

TWO ARE HELD.

Evidence Strong Against Lebanon Bank Suspects—What it is.

Battered twenty dollar pieces and other circumstantial evidence make a strong case against the men suspected of robbing the Lebanon bank. They had a preliminary hearing in Albany Thursday, and two were held in \$4,000 bonds. They have been taken to the Portland jail for safe keeping. Four lawyers appeared for the prosecution and three for the defense. The examination took place in the circuit court room, which was packed with curious people.

P. M. Scoggin, the Lebanon banker, was the first witness and stated that the loss of the bank was \$5,308. He stated that \$25.40 was found in the safe where it had been overlooked by the burglars. Frank Cummins, the conductor on the Lebanon train, testified to seeing four men on the railroad track this side of Lebanon and he thought that Dunn and Crossley were two of the men. He was corroborated by M. E. Pugh, his brakeman who had also seen the men. J. A. Wiesse, a section hand of Froman's testified to finding the revolver on the track between this city and Lebanon on the morning after the robbery.

Robert Pomeroy, bartender at the depot saloon, testified to the presence in his saloon of Dunn who he said, had spent several hours in the place and had again visited the saloon on the following day. John Catlin also testified to seeing Dunn and three other strangers in the Pomeroy saloon the day before the robbery.

Mrs. Schultz, of Portland, keeper of a lodging house, told of Crossley's living at her house and stated that he had paid her after the robbery in gold, a \$20 gold coin, badly battered. Sheriff Tom Word also testified to the finding of mutilated coin on the person of Crossley and the money, \$96.75, was introduced as evidence as was a purse containing three \$100 bills and a certificate of deposit for \$500 issued by the First National bank of Portland on the afternoon of February 9, the day after the robbery. He told how he had Crossley arrested when the latter was in the act of leaving the city, the finding of a pistol scabbard in which the revolver found near Froman's fitted nicely.

He was corroborated by Deputy Sheriffs H. E. Moreland and J. S. Downey, both of whom testified positively that the mutilated coins were found in the possession of Crossley. It was shown by these witnesses that Dunn and wife and Hendryx lived in the same house, that they had lately lived in affluence.

City Recorder Van Winkle, after briefly reviewing the testimony, held Dunn and Crossley in \$4,000 each to appear before the circuit court, while he dismissed Hendryx and Mrs. Dunn. The two last named were held as witnesses in the sum of \$300 each, but in the case of Mr. Hendryx an arrangement was later made by which he was released on his own recognitions. The other three were remanded to jail until their bail should be arranged.

A Word to the Wise

Oak wood is getting higher in price and farther from town every year. Order now for summer delivery. 200 cords now partly sawed stove lengths, 12 cords seasoned wood.

2000 pounds vetch seed. 3000 pounds clover, red and white, alfalfa.

Alsike, timothy, orchard and rye grass, speltz, rye, all fresh seeds. A Also a line of garden seeds. Order now before the spring rush. Tread power, silo, elevator and cutter, Poland China hogs. Yours for Business. L. L. Brooks. Telephone 155.

Compressed Yeast can be had at Horning's. It saves much time and labor.

The New Photography

Studio. I am ready to handle what work you give me in a first class manner I welcome you to my studio, upstairs in new cement building on South Main street.

B. R. Thompson.

Mill Feed Prices.

Feed can be had at the following prices at either the Corvallis or Benton flouring mills: Cracked corn per bush, 80 cents or 1.40 per 100 pounds; rolled barley, 1.10 per sack; chop barley 1.05 per sack; bran and shorts at usual prices.

The Corvallis Flouring Mills.

IN THREE PLACES.

Torch Applied in Deliberate Effort to Burn Corvallis Sawmill.

A deliberate attempt was made Thursday night to burn the Strong sawmill at Corvallis. Fires were lighted in three places, and coal oil was used by the incendiary in the effort to carry out his purpose. The torch was applied at midnight, while watchman F. A. Pierce was at lunch. Fortunately, discovery of the three blazes was prompt and the complete destruction of the mill property thereby prevented. The loss is placed by Mr. Strong at \$1,000.

