

The Corvallis Times.

WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

Vol. XIX.-No. 3

CORVALLIS, OREGON, FRIDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 14, 1906.

B. F. IRVING Editor and Proprietor

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the Matter of the Estate of LOUISA IRWIN, deceased. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned as executor of the last will and testament of Louisa Irwin, deceased, has filed his final account as such executor with the clerk of the county court of the state of Oregon, for Benton county, and the said court has fixed Saturday, the 8th day of September, 1906, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon as the time, and the county court room in the court house in Corvallis, Oregon, as the place for hearing any and all objections to the said account, and for the settlement thereof. Dated this August 10, 1906. R. S. IRWIN, Executor of the last will and testament of Louisa Irwin, deceased.

Executrix Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of the will of B. Wistar Morris, deceased, and of the laws in such case made and provided, the undersigned as executrix of the estate of the said B. Wistar Morris, deceased, will, on and after the 19th day of September, 1906, proceed to sell at private sale and on the terms hereinafter set out the following described real estate, situated in the county of Benton and state of Oregon, to-wit: "The west half of section 9, and lots 2 and 3 of section 11, lots Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, and the west half of the northwest quarter of section 16 and the southwest quarter and lots Nos. 3 and 4 of section 19 and the southeast quarter and lots Nos. 2 and 3 of section 9, all in township 13, S. R. 6 West Willamette Meridian, containing 862 3/4-100 acres of land in Benton county, state of Oregon."

TERMS OF SALE.

The above described property will be sold as a whole or in separate parcels as may be found to be the best interests of the said estate, and the same will be sold for cash, or for part cash and part on time. If sold for part cash and part on time, the purchaser will be required to pay at least one-half of the purchase price at the time of executing the deed for the property, and the balance within one year thereafter. Deferred payments to draw interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, and to be secured by mortgage on the property. All sales hereunder will be made subject to confirmation by the county court of the state of Oregon, for Multnomah county. Dated August 21, 1906.

HANNAH RODNEY MORRIS, Executrix of the last will and testament of B. Wistar Morris, deceased. First publication August 21, 1906. Last publication September 13, 1906.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Melona Wright, as appointed administratrix of the estate of Thomas J. Wright, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same, duly verified as by law required, at the office of J. F. Yates within six months from the date of this notice. Dated at Corvallis, Or., Aug. 14, 1906.

MELONA WRIGHT, Administratrix of the estate of Thomas J. Wright, deceased.

E. E. WILSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Northern Pacific.

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Duluth, Minneapolis, St. Paul and the East.

2 Trains Daily 2

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Four daily trains between Portland and Seattle Pullman First-class sleeping cars, Pullman Tourist sleeping cars, Dining cars night and day, Observation and Parlor cars.

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Park season June 1st to September 30th.

See Europe if you will but see America first. Start right. See Yellowstone National Park—Nature's greatest wonderland.

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E. R. Bryson,

Attorney-At-Law.

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BIG GOP LOSS IN MAINE

DEMOCRATS POLL HEAVIEST VOTE IN HISTORY.

Republicans Carry State but With Much Reduced Plurality—Democrats Gain Forty Members of the Legislature—Other News.

Portland, Me., Sept. 11.—The result of the election in this state yesterday evening, when the republican plurality for governor, which usually approximated 25,000, was reduced to about 8,000, while at the same time the total vote was greatly increased over the figures of four years ago, is attributed by leaders of both parties to popular feeling over the operation of the prohibitory liquor laws. Although the republicans re-elected Governor Cobb and all the four congressmen and will have a working control of the legislature, the pluralities were so generally reduced as to cause surprise.

Governor Cobb and Congressman Littlefield, in whose district the most vigorous battle of the campaign was waged, and whose majority was reduced from that of four years ago by several thousand, are of the opinion that the Sturgis law, providing for the enforcement of the existing prohibitory law by state liquor deputies, was the leading factor in the result. The democrats made re-submission of the liquor prohibitory amendment to the people a part of their platform, while the republicans stood squarely for indorsement of the prohibitory plank and its strict enforcement.

The city of Lewiston was one of the most important factors in reducing Littlefield's plurality, for it gave to McGillicuddy a vote of 1450 in excess of that given to Littlefield. Four years ago Littlefield divided votes evenly with his democratic opponent.

