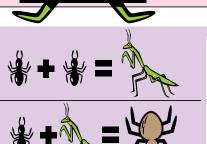
-Le Menu N = 0 **0** = ▲ S = * T =>> **M** = ● U = 🏶 A large praying mantis can eat a small ●▲拳*▼

The female praying mantis will eat its ●★₽₩▼ after reproduction.

House spiders can survive without food or water for several ●▲◎▶◆☆

Spiders first paralyze their insect victims and then suck out the ■泰事☆

HELP

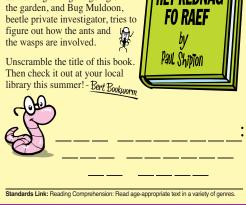


Buggy Math

bug in these equations? Each bug has a value from 1 to 5, and no two critters have the same value.

Standards Link: Math: Solve problems





HET REDNAG

at Your Library This Summer!

Something strange is going on in



Find the words in the puzzle, LADYBUGS then in this week's Kid Scoop PRAYING stories and activities. MANTIS 🎢 USLACIMEHC APHIDS LESDIHPARS **DISEASES CHEMICAL** DAEDERIFEE **PIRATE** USDLAPRSDC **SPIDER** LIPYOIATIN **GRAIN** NTIRBETSPA BALANCE SNCESUEESL **CROP** GANIARGPCA **HURT** PESTS TMDTRUHSSB **DEAD**



Fact and Opinion

Look through the newspaper and underline five facts. Next, find and circle five opinions. Where did you find most of the facts? Where did you find most of the opinions?

Standards Link: Reading Comprehension: Identify fact and

Write Uit **Write Words** Wonderfully

Write a sentence in which most of the words start with the same letter. Example: Betty's brother, Bill, bought big buckets of blue beetles.



Pollinators people

Some insects help peeple by

pollinating flours and

blossoms. Without pollinators,

there wood be no apples, pears,

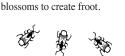
cherrys, citrus fruit, nuts,

barries, coffee, melons,

cucumbers, squash or many

other food that depend upon

the pollination of their



Pollinating insekts are

estimated to be wurth at least

ate billion dollurs annually to

the farming and agriculture

industrees.

Standards Link: Editing: Edit drafts to correct spelling and grammar.







guys. They don't hurt plants, people or pets. They don't eat grain. They eat insects that eat grain. Farmers put them into grain bins to eat the insect pests. Then they are easily removed before the

How many pirate bugs can you find on this page?