

The Corvallis Times.

WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

Vol. XIX.-No. 3

CORVALLIS, OREGON, TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 27, 1906.

R. F. IRVINE Editor and Proprietor.

SORE OVERFLOWING in Every Department.

Never before has our store display such a volume of goods. Consisting of all the newest creations that are offering for the spring of 1906.

Wool and Cotton Dress Goods
Silks, Gloves, Hosiery,
Waist Patterns,
Ready-Made Skirts
Waists, Etc.

in fact lots of new things that we ask you to come and see. Big line of Shoes, "all styles" just received. Warners complete line corsets. See our rugs, lace curtains and other nice things to furnish the house. White and New Home Sewing Machines.

J. H. HARRIS.

Corvallis,

Oregon

No Prizes go with our

Chase & Sanborn High Grade COFFEE

In fact nothing goes with our coffee but cream, sugar and

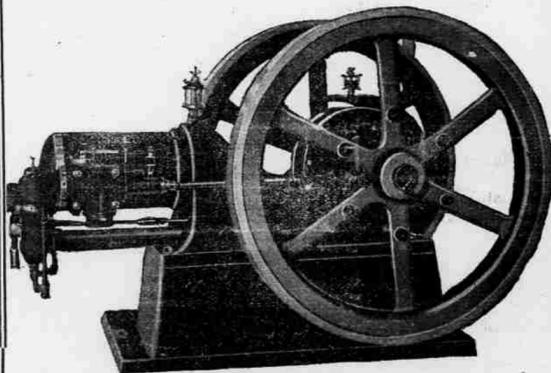
SATISFACTION

P. M. ZIEROLF.

Sole agent for

Chase & Sanborn High Grade COFFEE

THE OLDS The Best on Earth.



M. M. LONG'S

HOME-SEEKERS

If you are looking for some real good bargains in Stock, Grain, Fruit and Poultry Ranches, write for our special list, or come and see us. We take pleasure in giving you all the reliable information you wish, also showing you over the country.

AMBLER & WATTERS

Real Estate, Loan and Insurance
Corvallis and Philomath, Oregon.

A COLONY COMING

IOWA PEOPLE PURCHASE 30,000 ACRES ON YAQUINA BAY.

Several Hundred Families Will Find Homes in Hitherto Neglected Sections of the State Talk About Railroads.

Albany, Or., March 25.—The transaction recently reported in the Oregonian whereby J. M. Tallman, of Cedar Rapids, Ia., and S. E. Wightman, of Watertown, S. D., have gained possession of 30,000 acres of land along the line of the Corvallis & Eastern railroad near Yaquina Bay, is one of the most important realty transactions that has been consummated in Oregon for some time. The gentlemen who made the purchase are representatives of a large colonization scheme, and have now returned to their Eastern homes to report results to care for several hundred families. These people are coming to Oregon to live, and will populate one of the richest and yet most neglected portions of the valley. Their land will extend from the interior through the Coast Range Mountains to tide land on Yaquina Bay. It is now a sparsely-settled country, consisting of considerable grazing and open land, fit for cultivation, and many acres of land covered with excellent timber ready for the mill.

All this vast tract of land will be cultivated and utilized by these thrifty farmers who are coming west to escape the rigors of winter climate in Iowa and the Dakotas. When the stretch from Benton county to the coast along the line of the Corvallis & Eastern railroad is thickly settled by the large number of people who compose the proposed colony, the region between Albany and the coast will become one of important agricultural and industrial districts of the state.

In this connection, extension of the Corvallis & Eastern railroad into Eastern Oregon is a topic of discussion in Albany again. If settlement of the country contiguous to the coast branch of the line makes that end of the concern a paying investment, will it not mean the establishment of extensive colonies along the line of the road in Eastern Oregon, and the extension of the road into that interior country, is a question that is being asked here.

Certain it is that Harriman people are interested in the colony in Lincoln county in more or less degree, and the hundreds of people who are to form the colony are slated to come to Oregon over the Harriman lines. Of course the interest of the Harriman people may extend merely to getting the colonists routed over their lines for the business there is in it, but local optimists try to think there is more than that in it.