Of a startling nature was the vote for governor. Mr. Cobb failed to carry his home city, Rockland, where Davis received a plurality of 17. Augusta, the capital of the state, went democratic by a small margin. Sixteen out of 20 cities in the state went democratic. Two years ago when the candidates for governor were the same as this year Cobb carried 18 of the 20 cities. Littlefield's vote was 17,321, McGillicuddy's, 16,187. Littlefield's plurality is, 1,134.

The legislature is republican, insuring the reelection of Senator Frye. Republican claim 90 representatives in the legislature out of 151. They claim 24 out of 31 senators. Officials at the headquarters of the Federation of Labor regard Littlefield's narrow escape as a victory, and are preparing to redouble their efforts to defeat other candidates on their list.

The democratic vote for governor is the largest cast by that party since 1880. Two years ago Governor Cobb had a plurality of 26,000; four years ago the republican candidate for governor had 27,000. Going back to 1890, they are of the big democratic tidal wave the republican plurality was 18,000.

The republicans explain yesterday's slump by pointing to the disaffection due to the Sturgis liquor law, but this does not explain the big democratic gains in all four congressional districts.

Congressman Littlefield was hotly fought by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of labor, but this antagonism did not extend to the other three districts. Secretary Taft, Speaker Joe Cannon, Senator Beveridge, Senator Lodge and other republicans of national repute, went to Littlefield's aid. The democrats relied on home talent and Gompers. The result was that Littlefield's plurality of 5,419 is cut to about 1,200. In the other districts the democrats got no help even from Gompers, yet they cut the plurality of Allen in the First district from 4,900 to 1,600; the plurality of Burleigh in the Third from 6,800 to 1,500, and that of Powers in the Fourth from 8,900 to 4,000.

But for the country vote Governor Cobb and Littlefield would surely have been defeated and both Burleigh and Allen would probably have fallen by the wayside. The

democrats gained about 40 members of the legislature, but that body remains republican by 45, against a majority of 123 two years ago.

Umpqua Valley News, Sept. 6.—At San Bernardino, Cal., Saturday, in an excess of religious zeal, following the advent of the Holy Rollers in Southern California, Mrs. Josephine Burton Young deliberately set herself on fire, hoping by martyrdom of flames to reach the heavenly throne. Screaming she ran through the yard, her agonized cries being succeeded by prayer such as Holy Rollers use. Her husband caught her and smothered the flames but the woman died that night.

Portland, Sept. 11.—Portland Telegram: Twenty-three years ago today the "last spike" was driven which wedded Portland to St. Paul with iron rails. It was the greatest event celebrated up to that time, and eclipsed anything since, with the exception of the Lewis and Clark Exposition in 1905.

Henry Villard could have been elected to any office within the gift of the Oregon people when he arrived September 10, 1883, at night, but all he asked for, after heattending, was to visit the Chinese theatre. Portlanders were enthusiastic, however, and while Villard and many of his party of German nobles and British Lords as could crowd into the Chinese opera house were smelling punk sticks, the citizens were gazing at Portland's greatest illumination, at that date.

There was a celebration which spread over several days. It began the night of September 8 and reached a climax September 11, in a gigantic parade up and down First street. For ten blocks, Salmon to Vine streets, First street was decorated as it never been before nor since. There were three large arches, while every building on each side of the street was a mass of evergreens, flags, bunting, gas jets and pictures. Not even Presidents Roosevelt or Harrison received such a reception.

Symbols of fire were placed on buildings on First, Front and side streets, but the principal effort to decorate and illuminate was on First. There were three miles of gas pipe required for the illuminations on First street alone, and on the arches and buildings were 25,000 gas jets. Electricity was not used in Portland in those days, and such a collection of gas jets had, up to that time, never been dreamed of. Business houses were requested to be sparing with the gas in their stores during the illumination in order to keep a strong pressure on decorative jets.

As it was the "last spike" of the Northern Pacific railroad, the local office spread itself on decorations and bought 500 yards of bunting from one store. To illuminate the Plaza opposite the court house, four dozen Chinese lanterns were bought. When men went along lighting the gas jets September 10, Portland turned en masse to see the sight. The only attempt to 23 long years to equal display were the electric lights at last year's Exposition.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 12.—In the court room where she is being tried to determine her sanity Esther Mitchell was reconciled to her two brothers, Perry and Fred, this afternoon. As the two boys came into the room she sprang up from her seat and threw her arms about their necks, kissing each effusively.

