

THE STATE HOUSE.

SEVENTEEN THOUSAND APPROPRIATED FOR ITS REPAIR AND IMPROVEMENT.

The New Penitentiary Superintendent—Claim That Fulton is Still a Possibility—One Less Normal School—Other News.

Salem, Feb. 10.—The House tonight by unanimous vote passed the bill of Senator Smith, of Multnomah, for a State Board of Health. The measure passed the Senate two weeks ago. The House considered the bill tonight in committee of the whole and was addressed by Senator Smith himself, who made an impressive argument for the measure.

Salem, Feb. 10.—Governor Chamberlain this morning signed the following bills:

House bill No. 37 by Eddy, to amend section 13 of the code providing that the statute of limitation shall not run against the state, county or municipal corporation.

House bill No. 80, by Phelps, to amend section 4824, relative to the election of Road Supervisors.

House bill, 16 by Riddle, to amend section 3729 of the code, providing that insurance companies that have complied with the law and paid the license, may establish an agency in each city, town or village in the state.

House bill No. 9 by Phelps relating to the construction of wire fences east of the Cascade Mountains.

House bill No. 152, providing a charter for Ranier, was filed with the Secretary of State.

House bill No. 49, by Banks, relating to executions and acknowledgements of deeds in foreign countries.

Salem, Feb. 10.—The committee on Capitol buildings and grounds has presented the report to the House, recommending the expenditure of \$17,800 for alterations and repairs as follows:

For replacing second floor by tressler tiling, \$7,000.

For painting woodwork in dome and on third floor, \$800.

For cutting up old library into rooms and supplying same with modern conveniences as per estimate submitted, \$10,000.

Salem, Feb. 10.—Most forcibly did the House sit down on allowing a bounty of \$4 for all wagons with tires four inches or over in width this afternoon by repealing the act, insofar as the House could do it. Webster and Clackamas introduced the bill to repeal the law and incidentally told of the secrets of some of the farmers trade.

"There are many farmers," declared Webster, "who do not use the wide tired wagons but have a couple of old, worn out ones lying around and then they go to the Clerk's office and make an affidavit that they have these, in order to get the rebate. The law was intended to benefit county roads by putting a premium on wide tires, but it has failed to work, as those who promoted it hoped would be the case. Very often men who pay less than \$1 in taxes will get this rebate."

Galloway also favored the repeal of the law and on the vote few were sufficiently opposed to veto it. The only other bill passed by the House during the afternoon was Orton's measure to make sample ballots smaller in size than the official election ballot. At present the only difference is in the margins.

Baker City, Or. Feb. 11.—Charles W. James, whom Governor Chamberlain has named for the office of Superintendent of the State Penitentiary, was born near Springfield Mo., 52 years ago. He came to Oregon and settled in this county 34 years ago, and has resided here ever since. Mr. James was married 30 years ago, and for the past 20 years has resided in this city. Previous to that time he lived on a ranch near town.

He was appointed Postmaster of this city by President Cleveland during his first term. He served one term as County Recorder, his term of office expiring last July. Mr. James is deservedly popular with the people, he is a consistent democrat, and has always taken an active part in local politics.

His appointment gives general satisfaction to all classes of citizens in this county and especially the democracy.

The new superintendent is advised that he will not be called upon to assume the duties of his new position until the 1st of April.

Salem, Feb. 11.—Senator Daly's bill requiring school districts to hold school four months in the year to entitle them to their portion of school funds at the disposal of county superintendents failed to pass the House tonight. Hume and Cornet led the opposition, insisting that many districts do not have enough money at their disposal to hold schools four months in every year.

Salem, Feb. 11.—Another featureless ballot for senator was taken by the Legislature today. The Multnomah members showed a little unanimity in choosing a recipient for their complimentary votes, giving 15 to M. C. George. The result on ballot was as follows: Fulton, 33; Geer, 15; Wood, 16; George, 15; scattering, 3; absent and paired, 8—total 90.

Huntley who was one of Fulton's strong supporters, was paired with Hayden. Hume of Coos and Curry, who seems to enjoy making a mystery of his real choice for Senator, continues to cast his solitary vote for Malarkey of Multnomah, somewhat to the discomfort of that unwilling candidate.

Bourne is making strong efforts to break the Fulton faction, but as yet there is no evidence of success. The vital question is still, can Fulton hold his present following until next week? The indications are that he will, and in that event his election is extremely possible.