They like to think it means that Harriman is interested in the Corvallis & Eastern railroad, and now, when the Oregon territory is the objective point of great railroad operations, that Mr. Harriman has become aroused to the situation and is beginning the work of making good in the Corvallis & Eastern railroad territory.

Chicago, March 25.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Kansas City, Mo., says:

"If a man commits a crime so revolting that it shocks the morals of the people just to hear about it—then that man can go scot free."

That was the statement made by Judge Wofford in the criminal court yesterday. He had before him John Martin Speyer, of New Orleans, twice convicted of murdering his little boy and twice given a new trial by the supreme court. Angered at the action of the higher tribunal he refused to try the case again.

"I sat as judge twice in this case," he went on. "Both times the supreme court has seen fit to take a different position from mine. I will have nothing more to do with it."

"I'll call in Judge John A. Rich, of the circuit court of the Fifteenth Judicial district, to hear the case. The trial will be set for June 28." Speyer killed his 3-year-old boy July 22, 1902. The man was a per-

former with a street show. Speyer was in a tent when officers arrested him for attempting an assault on a little girl. He asked for permission to go into his tent a minute. The officers allowed him to, and he picked up a knife and cut his little son's throat from ear to ear before they could interfere.

READ AND YOU WILL LEARN

That the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice endorse and recommend, in the strongest terms possible, each and every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, liver complaint, torpid liver, or biliousness, chronic bowels affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is also a specific remedy for all such chronic or long standing cases of catarrhal affections and their resultant bronchial, throat and lung diseases (except consumption) accompanied with severe coughs. It is not so good for acute colds and coughs, but for lingering, or chronic cases it is especially efficacious in producing perfect cures. It contains Black Cherry bark, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot, Stone root, Mandrake root and Queen's root—all of which are highly praised as remedies for all the above mentioned affections by such eminent medical writers and teachers as Prof. Bartholow, of Jefferson Med. College; Prof. Hare, of the Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Finley, of Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., late of Cincinnati; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Bahnaman Med. College, Chicago, and scores of others equally eminent in their several schools of practice.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine put up for sale through drugists for like purposes, that has any such professional endorsement—worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. Open publicity of its formula on the bottle wrapper is the best possible guarantee of its merit. A copy of the published formula will show that "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no poisonous or harmful agents and no alcohol-chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful ingredient in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical authority for its use in all such cases. The "Discovery" is a concentrated glyceric extract of native, medicinal roots and is safe and reliable.

A booklet of extracts from eminent, medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients mailed free on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Sunbury, Pa., March 24.—Seven people met death here this afternoon when the Philadelphia & Reading No. 5 ran into a farmer's covered wagon at a grade crossing near here. Only one in the wagon escaped death.

The party were returning to their homes in Rappahannock township from this place. Washington Neidig, who drove, did not see the engine which struck the wagon squarely in the middle. The bodies were carried along for several hundred yards and were horribly mutilated.

EAT WHAT YOU LIKE.

Don't Starve or Diet, but Use Mi-o-na, and Cure Your Stomach Troubles.

The average treatment of stomach troubles consists of a rigid diet list, which often starves the patient. Of course it would be foolish for any one who knows that some foods are positively harmful and poisonous to continue eating them, even while following the Mi-o-na treatment, but in ordinary cases of stomach troubles it is not necessary to starve or diet if Mi-o-na is faithfully used, a tablet before each meal.

This scientific remedy, for the cure of stomach troubles, acts upon the whole digestive system, and strengthens the organs so that they are able to digest any food that is eaten without fear of distress. If you suffer from loss of appetite, belching of gases, sour taste in the mouth, furred tongue, severe pains in the region of the stomach, depression of spirits, bad dreams, lack of energy, a stomach cough, offensive breath, headaches, back aches, loss of strength and weight, you can be assured that these troubles are all due to imperfect digestion.

