

The Corvallis Times.

WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

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CORVALLIS, OREGON, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 9, 1907.

By B. F. Irvine

We Are Now Prepared to Outfit The Man and The Boy

Our receipt of clothing this spring are nobby. Big assortment.

Prices That Defy Competition!

Shoes P. B. Kerth's are up to date in style and the best wearers

Our Line of Medium Priced Shoes

Are from the best factories in the country and all are guaranteed shoes. Our line of hats embrace all the new styles. Our prices are right and we ask an inspection of the above lines.

Call and See

J. H. HARRIS.

Corvallis,

Oregon

We Solicit Comparison.

Just received a full line of Spring and Summer Novelties.

The Famous Packard Shoe, Sold by

A. K. RUSS

Dealer in men's Furnishings.



Wouldn't Change Thrones with a King.

Fisherman's luck means a wonderful catch once in a blue moon. But all moons are alike to the man equipped from our superb Sporting Goods stock—the latest in Rods, Reels, Dandy Minnows, Hooks, Bicycles, Sundries, Cultery, Sewing Machines and Sewing Machine Supplies, Edison and Victor Talking Machines, Records and Supplies. The hunter will find himself in a paradise of his own when he lands in this fine Sporting Goods stock. You are welcome to buy, for admire, just as you choose. Unmatchable prices now.

M. M. LONG'S

Fishing Tackle

The Finest and most complete line ever brought to the city. Also a Full line of Base Ball Goods.

GUN HODES

SHARKS BITE

AS FELT AT MANILA BY AMERICAN SAILOR.

Only Two Causes for Death When Proper Anti-toxin Treatment is Evolved, Says a Baltimore Doctor.

Washington, March 26.—An incident reported in the mail just received at the Insular Bureau from the Philippines is that as one of the boats belonging to the gunboat El Cano was being rowed out to the ship in Manila Harbor, February 9, the plug came out, and to prevent the boat from being swamped, J. J. Dunlap thrust his forefinger into the hole. The finger was immediately bitten off by a shark. The sailor will have to be retired.

Baltimore, April 5.—According to Dr. H. Burton Stephenson there should be only two unpreventable causes of death—accident and old age.

He believes that all germ diseases are curable by anti-toxins, and that the production of anti-toxins ought to be the first thought of the medical profession.

While some anti-toxins can be secured from animals, there are others that can be secured only from human beings. By way of suggestion he asks why not give persons convicted of crime the alternative of going to prison or submitting to become anti-toxin factories. The possibilities of fatal results, Dr. Stephenson says, are very remote.

Says Dr. Stephenson: "A toxin is the poison of a disease germ. When such a germ enters the body, nature, to combat it, provides in the blood a substance which neutralizes the action of the germ's poison. This substance is termed an anti-toxin."

"We say of diphtheria that it runs its course in seven days, in typhoid fever that it runs its course in twenty-one days. We mean by this that with diphtheria it requires seven days for the body to form the anti-toxin which renders the germ's poison harmless, and with typhoid it requires twenty-one days. By the injection of anti-toxin in the early stages of diphtheria the poison is counteracted at once, the disease does not have to run its course, and the attendant dangers are done away with.

"As a result of this great discovery man's allotted threescore and ten will soon cease to be a myth. It will make disease a harmless indisposition and make death by accident and old age only. Surgery, electrotherapy and Roentgen rays are daily demonstrating the fact that hitherto unconquerable diseases are yielding to treatment, and serum-therapy is becoming a reality.

"The theory upon which serum-therapy is based has been proved to be correct beyond a doubt. The chief difficulty in the way of its more general application is the fact that such anti-toxins as have come into common use are obtained from the domestic animals, and only a few of the domestic animals are susceptible to the diseases which human beings are heir to.

"The anti-toxin for diphtheria, for instance, is obtained from horses. The process is this: A horse is inoculated with diphtheria germs. He gets the disease. More and more germs are inoculated, until finally they produce no effect. No signs of the disease show themselves. That condition proves that the anti-toxin has been manufactured in the horse's blood sufficient to make him immune. Then an amount of the horse's blood is drawn and the serum separated from it, for it is in the serum that the anti-toxin lies. This serum is then ready for inoculation in human beings afflicted with diphtheria.

Now this is all right for diphtheria, but it is not so for many other diseases. The horse is not susceptible to them.

"This great obstacle, nevertheless, can be overcome by using the criminals in our penitentiaries for the production of anti-toxins. A law making the punishment of certain crimes optional with the convicted—imprisonment on the one hand; inoculation with certain disease germs on the other—would solve the problem for all time.

With the work in the hands of experienced men, chief for the medical opinion, and not by political influence, a human-produce anti-toxin could be furnished which would supply the medical profession for all, or nearly all the known diseases due to germs. And it would not be dangerous to the subjects, either.

"If the above suggestion is top radical for adoption in the present state of public opinion, much good can still be done if the State and National Governments will co-operate with the medical profession in the works of investigation and in a factory. Anti-toxin produced by corporations are placed at so high a figure that they are beyond the reach of the poor, and are such a drain on the rich that a disinclination to their use is produced.

"The state now gives many thousands to the Colleges and Experimental Stations in order that methods for forcing spring onions may be found, or means to kill a plant louse discovered. Why not give as many thousands to an anti-toxin institution to protect the lives of its children.