Salem, Feb. 11.—The days of the Normal School at Drain as a state institution are numbered. From all that can be learned from those who are interested in the schools it seems to be certain that the joint ways and means committee will refuse to recommend any appropriation for that institution, and this will mean an abandonment of the school by the state. The action of the committee will be in accordance with a popular demand and the recommendation made by Governor Chamberlain in his message. The total appropriations for normal schools will be about \$80,336 against \$110,000 two years ago, or a reduction of nearly \$30,000.

Monmouth Normal will be given \$25,000 for maintenance and \$6500 for improvements, this maintenance appropriation being the same as two years ago, but the improvement allowance is \$5000 greater.

Ashland Normal will be given \$18,856 for maintenance, which is an increase of \$6336. The school will get \$8000 for improvements while it had nothing for this purpose two years ago.

Weston will get \$16,000 for maintenance, which is a reduction of \$4000 as compared with two years ago. This school will also get \$6000 for the furnishing of the new building, construction of walks and other improvements. The claim of the Weston Normal was cut down \$14,000.

AT PHILOMATH.

Tannery has new Owners—Brass Band Organized—Other News.

One of Victor Davis' twin babies died last Saturday.

Mrs. Copeland of Siletz is visiting her mother Mrs. Sarah Kisor.

The DeMoss family will give one of their popular performances next Saturday.

A valentine party will be given Feb. 14th by the literary societies of Philomath College.

Moses Bros. with other competent musicians have organized a brass band and expect to make their organization permanent.

Mr. F. Felger has sold the tannery to Mr. Elsworth. Mr. Elsworth has associated with himself a tanner of large experience and they expect to run the tannery to its fullest capacity.

Mr. Plummer and family from Indiana were visiting with his cousin, Mrs. E. Wyatt last week. They like the Willamette valley much and predict a large immigration from the East during the coming season.

The W. C. T. U. had one of their silver medal contests last Saturday night at Keizer's Chapel. The contestants all drew applause on account of the excellence of their work. The judges gave the medal to Miss Ethel Weed.

Philomath.

H. S. PERNOT,

Physician & Surgeon

Office over postoffice. Residence Cor. Fifth and Jefferson streets. Hours 10 to 12 a. m. 1 to 4 p. m. Orders may be left at Graham & Wortham's drug store.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

AT SALEM.

HUNDRED AND SIXTY THOUSAND APPROPRIATION FOR PORTAGE ROAD.

Primary Bill and Opinion Thereon—Board of Health Bill Passes Both Houses—Bills Signed by Governor—Other News.

Salem, Feb. 12.—The Johnson bill, appropriating \$165,000 for the Dalles-Celilo portage railroad, passed the House yesterday morning, only eight members voting no.

Gault of Washington made vigorous opposition to the bill declaring the road would be of little benefit.

Davey of Marion was heartily in favor of the road, and all the Multnomah members voted for the bill.

The measure will come up in the Senate today, and will probably pass that body.

The committee from the chamber of commerce in Portland was here in the interest of the railway. They were Henry Hahn, L. A. Lewis, E. E. Lytle, and E. T. Williams.

Circulars explanatory to the need of opening the Columbia river were furnished every member. It states that it will save the producers \$1,500,000 annually; it will increase the population of the state more than any one thing, not excepting the Lewis and Clarke fair. The county affected by an open river produces 40 million bushels of grain, 83,000 head of cattle and horses, 521,330 head of sheep and hogs, 3,600 cars fruit, 16,000,000 lbs of wool, 5,405,000 lbs of hides 367,000 tons of hay, all valued at 30 million dollars. In the above county there are 11 million acres of tillable land and but 3,500,000 acres now under cultivation.

The bill carries with it an appropriation of \$165,000 for the construction of the road. Before adopting this it was amended to qualify it to or so much of this amount as may be necessary, and that no expenditure shall be made in excess of this amount.

The road will be less than 10 miles in length, and estimates given show that the reduction of the freight rate in Eastern Oregon will pay the cost of the construction of the road in less than two years.

The bill of which Senator Pierce so cleverly secured the passage last week, provided for the appointment of a deputy state land agent at a salary of \$1200 per year, has been substituted and passed again. The new law allows the deputy agent a salary of only \$900 per year. He is called the clerk of the state land agent.

State Land Agent Geer has completed and filed with the governor his biennial report for the period between January 1, 1901 and September 30, 1902. The report shows a great increase in the business of the department over the two preceding years. During the 21 month the aggregate of the sales of land through the land office was \$179,154. The total receipts for the office was \$147,000. In submitting the report, Mr. Geer makes a number of recommendations, the majority of which, are provided for in bills that are pending before the session of the legislature.

