

The Corvallis Times.

WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

Vol. XIX.-No. 3

CORVALLIS, OREGON, FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 30, 1906.

E. F. IRVING EDITOR
and Prop. lito

The Harrington Agitator.

Is just completed. Its weight is three pounds. It is a compressed air washer and there is nothing to get out of order. It will last for years and will wash all kinds of goods both large and small during the rubbing and rinsing. Its cost is \$2.50.

Wishing to be as generous to the people of our own city as those at a distance I will give fifty dollars to the person who can find any two crank or lever washers in the United States that can do the work of one of the Harrington Agitators in all kinds of washing both heavy and light. R. S. Harrington. Leave orders at J. R. Smith's. Corvallis Oregon.

Winter Rates To Yaquina Bay.

A low round trip rate of \$3.50 from Albany and \$3.25 from Corvallis and Philomath to Yaquina has been put in effect by the Corvallis & Eastern during the entire winter and spring, until May 31, 1907. Tickets good for return 60 days from date of sale. Splendid accommodations for all, at low rates. Full information from C. & E. Agents or Conductors, of J. C. Mayo, Gen. Pass A. Albany. Tickets on sale daily.

E. E. WILSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Corvallis & Eastern RAILROAD TIME CARD 34

Trains From and to Yaquina

No 1—
Leaves Yaquina..... 6:20 a. m.
Leaves Corvallis..... 10:40 a. m.
Arrives Albany..... 11:40 a. m.

No 2—
Leaves Albany..... 12:20 p. m.
Leaves Corvallis..... 12:20 p. m.
Arrives Yaquina..... 5:45 p. m.

TRAINS TO AND FROM DETROIT

No 3—
Leaves Albany for Detroit..... 7:30 a. m.
Arrive Detroit..... 12:30 p. m.

No 4—
Leaves Detroit..... 1:00 p. m.
Arrive Albany..... 5:55 p. m.

TRAINS FOR CORVALLIS

No 8—
Leaves Albany..... 7:55 a. m.
Arrives Corvallis..... 8:30 a. m.

No 10—
Leaves Albany..... 3:50 p. m.
Arrive Corvallis..... 4:30 p. m.

No 6—
Leaves Albany..... 7:35 p. m.
Arrives Corvallis..... 8:15 p. m.

TRAINS FOR ALBANY

No 5—
Leaves Corvallis..... 6:30 a. m.
Arrive Albany..... 7:10 a. m.

No 9—
Leaves Corvallis..... 1:30 p. m.
Arrives Albany..... 2:10 p. m.

No 7—
Leaves Corvallis..... 6:00 p. m.
Arrive Albany..... 6:40 p. m.

No 11—
Leaves Corvallis..... 11:00 a. m.
Arrive Albany..... 11:42 a. m.

No 12—
Leaves Albany..... 12:45 p. m.
Arrives Corvallis..... 1:33 p. m.

All the above connect with Southern Pacific company trains both at Albany and Corvallis as well as trains for Detroit giving direct service to Newport and adjacent beaches, as well as Breitenbush Hot Springs.

For further information apply to J. C. MAYO, Gen. Pass Agt B. H. Boles agt Albany, H. H. Cronise, agt Corvallis.

E. R. Bryson,

Attorney At Law.

Northern Pacific.

2 Daily Trains 2
Duluth, Minneapolis, St. Paul and the East.

2 Trains Daily 2
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha Kansas City St. Louis and East,

Four daily trains between Portland and Seattle Pullman First-class sleeping cars, Pullman Tourist sleeping cars, Dining cars night and day, Observation and Parlor cars.

The regular Yellowstone Park route via Livingston and Gardiner, Mont., the government official entrance to the Park.

Park season June 1st to September 30th. See Europe if you will but see America first. Start right. See Yellowstone National Park—Nature's greatest wonderland.

Wonderland—The famous Northern Pacific book can be had for the asking or six cents by mail.

The Route of the "North Coast Limited"—the Only Electric Lighted Modern Train from Portland to the East.

The ticket office at Portland is at 255 Morrison street, corner Third; A. B. Carlton, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Portland, Or.

**Exceeds all
Former Purchasing
IN
Quantity, Quality & Variety**

Our store has never held such a line in some of our Departments.

Received this week a big line of Mens' Clothing, the quality higher than any of our former buys. These goods are good fitters and the price will be right.

Our line of Men and Boys Shoes fill the department to overflow; you can always find in our shoe department all the latest novelties from two of the largest factories in the United States.

