

The Corvallis Times.

WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

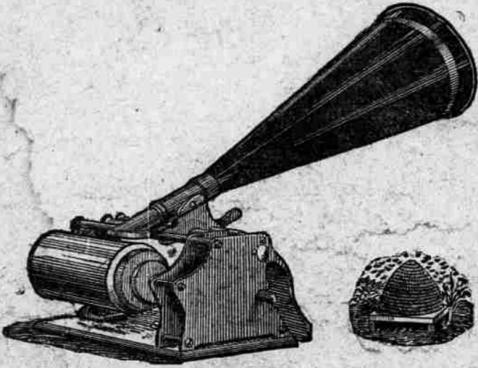
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CORVALLIS, OREGON, MAY 20, 1905.

B. F. IRVING, Editor, and Proprietor.

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We now have on exhibition at our store the above Graphone. Its excellence can better be appreciated by inspection. The pleasure of every family can be added to by having one. Trade \$20 with us and get the Graphone free. Only one given to each home. We have an immense line of merchandise, embracing all the newest creations for you to make your selections. Biggest line of shoes. The "Bell System clothing" highest grade. Call and See

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OUR METHODS OF BUSINESS

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P. M. ZIEROLF.

NOW A FREE WOMAN

MISS PATTERSON RELEASED AFTER ONE YEAR'S IMPRISONMENT.

District Attorney Abandons the Charge and Recommends Her Discharge—Denounces the Newspapers for Lying and Creating Sympathy for Accused.

New York, May 12.—Nan Patterson, the one-time Florodora show-girl, was released from the Tombs prison today, after almost a year within its walls awaiting a determination of the charge that she had murdered her protector, Caesar Young, a racetrack bookmaker. She will go to Washington tonight. She was loudly cheered by a crowd of 2000 persons as she left the prison.

Her release was made at the instance of District Attorney Jerome, who said he did not believe another trial would result other than in a disagreement. At the same time he declared that there had been a serious miscarriage of justice. He said many of the newspapers had labored to create sympathy for the girl, and that this case had "caused one more step in this course towards trial by newspapers rather than trial by jury."

He criticized the newspapers for their statements about the expenses of the case, declaring that they had made "gross misrepresentations of the cost of the trials," and accounts of "enormous expenditures flaunted before the public" were erroneous. He said that his own auditor had made an estimate of the cost of the case, which did not exceed \$8,000.

He approved of all his assistant, Mr. Rand, had done or said in conducting the case and declared that the attacks upon his chief of staff, as he termed Mr. Rand, "were willful and mendacious," and that though made by his "professional brethren," he considered them unjust in the extreme. He said he upheld Mr. Rand in everything that he did during the trials, and considered his conduct of the case an exhibition of bravery on his part. He concluded:

"The people for whom I care, approve our action. From the same part of the community we have received nothing but fairness. I have information that admits of no doubt that there was unanimity in the jury room on three points: First—Morgan Smith bought the pistol; second—Nan Patterson took the pistol in the cab with her; third—Caesar Young did not commit suicide. I ask that the prisoner be discharged on her own recognition."

Miss Patterson, when she came into court, was smiling gaily, but as the Recorder began to address her the tears came into her eyes and before he concluded she was weeping. The recorder spoke with a kindly note in his voice that seemed to affect her very much. He said:

"The district attorney has seen fit to recommend your discharge. I fully coincide with him, and believe that the interests of justice will be fully subserved by granting this motion. There have been two trials, and in each of them the jury failed to agree. These two trials must have been terrible ordeals to you."

"There is nothing I can add to this case that has not already been said, but let me entreat you in all your future life to remember the terrible experience through which you have just passed, and permit every action of your life hereafter to be guided by that experience. I feel sure that you will do so, that you will remember your ordeal."

As Miss Patterson left the criminal courtroom she was met at the threshold by her father, who threw his arms around her and exclaimed "thank God, my daughter."

As she left the building she was driven to her two lawyers' office, where she remained a short time. When she left there, another great outburst of cheering and handclapping by a crowd greeted her. She then went to the St. Paul hotel, where she had lived before Young's death.

At the St. Paul Miss Patterson received a number of newspaper photographers and sketch artists,

who wished to have a good portrait of her. She said the newspapers had treated her so well that she could not refuse when they asked the privilege of photographing her. It was her desire to go to Washington et ones, but she feared she could not get ready in time to go this afternoon, as it was necessary to have a conference with Mr. Levy, her senior counsel, before going away.

At any rate, she hoped to go away tomorrow. She could not believe she was free, she said. The ride up Broadway bewildered her for a time, but she declared she was very happy and very grateful to the many who had been kind to her.