Salem, Feb. 10.—The Lockwood primary measure passed the senate today. This requires primary elections in cities of 1000 population and over. It is merely an extension of the system now in use in Multnomah county.

The Salem Journal says: The Lockwood Primary system was put into operation for the first time last spring at Portland. Some claim that it is a very fair law, and it is no doubt an improvement on what preceded it.

It is a delegate system to put all parties on one blanket ballot, Democrats and Republicans vote on the same ballot. It will not be denied that it has some good features.

It will not be denied that both Republican factions at Portland freely solicited Democrats, and got them, and voters of other parties voted for Republican delegates at Portland last spring.

Only a very small faction of the Democrats voted for their own slate of delegates.

In Marion county a large percentage of the votes at the Republican primaries were dragged in from other parties to vote one slate or the other for the contending factions.

Do the people want these corrupting and demoralizing practices

legalized and carried on at public expenses?

Is that not what the Lockwood law legalizes, and is not that what it is proposed to extend over the state by extending the Lockwood law?

It is desirable to demoralize the political parties, to disintegrate them, to emphasize and embitter factions, by extending the Lockwood law?

Has the operation of the Lockwood law, as it worked in Multnomah county last year, been beneficial to the Republican or Democratic party, or to the people?

We would like to have some of the advocates of the Lockwood law analyze its operations, and show the people why it should be extended over the state.

IN KINGS VALLEY.

Six Inches of Snow There Last Week Logging Camp Shut Down.

Mrs. Annie Robinson is visiting her parents.

There has been some loss of sheep here since the snow fell.

Charles Frantz of Columbus, Ohio is visiting relatives at Hoskins.

Howard Bush has purchased the Hale place. It is reported that the price paid is \$4,000.

There is still fed beef in the valley, and some of the owners are looking for a buyer.

Art Miller is talking of building a steamboat to navigate the Luckiamute to Kings Valley store.

The ground here was covered with six inches of snow. It is said on the neighboring hills there was eighteen inches. Up at the Spaulding logging camp there was two feet, and work was shut down for favorable weather.

DOWN SOUTH.

President's Interest in the Negroes Does Not Spilt Southern Newspapers.

In various ways the press of the South resents President Roosevelt's predilections for negroes. His appointment of a negro to the Charleston collectorship and his course with reference to the Mississippi postmistress have started a fresh outburst. The following lines disclose the character of the sentiment. They are from a Missouri paper:

Things at the White House
Looking mighty curious,
Niggers running everything,
White people furious.

Niggers on the front porch,
Niggers on the gable,
Niggers in the dining room,
Niggers at the table.

Niggers in the sitting room,
Making all the talk;
Niggers in the ball room
Doing cake walk.

Niggers in the east room
Make a mighty throng,
Niggers in the music room
Singing acoon song.

Niggers in the hallway
Taking off their wraps,
Niggers in the billiard room
Snooting game of craps.

Niggers in the store room
Packing away their plunder,
Niggers in the bed room
Snoring like thunder.

Not a room in White House
Without niggers many;
Baby in the nursery
A nigger pickaninny.

Niggers on the stairway
With very much satiety,
Niggers in the blue room
Assembled for society.

Niggers in the front yard,
Niggers in the back;
Niggers come in omnibus,
And niggers come in back.

On they go to Washington
With a mighty rush;
Forty thousand niggers
Getting in the push.

There's trouble in the White House
More than you can tell,
Yelling like wild men,
Niggers raising hell.

I see a way to settle it,
Just as clear as water—
Let Mr. Booker Washington
Marry Teddy's daughter.

Or, if this does not overflow
Teddy's cup of joy,
Then let Miss Dinah Washington
Marry Teddy's boy.

But everything is settled;
Roosevelt is dead.
Niggers in the White House
Cut off Teddy's head.

E. E. WILSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Zierolf Building, Corvallis, Or.

AMERICA'S JEWEL MADNESS.

Prevailing Rage for Precious Stones Surpasses Anything Ever Before Seen in This Country.

The world has never seen, and in no other part of the world is there now to be seen, anything like America's jewel madness as shown by the conditions of to-day, when more than 300 New York establishments are engaged solely in the importation of precious stones, when agents of American dealers are searching Europe for the white gem and hopelessly endeavoring to supply American appeals for rubies and emeralds, and when 6,000 men in South Africa are toiling to obtain diamonds, more than half of which are to add to the beauty and happiness of the American woman. It is she that has caused the United States to become the greatest diamond market in the world, says Ainslie's Magazine. For her we have imported in a single year \$80,000,000 worth of precious stones; for her, at one period, we smuggled them in at the rate of \$7,000,000 a year; for her we annually buy something like \$12,000,000 worth of diamonds, and thus, for her sake, heartlessly leave of the world's output of diamonds only some \$8,000,000 worth to satisfy the vanity of all the rest of the women on earth. For her adornment we annually cause to be brought to this country diamonds weighing in the aggregate 1,200 pounds, a weight three times that of the total output of the famous Kimberley field, and practically the equal of that of the whole of South Africa, the world's greatest diamond mine.