Strengthen the stomach by taking a Mi-o-na tablet before each meal, and soon you will gain in weight, strength will return, and your food will give nourishment so that the rich red blood will carry good health to every part of the system.

Graham & Wells have so much confidence in the power of Mi-o-na to cure stomach troubles and resulting ills, that they give a guarantee with every 50 cent box to refund the money unless it cures.

Dry Slab Wood.

At the Corvallis sawmill, delivered anywhere in town at \$1.25 per load, cash on delivery. feb27-1m.

One Dollar Saved Represents Ten Dollars Earned.

The average man does not save to exceed ten per cent. of his earnings. He must spend nine dollars in living expenses for every dollar saved. That being the case he cannot be too careful about unnecessary expenses. Very often a few cents properly invested, like buying seeds for his garden, will save several dollars outlay later on. It is the same in buying Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It costs but a few cents, and a bottle of it in the house often saves a doctor's bill of several dollars. For sale by Graham & Wortham.

CHAPLAIN UPHOLDS

THE CANTEN AND LAYS MUCH DRUNKENNESS TO ACTION OF W. C. T. U.

Misguided Effort on the Part of Good Women Brings results the Opposite of Those Desired—Other News.

Seattle, Wash., March 24.—In an address before the Knights of Columbus, Chaplain John A. Ferry, Tenth infantry, stationed at Fort Lawton, declared that the W. C. T. U., in a misguided effort to abolish the army canteen, is responsible for much of the drunkenness among the troops. He declared not to exceed 2 per cent. of the enlisted men became intoxicated on pay day, and added:

"But these faults, though small compared with civic organizations, would still be smaller if the army were untrammelled by a certain well-meaning but overzealous civilian society. I speak of the W. C. T. U., through whose efforts the anti-canteen law was promulgated.

"The abolition of the canteen has been disastrous, and far from the expectations of these good women. So far-reaching has been the evil it will be only a matter of a short time when congress will give back the canteen to the soldier boy. Already steps are being taken among officers to bring this about.

When the army had the canteen only the best of beer was sold. No man was sold more than he could reasonably contain. If through accident he became intoxicated there were friends to look after him. The money paid came back in periodical dividends to the companies. There was not the strong attraction to leave the post and miss calls, as there is at present with the anti-canteen law in operation.

"The guardhouse had few occupants when the canteen was flourishing, and the town grogshops few soldier habits. The sooner the canteen is given back to the soldier the less cause the civilian will have to turn up his nose at the enlisted man."

New York, March 24.—The Rockefeller fortune to which John D. Rockefeller III succeeded is estimated at \$1,000,000,000. At simple interest of 3 per cent., in 50 years the fortune will have grown to \$2,500,000,000. Should the baby inherit the money-making traits of his grandfather and merely go on compounding the fortune that will be his in 50 years, when he is much younger than his grandfather is now, it will amount to nearly \$5,000,000,000. This is twice the amount of the national debt of the United States, which last year was \$2,293,849,382.

If the baby born today so desires, at the age of 50 years he might be in a position to wipe out the national debt of the United States and still have a couple of billion of dollars left to keep the wolf from the door.

New York, March 17.—John D. Rockefeller has resigned as a trustee of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church. His resignation was handed in several months ago, but has just become known to others than members of the board. His reason is poor health.

Mr. Rockefeller is at his Lakewood home, where he cannot be molested by subpoenas in the litigation against the Standard Oil company started by the state of Missouri. The process issued by the Missouri supreme court is without effect in New Jersey. The Lakewood home, however, is under close guard by employes of Mr. Rockefeller. He has searchlights erected around his house and it is said his guards have orders to shoot any persons found in the grounds after dark.

Rome, March 24.—J. P. Morgan has fled from Italy in fear of his life. There was a plot to kill him. He came to Rome to buy antiques and works of art, but before he could unpack his luggage he heard rumors that sent him flying. During the past three days the Roman newspapers have been discussing the precipitate flight of Mr. Morgan. The chief of the Roman police meets the rumors with humor. He

says the plot to kill the American financier was merely a ruse of jealous antiquarians who wanted to scare Morgan out of Italy.