Miss Patterson declared she would not return to the stage. Her one idea, she said, was to get home as quickly as possible and take a long rest.

J. Morgan Smith and his wife Mrs. Julia Smith, Nan Patterson's sister, were discharged from custody by Judge Cowing in the court of general sessions today. Both had been held on a charge of conspiracy in connection with the Patterson case. As soon as he was discharged, Smith was rearrested on an attachment for failing to obey a subpoena issued by the grand jury, and was committed to the Tombs prison for examination on Tuesday next.

During the proceedings counsel for Smith said in answer to a direct question by Mr. Jerome that his client would admit that he fled from the state in willful defiance of the court, and this action was taken on advice of counsel for Miss Patterson.

Counsel for Smith said he would make application before the supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus to free him. Mr. Jerome replied that he would do what he could to aid in Smith's release, and Judge Cowing, upon signing the order for commitment of Smith, said he was also agreeable, and if he had error in any way the supreme court would adjust the matter. Judge Cowing then fined Smith \$250 for contempt of court in failing to obey the subpoena served on him.

This afternoon Miss Patterson received a check for several hundred dollars, and at once sent \$250 down town to pay Smith's fine. The remainder of the amount was turned over to Smith's counsel in part payment of his fee.

The name of the sender of the check was not revealed.

Pathmark.

Pathmark will make the season at Corvallis and at my home. In Corvallis Thurs, Fri. and Sat. The rest of the week at my home. Pathmark was sired by Pathmont, and Pathmont was sired by Altamont. Pathmark's record is 2.11%; Pathmont's 2.9%. Pathmark's dam is Juliette, who was sired by Tibolt, and Tibolt by Altamont. Juliette's record is 2.22. Pathmark is standard bred and registered in every respect; is 16 hands high; color dark dapple bay; weight, over 1200 lbs. Terms \$15, \$20 and \$25. Money due when mare is known to be with foal. Good pasture free of charge from a distance. Responsible for no accidents.

A15-6w

Jesse Brown.

Ufa, Russia, May 16.—Major-General Soklavosky, governor-general of the Province of Ufa, was fired at several times and seriously wounded this morning in the public garden during an entertainment. His assailant disappeared.

General Soklavosky's life is deemed of, though he retains complete consciousness.

Vice Governor Bogdanovitch has taken over the administration of the province.

A Good Suggestion.

Mr. C. B. Wainwright of Lemon City, Fla., has written the manufacturers that much better results are obtained from the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in cases of pains in the stomach, colic and cholera morbus by taking it in water as hot as can be drunk. That when taken in this way the effect is double in rapidity. "It seems to get at the right spot instantly," he says. For sale by Graham & Wortham.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Very Best.

"I have been using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and want to say it is the best cough medicine I have ever taken," says George L. Chubb, a merchant of Harlan, Mich. There is no question about its being the best, as it will cure a cough or cold in less time than any other treatment. It should always be kept in the house ready for instant use for a cold can be cured in much less time when promptly treated. For sale by Graham & Wortham.

A WOMAN'S WEAPON

RANCHER FOSS SLAIN BY MRS. RIGGS' RIFLE.

Evidence Very Strong at Examination That Frank Ries Killed His Neighbor and Burned Body With Cabin to Hide Crime.

The Dalles, Or., May 17.—The disappearance of Mrs. Riggs, the woman in the Foss murder case, after coming to this city in obedience to a subpoena, and the startling evidence given at the preliminary examination of Frank Ries, charged with the death of Mr. Foss, tending to prove that the fatal shots were fired from a rifle owned by the widow, were the developments of the day.

As a result of the examination an information will be filed against Ries at the end of this week. Court meets Monday and the case will undoubtedly be brought up the first of next week.

Mrs. Riggs, a widow, lives in the Upper Hood River Valley, in the Mount Hood settlement. Not far from her home stood the cabin of James Foss, a bachelor, aged 50 years, of eccentric habits. Foss was an admirer of Mrs. Riggs, as was Frank Ries, a neighboring rancher. Foss and Ries had at numerous times fallen out and rivalry for the widow's hand seemed to have much to do with it.

Thursday evening, May 11, the rivals met and had a war of words. Ries stopped immediately after at the home of J. N. Knight, told his tale and said he thought strongly of going home after his rifle to kill Foss.

At 9:30 several rifle shots were heard in the vicinity of Foss' cabin. George Perkins, a near neighbor, ran a quarter of a mile to the place. As he came up he heard a bolt withdrawn from the inside and Ries came out, gun in hand. Ries then told Perkins he had killed Foss and announced that he was about to burn the cabin.