The boys had come north to testify for their sister, and the recognized in their appearance an indication of their love for her. When they went away from Seattle, taking their brother George's body to Oregon for burial, Esther was indifferent and almost brutal in her attitude toward the rest of her family. Either the imprisonment or the manifestation of her brothers' interest has softened her, for this afternoon she was overjoyed at their coming.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Matter of the Estate of

FRED LONG, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned that the undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of said Fred Long, deceased, by the county court of Benton county, state of Oregon. All persons having claims against said estate of Fred Long, deceased, are hereby required to present the same, with proper vouchers, duly verified as by law required, within six months from the date hereof, to the undersigned at his residence in Summit precinct, Benton county, Oregon, or at the law office of E. E. Wilson, in Corvallis, Oregon. Dated this 7th day of September, 1906. R. K. LONG, Administrator of the estate of Fred Long, deceased.

RESURRECTED

SUPPOSED DEAD MAN COMES FROM HIS TOMB, AND MARRIES FOLLOWING DAY.

Devotion of a Woman Rescues Him from Vault and Guards him Till He Awakes—W. J. Bryan Reaches St. Louis—His Speech—Other News.

Denver, Sept. 11.—On January 12 last, Frederick J. Harvey was declared dead by Kansas City physicians. The papers published the notice, his funeral was held and his body placed in the family vault. About the middle of May the body was removed to the home of his parents. On September 4 Harvey came to life and the next day married Miss Lilly Godfrey, of Denver. They left at once on a wedding tour.

Mr. Harvey is the son of Barnard Harvey and grandson of the deceased Frederick Harvey, the millionaire owner of all the eating houses on the Santa Fe line and most of those on the Frisco. The family is well-known throughout the United States.

Although all an man and respiration had ceased, his affianced wife, Miss Godfrey, would have it that he is not dead. She wept and moaned, took the death watch upon herself, and would not leave the casket until it was placed on a marble slab next the casket of his father and aunt in the family's tightly closed vault.

For four months Mr. Harvey lay in the company of his dead ancestors until Miss Godfrey, crazed by the feeling which grew upon her that her beloved was not dead, returned to Kansas City and begged and pleaded with the family to accompany her to the vault. His mother accompanied her, and when the vault was opened they were astounded to find the coffin open, an oversight of the undertaker.

So likelike said the body appear that they took it to the Harvey house and attended it daily until September 4, when Harvey awoke. He sat up and proved to be in such good physical condition that he and Miss Godfrey were married the next day and departed on a wedding tour, being due in Denver next week.

St. Louis, Sept. 11.—A tremendous ovation was tendered W. J. Bryan by the 12,000 people gathered in the Coliseum tonight when he stepped upon the platform and took his seat. With one accord the audience rose, waved flags and shouted until the strains of "America" by the band were drowned out. Cheering continued four minutes and was finally silenced by National Democratic Committeeman W. A. Rothwell, who started to make a speech of introduction. He had scarcely begun before a clamor arose for Bryan. Mr. Rothwell thereupon cut short his speech and presented Mr. Bryan with a wave of his hand.

Mr. Bryan motioned for silence with a palm fan. He said in part:

"It's warm enough when you're still. I didn't want you to increase the misery by exhortation. You have cheered enough to cheer my heart, and I am glad to be here. I have been trying to find home for more than a week and I have found it so homelike everywhere that I can hardly tell where I live. I have always suspected that Missouri felt friendly. See has shown it on many occasions, but never more so than tonight."

"I want to show you it is better to trust the democratic principles to the democratic party than to trust them to any man whose party denounces him for following them. I want to remind you that the most popular act of Mr. Roosevelt's administration was his bringing peace between two nations. He settled the coal strike after a loss of \$99,000,000 to employers, employees and the public. It was a grand act. I applauded him for it. But where did he get the doctrine—in the republican platform? He got it from the democratic platform, and I wrote the plank myself. If he could gain popularity by settling one strike that cost \$99,000,000, why not

Continued on page 4.