Never did a ruse work more successfully. Friends of Morgan say that when he heard that his life was in danger he gave way at once to fear. His nerves became rasy and in a few hours he had assured himself that Rome was no place for him.

If you knew the value of Chamberlain's Salve you would never wish to be without it. Here are some of the diseases for which it is especially valuable: sore nipples, chapped hands, burns, frost bites, chilblains, chronic sore eyes, itching piles, tetter, salt rheum and eczema. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Graham & Wortham.

Proclamation.

Whereas, the secretary of state of the state of Oregon, has notified me in writing that pursuant to the provisions of an act entitled "An Act making effective the initiative and referendum provisions of Section 1 of Article IV of the Constitution of the state of Oregon, and regulating elections thereunder, and providing penalties for violations of provisions of this act," approved February 24, 1903, the Oregon State Grange duly filed in this office on February 30, 1906, an initiative petition containing 7,648 signatures properly attached to a copy of said measure, certified in accordance with law, demanding that a proposed law, the title, tenor and effect of which is hereinafter particularly set forth, shall be submitted to the legal voters of the state of Oregon for their approval or rejection at the general election to be held in said state on the 4th day of June, being the first Monday in June, 1906.

Now, therefore, I, George E. Chamberlain, governor of the state of Oregon, in obedience to the provisions of said act hereinbefore first mentioned, do hereby make and issue this proclamation to the people of the state of Oregon, announcing that the said Oregon Grange has filed said initiative petition with the requisite number of signatures thereto, and demanding that there shall be submitted to the legal voters of the state of Oregon for their approval or rejection at the regular election to be held on the 4th day of June, 1906, said day being the first Monday in said month, a bill to propose by initiative petition a bill entitled "A bill to propose by initiative petition a law to provide additional revenue for state purposes; to levy a license on the gross earnings of sleeping car companies, refrigerator car companies and oil companies; defining a sleeping car company, a refrigerator car company and an oil company within the meaning of this act; defining the manner of ascertaining the amount of such gross receipts, providing a penalty for violating the provisions of this act," the tenor and effect of which is brief:

First. To require every sleeping car company, refrigerator car company and oil company to pay in addition to taxes now provided for by law, a license of three per centum upon the gross earnings of such companies, annually, to the treasurer of the state.

Second. To particularly define each of said companies included within the terms of said act.

Third. To provide the manner of ascertaining the amount of such gross receipts by requiring the proper officers of such companies, as particularly mentioned in said bill, to transmit to the state treasurer on or before the 1st day of March of each year a statement under oath of the gross receipts of such companies from business transacted within the state during the preceding year ending December 31st, and giving in such statement information as to the name of the firm, company, business or corporation; the nature of the business transacted by it; the location of its principal office and under what laws it is organized, and whom, if any one, it represents, and in certain cases provided by the bill whose name it handles; the name, address and place of residence of the proprietor, chief officer or managing agent of the business or company in the state of Oregon; a detailed statement of the real estate owned by the firm or company in the state of Oregon, where situated and the value thereof as assessed for taxation.

Fourth. To provide for the payment of ten per centum additional to said license fees in case of a failure to make the statement or to pay the license required to be made or paid by the 1st day of March in each year, on conviction thereof he shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty days nor more than six months, or by both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court, and making it the duty of the district attorney of the proper judicial district to commence and prosecute for violations of said bill in any court of competent jurisdiction an action at law to enforce said penalty.

Done at the capitol at Salem, this 28th day of February, A. D., 1906.

(Signed) GEO. E. CHAMBERLAIN, Governor.

(Signed) F. I. DUNBAR, Secretary of State.

A Favorite Remedy For Babies.

Its pleasant taste and prompt cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a favorite with the mothers of small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds and prevents any danger of pneumonia or other serious consequences. It not only cures a cough, but when given as soon as the cough appears will prevent the attack. For sale by Graham & Wortham.