Berkeley, Cal., April 6.—A 13-year-old school girl, Gelda McChesney, a pupil at the Lincoln school, was arrested this morning on complaint of the government authorities charging her with having attempted to raise a postoffice money order which she tendered for payment at the South Berkeley postoffice. She admits having attempted to cash the raised order, claiming that she needed the money to purchase a pair of eyeglasses.

When accused by Detectives Henry Jamison and Bert Fraser, she denied her guilt at first, but later broke down and admitted having attempted to raise the money order. Miss McChesney is the daughter of G. G. McChesney, a harness-maker. Shortly after 10 o'clock she entered the South Berkeley postoffice. The face of the order readily showed that \$2 had been paid at the receiving station. The fact that the ink had not been blotted over the extra figures which the girl had added led to the immediate discovery of the trick. Later Miss McChesney was released and allowed to return to the home of her parents.

Hagerstown, Md., April 6.—After reaching this town penniless and hungry, both dressed as tramps and having beaten their way across the continent on freight trains, Mr. and Mrs. Lyon Benson started tonight for their old home in Tacoma, Washington.

The prodigals are returning to enjoy the fatted calf extended by

Mrs. Benson's parents, who have forgiven the runaways, who left home that they might be married. She was only 16 and Benson 21 when they ran away. Benson furnished the old male suit in which his sweetheart traveled with him.

Maryland attracted the young couple because of its broad marriage laws. Benson's first move was to secure work and then they were married. They saved enough to establish themselves comfortably. The parents relented and sent for the couple. Benson returns to work for his father-in-law.

New York, April 6.—That the longest drawn-out trial now in its twelfth week, will be finished this coming week now seems certain. There is no sign of any more delays.

Dr. Allen McLane Hamilton, the alienist who was on the stand when the case was suddenly interrupted by the District Attorney's suggestion for the appointment of a commission in lunacy will probably be recalled Monday. This lunacy commission having decided that Thaw is now sane, Mr. Jerome probably will be prevented from asking Dr. Hamilton regarding his opinion as to Thaw's present sanity. Therefore there is little that he can cross-examine the alienist on.

Whether the defense will call more witnesses is problematical. It is stated that Thaw's attorneys expect to require no more than an hour to complete their case. If this is true there is no reason why the case should not go to the jury Thursday.

District Attorney Jerome said tonight that he had no more witnesses. Under legal procedure in New York the sur-rebuttal of the defense ends the case. The only way in which the prosecution can get evidence before the jury after the defense closes its sur-rebuttal is by special permission of the court on the ground that evidence is newly discovered or the witnesses were not within the jurisdiction of the court when the prosecution was putting in its direct case.

Some weeks ago at one of the many times when the case seemed nearing its close, it was agreed between the attorneys that each should have a full day for summing up; in other words, that neither should be forced to break his address in the middle. Mr. Delmas stated at that time that he would not require more than one day for his argument. It is said now, however, that he may require two. If this is the case he will probably begin Monday. He should finish Tuesday.

Mr. Jerome says that he will not require more than one day, and therefore at the latest he should complete his argument Wednesday.

Justice Fitzgerald's charge to the jury should not require more than three or four hours, and it is therefore very probable that the case will be in the jury's hands Thursday.

Mr. Delmas will plead for absolute acquittal on the ground that Thaw's mind was unbalanced at the time he committed the crime, and that in view of the fact, that he has since recovered his mental balance he should be allowed to go free. Mr. Jerome, on the other hand, will argue that Thaw was sane within the meaning of the law when he killed Standford White, that the crime was planned and premeditated, and that he should suffer the extreme penalty of the law.

Real Estate Transfers.

New deeds filed at the recorder's office are as follows:

S. E. Ellsworth and hus. to W. F. Caldwell, one and one-third lots in Philoma h, \$1100.

Isabelle Gellatly to Adam Keaster et al, right of way, \$1.

C. P. Hodges to H. T. Ridders 108 a. near Wells, \$3797.

J. M. Howard to W. A. Williams, son, one and one-half lots in blk L, \$1025.

M. E. Pangburn to O. Howard, 80a. near Monroe, \$1.

Anna Hill to H. Parker, 240 a. near Summit, \$2500.

Thomas Whitehorn to W. T. & C. E. Small, party wall agreement, \$350.

S. L. Henderson and wf to W. T. & C. E. Small, party wall agreement, \$350.

A. J. Hodges and wf. to W. E. Rodgers 8 a. near Albany, \$4.

—The colonists rates on the railroads, under which people can come from the Missouri valley to Western Oregon for \$25, and to Eastern Oregon for \$22.50, expire with this month. The Portland Commercial Club is urging Oregonians to write letters to their friends in the East urging them to come while the rates are still in effect, to the Wonderland of the West to reside.

—Invitations have been received in Corvallis for the marriage of Miss Anita Harkin, formerly of Corvallis, to Dr. C. L. Masters, at the home of the bride's father at Loomis, Washington, on Saturday, April 13th. Miss Harkin is a grand-daughter of Mrs. C. P. Greffoz. After the wedding, a reception is to be given in their honor at the home of Mrs. Herbert Gregg nee Carolyn Harkin.



When the Children come home from School.

They usually want something from the pantry

You remember the hunger you had—Home cooking counts for much in the child's health; do not imperil

it with *alum* food by the use of poor baking powder.

Have a delicious, pure, home-made muffin, cake or biscuit ready when they come in. To be sure of the purity, you must use

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Royal makes a difference in your home—a difference in your health—a difference in your cooking.

ROYAL is absolutely Pure.