How Cows Lie Down.

A western cattleman says that all cows lie down on their left side and never on their right unless the left is injured.

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Benton County.

Seth H. Childs, Plaintiff, vs. R. E. Longbottom, D. D. Longbottom, J. J. Longbottom, A. Roy, Sadie Roy, Amanda M. Longbottom, John Longbottom, Willie Longbottom, Defendants.

To R. E. Longbottom, J. J. Longbottom, A. Roy, Sadie Roy, Amanda M. Longbottom, John Longbottom, Willie Longbottom, Six of the defendants above named.

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby summoned and required to appear in the above Court at the Court room thereof, in the City of Corvallis, Benton County, State of Oregon, on or before Wednesday the 25th day of March, 1903 to answer to the complaint filed now on file in said Court in this suit and if you fail to appear and answer for want thereof the Plaintiff will take a decree of said Court for the relief prayed for in said Complaint.

That the Plaintiff is the owner in fee simple of the following described premises to-wit:

Beginning at the S. E. Corner of the N. E. Quarter of Section 2 being the S. W. Corner of Robert Grier's homestead claim and running thence N. 80 rods; thence S. 87 and 1/2 rods to the place of beginning; also a narrow strip land being a part of Lot No. 3 in said Section 2 and bounded as follows: On the E. by the S. E. Quarter of Section 2; on the S. by the land of William A. Slate and on the W. by the land of said Slate and on the north by the land of C. C. Chandler and being a. to the place of beginning containing half an acre, also excepted, given for a cemetery and described as follows:

Beginning at a point where the E. line of the James Edwards Don L. C. Not. No. 7570 C. No. 47 runs thence East 61 degrees 50' South 1/2 mile and 6 1/2 links thence S. 55 degrees 20' East to Alaska River; thence following said river to where it intersects said E. line of said James Edwards land and thence N. 1/2 mile to the place of beginning containing one-fourth acre more or less all being in Section 2 T. 14 S. R. 3 W. Mer. in Benton County, State of Oregon, and declaring that you have no right, claim title or interest of in or to the same and abjuring and renouncing you from asserting any claim or interest therein.

This summons is published by the order of Hon. Virgil E. Waters, Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon for Benton County in the first publication thereof to be February 17, 1903.

W. S. and J. N. McPADDEN, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Benton County.

John A. Lewis, Plaintiff versus Sarah Stewart defendant.

To Sarah Stewart the above named defendant, In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer to the complaint of the above named Plaintiff in the above entitled cause and to file a copy of said answer within six weeks from the 17th day of January, 1903, the date of the first publication of this summons, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer to said complaint as hereby required the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in said complaint to-wit: That said Sarah Stewart be decreed to pay to the Plaintiff the sum of \$1000 with interest thereon from date of said decree, and that said mortgage made and executed by Mary Maud Hoffman through her duly authorized attorney for said Sarah Stewart be declared null and void and that the payment of a certain promissory note of Mary Maud Hoffman for \$1000 payable year after date, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum, from date and which said mortgage conveyed unto Plaintiff the following described real property, situated in Benton County, Oregon: Lot Number 4 in Block 29, original town of Corvallis, Oregon, and a further decree barring and foreclosing you and Sarah Stewart of and from all right title or interest in or to said real property and every part thereof.

This summons is published by order of the Hon. Virgil E. Waters, Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon, made at Chambers in Corvallis, Oregon, January 14th, 1903. The date of the first publication of this summons is January 17, 1903, and the last publication thereof is February 28, 1903.

WEATHERFORD & WYATT, ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS.

Notice for Publication.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878, United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, July 12th, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1893, of Toledo, county of Benton, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6000 for the purchase of the N. W. 1/4 of Section No. 26 in Township N. 22 S. Range No. 7 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before Victor F. Moses, Clerk of Benton County, Oregon, Corvallis, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 8th day of April, 1903.

He names as witnesses: John W. Ayde of Philomath, Oregon, Frank M. Spencer, William Brantzen of Toledo, Oregon, Charles Kregger. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of April, 1903.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

B. A. CATHEY, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office, Room 14, First National Bank Building, Corvallis, Or. Office Hours, 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

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