IN BRIEF

Beachgoer dies in Seaside

SEASIDE — A beachgoer died on Saturday afternoon after being pulled into a riptide in the area off Sixth Avenue, the city said.

Rescuers recovered the unconscious victim, a man in his 50s, from the ocean and took him to Providence Seaside Hospital, along with a teenage female who also got caught in the current.

The man died; the teenager survived, the city announced

Seaside Fire Chief Joey Daniels said the agency's practice is not to release names of deceased individuals.

"We cannot stress the unpredictable dangers of the ocean enough," Genesee Dennis, division chief of prevention for Seaside Fire & Rescue, said in a statement. "Our thoughts and prayers go out to the family for their tragic loss yesterday.'

A second water rescue took place off Avenue U later on Saturday afternoon. A 27-year-old woman and a boy reached shore safely.

About 16 swimmers in distress were pulled from the ocean over the weekend, Daniels said.

"Seaside officials wish to remind beachgoers that the Pacific Ocean presents many dangers," the city said in a statement. "Please use extreme caution and always enter the water with others present. Avoid areas prone to rip currents and learn how to escape by swimming parallel to the beach."

A riptide-related water rescue took place in Cannon Beach, as well, on Saturday. The person did not require medical attention, Cannon Beach Fire Chief Marc Reckmann said in a text.

Sixth Street viewing platform closed over ferry risk

The Sixth Street viewing platform is closed until further notice.

The city said the historic Tourist No. 2, which capsized near the viewing platform in late July, shifted Sunday afternoon and came to a rest against the base of the platform.

Astoria officials said the viewing platform was closed as a precaution while the city ensures no damage was caused and no hazards are present.

—The Astorian

Falls where the water froths

and rushes through steep can-

yon walls just before merg-

ing with the Columbia River. His silvery ponytail flutters in

the wind, and a string of eagle

nook salmon for decades on

his family's scaffold at the

edge of the falls, using a dip

net suspended from a 33-foot

a spiritual practice," says

Kiona, a Yakama Nation elder. "You're fighting the

fish. The fish is fighting you,

tearing holes in the net, jerk-

even salvation in that strug-

gle. The river saved Kiona

when he returned from Viet-

nam with postwar trauma,

giving him therapy no hospi-

by the rushing river and

closes his eyes, he hears the

songs and the voices of his

ancestors. The water, he says,

holds the history of the land

"It heals you," he says.

From its headwaters in

British Columbia where the

Rocky Mountains crest, the

Columbia River flows south

into Washington state and

then westward and into the

Pacific Ocean at its mouth

near Astoria. Just below the

confluence with the Snake

River, the Columbia's larg-

est tributary, the river turns

through the Cascade Moun-

tain Range, carving out the

80 miles long and up to 4,000

feet deep, with cliffs, ridges,

streams and waterfalls. For

thousands of years, Native

American tribes in this area

have relied on Nch'i-Wána,

or "the great river," for its

salmon and steelhead trout,

and its surrounding areas

berry bushes as well as the

deer and elk whose meat and

hides are used for food and

threat because of climate

change, hydroelectric dams

and industrial pollution.

Warming waters linked to

climate change endanger the

salmon, which need cooler

the Columbia and its tribu-

taries have curtailed the riv-

er's flow, further imper-

from the Pacific upstream

salmon's migration

Hydroelectric dams on

temperatures to survive.

Yet the river is under

ritual.

It's a spectacular canyon,

Columbia River Gorge.

When he lies on the rocks

tal could.

and his people.

He finds strength, sanctity,

ing you off the scaffold."

"Fishing is an art and

Kiona has fished for Chi-

claws adorns his neck.

DEATH

Aug. 19, 2022

PLUMMER, Betty Ann, 88, of Astoria, died in Astoria. Caldwell's Luce-Layton Mortuary of Astoria is in charge of the arrangements.

MEMORIALS

Friday, Aug. 26 MAKI, William "Bill" A. — Graveside service at 3 p.m., Knappa Prairie Cemetery, 92892 Knappa Dock Road.

WATSON, Eugene R — Celebration of life from 1 to 4 p.m., North Coast Family Fellowship, 2245 N. Wahanna Road in Seaside.

Saturday, Aug. 27 CASWELL, Dwight

Allan Jr. — Memorial service at 11 a.m., Charlene Larsen Center for the Performing Arts, 588 16th St. A reception follows at around 12:30 p.m. at The Loft at the Red Building, 20 Basin St.

CORRECTION

Incorrect first name — Kirsten Norgaard is the owner of Kit's Apothecary. Her first name was incorrectly spelled Kristen in an A1 story Saturday about Kit's moving into the former Abeco Office Systems building on Commercial Street.

ON THE RECORD

Trespass

 Savana Rose Ramirez-Mee, 28, of Ocean Park, Washington, was arrested on Thursday on S.E. 13th Place in Warrenton for first-degree trespass, resisting arrest and attempted assault of a public safety officer.

