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CORVALLIS, OREGON, AUGUST 6, 1904.

R. F. IRVINE
Editor and Proprietor.

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JOHN E. PARSONS

THE EMINENT NEW YORK LAWYER SAYS HE WILL ACTIVELY WORK FOR PARKER.

He Says Parker Has the Lead and Best Chance to Be Elected on His Sound Democratic Platform—Will Influence Many Votes—Other News.

Lenox, Mass., Aug. 1.—New York World: John E. Parsons, the eminent New York lawyer, declared unequivocally today that he will support Judge Parker for president, and that he will exert his influence to bring about Parker's election.

Mr. Parsons just in from a long drive over the beautiful Berkshire region of which Lenox is the center, showed no hesitation in explaining his position in the pending campaign. The eminent New York lawyer attired in a light suit with one of those old-fashioned black alpaca coats ex-Senator Henry G. Davis so much affects, and having on his head a comfortable Panama hat, was sitting on the piazza of his splendid country place, Stoneover, when a World correspondent called on him. He seemed to be in excellent health and spirits and these facts are interesting in view of his statement that he intends to do active work toward the election of Judge Parker.

It has been a dozen years since the democratic party has had the benefit in a national campaign of the mature advice and potent assistance of Mr. Parsons. In fact the eminent New York lawyer has held himself so aloof from the efforts of the democratic national managers during the last 12 years that the impression has become quite general that Mr. Parsons had become a republican.

"I was brought up as a democrat," Mr. Parsons said as he ushered the writer into his comfortable library. "So far as I have had party associations I have felt that those associations ought to be with the democratic party. The difference between the democratic party and me is that I have stuck to what I have considered to be the principles of the party and the party has not always done so. Furthermore, in so far as concerns the ordinary questions, and particularly municipal questions, the point is often rather the man than the party. So my record would vary much according to the accidental situation.

"Now comes a time when the nominee is, according to my judgment, an exceptional man for the position, and the platform, helped out by what I know of Judge Parker, makes me feel that it may be safely accepted. Putting these two things together, therefore, I felt that I might safely follow my old allegiance to the party and my personal inclination and support my friend the chief judge.

Mr. Parsons through his long and active work in New York City reform movements, and particularly through his membership in the City Club, has enjoyed for years the same close relation with President Roosevelt which as one of the conspicuous leaders of the New York bar he has enjoyed with Chief Judge Parker. In view of this fact he was asked for his opinion as to the probable result of the election next November. After a few moments' careful consideration, Mr. Parsons said:

"I have thought that what happened a year ago in the case of Judge Parker's friend, Judge John Clinton Gray, illustrates what may happen in New York state at the coming election. Judge Gray to his surprise and somewhat to his disappointment, was elected, although the party ticket was defeated. That may very easily have been due to the esteem in which Judge Gray is held by the lawyers of the state. The same considerations apply in the case of Judge Parker, so that it has been my opinion that he might carry the state of New York.

"I observe that Mr. Cortelyou recognizes that New York is a doubtful state. If New York goes democratic, I can see no reason why other so-called doubtful states may not also go democratic."

Mr. Parsons did not specify New

Jersey or Connecticut or Indiana or other of those states generally classed as doubtful, but which almost, without exception, have one as New York has gone in presidential contests. But he summarized his view as to the probable result in these strong words:

"I think, therefore, that Judge Parker has something better than a fighting chance. I recognize fully the personal popularity of President Roosevelt and the enthusiasm which his presence creates. It must be recognized, however, that there are a considerable number of persons of more or less prominence or influence who differ with Mr. Roosevelt in respect of a great many matters with which the administration has to deal. Now comes the possibility of their voting for a man who in all respects is satisfactory to them. It would not at all surprise me if this was sufficient to enable Judge Parker to carry the doubtful states, or enough of them against the present administration.

"What I particularly wish to say is that I and, as I believe, all of his friends have such confidence in Judge Parker personally, in his courage, his firmness, his intelligence and his capacity as to believe that he will dominate the party and protect it against any eccentricities on the part of persons whose names are conspicuous in the campaign and whose identification with some things furnishes cause for alarm."

Mr. Parsons made it plain that he does not intend merely to take a passive part in the campaign. He never has made a practice of speaking at political meetings, but he will actively work for Judge Parker in those directions in which his influence can be made most effective.

CURES SCIATICA.

Rev. W. L. Riley, L. L. D., Cuba, New York, writes: "After 15 days of excruciating pain from sciatic rheumatism, under various treatments, I was induced to try Ballard's Snow Liniment; the first application giving my first relief and the second entire relief. I can give it unqualified recommendation." 25c, 50c, \$1. Sold by Graham & Wortham.

Tokio, Aug. 2.—General Kuroki has administered a severe defeat to the Russian forces which defended the east flank at Liao Yang, winning separate actions at Yushulikuz and Yangge Pass. These two places are 26 miles apart, but the two actions were fought at the same time. The Russians held strong positions. The thermometer registered over 110 degrees Fahrenheit and the soldiers suffered cruelly from the heat and exhaustion.

At Yushulikuz the Russians had two divisions of infantry and some artillery and they resisted the Japanese assaults vigorously.

At Yushulikuz the Japanese carried the Russian right and left wings, but on account of the main strength of the main Russian position they were unable then to press the attack. The two armies rested Sunday night facing each other.