We are receiving new goods every day and will be glad to have you call and inspect our store.

J. H. HARRIS.
Corvallis, Oregon

Rogoway's Store

It will pay you to come in and see us before buying your winter supply. We carry a full line of New and Second-Hand Furniture.

Furniture, Stoves, Ranges
Crockery, Glassware and Graniteware. Watch Friday's paper for Price.

Highest Market Price Paid for Hides, Pelts and Furs. Money to Loan on all Kinds of Security.
North east Cor. 2nd and Monroe Sts, Corvallis, Or.

New Goods, Latest Designs and PRETTIEST PATTERNS

Our Fall Lines of Jewelry and Silverware are beginning to arrive and will be the largest and most complete line ever shown in Corvallis. "Swastikas," the Japanese lucky charm and the latest thing in the novelty line, to be had in Fobs, Hat Pins, Lace Pins, Cuff Buttons and O. A. C. Pins of all kinds. Alarm Clocks \$1. Fountain Pens \$1. At E. W. S. PRATT'S, The Jeweler and Optician.

New Sporting Goods Store.

A new and complete line consisting of Bicycles, Guns, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Base Ball Supplies, Knives, Razors, Hammocks, Bicycle Sundries

In fact anything the sportsman need can be found at my store. Bicycles and Guns for rent. General Repair Shop. All Work Guaranteed.

M. M. LONG'S
Ind. Phone 126. Corvallis, Oregon.

TILLMAN SPEAKS.

IGNORES THREATS AND SPEAKS BOLDLY AND BLUNTLY.

Denounces Race Equality and Says "To Hell With Such Law"—Condemns Roosevelt for Discharging Colored Troops.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—The efforts of the colored citizens of Chicago to prevent United States Senator Benjamin R. Tillman from delivering an address here tonight in Orchestra Hall, because of the position he has assumed toward the negro race, were unsuccessful. When the South Carolina senator arrived in Chicago early in the afternoon, he was told of threats of injunction proceedings to prevent his appearing on the speaker's platform tonight and of a money consideration that had been offered if he would cancel his engagement, but Mr. Tillman declared that it did not make any difference to him what the colored people of Chicago did, he was going to fill his engagement tonight, and he kept his word.

Until he leaves for Fond du Lac, Wis., tomorrow, Mr. Tillman will be guarded by police and private detectives. This is in accordance with an order issued by Mayor Edward F. Dunne who was scheduled to preside at tonight's meeting, but who refused to do so after a committee of colored citizens had visited him a few days ago and offered strenuous objections to Mr. Tillman's appearance on the speaker's platform.

Mr. Tillman gave his address protected by 40 detectives under personal command of Assistant Chief of Police Schuetzler. In anticipation of trouble a number of policemen were kept in nearby stations in reserve, but they were not called for. Six colored policemen mingled with the crowd of blacks and whites that blocked the street in front of the hall, to arrest any one that made a disturbance.

In the audience were many colored people, but they listened to Mr. Tillman's remarks good naturedly and, although he was interrupted many times by those who wished to ask questions, the meeting passed off without trouble.

In leading up to his address, "Shall the United States Annex Cuba?" Mr. Tillman took occasion to criticize the Mayor's action in refusing to preside at the meeting. He said: "I have been told that I have been snubbed by the mayor of this city. I never saw Mr. Dunne in my life. I did not ask him to be here tonight to introduce me to this audience, nor did I ask any one else to do so. If any one has been snubbed, it is these gracious ladies, who planned this meeting to secure money for the Chicago Union Hospital, who requested Mayor Dunne, the creature of a political hour, to come forward and add his might."

"I have been advertised to discuss the annexation of Cuba, but in view of the fact that I could not discuss this subject without discussing the race question, I am going to go at the matter with hammer and tongs, straightforward like a man. Therefore, I shall discuss the race problem pure and simple, from the American standpoint and not from the Cuban standpoint. Owing to my experience with the question and the diligent study I have made of it, I believe I am better qualified to discuss this question than any other man in America. I am going to base my appeal on facts—not on theories."

While discussing the 15th amendment to the Constitution, which, he declared, gave the negro every right that a white man had, he was interrupted several times by one of his listeners, who kept asking: "How about Kentucky?"

Finally Mr. Tillman seemed to lose his temper and exclaimed: "O, shut your mouth. You don't know the A B C of this thing yet. I forgot 40 years ago more than you ever knew."