The most destructive of the three fires was in the lumber yard. There a pile of sticks used between layers in stacking lumber lay between two big tiers of maple and fir lumber. Coal oil was poured on the pile and the match applied. Evidently the nightwatch had just sat down to his midnight luncheon when the torch was used. The firebug had evidently been watching him. In lighting his fire he also took into account the location of the nightwatchman. The latter left the mill and went to the mill office across the street to the south to eat. The incendiary then selected a place in the yard where a fire would be most difficult for the nightwatchman to see. Between the spot where it was set in the pile of sticks, and the watchman, there was a house and the highest piles of lumber. As soon as the sticks were lighted, the incendiary hastened across the street to the lumber shed and at the north end of that structure proceeded to light another fire. The north end of the shed was selected, first because the wind blew strongly from the north, and secondly perhaps, because there too, the blaze would be more or less obscured from the nightwatch. A pile of shingles was there, and pouring coal oil on them, the fire bug applied another match. Unfortunately for his purpose, the shingles were more or less green and damp, and would not burn sufficiently to make the attempt successful. Otherwise, hundreds of thousands of fine dry lumber would have been burned, and the loss to the mill people been carried far into the thousands of dollars.

From the lumber shed, the incendiary went to the engine room in the mill proper. There were other places better adapted to starting a fire. The planing room was full of combustibles and in every way advantageous for starting a big and deadly blaze. It was, however, in full view of the mill office where the watchman was eating his midnight meal, and there a fire could not be lighted. So, the rascal went into the engine room. There he punched a hole in cans of oil used about the machinery. The oil ran out on the floor and into the sawdust and to this mixture, the match was touched. It blazed up readily, but its discovery followed so soon afterward that it was extinguished before it had gained much headway. In fact, E. W. Strong, appearing on the scene, got so close to the firebug that he heard the man jump out of the window in making an exit from the office room. Footprints found there yesterday morning show where the firebug landed as he leaped from the window.

Meanwhile, the first of the fires set out had been discovered. Robert Campbell lives in the house just north of the yard, and he was astir on account of the illness of a daughter. At five minutes to 12 he saw the blaze, and hurried out to give the alarm. He found the watchman in the office. Pierce hurried over to the fire while Campbell went to arouse the Strong and other neighbors. Pierce saw at a glance that the fire was far beyond his control, and he hurried up town to give the alarm. In but a few minutes, he and officer Osburn had the fire bell ringing. The department was quickly on the scene, and by using all the hose available, managed to get a stream on the blaze. The fire however, had got in between the layers of lumber and had spread to such an extent that its complete extinguishment was difficult. It was far into the morning, before it was finally put out.

At the other places, the fires were easily controlled. There was no draft in the engine room and the shingle pile at the north end of the lumber shed was green. Neither gained sufficient headway to do more than nominal damage. In the yard however, the destruction of lumber went on until a pile estimated at a hundred thousand feet was ruined. The loss is partially covered by insurance. Three empty bottles that had contained coal oil, and the strong smell of kerosene noted by early arrivals on the scene are mute evidence against the guilty hand that planned the complete destruction of the

well known mill property and its big lumber product. It is generally believed to be the same hand that lighted the Bryson and Greffoz fires.

OF FORTY SEVEN.

An Earliest Benton County Pioneer—Death of Mrs. Michael.

After an illness of thirteen weeks, Mrs. Jane Michael, mother of Mrs. M. P. Fruit, died Wednesday night. Her brother, Drury Hodges, is lying very ill at Wells, and was unable to attend the funeral. The obsequies occurred from the home of Mrs. Fruit at 2:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon, with the services conducted by Rev. John Reeves. The interment was in a family burying ground five miles south of Brownsville, where children and husband are buried.

Mrs. Michael was one of the earliest of Benton residents. She came to the county and settled near Wells in 1847. She was then Miss Jane Hodges and was 19 years of age. She was born in Indiana July 28, 1857. After a removal first to Ohio and then to Missouri, she started across the plains in 1847. The trip was made by ox team with all the trials and privations incident to those days of pioneering. After a residence of four years on Soap Creek, she was united in marriage to Eli Michael. That was July 27, 1851, and Mr. and Mrs. Michael went at once to a donation claim five miles south of Brownsville, which is still a holding of the family. There, ten years ago the husband died, and there until four years ago, the wife resided. During the latter period Mrs. Michael has made her home with her daughter, Mrs. Fruit, in this city. The surviving relatives are, Mrs. Fruit of Corvallis and Mrs. McGee of Albany, daughters, and David Michael, of Prosser, Washington, a son. J. E. Michael the Corvallis ferryman is a nephew of the deceased.

J. M. Church.

Resolutions adopted by the Experimental Station Council of the Oregon Agricultural College on the death of the Honorable J. M. Church:

Whereas we are called upon at this time to mourn the death of a most excellent citizen, a generous friend, sound counselor and efficient regent of this institution, therefore,

Be it resolved by this body that in the death of Hon. J. M. Church, industrial education in Oregon loses a firm and influential advocate;

That, this College in particular suffers severe loss in the withdrawal of his wise and conservative counsel from its deliberations;

That, his kindly good-will and many high personal qualities have so endeared him to this institution that his name will always be linked with its progress and substantial growth during the trying times of its youth;

That, as evidence of our admiration for his many worthy qualities as a man and a citizen; and as an expression of our grief at his demise we hereby cause to be spread upon the minutes of this body the foregoing preamble and resolutions; and further, that a copy be sent to the press, and members of his family.

