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WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

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CORVALLIS, OREGON, JUNE 15, 1904.

R. F. IRVING
Editor and Proprietor.

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A NAVAL BATTLE

REPORT OF AN ENGAGEMENT OFF PORT ARTHUR.

Retvizan and Bayan Said to Be on the Beach—Russian Story of Sallie of the Blocked Fleet While Attempting to Close Up Channel.

St. Petersburg, June 13.—It is reported in naval circles here this morning that a fierce naval battle has taken place off the entrance to Port Arthur harbor, in which the battle ship Retvizan and the cruiser Bayan were so badly damaged that they had to be beached to prevent their sinking.

The Japanese are reported to have lost four ships during the encounter, but whether they were sunk or simply so badly damaged they were compelled to withdraw is not known.

According to the report, the Japanese made an attack under cover of the darkness in the early morning Sunday, and attempted to sink merchantmen in the harbor to block the entrance. They were discovered and the shore batteries opened on them. The seaport squadron replied and poured in a hot fire on the forts.

Several Russian Torpedo boats sallied forth and sank a steamer which was close in-shore and headed directly for the harbor entrance. Two Japanese cruisers attempted to cut the Russian torpedo craft off, and the entire Russian squadron made a sortie and attacked the Japanese. A battle followed, in which some of the ships came so close together that their big gun batteries were practically useless.

Finally the Japanese squadron, seeing that it was impossible to accomplish its purpose, drew off, and the remnants of the Russian fleet retired into the harbor. According to the report the damage to the Retvizan and Bayan is extremely serious. This is considered very unfortunate at this time, as the battle ship had just been repaired and placed in commission.

Tokio, June 12.—Rear-Admiral Togo reports that Tuesday a part of the fleet bombarded the west coast of the Liao Tung peninsula, near Kalgan, and drove back a military train that was approaching southward. No trains have been seen since.

The enemy was moving in troops and erecting works, evidently expecting a landing of the Japanese at that point, and making all preparations to prevent it. Small gunboats sent in close by Rear Admiral Togo bombarded the Russians at work, and it is believed caused considerable damage.

St. Petersburg, June 11.—Two infernal machines were found concealed in Tobacco boxes in the Tsarskaye Selo palace near this city, where the czar and his family reside. One of the boxes was found in the dining saloon, to which room the imperial family were shortly to enter for the evening meal, and the other in the audience chamber. The machinery in both boxes was working, and would have exploded them within half an hour.

Had the machine not been found in time it is probable that the entire palace would have been wrecked, and all its inmates killed.

Paris, June 11.—In the highest Rusesophile circles here, a most despondent feeling has been caused by the recent news from the seat of the war in the Far East.—A Russian of very high position, who is in constant touch with both administrative and court circles at St. Petersburg, remarked this evening:

"In spite of the statements to the contrary," he said, "there is a very strong party among Russians of high rank and in the czar's immediate entourage who are in favor of peace being arranged as soon as Port Arthur falls. This is not as yet the court policy, nor is the idea shared by the czar, but it prevails among the very influential set which is anxious for the return to power of M. DeWitte, who, it will be remembered, was always opposed to the Russian occupation of Manchuria."

St. Louis, June 11.—After going

over the transcript of the evidence taken at the inquest over the body of Manuel Cereva, the bullfighter who was killed by E. Carlton Bass, the American matador, Wednesday, the prosecuting attorney directed today to release Bass.

The evidence showed to his satisfaction that Bass had acted in self-defense in shooting Cereva, who was rushing on him with a butcher-knife when the shot was fired.

Pueblo, Colo., June 11.—Gilbert H. Dodge, a liverykeeper, shot and killed his wife and Mrs. Maud McKinney on the principal business street this afternoon. The women were sitting in a carriage in front of a fish market. Dodge dismounted from a horse on which he was riding, shot one woman in the head and the other in the heart and then tried to kill himself, but did not succeed before being disarmed by the police. Mrs. McKinney is said to be the wife of Charles McKinney, of Cripple Creek, who was under arrest on the charge of being one of the men who wrecked the Short Line train bearing nonunion miners some months ago. The case dragged through the courts for some months, and several weeks ago the case against McKinney was decided in the courts at Cripple Creek.