Theft

• Bianca Maria Cordero. 23, of Ocean Park, Washington, was arrested on Saturday for a first-degree theft that allegedly took place at Fred Meyer Warrenton. Cordero also had a warrant out of Columbia County.

DUII

· Jose Andres Valero, 65, of Astoria, was arrested on Friday at W. Marine Drive and Hamburg Avenue in Astoria for driving under the influence of intoxicants.

PUBLIC MEETINGS

TUESDAY

Sunset Empire Park and Recreation District, 5:15 p.m., 1225 Avenue A, Seaside.

Warrenton City Commission, 6 p.m., City Hall, 225 S. Main

WEDNESDAY

Astoria School District Board, 5:45 p.m., Astoria Middle School library, 1100 Klaskanine Ave.

the Astorian

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Hydroelectric dams, like the Bonneville Dam, on the Columbia River and its tributaries have curtailed the river's flow, further imperiling salmon migration from the Pacific Ocean to their freshwater spawning grounds upstream.

to their freshwater spawning grounds, and threatening millenia-old spiritual traditions that bind these Native communities together.

"We are the salmon people or river people," says Aja DeCoteau, the executive director of the Portland-based Columbia River Inter-Tribal Fish Commission, which represents the interests of the four Columbia River treaty tribes — Yakama, Umatilla, Warm Springs and Nez Perce in policy, advocacy and management of the basin. "Without water there are no

fish, plants or herbs." Each year the tribes honor the salmon, roots, berries, deer and elk — which they believe were originally placed in the land for their sustenance — with what are known as "First Food ceremonies." In their creation story, the salmon, deer, elk, roots and berries offered to provide sustenance to humans, and humans in turn were given the responsibility by the Creator to care for

these resources. Elders speak of how streams flow from the mountains sanctified by the prayers of ancestors who went there to commune with the spirits. These rivulets then flow down and merge with the Columbia. If Nch'i-Wána is the main artery of the land, those streams are like the veins that feed it. So even the smallest creek is vital and sacred.

At communal meals, tribe members typically begin and end with water — "You take a drink of water to purify yourself before you eat and you end the meal with water to show respect for what you've eaten," DeCouteau says.

Tribes also use the river's water and rocks for rituals such as sweat lodge purification ceremonies, held in low, dome-shaped structures where river rocks are heated along with herbal medicine.

"After you sweat and pray, there is also the practice of jumping in the river to cleanse yourself," DeCouteau says. "It's hard to continue practicing these rituals when the river is so contaminated."

Bill Yallup Jr. was 6 when Celilo Falls "drowned," as he puts it.

Known as Wyam to Native people, the thundering cascade was a sacred place where for 15,000 years Indigenous tribes netted salmon as the fish jumped upstream. It was also their economic nerve center, with the salmon trading for all manner of goods from feathers to copper to wampum, beads crafted from shells.

The falls fell silent in 1957 when the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers erected The Dalles Dam, flooding the area and creating the Celilo Lake

Young salmon, or smolts, swim down the Columbia to the ocean, where they grow for between one and five years. Then they migrate back upstream to spawn. Some are caught and become a source of sustenance for the people, and others die and become one with the environment. The cycle repeats over and

"The sacredness of this river," Yallup says, "lies in the sacrifice the salmon make each time they fulfill their promise to come back."

It was worries over the spring salmon's disappearance from the river that inspired Elaine Harvey to get her bachelor's degree in aquatic and fishery science. She is also concerned for spevey says what keeps her up at night is the "race to harness green energy" that has brought multinational corporations to the Columbia River. "Wind turbines and solar

farms are impacting our archeological sites, cultural resource sites, wildlife and fish," she says, pointing to a sacred mountain near the John Day Dam that the Native people call Pushpum. "Our root fields are on that mountain. We could lose access to our food."

Harvey says she will never leave the river because that's what she was taught by her elders.

"We have a real, deep connection to all these places. Our blood line is here.

Harvey's cousin, Bronsco Jim Jr., was appointed mid-Columbia River chief when he was 21 and in that capacity performs longhouse services, first food ceremonies and funerals.

Sunlight streams into the longhouse during a recent ceremonial meal with elders at historic Celilo Village. Jim is wearing shell earrings and a beaded necklace with the pendant of a horse's silhouette honoring his ancestors who rode them.

In Native families that inhabit the Columbia basin, education about First Foods begins at home and continues in these longhouses, accompanied by teaching and ceremony. Deeply held beliefs also dictate the rules of food gathering.

Community members are required to wait for that first feast to honor each food before they head out to harvest it. In the longhouse and out in the mountains, the food-gathering is accompanied by song.

"These songs and ceremonies are part of everything we do," Jim says, adding that losing them could cost his people their spiritual identity.

"They feed our body and



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Clatsop County Board of Commissioners, 6 p.m., Judge Guy Boyington Building, 857 Commercial St., Astoria.

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