"You make up your minds that equality before the law, which the 15th amendment guarantees, is right and should be enforced, notwithstanding its results. If this law was enforced, it would result in two states at least being dominated absolutely by negroes, while four

other states would be so near being governed by the negro, that there would practically be an equal division of offices."

"How about the law? the law? To hell with such law."

After telling in detail how the negro is prevented from casting his ballot in the South, Mr. Tillman said: "Now as a general illustration of the injustice that is sometimes done, President Roosevelt discharged three companies of colored soldiers without a court-martial, and, in doing this, he punished innocent men for the crime of a few. In doing this he transcended the authority of the law, and he ought not to have done it."

Mr. Tillman arrived over the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road. He was met at the depot by a committee of women who have in charge the interests of the hospital in behalf of which the senator is to lecture. Mrs. Adele Keeler, the head of the committee, after greeting the senator said: "We hope, Senator, that you will not say anything that will belittle to stir up trouble."

The senator replied: "Mrs. Keeler, I think I will say just about what I feel like saying in my lecture."

No other statement was made by the senator, who was immediately driven to his hotel.

About a dozen police officers in uniform and a number of others in plain clothes were in the depot, but there was no demonstration of any kind, nor were there any negroes in or about the depot.

After visiting his hotel, Mr. Tillman was invited by a number of friends to attend a luncheon at the Iroquois Club. While there he made a short address, in which he said:

"I have no desire to made trouble, and did not suppose that my coming here would cause a hullabaloo. I am surprised that there has been any effort to stop my lecture, especially in the North. It is also surprising that a number of citizens should claim that a senator of the United States has no right to speak. That is the kind of intolerance that brought on the civil war. In this case, however, the interference is north of the Mason and Dixon line and by the colored people.

Chamberlain's Salve.
This salve is intended especially for sore nipples, burns, frost bites, chapped hands, itching piles, chronic sore eyes, granulated eye lids, old chronic sores and for diseases of the skin, such as tetter, salt rheum, ring worm, scald head, herpes, barber's itch, scabies, or itch and eczema. It has met with unparalleled success in the treatment of these diseases. Price 25 cents per box. Try it. For sale by Graham & Wortham

Fine Job Printing at Times Office.

MAY GO FREE

HIGHLY PROBABLE HE MAY NEVER BE BROUGHT INTO COURT AGAIN.

He Figured Virtually as Accessory Only, and There is Now No Principal at Bar—Strange Incidents in Early History of Case Recalled.

Grants Pass, Or., Nov. 28.—Unless strenuous objections are made by Prosecuting Attorney Reames, it is quite likely that the case of Jasper Jennings for the murder of his father will be dropped. A petition asking that young Jennings be allowed his liberty and that the case be stricken from the docket of the circuit court is being prepared and will be circulated in this city and county. It is believed a second trial will be merely an unnecessary expense to the county, as the case of the state against Jennings, as it now stands, seems weakened to such a degree as to make a verdict, other than acquittal, practically impossible.

Jasper and his sister Dora were jointly indicted for murdering their father at Granite Hill. Jasper was tried first, and because he attempted to throw the blame on his sister, was convicted as a principal, though the grounds of his conviction were based largely on his being an accessory, and it was on these grounds that the jury returned its verdict. Dora was tried second and was acquitted. Her case was fairly presented and no evidence of the state was excluded; for this reason her acquittal leaves Jasper in the situation of a presumptive accessory with no principal. Under these conditions, so attorneys state, so there is really no case against the boy, the decision of the supreme court being almost equivalent to allowing him his liberty.

Every particle and scrap of evidence presented was circumstantial and nothing conclusive was given to prove that either Jasper or his sister had anything to do with the murder of their father, though the girl was in the same room in which the old man was killed, and Jasper's rifle having been found in the brush where it was hid after the crime, seemed to indicate that it was his gun that fired the fatal bullet.

Jasper, Dora and their younger sister and brothers stick to the first story told by them—that they know absolutely nothing about the crime further than that they found their father dead in bed the morning after he was killed. Jasper says he was not around the house at all that night, and the other children, though up till a late hour entertaining visitors, saw their father retire, but heard no unusual sound after they went to bed. The doors of the log cabin were not locked, and the murderer entered the house easily, standing over the bed where Dora and her sister were sleeping and firing the rifle within two feet of their faces; yet they did not hear

continued on page 4.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

DISTINCTIVELY A CREAM OF TARTAR BAKING POWDER

Royal does not contain an atom of phosphatic acid (which is the product of bones digested in sulphuric acid) or of alum (which is one-third sulphuric acid) substances adopted for other baking powders because of their cheapness.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.