In a statement, Dodge said he meant to kill his wife and her companion because his wife had been untrue, and the woman with her was responsible for leading his wife astray.

New York, June 11.—From an ambush in the shrubbery along Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, a gang of hoodlums attacked a passing automobile driven by Dr. H. L. Miller. The doctor's wife and Mrs. Gunderche, who occupied the seat at her side, were badly hurt, and it is feared Mrs. Gunderche will not recover. Stones, bricks and tin cans were showered on the party as they passed the ambush. Dr. Miller's arm was paralyzed by a blow and the machine collided with the curb. Both women were thrown into the driveway, adding to the hurts they had already sustained. Several firemen who happened near by hastened to the rescue, but the hoodlums escaped. Despite vigorous action by the police, attacks upon automobiles in various sections of the city are reported almost daily.

Notice for Bids.

For building a school house in district No 18, to be finished by Oct. 1, 1904. Plans and specifications may be seen at the home of the district clerk. The directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Bids will be received up to 2 p. m. July 1, 1904.

M. O. Gillan,
Clerk, Bellfountain.

Chicago, June 11.—A dispatch to Tribune from Peoria, Ill., says: Lisa Adelaide M... a teacher in the art department of the Bradley Polytechnic Institute, in an attempt to rediscover madder printing, has discovered a chemical resistant that, when used on white duck with a stenciled design, makes possible dyeing in blue and white.

The resistant is applied with a brush through the stencil, and the material thus designed with the resistant is thrown in a blue vat when removed. The design is clear there being no evidence of running colors. The process is similar to zinc-etching work.

Coolidge, Kan., June 11.—Three of the Colorado union exiles arrived here today and reported that 91 of them were unloaded at the state line about two miles west of here last night, and that all excepting the three mentioned have gone west into Colorado.

Mayor Standish has made no arrangements to care for the men here, and there are no unions to attend to their wants. After unloading the exiles, the Colorado troops fired a volley and yelled to the victims to hike, as their train pulled back to La Junta. The entire party of men struck out for Holly, two miles inside of the Colorado line, where they obtained food. The next town of any importance is Lamar, 26 miles away, and 50 miles from La Junta.

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Samuel Kerr.

OBIVEN OUT

COLORADO TROOPS FORCE HUNDREDS OF MINERS OUT OF THE STATE.

Wives and Sweethearts Try to Break Through Lines—Touching Scenes at the Depot—Other News

Victor, Colo., June 10.—Acting under the orders of Adjutant-General Sherman M. Bell, of the state national guard, a special train was made up shortly after noon today in the Short Line yards here for the deportation of 76 union miners. The train comprised a combination baggage car and two day coaches. Almost immediately the work of loading the men began. They were marched to the train between heavy lines of militia and deputies. A crowd of fully 1000 people had collected to see the men placed on board. Among the spectators were wives and sisters, fathers and mothers of the deported men, and the scenes were very affecting. Mothers sisters and sweethearts cried goodbye and tried to push through the lines for a parting handshake. Most of the women had been allowed to see their relatives at Armory Hall before the men were marched out.

Mayor Harris of Colorado Springs had been apprised of the decision to deport the men and immediately took steps to see that none of them landed in that city. Under his instructions a large force of officers and deputies met the special train at 6:10 this evening for that purpose. No attempt, however, was made to unload the men there, arrangements having been previously made to send them to the Kansas state line over the Santa Fe, because of protests made against taking them to Pueblo or Denver and leaving them there.

The train stopped long enough at Colorado Springs to give the soldiers time to eat. The deported men had rations of beans and bread on board.

Another party of exiled men will be sent out of the district tomorrow. Sixty men confined in the Cripple Creek bullpen were taken to the county jail today, and charges of murder were placed against them.

Shortly after 6 o'clock tonight the military committee adjourned, having examined all the prisoners and disposed of all the business before it. Only two men were released from custody today by the committee. It is said that much testimony of an incriminating character was given by some of the military prisoners that many who were to be deported were sent to the county jail, where they will remain until arraigned in court.