Corvallis, Oregon, Feb. 14, 1905.

Call for Warrants.

Notice is hereby given that there is money on hand at the county treasurers office to pay all orders endorsed and marked not paid for want of funds up to and including those of Sept 9, 1904. Interest will be stopped on same from this date. Corvallis, Feb. 15, 1905.

W. A. Buchanan, Treasurer of Benton Co., Or.

End of Session.

—At three o'clock yesterday afternoon, it was expected that the legislature would adjourn about 6 o'clock, though there was possibility of an evening session. At that time, Kuykendall had not signed the general appropriation bill, and was declaring that it should not go to the governor until the last minute of the session. The governor was declaring that he would veto the measure, regardless of whether or not the legislature had adjourned. It was also stated that there was plenty of strength to pass the bill over the veto if Kuykendall would sign in time for the measure to get to the governor and back to the houses before adjournment. The college appropriation is in the threatened measure.

Branard & Armstrong wash silks at Moses Bros.

Highest prices paid for chickens and eggs at Moses Bros.

Remnant and Rummage SALE!

A quantity of remnants have accumulated during our late clearance sale, there are remnants of black and colored dress goods, silks, velvets, waistings, skirtings, white goods, flannelettes, outing flannels, table linens, gingham, prints, crepe, embroideries, laces, etc all at nominal prices.

Odd lots of underwear, Shoes, hats, mens and boys suits, odd pants, black and white, muslin underwear, outing flannel night gowns, etc, all at rummage price.

SPECIAL—A lot of Novelty Dress Patterns at rummage prices. All remnants and odd lots must be closed out in a few days.

Nolan & Callahan LEADING CLOTHIERS.

Chickens and Eggs Wanted Moses Brothers

ANNOUNCEMENT

We have bought out Millner & Wellsher's New York Racket Store which we expect to enlarge and keep a First Class Establishment—and sell goods at the lowest living prices. We cordially invite you to call and inspect our goods and get our prices.

Respectfully, Wellsher & Gray.

WATCH OUR ADS.

WE DO NOT OFTEN CHANGE

Our ad., but our goods change hands every day. Your money exchanged for Value and Quality is the idea.

Big Line Fresh Groceries

Domestic and Imported.

Plain and Fancy Chinaware

A large and varied line.

Orders Filled Promptly and Complete. Visit our Store—we do the rest.

E. B. Horning.

SUMMONS. In the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Benton county. George A. Houck, plaintiff, vs. H. M. Donat and Mary Donat, his wife, and Robert W. Black, defendants. To H. M. Donat and Mary Donat, his wife, and Robert W. Black, defendants above named: In the name of the state of Oregon, you and each of you are hereby summoned and required to appear and answer the complaint in said cause, filed in the circuit court of said county, on or before the last day of the time prescribed in the order for publication of this summons, made by the circuit court of Benton county, state of Oregon (being the county where the above entitled suit is pending in the circuit court of said county and state), which said order is heretofore referred to, to-wit: on or before six weeks from the day of first publication hereof, and you are hereby notified that if you fail so to appear and answer the said complaint as herein required, for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the above entitled court for a decree of said circuit court declaring and decreeing that there be from the defendants, H. M. Donat, Mary Donat and Robert W. Black, to plaintiff, upon said promissory notes and said mortgage in said complaint described, the sum of \$3,200 with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per centum per annum from October 7, 1904, to the date of payment, and that \$300 is a reasonable sum to be allowed, and allowing the same, to plaintiff as attorney's fee for instituting this suit; also decreeing that the plaintiff have first lien on the following described real property, to-wit:

The southwest quarter and the west half of the southwest quarter of section 5, township 15 south, range 5 west; also beginning at the southwest corner of section 5, township 15 south, range 5 west, and run thence south to the county line between Benton and Lane counties in the state of Oregon, thence east along said county line to a point due south of the southeast corner of said section 5, thence north to the said southeast corner of said section 5, and run thence west along the south line of said section 5 to the said west half of the southwest quarter of said section 5, and run thence west along the south line of said section 5 to the southwest corner of the donation land claim of Robert Boyd, being claim No. 44, in township 15 south, range 5 west, and run thence north along center of said road, thence west along center of said road, thence north 43 degrees 15 minutes west along center of said road 30 chains to a point in west line of said section 5, township 15 south, range 5 west, thence south to southwest corner of the northwest quarter of said section 5, thence east to place of beginning, excepting from last described tract a certain tract of land containing about 10 acres, decreed by George A. Houck and wife to Charles Gray by deed dated April 8, 1898, and recorded in Book "W" at page 491 therein, records of deeds for Benton county, Oregon, all in Benton county, Oregon, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining, for the full amount of said \$3,200 and interest as above, with \$500 attorney's fees, and the costs, disbursements and expenses of this suit, and the sale of said real property; that the above described real property be sold in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of real estate mortgages, for gold coin of the United States of America, by the sheriff of Benton county, Oregon, and that the proceeds derived from such sale be applied, by the party making such sale, to the payment of said debt, and payment of the costs and expenses of said sale; second, to the costs and disbursements of this suit; third, to the payment to plaintiff of the sum of \$300 as a reasonable attorney's fee herein; fourth, to the amount found due in said decree upon said notes and said mortgage, and interest thereon, as above, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per centum per annum from October 2, 1902; and, lastly, if any remainder there be, to the defendants, on demand, as their interests may appear; that all of the defendants be forever barred and foreclosed of all right, title and interest of in and to said real property, and of all equity of redemption therein, except only the statutory right of redemption; and for such other, further and more effectual purposes, that said court may seem proper and equitable in the premises.

This summons is published in the Corvallis Times once a week for six successive and consecutive weeks, beginning with the issue of February 11, 1905, and ending with the issue of March 25, 1905, under the authority and in pursuance of the directions contained in an order made by the Hon. Virgil E. Watters, county judge of Benton county, Oregon, dated February 10, 1905. Date of the first publication hereof is February 11, 1905.

E. E. WILSON, Attorney for Plaintiff.

SUMMONS. In the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Benton county. Richard Graham, plaintiff, vs. Jane Hogue, Clarinda Norcross, Amelia Hill, Frank Dryden, Elsie Johnson, the heirs of J. M. Church, Priscilla Doran, Mary A. Wortman, Edward W. Hogue, Emma Becker, C. C. Hogue, Ida F. Irving, Charles P. Hogue, Harry Powers, Clara D. Monteth, Frank L. Hogue, Harry W. Hogue, Maud McCann, Flora Rentz, Charles D. Monteth, Margaret Monteth, Ina Story and Mary A. Story, defendants. To Jane Hogue, Clarinda Norcross, Amelia Hill, Frank Dryden, Elsie Johnson, Minnie Wortman, Edward W. Hogue, Emma Becker, C. C. Hogue, Ida F. Irving, Charles P. Hogue, Harry Powers, Clara D. Monteth, Frank L. Hogue, Harry W. Hogue, Maud McCann, Flora Rentz, Charles D. Monteth, Margaret Monteth, Ina Story and Mary A. Story, the above named defendants: In the name of the state of Oregon, you and each of you are hereby summoned and required to appear and answer the complaint in said cause, filed in the circuit court of said county, on or before the 25th day of March, 1905, said day being the last day of the time prescribed in the order of publication of this summons, made by the circuit court of Benton county, Oregon (which said order is heretofore referred to), to-wit: on or before six weeks from the day of first publication hereof, and you are hereby notified that if you fail so to appear and answer the said complaint as herein required, for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the above entitled court for the relief demanded in his said complaint, namely, for a decree determining all conflicting and adverse claims, interests and estates in and to all the following described lands, to-wit:

Beginning at the southeast corner of donation land claim No. 77 of Thomas G. Hogue, in township 13 south, range 5 west, Willamette meridian, in Benton county, Oregon, and running thence north along the east line of said claim 148.25 chains to the south line of a tract of land sold by James P. Hogue to William H. and Charles F. Alexander on the 15th day of March, 1899, and recorded in Book "H" at page 812 Benton county, Oregon, deed records (Hogue creek being the said south line), thence west to the west boundary line of said claim No. 77, thence south to the southwest corner of said claim, thence east 40 chains to the place of beginning, containing 145.25 acres of land, more or less, in Benton county, state of Oregon; that defendants have no claim, interest or estate therein; that plaintiff's title thereto is good and valid; and that the defendants be forever barred and enjoined from asserting any claim whatsoever in and to said premises adverse to plaintiff and for general relief and costs and disbursements of said suit.

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E. E. WILSON, Attorney for Plaintiff.

B. A. CATHEY PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

Office, room 14, Bank Bldg. Hour 10 to 12 and 2 to 4.

Phone office 83. Residence 351. Corvallis, Oregon.