At dawn Monday the Japanese resumed the attack and by noon they had dislodged the enemy and driven him four miles to Laoholing.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Homer D. Call, international secretary of the butcher's organization, said today:

"The greatest feature of the strike is that the meat trust has been broken. Instead of the packers disrupting the union, the disintegration of one of the greatest combinations the world has ever seen has already set in. For ten years, from 1890 to 1900, the consolidation of the meat companies was carried on, and from 1841 packing plants in this county the number was reduced to 760.

"Now the tide will set the other way. The packers know that they have already lost control of a large part of their business and that the livestock dealers will do all that is possible to assist in the defeat. Since the strike, independent plants of Chicago, Louisville, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Pittsburg, Springfield, Mass., have been working night and day. This trade will never be regained by the trust.

"The public is supporting the independent plants because of the damaging evidence secured by the government against the meat monopoly."

Painting and Paper Hanging. All orders promptly filled. Phone

Stray Hog.

One black and white sow came to my place July 27. Owner please call for same. Walter K. Taylor.

EXECUTION OF A GIRL

EIGHTEEN-YEAR-OLD GIRL CHARGED WITH TREASON AGAINST RUSSIA.

Daughter of a Well-Known Educator of the Empire—Lived Close to the Empress—Confessed to Sending Seditious Literature to Soldiers—Other News.

London, Aug. 4.—According to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph the youngest daughter of Professor Mersheyeffsky, the well-known educator, has just been hanged in the fortress at Schlüsselburg for high treason. Every effort has been made by the Russian authorities to keep the matter from the public because of the outburst of indignation which followed the hanging of another young student for an alleged attempt on the life of the Czar some months ago.

The correspondent states, however, that it has been learned that the girl, while assisting the empress some weeks ago to pack a quantity of supplies for the troops at the front, chiefly reading matter and delicacies, smuggled into the packages a number of seditious pamphlets, which were not discovered until some of them had got into the hands of the soldiers. When accused the young woman is said to have admitted her guilt and to have declared that she gloried in the deed.

She was court-martialed, found guilty of treason and promptly hanged. No announcement of the punishment has yet been made in the official Journal, and now none is expected to be.

The young woman was but 18 years old, and the government is condemned for its action, as it is believed that she was but the tool of older conspirators.

Tokio, Aug. 4.—The Japanese victors at the battle of Tomoucheng have advanced and occupied Haicheng.

Niu Chwang, Aug. 3.—The report that Haicheng has fallen is premature. The Russian troops have only been driven back to the inner entrenchments, which they now occupy with over 75,000 men. A detachment of 2,000 Japanese, with large supply trains, is leaving here for Haicheng, where the greatest battle of the war is expected to open tomorrow.

General Kuroki, with 100,000 men, is now behind the Russian forces; General Oku, with an army of 50,000 men, is on their front, while flanking them on the left is General Nodzu, with his division of 50,000 men.

If General Kuropatkin is defeated in this battle, he must either move westward or surrender.

The foreign military attaches are

with the second army on the way for the front to witness the battle. Japanese troopships are expected here tomorrow.

The Russian troops have been driven back to the last line of their defenses. The Japanese attacking force has 350 guns in action.

Haicheng, Aug. 2.—In consequence of the desperate fighting of the last few days and the Japanese turning movement, the Russians have been compelled to evacuate Haicheng and fall back on Anshanhan.

RHEUMATISM.

When pains or irritation exist on any part of the body, the application of Ballard's Snow Liniment gives prompt relief. E. W. Sullivan, Prop. Sullivan House El Reno, O. T., writes, June 6, 1902: "I take pleasure in recommending Ballard's Snow Liniment to all who are afflicted with rheumatism. It is the only remedy I have found that gives immediate relief. 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Sold by Graham & Wortham."

London, Aug. 4.—An Italian paper, the Italian Militaire, prints a report from Yinkaw that the Japanese captured 42 guns and an enormous quantity of war material in the battles of Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, but no details of a reliable nature have reached London, either from Port Arthur or from General Kuropatkin's forces.

Tokio, Aug. 4.—Twelve torpedo destroyers, four torpedo-boat destroyers and some gunboats emerged from the mouth of Port Arthur on the night of Aug. 1, but were driven back again by the Japanese warships on guard outside.

STOP THAT COUGH.

When a cough, a tickling or an irritation in the throat makes you feel uncomfortable, take Ballard's Horehound Syrup. Don't wait until the disease has gone beyond control. Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Anderson, 351 West Fifth Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, writes: "We think Ballard's Horehound Syrup the best medicine for coughs and colds. We have used it for several years; it always gives immediate relief, is very pleasant and gives perfect satisfaction. 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Sold by Graham & Wortham."

London, Aug. 3.—It was rumored on the stock exchange today that Japan discovered \$25,000,000 in an abandoned Russian camp.

A dispatch from Niu Chwang, August 2, said that the Japanese flag had been raised over the local branch of the Russo-Chinese Bank, an institution organized and financed by the Russian government to further Russian interests in Manchuria and the Far East.

The dispatch said that the bank had at present more than \$25,000,000 lent in Niu Chwang, and it was thought Japan would regard the property of the Russian government and its assets and profits in Manchuria as legitimate spoils of war, in lieu of indemnity.

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