The deportation was carried out under the following order of General Bell, addressed to Colonel L. R. Kennedy:

"You will proceed by the Colorado & Cripple Creek District Railway to Colorado Springs, thence via the Santa Fe Railroad to the east line of the state of Colorado, taking with you the parties on the list herewith attached, and there deposit them without the state of Colorado, returning at once to these headquarters and make due report to me."

"Within 48 hours this district will be rid of all agitators and other objectionable men," said Governor Bell. "One deportation after another will be made until none of the men who have terrorized the district so long will be left here. We intend to continue arresting men who are not wanted here, and they will be run out as fast as possible. The unionists are scared, and many are leaving the country of their own volition to avoid arrest and incarceration. There are still some desperate characters among the hills, however, whom we intend getting, no matter what the cost. In running them down there may occur some fights, but I do not look for any serious trouble."

Squads are out scouring the hills in search of certain men who are wanted in connection with the Independence assassinations. Telegrams have been sent to sheriffs and chiefs of police at outside points, asking them to watch for these persons, whose names are not made public.

It is known, however, that detectives everywhere are looking for

Victor Poole and Sherman Parker, who left the camp after the Independence explosion. Officers in the Mineowners' Association say Poole and Parker purchased tickets over the Rock Island railroad, Poole, for McCune, Kan., and Parker for Kansas City, and boarded a train for Colorado Springs several hours after the explosion. This is coupled by the authorities with the fact that bloodhounds followed the trail of one of the murderers 12 miles out, and lost it at a point where he was taken into a wagon that had been waiting there, and then driven toward Colorado Springs.

Syracuse, Kan., June 10.—Sheriff Brady, of this county, tonight received a telegram from Sheriff Barr, of La Junta, Col., stating that a special train carrying deported miners from Colorado would reach Coolidge tonight and unload the miners in Kansas. Citizens of this county are indignant at this proceeding of the Colorado authorities and an appeal has been made to Governor Bailey to prevent Colorado from dumping her alleged undesirable citizens into Kansas.

Cripple Creek, Col., June 11.—Wholesale deportations of strikers from Teller county continue today and about 200 men were sent out of this place and the adjoining camps. The scenes are as trying as were those of the deportations late yesterday afternoon, when women and children tried to break through the lines of soldiers and deputies to bid good-bye to the exiled men, many of whom were fathers of large families and a sole support.

The troops and Citizens Alliance continue the raids unceasingly, and new prisoners are constantly being brought in singly, in couples or by the dozen, to fill the places made vacant in the military stockades and prisons by the deportations.

The military committee at Victor did not adjourn until 7 o'clock last night, the entire session being occupied with the examination of prisoners. Of all those examined but two men were liberated, while many others were removed from the stockades to the regular prisons, presumably because they were wanted later either as principals or witnesses in the more grave disturbances.

Because of the ill feeling engendered by the coroner's verdict in the Independence investigation, where-in the blame for the dynamite outrage was laid at the door of conspirators in the ranks of the Western Federation of Miners, General Bell took extra precautions to preserve order last night.

The guards at all the most trying positions were doubled and the patrols were changed more frequently to prevent any laxity in vigilance through weariness.

The investigation into the dynamite outrage is being continued today behind closed doors, and there is said to be a prospect that some of the men who were in the vicinity but a short time before the explosion will be brought to trial and shown by circumstantial evidence to at least have had knowledge of the coming murders.

General Bell seems to have as good control of situation as ever in his assertions that he will bring order into the district at all costs. He says that there will be probably at least 4,000 men deported before the trouble is brought to a final end, and martial law discontinued in the district.

Paris, June 11.—A dispatch from Fez, Morocco, says Kaïd Omar El-yousfi, governor of the province of Sefrou, has been assassinated. He was assailed by three men, who sprang upon him as he neared the courtyard of his residence and stabbed him to death.

The cause of the assassination is not known, but it is not believed that it has other than an indirect connection with the acts of brigandage which has thrown the country into a turmoil.

Washington, June 11.—President Roosevelt has not yet taken up the Colorado matter. Before replying to the Western Federation's appeal for an investigation it is probable that the president will call on Governor Peabody and other officials for a report.

Everyone is talking about it, nobody doubts it, and that settles it. There will be a celebration to delight the world, the 2, 3 & 4th.