As soon as Perkins could get away he fled for home and sat all night with a rifle across his knees, fearing death, for Ries had commanded him not to tell what he had seen or heard. A bright light soon showed the destruction of the scene of the tragedy. Foss' body was found in the ruins the next day, badly charred, but with enough intact to show the perforation of bullets. Ries' arrest followed.

This much of the story was obtained from the witnesses from Mount Hood. Most of it had come out at the coroner's inquest, which charged Ries with the killing. The introduction of Mrs. Riggs in the case followed.

It was shown conclusively that the rifle used was the property of Mrs. Riggs. The gun was found the next day in her house, and two of the shells fitted the weapon. These shells were picked up, one at what was the door to the burned cabin, the other in the road in front of the place. No trace was found of the other five shells fired. The shells were old ones and had been re-loaded.

Ries owned no gun of his own. It was shown to have been possible for him to have reached Mrs. Riggs' place and returned, by means of a by-path, so that he would not have been observed.

In answer to the summons of the court Mrs. Riggs came to The Dalles last night and registered at a hotel. This morning she went to her lawyer's office to consult him in regard to the claim on which she lived. This claim had been taken up by her husband, and there was some trouble about the title. Foss is said to have been in possession of information that was vital to Mrs. Riggs' title. Mrs. Riggs left her lawyer's office with the avowed intention of going to the district attorney's office. She has not been seen since. The examination was delayed somewhat by the widow's non attendance.

Hood River, Or., May 17.—To many people within the immediate neighborhood of the recent tragedy in which Foss lost his life and whose body was cremated for the purpose of hiding a crime, the reported disappearance of the widow Riggs does not cause the sensation

that it perhaps does to others. Since the arrest of Ries there have been murmurings that the affair would not end there.

Mrs. Riggs left here last night for The Dalles in company with eight other witnesses who had been subpoenaed by District Attorney Menefes to appear at the preliminary examination of Frank Ries whom the coroner's jury charged with the death of Foss found burned in his cabin last Friday morning.

H. A. Thomas, a brother of Mrs. Riggs, returned this afternoon from The Dalles. W. H. Wilson, Ries' attorney, was here at the time and Thomas left word that Mrs. Riggs had been taken sick and could not appear as a witness at the examination, but that she was arranged to meet Mr. Wilson in the parlor of the Umetilla House on the arrival of the early train this evening from Hood River.

St. Petersburg, May 16.—The shooting of Major-General Soklavosky, governor-general of Ufa, yesterday, is the second crime of this nature which has occurred at Ufa within two years, his predecessor, General Bogdanovitch, having been assassinated in the streets on May 19, 1903. General Soklavosky who was vice-governor of Orenburg and later, as military governor of the same province, acquired a reputation as a stern and vigorous official, was appointed to restore order in the turbulent government of Ufa, and adopted a repressive policy which long ago caused him to be marked for the same fate as Bogdanovitch.

Numerous revolutionary societies were broken up by General Soklavosky and manifestations were not permitted under his administration and the last acts of the governor-general were the dispersal of an anti-governmental club and the suppression of the Mayday demonstration with the arrest of many armed demonstrators.

Warsaw, May 16.—There were disturbances in the Jewish quarters this evening. Police were attacked by a mob and forced to take refuge in the market hall, from whence they shot and killed one and wounded another of the rioters.

The workmen's committee issued a manifesto today denouncing agitators, saying they had deceived the workmen, who had been led to believe a general revolution was afoot throughout Russia and as a result a number had been killed without gain. The committee implored the workmen to return to work and secure their aims by peaceful measures.

A message by telephone from Lodz reports that slight disorders continue, but that many are returning to work.

St. Petersburg, May 16.—The pioneer Russian political club has been under the auspices of Baron Tietzenhausen and other prominent moderate liberals, and has been authorized by Interior Minister Bouligan. This example is expected to be followed at Moscow and elsewhere. The formation of authorized clubs for the discussion and propagation of political ideas will mark a distinctly new phase in the reform movement.

With the passing of the Russian May day many foreign newspaper correspondents who expected an interior crisis in the spring, are leaving St. Petersburg, convinced that all prospects of serious disorders is over for the present.

Riga, European Russia, May 16. Two policemen were killed by unknown persons at midnight near Gupenburg Park. A bomb was thrown at a police patrol, with the result that a police commissioner was wounded and a policeman was killed. A policeman, among those who pursued the bombthrowers, was shot and killed by the assassins, who were armed with revolvers.

St. Petersburg, May 16.—The court of appeals has decided that the sentencing of four persons condemned to death at Warsaw by a military court-martial for attempts on the life of Chief of Police von Nolken and other official of that city, was illegal, as martial law did not exist there at the time. The prisoners will be tried again before a civil court.

For Sale.

Cigar clippings of our own manufacture, Rose & Son. m25 tf